

Final Project

PBX

2025-08-19

Step0:Environment

Step1:Read and Adjust data

```
meta_raw <- readr::read_csv("QBS103_GSE157103_series_matrix-1.csv", show_col_types = FALSE)
genes_raw <- readr::read_csv("QBS103_GSE157103_genes (1).csv", show_col_types = FALSE)

#cleaning names in dataset
meta <- meta_raw %>% clean_names()
glimpse(meta, width = 80)
```

```
## Rows: 126
## Columns: 25
## $ participant_id      <chr> "COVID_01_39y_male_NonICU", "C~
## $ geo_accession      <chr> "GSM4753021", "GSM4753022", "G~
## $ status             <chr> "Public on Aug 29 2020", "Publ~
## $ sample_submission_date <chr> "Aug 28 2020", "Aug 28 2020", ~
## $ last_update_date   <chr> "Aug 29 2020", "Aug 29 2020", ~
## $ type               <chr> "SRA", "SRA", "SRA", "SRA", "S~
## $ channel_count      <dbl> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, ~
## $ source_name_ch1    <chr> "Leukocytes from whole blood",~
## $ organism_ch1       <chr> "Homo sapiens", "Homo sapiens"~
## $ disease_status     <chr> "disease state: COVID-19", "di~
## $ age               <chr> "39", "63", "33", "49", "49", ~
## $ sex               <chr> "male", "male", "male", "male"~
## $ icu_status         <chr> "no", "no", "no", "no", "no", ~
## $ apacheii          <chr> "15", "unknown", "unknown", "u~
## $ charlson_score     <dbl> 0, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 7, 7, 2, 1, ~
## $ mechanical_ventilation <chr> "yes", "no", "no", "no", "yes"~
## $ ventilator_free_days <dbl> 0, 28, 28, 28, 23, 28, 28, 0, ~
## $ hospital_free_days_post_45_day_followup <dbl> 0, 39, 18, 39, 27, 36, 42, 0, ~
## $ ferritin_ng_ml    <chr> "946", "1060", "1335", "583", ~
## $ crp_mg_l          <chr> "73.1", "unknown", "53.2", "25~
## $ ddimer_mg_l_feu   <chr> "1.3", "1.03", "1.48", "1.32",~
## $ procalcitonin_ng_ml <chr> "36", "0.37", "0.07", "0.98", ~
## $ lactate_mmol_l    <chr> "0.9", "unknown", "unknown", "~
## $ fibrinogen        <chr> "513", "unknown", "513", "949"~
## $ sofa              <chr> "8", "unknown", "unknown", "un~
```

```
meta <- meta %>%
  mutate(across(where(is.character), ~str_trim(.x))) %>%
```

```

mutate(across(where(is.character),
  ~ifelse(str_to_lower(.x) %in% c("unknown","na",""),
    NA_character_, .x)))

#creating 3 continuous variables + categorical variables
clean_num <- function(x) {
  x %>%
    str_trim() %>%
    na_if("") %>% na_if("NA") %>% na_if("na") %>% na_if("unknown") %>% na_if(":") %>%
    readr::parse_number(locale = readr::locale(decimal_mark = ".", grouping_mark = ","))
}

meta <- meta %>%
  mutate(
    age      = clean_num(age),
    ferritin = clean_num(ferritin_ng_ml),
    crp      = clean_num(crp_mg_l)
  )

meta <- meta %>%
  mutate(
    sex = case_when(
      str_to_lower(sex) == "female" ~ "Female",
      str_to_lower(sex) == "male"   ~ "Male",
      TRUE                        ~ "Unknown"
    ),
    icu_status = case_when(
      str_to_lower(icu_status) %in% c("yes","icu") ~ "ICU",
      str_to_lower(icu_status) %in% c("no","nonicu","non-icu") ~ "Non-ICU",
      TRUE ~ "Unknown"
    ),
    disease_status = case_when(
      !is.na(disease_status) & str_detect(str_to_lower(disease_status), "covid") ~ "COVID-19",
      TRUE ~ "Non-COVID"
    )
  ) %>%
  mutate(
    sex          = factor(sex,          levels = c("Female","Male","Unknown")),
    icu_status    = factor(icu_status,    levels = c("ICU","Non-ICU","Unknown")),
    disease_status = factor(disease_status, levels = c("COVID-19","Non-COVID"))
  )

#transpose matrix and combining dataset
genes_t <- genes_raw %>%
  rename(gene = 1) %>%
  column_to_rownames("gene") %>%
  t() %>% as.data.frame() %>%
  rownames_to_column("participant_id") %>%
  as_tibble()

full_data <- meta %>% left_join(genes_t, by = "participant_id")

#checking

