

Experiment 01

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Subject Name: Java Programming Lab Subject Code: 22CSH-359

1. Aim: Create an application to save the employee information using arrays.

Given the following table containing information about employees of an organization, develop a small java application, which accepts employee id from the command prompt and displays the following details as output:

You may assume that the array is initialized with the following details:

Emp No.	Emp Name	Join Date	Desig Code	Dept	Basic	HRA	IT
1001	Ashish	01/04/2009	е	R&D	20000	8000	3000
1002	Sushma	23/08/2012	С	PM	30000	12000	9000
1003	Rahul	12/11/2008	k	Acct	10000	8000	1000
1004	Chahat	29/01/2013	r	Front Desk	12000	6000	2000
1005	Ranjan	16/07/2005	m	Engg	50000	20000	20000
1006	Suman	1/1/2000	е	Manu factur ing	23000	9000	4400
1007	Tanmay	12/06/2006	С	PM	29000	12000	10000

Objective: To learn about arrays and create a employee table and display them.

2. Procedure/Algorithm:

- **Initialization:** Set up the scanner object and prompt the user for the number of employees.
- Menu Loop: Continuously show the menu and handle user input.
- Case 1 Add Employee:

Check if there's space in the employees array.

If yes, read the employee details, create a new Employee object, and store it in the array.

If the array is full, display an appropriate message.

• Case 2 - Display Employees:

If there are no employees, print a message indicating this.

Otherwise, iterate through the employees array up to count and display each employee's details.

- Case 3 Exit: Print a goodbye message, close the scanner, and exit the program.
- **Default Case:** Handle invalid choices by prompting the user again.

3. Implementation code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class Employee {
  int id;
  String name;
  String department;
  double salary;

Employee(int id, String name, String department, double salary) {
    this.id = id;
    this.name = name;
    this.department = department;
    this.salary = salary;
```

```
void displayEmployee() {
    System.out.printf("ID: %d, Name: %s, Department: %s, Salary: %.2f\n", id,
name, department, salary);
public class EmployeeManagement {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("Enter the number of employees: ");
    int n = scanner.nextInt();
    scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
    Employee[] employees = new Employee[n];
    int count = 0;
    while (true) {
       System.out.println("\nMenu:");
       System.out.println("1. Add Employee");
       System.out.println("2. Display Employees");
       System.out.println("3. Exit");
       System.out.print("Choose an option: ");
       int choice = scanner.nextInt();
       scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
       switch (choice) {
         case 1:
            if (count < n) {
              System.out.print("Enter Employee ID: ");
              int id = scanner.nextInt();
              scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
              System.out.print("Enter Employee Name: ");
              String name = scanner.nextLine();
              System.out.print("Enter Employee Department: ");
```

String department = scanner.nextLine();
System.out.print("Enter Employee Salary: ");

double salary = scanner.nextDouble();

```
employees[count] = new Employee(id, name, department, salary);
            count++;
            System.out.println("Employee added successfully!");
            System.out.println("Employee array is full!");
          break;
       case 2:
         if (count == 0) {
            System.out.println("No employees to display.");
            System.out.println("\nEmployee Details:");
            for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
              employees[i].displayEmployee();
            }
          break;
       case 3:
          System.out.println("Exiting program. Goodbye!");
          scanner.close();
          return;
       default:
         System.out.println("Invalid choice. Please try again.");
  }
}
```

4. Output:

```
Choose an option: 1
Enter Employee ID: 1003
Enter Employee Name: Deepak
Enter Employee Department: o
Enter Employee Salary: 4589621
Employee added successfully!
Menu:

    Add Employee

2. Display Employees
3. Exit
Choose an option: 1
Enter Employee ID: 1004
Enter Employee Name: Simmi
Enter Employee Department: i
Enter Employee Salary: 48572
Employee added successfully!
Menu:
1. Add Employee
2. Display Employees
Exit
Choose an option: 2
Employee Details:
ID: 1001, Name: Ashish, Department: r, Salary: 74520.00
ID: 1002, Name: Kamal, Department: q, Salary: 845621.00
ID: 1003, Name: Deepak, Department: o, Salary: 4589621.00
ID: 1004, Name: Simmi, Department: i, Salary: 48572.00
```

- **5. Learning Outcomes:** Here are the learning outcomes from studying and implementing of arrays.
 - a) Demonstrate: Apply key concepts to real-world scenarios to showcase understanding.
 - b) Analyze: Critically evaluate information, identify patterns, and draw meaningful conclusions.
 - c) Create: Develop original work, including presentations, reports, or projects, to exhibit comprehension and skills.
 - d) Communicate: Convey ideas and findings effectively through oral and written communication.
 - e) Collaborate: Contribute to group projects and exhibit strong teamwork capabilities in a collaborative environment.