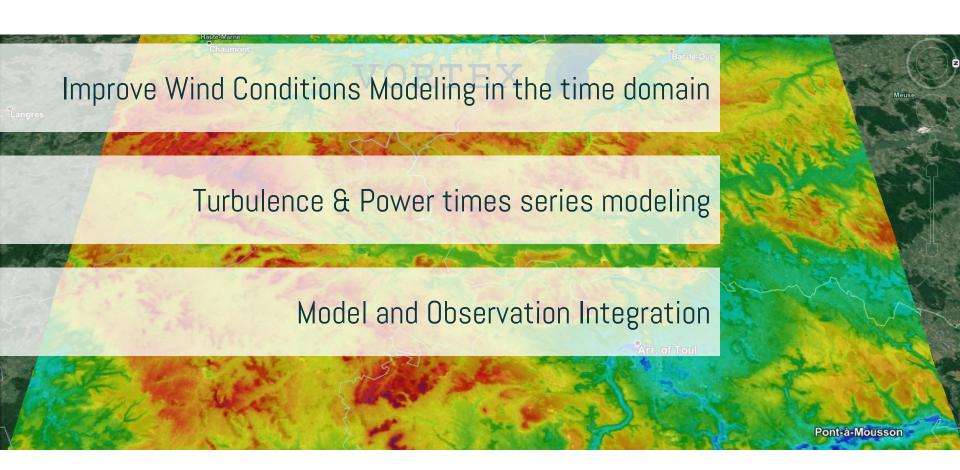
# Advances in WRF-LES Modelling of Outer Range Conditions

Power Curve Working Group Meeting Minneapolis Sep/2016

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More and more realistic turbulence

Able to determine shear and veer

Accurate tails (high and low winds)

Everything within the 10' life

A safer site classification tool

Indistinguishable model and observation

# WRF-LES Modeling Stream



1) Spatial Variation of Wind Conditions: A key limitation of the current methods for considering outer range conditions is that they assume that the wind conditions (e.g. turbulence) at the met mast apply to all turbine locations.

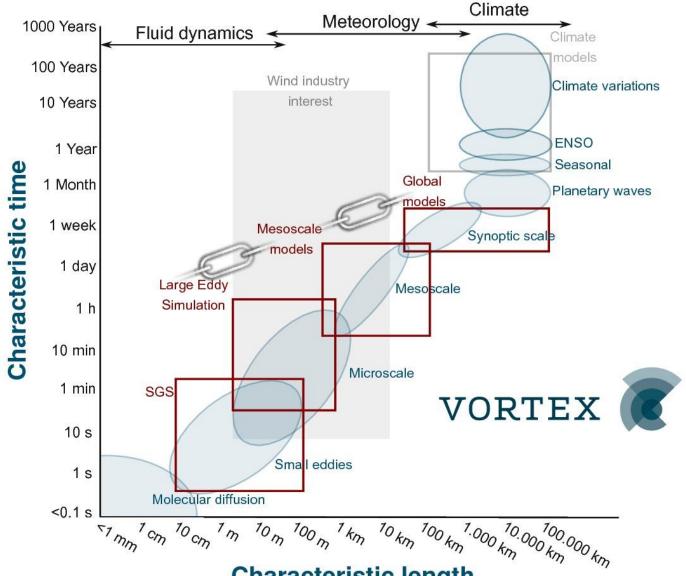
WRF-LES offers the potential to model turbine specific conditions such as turbulence & inflow in the time domain which could be used in combination with met mast data to predict turbine specific response to outer range conditions.

2) Vertical Profile Information: Currently relatively few sites have LiDAR data. LES could provide a cost effective alternative to using LiDAR to obtain information about the vertical profile across the full rotor.

Is WRF-LES able to incorporate both the energy content and the shape of the profile (compared to that obtained with a LiDAR)?

