For safe travels in Japan

Guidebook for when you are feeling ill

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Guide for using medical institutions









We want visitors to Japan to enjoy their stay here. Sometimes, an unexpected illness or injury occurs. To prepare for this, we have created a guidebook to help you receive medical care in Japan.

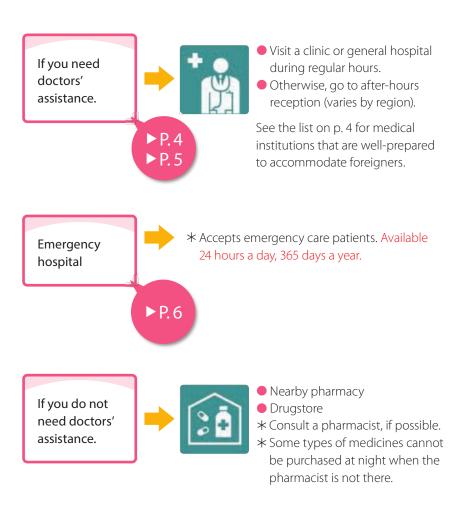
Please keep it handy in your bag when going out.



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Types of medical institutions in Japan

The type of medical institution you need differs between time of use, if it is an emergency, and with the level of severity.



If you need doctors' assistance

Accessing medical institutions



Front desk or concierge at a hotel Describe your symptoms for referral to a medical institution.



Tourist Information

Receive a referral to a nearby medical institution.



International Travel Medical Insurance If you have international

rryou have international travel medical insurance, the staff can contact the insurance company and refer you to a medical institution.

Useful medical information websites

List of medical institutions that accept overseas visitors

List of medical institutions around Japan that are well-prepared to accommodate foreign patients.

http://www.jnto.go.jp/eng/arrange/essential/emergency/mi_guide.html#search



Medical Information Internet

Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare system for each prefecture to share medical care information.

 $http://www.mhlw.go.jp/english/policy/health-medical/medical-care/info_hpspitals.html$

*Websites for all prefectures are open to the public, but some are only in Japanese.

Primary symptoms	Diagnosis and treatment departments			
Fever, sore throat, cough, runny nose	Internal Medicine			
Headache	Internal Medicine, Neurosurgery			
Chest pain	Cardiovascular Internal Medicine, Respiratory Internal Medicine			
Abdominal pain	Internal Medicine, Gastroenterological Medicine, Obstetrics & Gynecology			
Bloody vomit or stool	Internal Medicine, Gastroenterological Medicine			
Diarrhea	Internal Medicine, Gastroenterological Medicine			
Injury, wound	Surgery, Plastic Surgery			
Bone fracture, joint pain	Orthopedic Surgery			
Burns	Dermatology, Plastic Surgery, Surgery			
Eczema/Hives	Dermatology			
Dizziness/Tinnitus	Otorhinolaryngology, Neurology			
Ears, nose, or throat	Otorhinolaryngology			
Children's illnesses	Pediatrics			
Toothaches	Oral Health			
Difficulty urinating, bloody urine, pain when urinating	Urology			
During pregnancy (abdominal pain or bloating, spotting, water breakage, concerns about the baby)	Obstetrics/Gynecology			
In emergencies	Emergency Medicine			
Unsure what department to visit	General Diagnosis and Treatment			

How to use medical institutions and important points

Procedure from hospital reception to payment



Reception



Fill out medical sheet.



Receive doctor examination and treatment, and receive a prescription.



Complete payment. <2>



Submit prescription to pharmacy and purchase medications.



The medical care system varies by country. Avoid difficulties by learning about them in advance. Ask for a general estimate of the treatment cost at reception.

- *There is a limited number of medical institutions that can accommodate other languages.
 - ✓1> Be sure to listen carefully to the explanation of the examination results
 - Payment here is the cost for treatment received up to this point. Keep in mind that payment by credit card is only accepted at major hospitals. Clinics generally accept cash only.

With cash-free international travel medical insurance, no payments are necessary.

Note: The cash-free conditions vary by insurance company. Please check beforehand.

You will be charged separately at the pharmacy for any medicine you need. Some medical institutions provide in-house prescriptions.



How to use an emergency care hospital

Ambulance Call 119

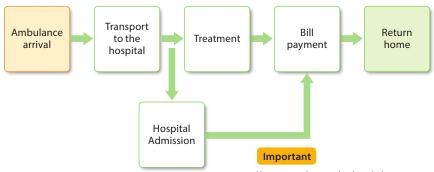


Be transported to an emergency care hospital in the event of a traffic accident or other emergency. If you need an ambulance, show the sentence below to a nearby Japanese person so they will call one for you.

救急車を呼んでください。

(Please call an ambulance.)

Procedure from arrival of the ambulance



You cannot choose what hospital you will be brought to. Depending on your condition, you may be given treatment without questioning, so it is important to fill out p. 7.



AED

There is a device that can be used if someone has heart problems and collapses while out of the home. This device is called an Automated External Defibrillator (AED). When actually using the device, you find illustrated instructions inside the AED package after you open it, so follow those instructions. Many airports and other public facilities have AEDs.

