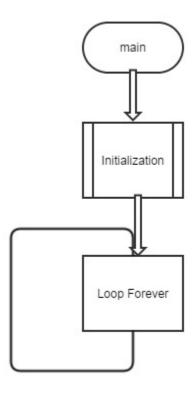
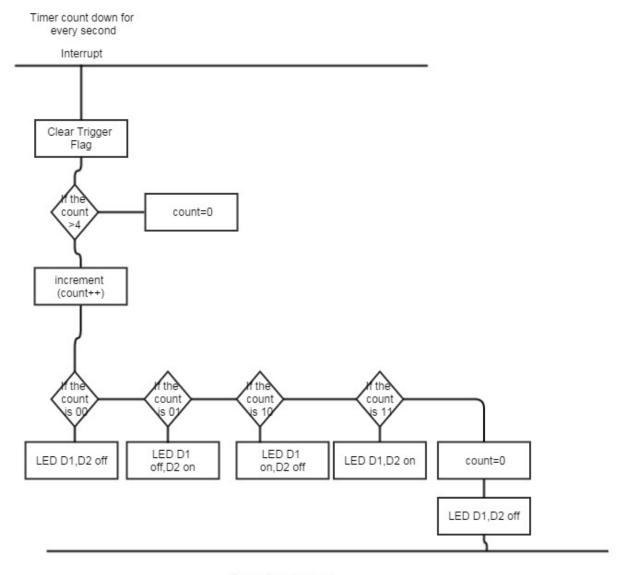


Home Work 3

ENGR 844

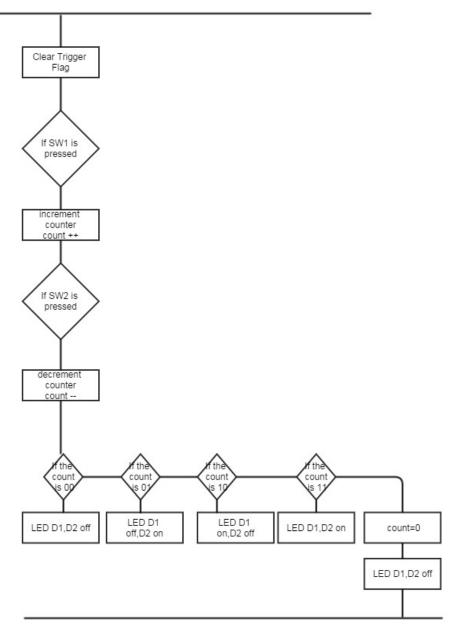
FLOW CHART





Return from Interrupt

edge triggered interrupt 2



Return from interrrupt

Procedure of Development

- Determine the specifications of system find the appropriate pins for the system.
- Use the pin mux utility to initialize the pins as output or input as per requirement.
- Configure the interrupts as per requirements.
- This system has two interrupts so the priority of timer0A is 0 and the edge triggered input is 2.
- The main objective of this problem is to increment counter for only 4 values 0,1,2,3.
- Each number operates as LED as its bits. LED D1 represent 0 bit and D2 represents 1 bit.
- We configure LED's respectively as per the number in counter.
- The edge triggered interrupt is initiated by the two switches on board SW1, SW2
- SW1 increases the count of counter, SW2 decreases the count in counter.
- The counter only counts 0-1-2-3 and it returns to 0 after it completes.
- With all these requirements draw the flow chart required for the problem.
- With drawing the flow chart we are done with problem transform it into code.

Source Code:

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "homework_3.h"
#include "inc/hw_types.h"
#include "inc/hw_memmap.h"
#include "inc/hw_gpio.h"
#include "driverlib/sysctl.h"
#include "driverlib/pin_map.h"
#include "driverlib/rom_map.h"
#include "driverlib/gpio.h"
#include "driverlib/interrupt.h"
#include "driverlib/timer.h"
#include "inc/tm4c1294ncpdt.h"
//**********************************
volatile uint8_t count;
void
PortFunctionInit(void)
  // Enable Peripheral Clocks
  MAP_SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL_PERIPH_GPIOJ);
  MAP_SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL_PERIPH_GPION);
  //
  // Enable pin PJ0 for GPIOInput
```

