



EXPLORER

1 OPEN EDITORS 1 UNSAVED

- User Settings C:\Users\pcurtis7\AppData\Local\Microsoft\VS Code\User\Settings.json
- percipio43_writing_binary_data.py

PYTHON

- percipio11_bytearray_type.py
- percipio12_list_type.py
- percipio13_tuple_type.py
- percipio14_slice_type.py
- percipio14a_list_copy_boolean_c...
- 03_Collections-Mapping-Looping
- 04_Modules-Functions
- 05_Classes
- 06_Working-with-Files
 - games - Shortcut.Ink
 - games.txt
 - loremipsum - Shortcut.Ink
 - percipio36_docstrings.py
 - percipio37_code_comments.py
 - percipio38_documentation_best...
 - percipio39_reading_text_files.py
 - percipio40_writing_data.py
 - percipio41_writing_large_files.py
 - percipio42_reading_binary_data...
 - percipio43_writing_binary_data.py
 - percipio44_exercise_create_cust...
 - reading_text_files - Shortcut.Ink
 - reading_text_files.txt
 - sample.avi
 - writing_data - Shortcut.Ink
 - writing_data.txt
- 07_Comprehensions
- 08_Iterables-and-Generators
- 09_Exceptions
- Python Projects_2014
- CMD_Python_Set-Path.txt
- Python_Basics.txt
- Python_Clear-Window-Command.txt
- python_exercises_00.py
- python_exercises_01.py
- Python_Tutorial_Running-Scripts.docx
- Python_Tutorials.md

User Settings percipio43_writing_binary_data.py

```
1 '''
2 percipio43_writing_binary_data.py
3 Percipio video: Working with Files; Writing Binary Data
4
5 Demonstrate how to write binary data to a file in Python.
6
7 In order to write binary data to a file, use 1 of 2 ways, either use bytes, or data thats
8   been packed:
9 * use the struct module pack
10 * use the native bytes object to encode data (i.e.: text) into binary data, or bytes.
11
12 'ascii_letters' data is a string of ASCII letters A through Z, lowercase and upercase.
13   This will be the data written to the file.
14 '''
15 from string import ascii_letters # from the string module, ascii_letters data is imported
16 data = bytes(ascii_letters, 'utf-8') # the data is encoded with 'utf-8'
17 print('Bytes data-1:', data)
18
19 with open('letters.bin', mode='wb') as out_file: # open the file using the write mode & add
20     'b' for binary
21     out_file.write(data) # writes the data encoded as bytes
22
23 ''' to prove the write worked properly, read the data from the 'letter.bin' file '''
24 with open('letters.bin', mode='rb') as in_file: #
25     data = in_file.read() #
26
27 print('Bytes data-2:', data) # binary or Bytes data is printed
28 print('String data:', data.decode('utf-8')) # see decoding the string in the encoding
29   format that was used
30 '''
31 RESULTS:
32 FROM THE TERMINAL:
33 Bytes data-1: b'abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ'
34 Bytes data-2: b'abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ'
35 String data: abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
36
37 FROM THE 'letters.bin' FILE (open in VSC)
38 abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
39 '''
40 # NOTE: the Bytes data has a 'b' prefixed to a quoted string, whereas the string data has
41   no quotes because it's been converted to a string
```