```

```
dim(full_data)
```

```
## [1] 126 127
```

Step3: Generating Latex summary table (stratified by icu_status)

```
# Step3: Generate LaTeX summary table (stratified by icu_status)

#selecting variables
table_dat <- full_data %>%
  dplyr::select(icu_status, sex, disease_status, age, crp, ferritin)

tab1 <- gtsummary::tbl_summary(
  data = table_dat,
  by = icu_status,
  statistic = list(
    gtsummary::all_continuous() ~ "{mean} ({sd})",
    gtsummary::all_categorical() ~ "{n} ({p})%"
  ),
  digits = gtsummary::all_continuous() ~ 1,
  missing = "ifany",
  label = list(
    age ~ "Age (years)",
    crp ~ "CRP (mg/L)",
    ferritin ~ "Ferritin (ng/mL)",
    sex ~ "Sex",
    disease_status ~ "Disease status"
  )
) %>%
  gtsummary::add_overall(last = TRUE) %>%
  gtsummary::bold_labels() %>%
  gtsummary::modify_caption("**Summary statistics stratified by ICU status**")

#export Latex
library(kableExtra)
dir.create("tables", showWarnings = FALSE)

invisible(tab1)

latex_tab1 <- gtsummary::as_kable_extra(
  x = tab1, format = "latex", booktabs = TRUE, escape = FALSE
) %>%
  kable_styling(latex_options = "HOLD_position")

invisible(save_kable(latex_tab1, "tables/summary_table.tex"))
```

Step4: Making previous graph

```
#select main gene
gene_main <- "AAK1"

#histogram
```

```

p_hist <- ggplot(full_data, aes(x = .data[[gene_main]])) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth = 0.5, color = "white") +
  labs(
    title = glue("Histogram of {gene_main} Expression"),
    x = glue("{gene_main} Expression (a.u.)"),
    y = "Count"
  ) +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.04))

ggsave("figs/fig1_histogram_AAK1.png", p_hist, width = 6, height = 4, dpi = 300)

#scatter plot
p_scatter <- ggplot(full_data, aes(x = ferritin, y = .data[[gene_main]], color = icu_status)) +
  geom_point() +
  labs(
    title = glue("{gene_main} vs Ferritin"),
    x = "Ferritin (ng/mL)",
    y = glue("{gene_main} Expression"),
    color = "ICU"
  ) +
  scale_x_continuous(labels = scales::label_comma()) +
  scale_color_brewer(palette = "Set1") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.04))

ggsave("figs/fig2_scatter_AAK1_ferritin.png", p_scatter, width = 6, height = 4, dpi = 300)

#boxplot
p_box <- ggplot(full_data, aes(x = sex, y = .data[[gene_main]], fill = icu_status)) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  labs(
    title = glue("{gene_main} Expression by Sex and ICU Status"),
    x = "Sex",
    y = glue("{gene_main} Expression"),
    fill = "ICU"
  ) +
  scale_fill_brewer(palette = "Set2") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.04))

ggsave("figs/fig3_box_AAK1_sex_icu.png", p_box, width = 6, height = 4, dpi = 300)

```

Step5:Heatmap

Step6: hexbin plot

Introduction

This report analyzes gene expression profiles from the dataset with clinical covariates. I focus on AAK1 for the main figures and summarize key continuous (age, CRP, ferritin) and categorical variables (sex, ICU status, disease status). Data were cleaned (string trimming, standardization of categories), merged with the gene matrix, and visualized.

