

Parser

Compiler Phase2

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Data Structure

• Element

```
/* the single element in the production rule */
    struct PR_ELEM{
        string st
        bool terminal
        set <int> first
        set <int> follow
        vector<int> owners
        bool first_has_epsilon
    }
```

InputParser

vector<struct PR_ELEM> elements
map<int , vector<vector<int>>> prod_rules_indexes
map<string , vector<vector<string>>> prod_rules
map<string,int> elem_index_map

• ParsingTable

vector<struct PR_ELEM> elements
map<pair< int, string>, vector<int> > parsing_table
map<int, vector<vector<int>>> prod_rules

Matching

vector<struct PR_ELEM> elements
map<pair< int, string> , vector<int> > parsing_table
vector <pair<string ,vector <int> >> derivatins_steps
vector <string> tokens
stack <int> rules

Algorithms

• LL_Productions

- Read the rules from the file, and construct them internally in the Parser
- Check every rule if contains left recursion or left factor or both
- If found , two rules will be created , the $rule_new$ without the left factor/recursion and the $rule_X$ which represents the dash non-terminal element
- Write the rules back to another file that rules will be parsed from

InputParser

- Read the modified rules from file
- Give every nonterminal/terminal element a unique index
- Create a new **struct** for this element
- Add it to all_elements vector, the unique index is its index in the vector
- Generate the rule internally using hash map, which takes string **element name** as key, and return the vector of vector of string contains the **rule conjunctions and disjunctions** i.e. and(s)/or(s)
- Map the strings in the rules map into the **indexes** of the **structs** in the all elements vector

• Parsing Table

```
/**
 * iterate over all nonterminals to compute the first list
 * @return void
 */
construct_first()
 for i=0 to size of elements
  if elements[i] is not terminal and the first list of elements[i] isn't computed yet
      get_first of elements[i]
/**
 * params: index of the NT in all elements list
 * finds the first for a specific nonterminal, given it's index
 * @return void
 */
get_first(int NT_index)
  struct PR_ELEM cur_elem ←elements[NT_index]

/* iterates over all the production rule's parts of the current nonterminal */
for j ← 0 to size of the current NT production rules
```

```
single pr ← cur elem production rule's part number j
    frst index \leftarrow 0
    has epsilon← true
    /* iterates over the single production rule's elements */
    While current single production rule hasn't finished and previous first has epsilon
       has_epsilon ←false;
      /* if the first was an epsilon */
      if single pr[frst index] is EPS INDEX
         insert EPS INDEX to the first list of cur elem
         set first has epsilon with true for the cur elem
         frst index++
         has epsilon ← true
         continue while loop
      term ← first element in the current single production for this NT
      /* if the first was a terminal */
      if term is terminal
         insert the term's index to the first of the cur_elem
         insert to parsing_table map, a key of (cur_elem's index, term's string) and the value is the cur
single production rule
      /* if first was a non terminal -NT- */
         /* if the first NT's first wasn't computed */
         if the term's first wasn't computed
           get_first for the term
         /* iterate over the first NT's first list and add to to the cur NT's first list*/
         for k ← 0 to all term's first
           insert the term's first element to cur_elem first
           /* if the first has epsilon */
           if current term's first elem is EPS INDEX
             has epsilon ← true
             set first has epsilon with true for cur elem
             frst index ++
             continue the while loop
           insert to parsing_table map, a key of (cur_elem's index, string of term's first) and the value
is the cur single production rule
  update the element in the elements list
```

```
* iterate over all nonterminals to compute the follow list
* @return void
construct follow()
  for i=0 to size of elements
    if elements[i] is not terminal and the follow list of elements[i] isn't computed yet
      get_follow(i)
* params : index of the NT in all elements list
* creates the follow list for each non terminal
* @return void
get_follow(int NT_index)
  struct PR_ELEM curr_non_ter←elements[NT_index];
  if curr_non_ter is a terminal
    insert curr_non_ter to the follow of it self
    return
  /* if start symbol put $ */
  If NT_index = 0
    Insert DOLLAR SIGN to follow list
    Update the parsing table
  /* search for the symbol */
  For i=0 to the owners of curr non ter
    owner_to_find ← (curr_non_ter.owners[i])
    //i am the owner of my self
    If owner to find = NT index
      Continue to the next owner
    temp prod rule ← get the production rule of the current owner
    // iterate inside each rule of owner
    For j=0 to prod rules of the owner
      //element in the current rule
      temp_single_pr←temp_prod_rule[j];
      //if not found in this production
      if NT_index not found in the current temp_single_pr
        continue to next single pr
      //case nothing after it
      If curr non ter at the right most hand side of the prod rule
        curr owner ← elements [owner to find]
```

```
If follow not computed yet
        get_follow(owner_to_find)
      needed follow ←curr owner.follow;
      add needed follow to follow list
      update the parsing table
    //case something after it
    else If curr_non_ter at the right most hand side of the prod rule
      is epsilon←false
      get first of next element
      //terminal
      If next element was a terminal
        follow.insert(next)
        update parsing table
        continue to the next prod rule
      if first contained epsilon
          is_epsilon←true
      else
         add the next element's first to the follow list
         update the parsing table
      //the first list contains epsilon
      If is epsilon
        if follow not computed yet
          get follow(next)
        add the follow of the next element to the follow list
        update the parsing table
curr_non_ter.follow ← follow
elements[NT_index]←curr_non_ter
```

Matching

-First we combine lexical and parser by read output file of lexical and passed it to parser to applied o it algorithm .

```
if tokens[i] equals $
               stop and accept
          else
               Error still $: stack finished and break
       /* get struct element */
    if top of stack terminal and equal tokens
        then match
        pop from stack
       move to next token
    else if top of stack is not terminal
       /* search in parsing table to get produnctions*/
      pair <int,string> index_table  std::make_pair(top_stack,tokens[i])
      if entry of parsing table is not empty
               /* get productions */
         if entry equal epsilon
               then pop non_terminal from stack
         else if entry equal sync
           then pop non_terminal from stack
              and Error:follow missing
         else
           then pop non_terminal from stack and put production reversed in stack
      else
              /* if entry is empty*/
          then error and input is discarded token input
    else if terminal and don't match
       then error end pop top of stack and discrded token input
-finally write output in file
```

Parsing Tables

We attached "parsing_table.txt" file

Output

We attached "output.txt" file

Assumptions

- Last line in the code file must be an empty line .