```
//
  MAP_GPIOPinTypeGPIOInput(GPIO_PORTJ_AHB_BASE, GPIO_PIN_0);
  //
  // Enable pin PJ1 for GPIOInput
 MAP\_GPIOPinTypeGPIOInput(GPIO\_PORTJ\_AHB\_BASE, GPIO\_PIN\_1);
  // Enable pin PN1 for GPIOOutput
 MAP_GPIOPinTypeGPIOOutput(GPIO_PORTN_BASE, GPIO_PIN_1);
  //
  // Enable pin PN0 for GPIOOutput
 MAP_GPIOPinTypeGPIOOutput(GPIO_PORTN_BASE, GPIO_PIN_0);
          //
          //Enable Pullup for PJ0 PJ1
          GPIO_PORTJ_AHB_PUR_R \mid = 0x03;
}
void
Interrupt_Init(void)
IntEnable(INT_GPIOJ);
                                                                    // enable interrupt 51
in NVIC (GPIOJ)
   IntPrioritySet(INT_GPIOJ, 0x02);
                                              // configure GPIOJ interrupt priority as 2
   GPIO_PORTI_AHB_IM_R \mid = 0x03;
                                              // arm interrupt on PI0,PI1
   GPIO_PORTJ_AHB_IS_R &= \sim 0x03; // PJ0,PJ1 is edge-sensitive
GPIO_PORTJ_AHB_IBE_R &= \sim 0x03; // PJ0,PJ1 are not both edge-triggered.
GPIO_PORTJ_AHB_IEV_R &= \sim 0x03; // PJ0,PJ1 falling edge event
   IntMasterEnable();
                                // globally enable interrupt
void TimerOA_Init(unsigned long period)
   //
 // Enable Peripheral Clocks
SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL_PERIPH_TIMER0);
TimerConfigure(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_CFG_PERIODIC);
                                                                    // configure for 32-bit
timer mode
TimerLoadSet(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_A, period -1); //reload value
   IntPrioritySet(INT_TIMER0A, 0x00);
   // configure TimerOA interrupt priority as 0
IntEnable(INT_TIMEROA);
                         // enable interrupt 19 in NVIC (Timer0A)
```

```
TimerIntEnable(TIMERO_BASE, TIMER_TIMA_TIMEOUT); // arm timeout interrupt
TimerEnable(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_A);
enable timer0A
//interrupt handler for Timer0A
void Timer0A_Handler(void)
          // acknowledge flag for Timer0A timeout
          TimerIntClear(TIMER0_BASE, TIMER_TIMA_TIMEOUT);
   if(count > 4)
          count=0;
   else \{
                        count++;
   if(count==0)
                               GPIO_PORTN_DATA_R = 0x00;
                               //LED D1,D2 off
                        else if(count==1)
                               GPIO_PORTN_DATA_R = 0x01;
                               //LED D1 on,D2 off
                        else if(count==2)
                               GPIO_PORTN_DATA_R =0x02;
                        else if(count==3)
                               GPIO_PORTN_DATA_R = 0x03;
                               //LED D1,D2 on
                        }else
                               count=0;
                               GPIO_PORTN_DATA_R = 0x00;
                               //LED D1,D2 off
                        }
//interrupt handler
```

