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> First Version: 1 January 2020 This Version: 12 January 2022

Keywords: <Keywords>

JEL Classification Code: <JELCode>

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Abstract

ABSTRACT

Keywords: <Keywords>

 $\it JEL\ Classification\ Code:\ < JELCode>$

1 Introduction

$First\ Paragraph$

First paragraph's sentences

- 1. What we're doing
- 2. Why it's important
- 3. Critique previous research
- 4. What we do to compete

Literature Review

Critique Key Papers

$Our\ Contribution$

The remainder of this paper is organized as follows.

Section 2

Section 3

Section 4

Section 5

Appendix

2 Methodology

2.1 References

\citeauthoryear{10.1002/fut.22280}

Aschakulporn and Zhang (2021a)

\citeauthorsyear{10.1002/fut.22280}

Aschakulporn and Zhang's (2021a)

\parencite{10.1002/fut.22280}

(Aschakulporn and Zhang, 2021a)

\citeauthor{10.1002/fut.22280}

Aschakulporn and Zhang

\citeyear{10.1002/fut.22280}

2021a

\citeauthoryear{10.1080/14697680601173444,10.1111/acfi.12660,10.1002/fut.22280}

Zhang and Xiang (2008), Aschakulporn and Zhang (2021b), and Aschakulporn and Zhang (2021a)

2.2 Math

Numbered equation

$$c = S_t e^{-\delta \tau} N \left(d_1 \right) - K e^{-r\tau} N \left(d_2 \right) \tag{1}$$

Referencing to a numbered equation: Equation (1).

Not numbered

$$\Delta = \frac{\partial c_t}{S_t} = e^{-\delta \tau} N\left(d_1\right)$$

Align equations

$$d_{1} = \frac{\ln\left(\frac{S_{t}}{K}\right) + \left(r - \delta + \frac{1}{2}\sigma^{2}\right)\tau}{\sigma\sqrt{\tau}}$$

$$d_{2} = \frac{\ln\left(\frac{S_{t}}{K}\right) + \left(r - \delta - \frac{1}{2}\sigma^{2}\right)\tau}{\sigma\sqrt{\tau}}$$
(2)

$$d_2 = \frac{\ln\left(\frac{S_t}{K}\right) + \left(r - \delta - \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2\right)\tau}{\sigma\sqrt{\tau}} \tag{3}$$

Aligned without numbers

$$n(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}}$$
$$N(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{x} n(y) dy$$

Aligned with and without numbers

$$d_2 = d_1 - \sigma \sqrt{\tau}$$

$$\frac{\partial d_1}{\partial S_t} = \frac{\partial d_2}{\partial S_t}$$
(4)

In line maths $N(x)=\int_{-\infty}^x\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}e^{-\frac{y^2}{2}}dy$ vs $N(x)=\int_{-\infty}^x\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}e^{-\frac{y^2}{2}}dy$

Some bracket stuff

$$\left\{ \left[\ln\left(\frac{S_t}{K}\right)\right]^2 \right\} \text{ vs } \left\{ \left[\ln\left(\frac{S_t}{K}\right)\right]^2 \right\}$$

3 Data

[Insert Table I about here.]

 $[{\rm Insert\ Figure\ 1\ about\ here.}]$

[Insert Figure 2 about here.]

4 Results

5 Conclusion

References

Aschakulporn, Pakorn, and Jin E. Zhang, 2021a, Bakshi, Kapadia, and Madan (2003) risk-neutral moment estimators: An affine jump-diffusion approach, *Journal of Futures Markets*, (forthcoming).

Aschakulporn, Pakorn, and Jin E. Zhang, 2021b, New Zealand whole milk powder options, *Accounting and Finance* 61(S1), 2201–2246.

Zhang, Jin E., and Yi Xiang, 2008, The implied volatility smirk, *Quantitative Finance* 8(3), 263–284.

Appendix

- A APPENDIX A
- B APPENDIX B

Tables

Table I: Descriptive Statistics.

Details

Variable	Mean	Std. Dev.	Max	Min
Variable 1	1	0	1	1
Variable 2	2	0	2	2
Variable 3	3	0	3	3

Figures

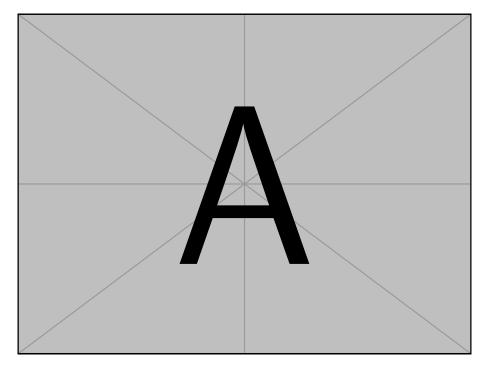


Figure 1: Figure A.

Details

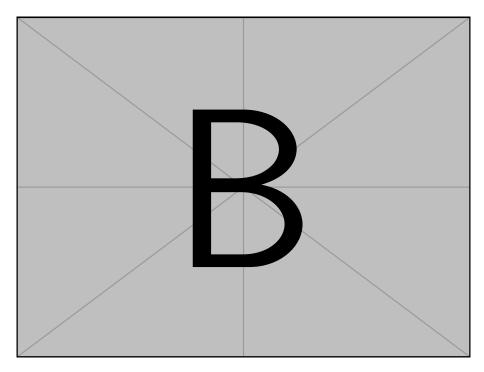


Figure 2: Figure B.

Details