Methods

I create a LaTeX-formatted descriptive table of three continuous (age, CRP, ferritin) and three categorical variables (sex, ICU status, disease status), stratified by ICU status. For the main plots, I produced: (i) a histogram of AAK1 expression, (ii) a scatterplot of AAK1 vs ferritin colored by ICU status, and (iii) a boxplot of AAK1 by sex with ICU status as fill. For the heatmap, I select the top 10 genes by variance (ensuring AAK1 is included), applied row-wise z-score normalization, clustered rows and columns, and added two tracking bars (sex, ICU status). Moreover, I included a new plot type (hexbin) to depict dense 2D distributions.

Results

Summary Table

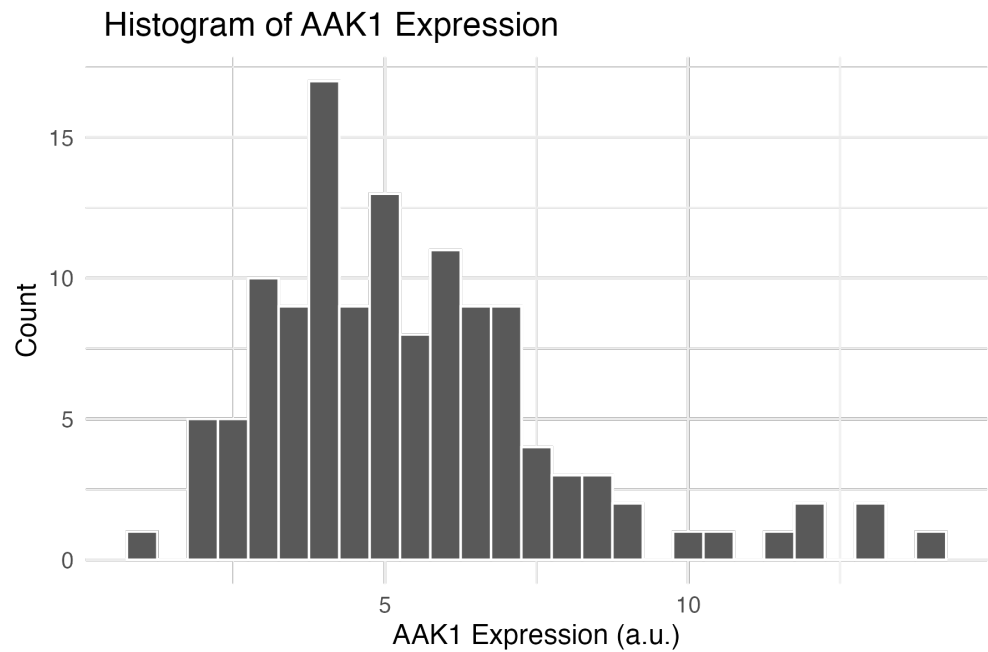
Table 1: **Summary statistics stratified by ICU status**

Characteristic	ICU N = 66	Non-ICU N = 60	Unknown N = 0	Overall N = 126
Sex				
Female	24 (36%)	27 (45%)	0 (NA%)	51 (40%)
Male	41 (62%)	33 (55%)	0 (NA%)	74 (59%)
Unknown	1 (1.5%)	0 (0%)	0 (NA%)	1 (0.8%)
Disease status				
COVID-19	66 (100%)	60 (100%)	0 (NA%)	126 (100%)
Non-COVID	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (NA%)	0 (0%)
Age (years)	63.5 (14.0)	59.7 (18.4)	NA (NA)	61.7 (16.2)
Unknown	0	1	0	1
CRP (mg/L)	149.6 (105.5)	109.4 (94.4)	NA (NA)	131.2 (102.1)
Unknown	8	11	0	19
Ferritin (ng/mL)	935.3 (1,019.0)	715.7 (1,067.6)	NA (NA)	833.5 (1,042.8)
Unknown	7	9	0	16