```
void GPIOPortJ_Handler(void)
   //SW1 is pressed
   if(GPIO_PORTJ_AHB_RIS_R&0x01)
          // acknowledge flag for PJ0
          GPIOIntClear(GPIO_PORTJ_AHB_BASE, GPIO_PIN_0);
          //counter imcremented by 1
          count++;
   //SW2 is pressed
if(GPIO_PORTJ_AHB_RIS_R&0x02)
          // acknowledge flag for PJ1
          GPIOIntClear(GPIO_PORTJ_AHB_BASE, GPIO_PIN_1);
          //counter imcremented by 1
          count--;
   if(count = = 0)
                              GPIO_PORTN_DATA_R = 0x00;
                              //LED D1,D2 off
                       else if(count==1)
                              GPIO_PORTN_DATA_R = 0x01;
                              //LED D1 off,D2 on
                       else if(count==2)
                              GPIO_PORTN_DATA_R =0x02;
                              //LED D1 on ,D2 off
                       else if(count==3)
                              GPIO_PORTN_DATA_R = 0x03;
                              //LED D1,D2 on
                        }else
                              count=0;
                              GPIO_PORTN_DATA_R = 0x00;
                              //LED D1,D2 off
```

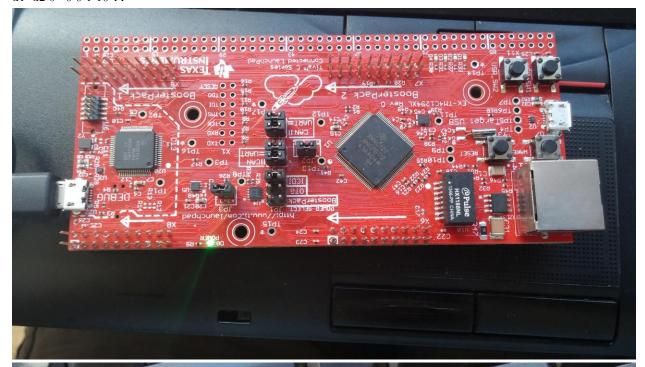
Launch PAD Video after dumping source code.

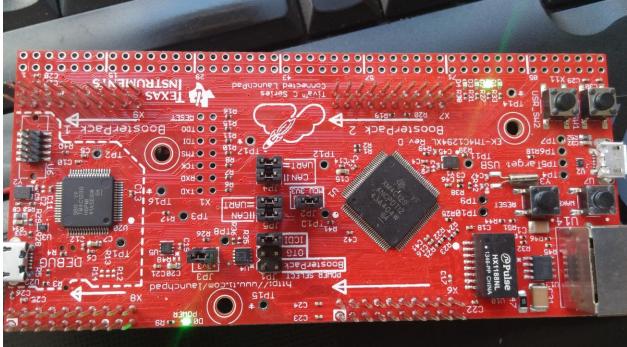
https://www.dropbox.com/s/embz9vt6bxmvpx4/20141018 133113.mp4?dl=0

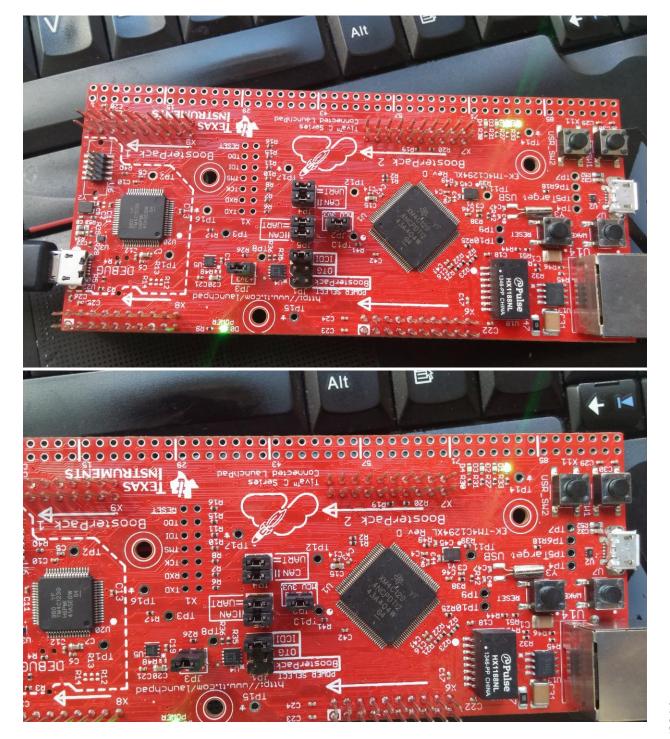
Video of the count function in watch window

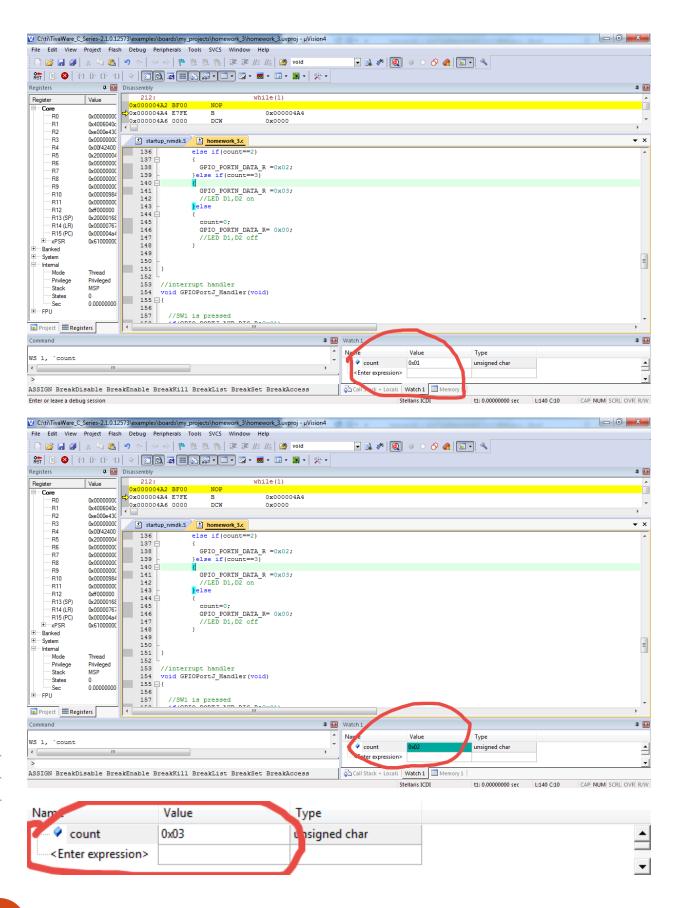
https://www.dropbox.com/s/xjxm3xl7tr5x04k/2014-10-18 13-48-39.MP4?dl=0

$d1\ d2\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 10\ 11$









Discussion:

- After going through lecture 4, 5 we can do most of the problem with ease.
- The sample programs toggle and switch delay were the most helpful resources for the project.