(\*) Quoting Peter Stuart (personal communication)

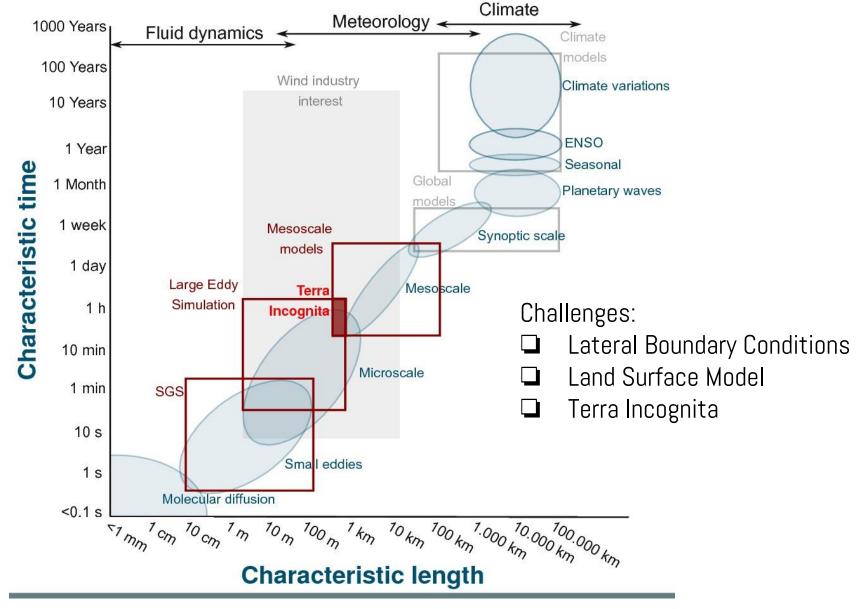




Characteristic length



#### → WRF-LES





#### → WRF-LES

#### Scale Nesting down

Mesoscale limit ~ 1 Km

Grey Zone

Effective Microscale Zone ~100 m

Small Eddies

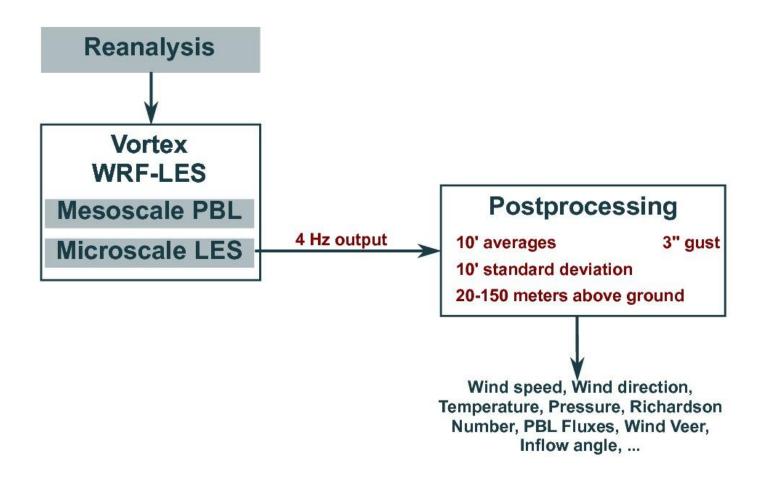
WRF Classic PBL restricted (Parametrized)