書いておけば安心 医療に関する自分情報

Personal information concerning medical care to write down

氏名 Name	性別	Gender		
		男性	/ \$	て性
		Male	/Femal	e
■ 生年月日 Date of birth	年齢	Age		
			歳y	ears old
●現在治療中の疾患(ある/なし)				
Are you currently in treatment for any illnesses? (Yes / No)				
■現在服用中の薬(ある/なし) Are you currently taking any medications? (Yes / No)				
Are you currently taking any medications: (Tes/ No)				
●妊娠している・していない Are you pregnant? [Yes/No]				
既往症 Past illnesses				
●アレルギー 薬/食物/虫(ハチなど)/動物/その	ほか			
Allergies to medications, foods, insects (e.g. bees), animals, other	, , , , , ,			
※具体的に書いてください				
* Please use specifics.				
■通常の会話は何語を使いますか?()
● 週帯の云面は凹面で使いよりが!(What is your language of preference?				/
●信仰する宗教は?()			
Do you practice a particular religion?	/			

症状・病状説明のための指さしシート

Page for pointing to symptoms and their descriptions.

このシートの利用方法

病状と、その程度を示して伝えます。

How to use this page.

Describe your condition and its severity.













●頭が痛い Thave a headache.



●耳が痛い My ear hurts. ●聞こえない I cannot hear well.

●耳鳴り My ears are ringing.



●熱がある I have a fever.



●口の中が痛い My mouth hurts.







●めまいがする I feel dizzy.



●歯が痛い I have a toothache.

●歯茎が痛い My gums hurt.



●腹が痛い

I have a pain in my abdomen.

胃が痛い

I have a stomachache.

●下痢

I have diarrhea.



●首が回らない

My neck is stiff.

●首が痛い My neck hurts.

●首が腫れている My neck is swollen.



腰が痛い

My lower back hurts.

下肢にしびれがある
My legs are numb.



●眼が痛い My eye hurts.

●見えない・見えにくい

I cannot see well.

眼のかゆみMy eyes are itchy.



●喉が痛い

● 喉が痛い I have a sore throat. ●声が出ない I have lost my voice.

●たんが出る I cough up phlegm.

●せきが出る Thave a cough.



●膝が痛い

My knee hurts.

曲げられない
I cannot bend my knees.

●歩けない I cannot walk.

痛みや症状の程度を示します

Please indicate the severity of your pain or symptoms.



我慢できる

Tolerable



かなり辛い

. . . .

Very severe



●鼻水が出る I have a runny nose.

●鼻血が出る I have a nosebleed.

●くしゃみ Iam sneezing.



●息苦しい I have difficulty breathing.

●ヒューヒューする I am wheezing (lightly).

●ゼーゼーする
Lam wheezing (heavily).





胸が痛いMy chest hurts.

-動悸がする

I am having chest palpitations.

脈が乱れるMy pulse is irregular.



●不正出血

I am having irregular bleeding.

一腹が痛い

I have a pain in my abdomen.



●かぶれた I have a rash (in one place).

●発疹がでた Thave a rash (all over).

ーかゆみがひどい I am very itchy.

●じんましん Lhave hives



●泣き続けている My baby won't stop crying.

●吐いた

My baby threw up.

●熱がある

My baby has a fever.

食事をしない

My baby won't eat.

一元気がない

一元丸かない My baby is listless.



●お腹が痛い Thave a pain in my abdomen.

●お腹が張る Lam bloated

Tam bloated.

一膣から出血

●膣から水が出た Iam leaking water.

●赤ちゃんについて 気になることがある Iworry about the baby. ===

●血尿がでた

There is blood in my urine.

●排尿困難 I have difficulty urinating.

●頻尿

I have to urinate frequently.

●排尿時に痛みがある Urinating is painful.

411.



●ケガをした I injured myself.

●交通事故 I was in a traffic accident.

●ころんだ I fell down

●あたった I bumped against something.

●落ちた Ifell



●刺さった I pricked myself.

やけどをした

I burned myself.

●虫に刺された I was stung/bitten by an insect.





Safety Advice

Useful websites for natural disasters

Safety tips

This is a push notifications app that gives you notices in English when there is an Earthquake Early Warning (EEW) or tsunami warning in Japan. It has various functions to

assist foreign tourists and people from other countries living in Japan in the event of a disaster. Android



iPhone



Download URL

Android https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=jp.co.rcsc.safetyTips.android

https://itunes.apple.com/jp/app/safety-tips/id858357174?mt=8

Earthquake early warnings

Earthquakes are common in Japan, and the Japan Meteorological Agency gives an earthquake early warning before strong shaking from an earthquake is expected. This is a unique system in Japan. Immediately after an earthquake occurs, the seismic intensity of strong shaking in each area is predicted and warnings are



Protect your head.



Step away from furniture.



Step away from walls.



Beware falling objects.



Put on your hazard

broadcast as soon as possible on TV, radio, mobile phones, and other media to inform people. If you see or hear an earthquake early warning, stay calm and ensure your safety. Also, if you are in trouble, go to a police box.



Get off at the nearest floor.



lights and slow down.

* Pictogram of earthquake early warning. Made by the Earthquake Early Warning Users' Association.

Major earthquakes are sometimes followed by a tsunami (seismic wave). About 3 minutes after an earthquake has occurred, the Japan Meteorological Agency may issue a major tsunami warning, tsunami warning, or tsunami advisory. If a tsunami warning or advisory is issued, immediately retreat to safe, elevated evacuation places away from the coast.

Pictogram: ● p.4 *1 Japan Tourism Agency ● p.6 *3 Japan Foundation for Emergency Medicine

●P4-P9 *2, *4, *5, *6, *7, *8, *9, *10, *11 Original

Other from JIS T0103:2005 (the pictures may depict a different meaning than the original meaning.)

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