Paired Student t-test

Mikhail M.Meskhi

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Abstract

The following is a experimental setup of Welch's Student Paired t-test for unequal variance samples. $H_0 = \text{same means}$, $H_a \neq \text{same means}$. Below are the tables with corresponding p-values and results.

Experimental Setup

Mean Data Accuracy and Variance

	Dataset			
Classifier	Supernova Ia	Mars Landforms		
NN + AL	85.75 (0.04)	87.43 (0.08)		
SVM + AL	69.33 (0.17)	85.90 (0.03)		
LR + AL	83.70 (0.03)	85.18 (0.02)		
BDA	86.17 (0.35)	90.81 (1.49)		

Method Description

I ran the following Active Learning methods directly on the target dataset with r=10 as initial sample size. The results above are means for 100 query cost.

- 1. Neural Network + Active Learning: Utilizes a logistic activation function with hidden 1 layer containing 25 nodes. I used a lbfgs as the main solver for my Multi-Layer Perceptron Network. I set $\alpha=2$.
- 2. Support Vector Machine + Active Learning: I used the rbf kernel as a default kernel in this experiment with default C and γ parameters.
- 3. Logisitic Regression + Active Learning: Plain and simple. Default parameters.

I conducted a Student's Paired t-test with unequal variance. Results shown in table below.

Mars Landforms					
Classifier	t-value	d.f.	Adjusted p-value	Result	
BDA vs. NN+AL	22	9	3.548481e-08	H_0 Rejected	
BDA vs. SVM+AL	10	9	2.524901e-05	H_0 Rejected	
BDA vs. LR+AL	12	9	7.966252e-06	H_0 Rejected	

Supernova Ia						
Classifier	t-value	d.f.	Adjusted p-value	Result		
BDA vs. NN+AL	12	9	5.251112e-06	H_0 Rejected		
BDA vs. SVM+AL	138	13	5.079992e-21	H_0 Rejected		
BDA vs. LR+AL	22	9	2.893162e-08	H_0 Rejected		

${\bf Conclusion}$

It is evident from the tables above that the pairwise t-test has concluded extreme statistical significance between our proposed Bayesian Domain Adaptation classifier and other active learning methods tested directly on the target dataset.