¹ n (%); Mean (SD)

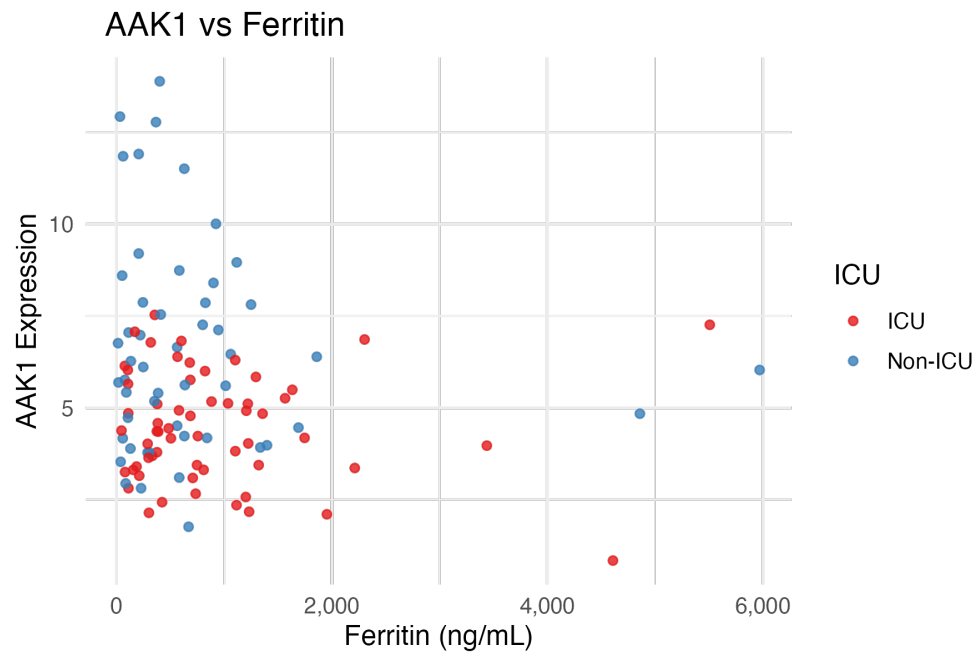
Figures

Figure 1. Histogram of AAK1 expression.



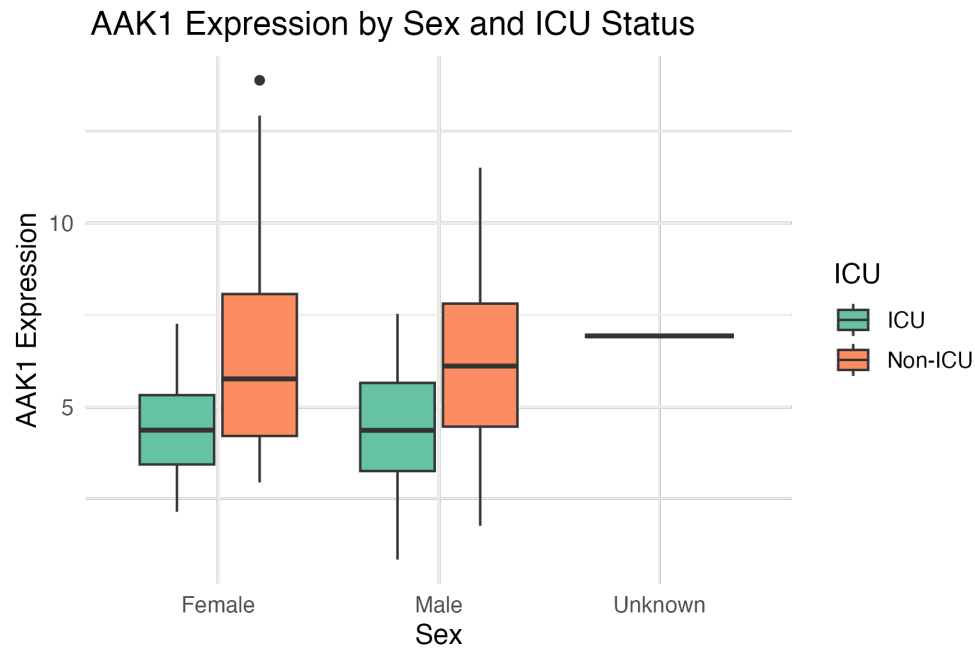
AAK1 expression is right-skewed, with most samples concentrated between 3–7 units, suggesting variability across patients.