WRF with Large Eddy Simulation PBL unrestricted

Turbulence Trigger / Perturbation Methods

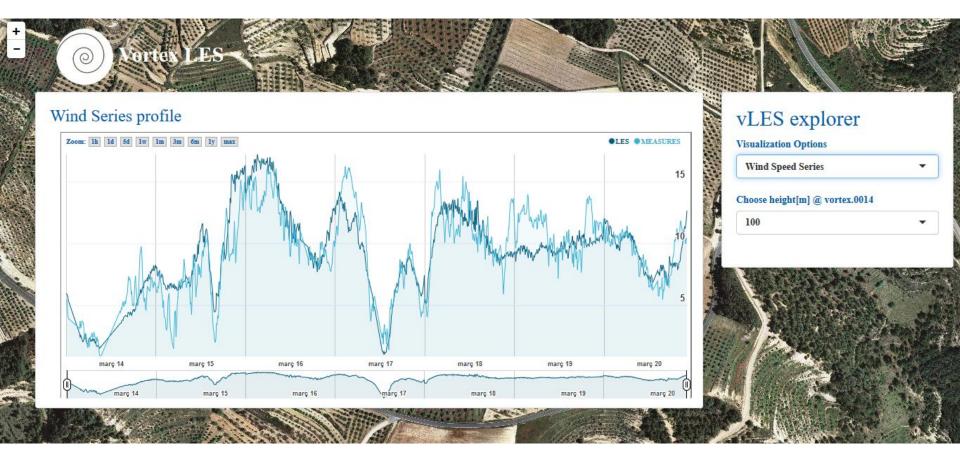
Turbulence Subgrid Remodeling





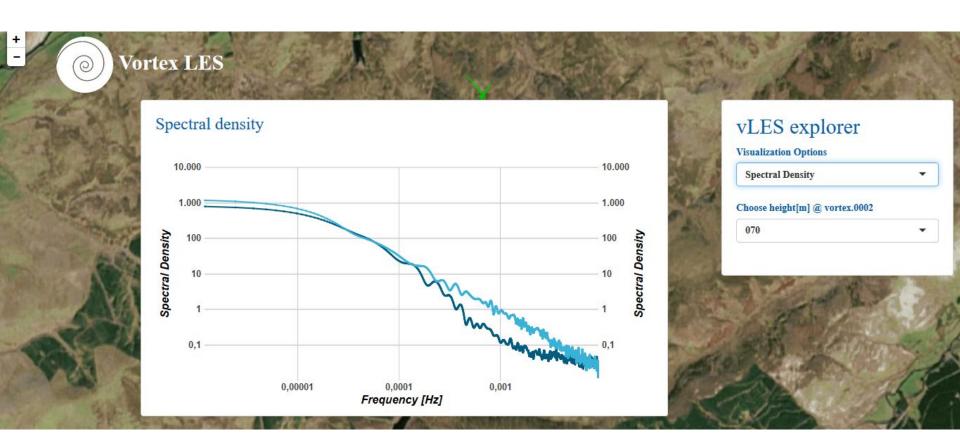


# ightharpoonup WRF-LES, Outputs

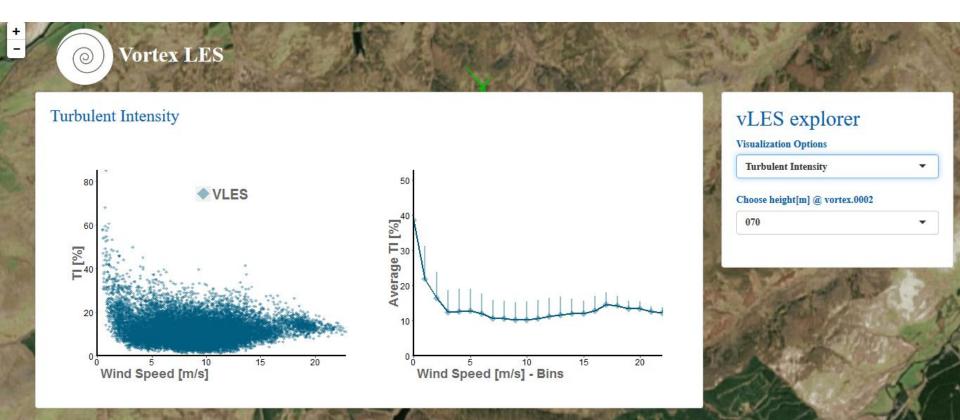




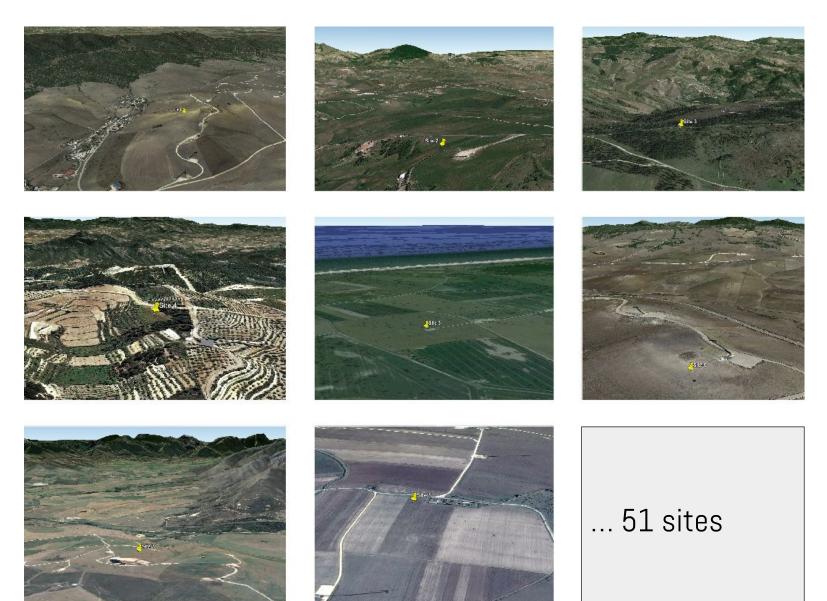
