CCNx Technical Working Group

Meeting Minutes

2/3/16

Overview

Attendees: Dirk Kutscher, Börje Ohlman, Ravi Ravindran, Greg Rutz, Glenn Scott, Nacho Solis, Mark Stapp, Christopher Wood, and others

Scribe: Christopher Wood

Agenda

- CCNx code release status update (http://blogs.parc.com/ccnx/ccnx-downloads/)
- 2. Interoperability: CCNx over UDP, forwarder discovery, link negotiation (ICN-LLC).
- 3. Manifests and transport protocols (time pending).

1) Code Release Status Update

- Released code on Github and are currently going through the new development workflow.
- Overview:
 - O Code is distributed as separate modules (e.g., LongBow, Libparc, Libccnx).
 - O Transitioned from automake to CMake.
- Best mailing list to use for questions and concerns is ccnx@ccnx.org.
- Filing issues in Github is a good (the best?) way to report and track problems.
- A contribution README would be helpful on Github to enable people to collaborators to participate.
- Q: What is the roadmap?
 - O It's open to the community right now as things progress.

2) Interoperability

- Need to revisit interoperability -- we have work on "CCNx over UDP" and forwarder discovery.
- Q: Is naming part of the interop task?
 - O It's mainly orthogonal will need to be dealt with soon.
 - O It's beyond the base interop case we're discussing here.
- We need to focus on getting two forwarders to talk to one another (the bottom most layer, or the minimal set of functionality).
- Q: Adjacency establishment is sometimes part of the routing protocol. Is that the case here?

- O Currently, no.
- Reiterating past sentiment: we should be built on top of existing technologies (e.g., UDP and DTLS).
- Interop techniques are currently separate (discovery is like plugging a cable into a box)
 - O The "CCNx over UDP" draft describes what is necessary to establish a security association. This is requires the forwarder discovery technique to identify the right forward to whom to connect.
- Q: How many layers are in this interop stack for the baseline?
 - O If it's just UDP, we can rely on UDP(+DTLS) for it to work.
- Q: Do we not need a way to negotiate or state assumed parameters for the transport mechanism (e.g., UDP MTU)?
 - O Maybe not. We should rely on the common case and omit unrealistic cases (e.g., a UDP link with a 64K MTU).
- We should be explicit about the rationale about restrictions on the link protocol (e.g., what's the reason we chose a 4k MTU for the protocol, and why packets don't traverse secure links)?
- Q: What if we want the link to be delivered in order?
 - O UDP doesn't give you that (nor does Ethernet, end-to-end).

3) Manifests and Transport Protocols

- The transport protocol would use the manifest (which is structured data) for execution.
- We need to iron out the last remaining details of the manifest (FLIC) first.
- We (the community) would benefit from an exploration of manifest usage in existing applications (e.g., how would Flickr use Manifests?).
 - O This would help us learn where and how it's applicable for applications.
- Mark Stapp is working on an exploration on mapping real-world applications to a CCN world.
- Comment: Experimentation would highlight many of the real-world use cases and problems.

Action Items

- Outline interoperability steps. [Chris]
- Application architecture and privacy requirement exploration. [Chris and Mark]
- Experiments. [All]

Next Meeting

Date & Time: 2/17/16 at 11am PST

Tentative agenda:

- Review the latest interoperability documents.
- Review Manifest use cases for applications and outline experiments to be done.
- Break down a single "real world" application.