Figure 2. Scatterplot of AAK1 expression vs ferritin, colored by ICU status.



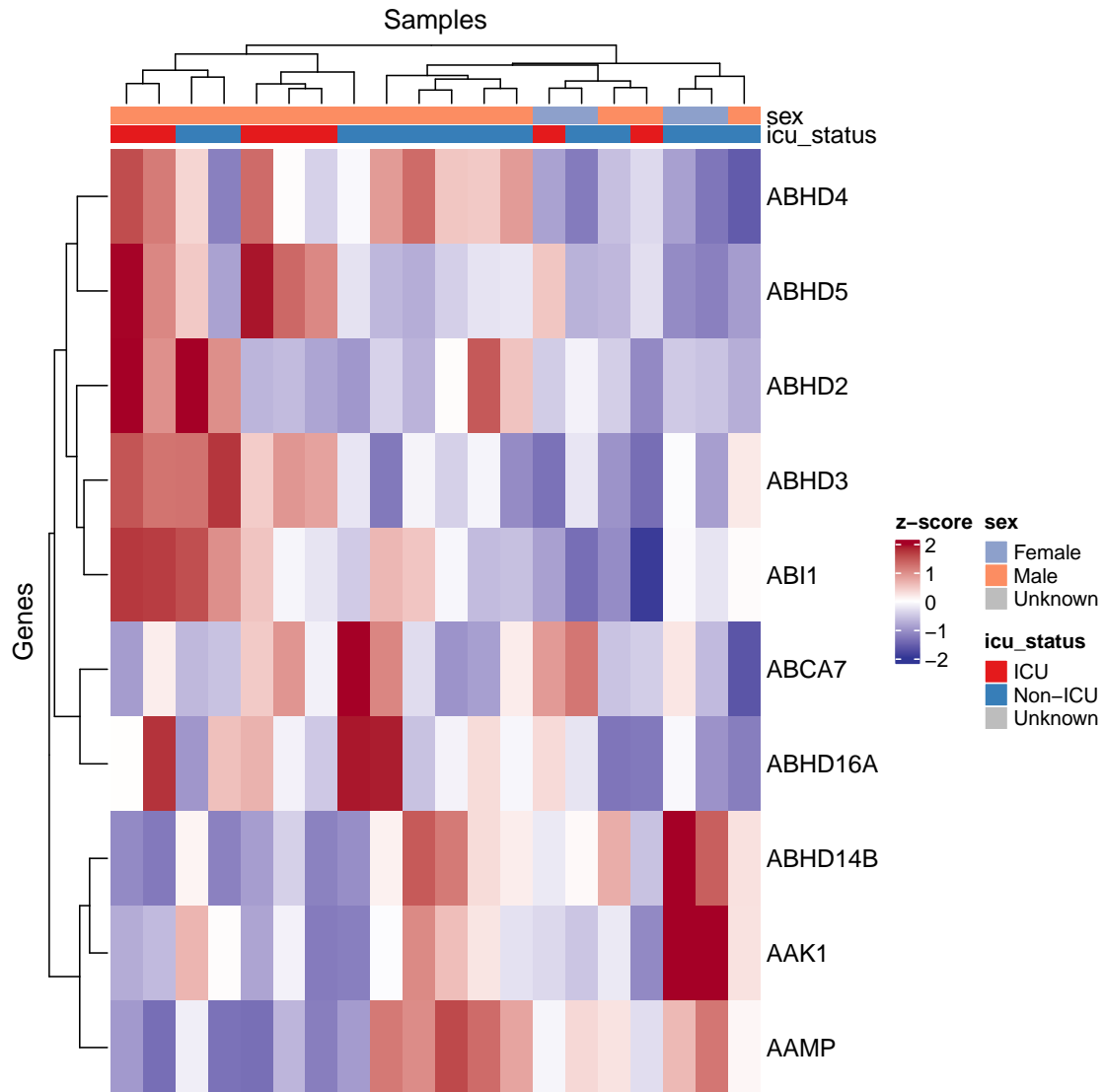
The scatterplot shows no clear linear relationship between ferritin and AAK1 expression, although most patients cluster at low ferritin values.

