- 21 When implementing linear regression of some dependent variable y on the set of independent variables $\mathbf{x} = (x_1, ..., x_r)$, where r is the number of predictors, which of the following statements will be true?
- a) β_0 , β_1 , ..., β_r are the **regression coefficients**.
- b) Linear regression is about determining the **best predicted weights** by using the **method of ordinary least squares**.
- c) E is the random interval
- d) Both and b

Solution 21- b) Linear regression is about determining the best predicted weights by using the method of ordinary least squares.

22)

What indicates that you have a **perfect fit** in linear regression?

- a) The value $R^2 < 1$, which corresponds to SSR = 0
- b) The value $R^2 = 0$, which corresponds to SSR = 1
- c) The value $R^2 > 0$, which corresponds to SSR = 1
- d) The value $R^2 = 1$, which corresponds to SSR = 0

Solution 22- d) The value R^2 = 1, which corresponds to SSR = 0

23)

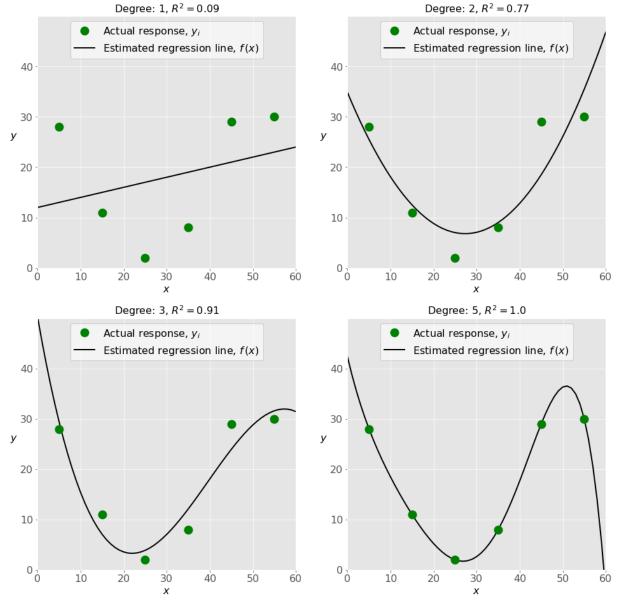
In simple linear regression, the value of **what** shows the point where the estimated regression line crosses the *y* axis?

- a) Y
- b) B0
- c) B1
- d) F

Solution 23-b) BO

24)

Check out these four linear regression plots:



Which one represents an underfitted model?

- a)The bottom-left plot
- b) The top-right plot
- c) The bottom-right plot
- d) The top-left plot

Solution 24- d) The top-left plot

25)

There are five basic steps when you're implementing linear regression:

- a. Check the results of model fitting to know whether the model is satisfactory.
- b. Provide data to work with, and eventually do appropriate transformations.
- c. Apply the model for predictions.
- d. Import the packages and classes that you need.
- e. Create a regression model and fit it with existing data.

However, those steps are currently listed in the wrong order. What's the correct order?

- a) e, c, a, b, d
- b) e, d, b, a, c

c) d, e, c, b, a d) d, b, e, a, c
Solution 25-d) d, b, e, a, c
26) Which of the following are optional parameters to LinearRegression in scikit-learn? a) Fit b) fit_intercept c) normalize d) copy_X e) n_jobs f) reshape
Solution 26- b) fit_intercept
<mark>c) normalize</mark>
d) copy_X
e) n_jobs
 27) While working with scikit-learn, in which type of regression do you need to transform the array of inputs to include nonlinear terms such as x²? a)Multiple linear regression b) Simple linear regression c) Polynomial regression
Solution 27-
c) Polynomial regression
28) You should choose statsmodels over scikit-learn when:A)You want graphical representations of your data.b) You're working with nonlinear terms.c) You need more detailed results.d) You need to include optional parameters.
Solution 28- c) You need more detailed results.
29) is a fundamental package for scientific computing with Python. It offers comprehensive mathematical functions, random number generators, linear algebra routines, Fourier transforms, and more. It provides a high-level syntax that makes it accessible and productive. a) Pandas b) Numpy c) Statsmodel d) scipy
Solution 29-
b) NumPy
30) is a Python data visualization library based on Matplotlib. It provides a high-level interface for drawing attractive and informative statistical graphics that allow you to explore and understand your data. It integrates closely with pandas data structures. a) Bokeh

- b) Seaborn
- c) Matplotlib
- d) Dash

Solution 30- b) Seaborn