Figure 3. Boxplot of AAK1 expression by sex and ICU status.



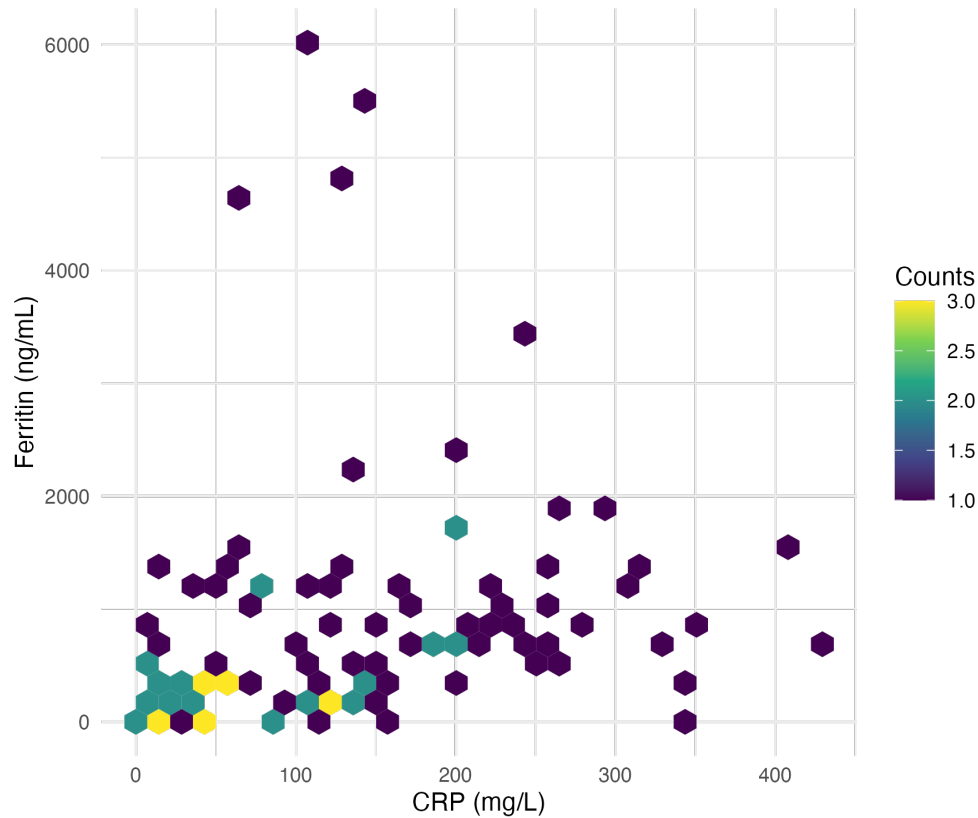
The boxplot suggests that ICU patients may have slightly higher AAK1 expression than non-ICU patients, with no major differences across sex groups.

Figure 4. Heatmap of the top 10 most variable genes.



The heatmap of the first 20 patients shows distinct clustering patterns, indicating that both ICU status and sex are associated with gene expression variation.

Figure 5. Hexbin plot of CRP vs Ferritin.



The hexbin plot shows most patients clustered in the low CRP and low ferritin range, while a few outliers display very high ferritin levels.

References

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