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# $\boxminus$ WRF-LES, Outputs



#### 

- ► Wind metrics validated for 93 sites
- ► Turbulence Intensity validated for **51** sites

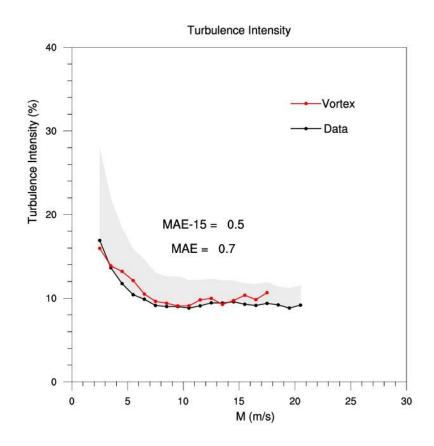


# TI(%) validated for **51** sites

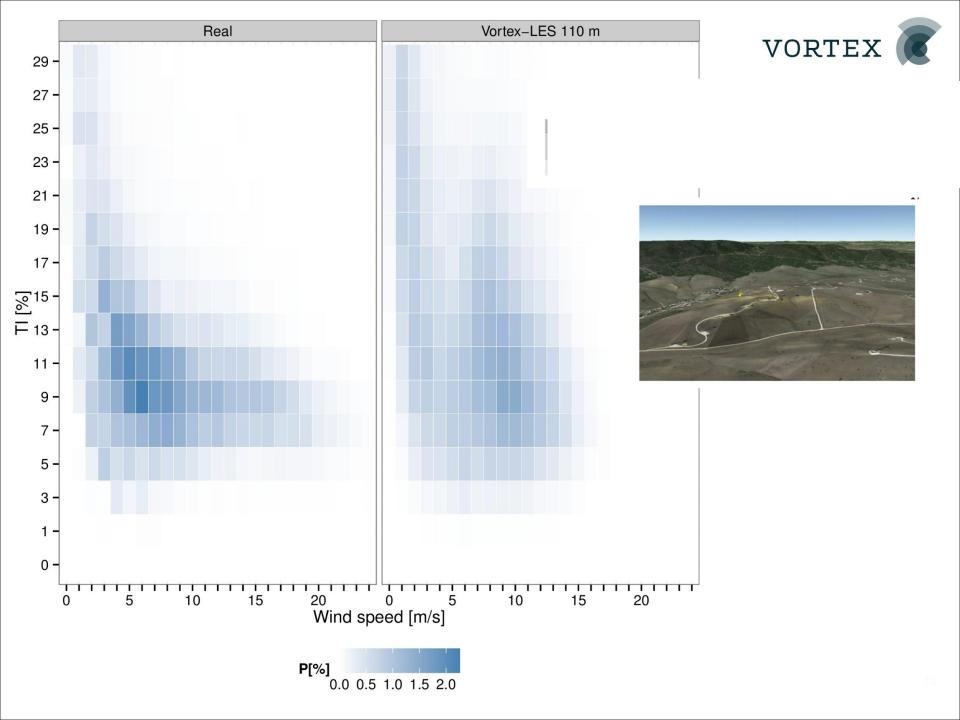
#### Which metric to use?

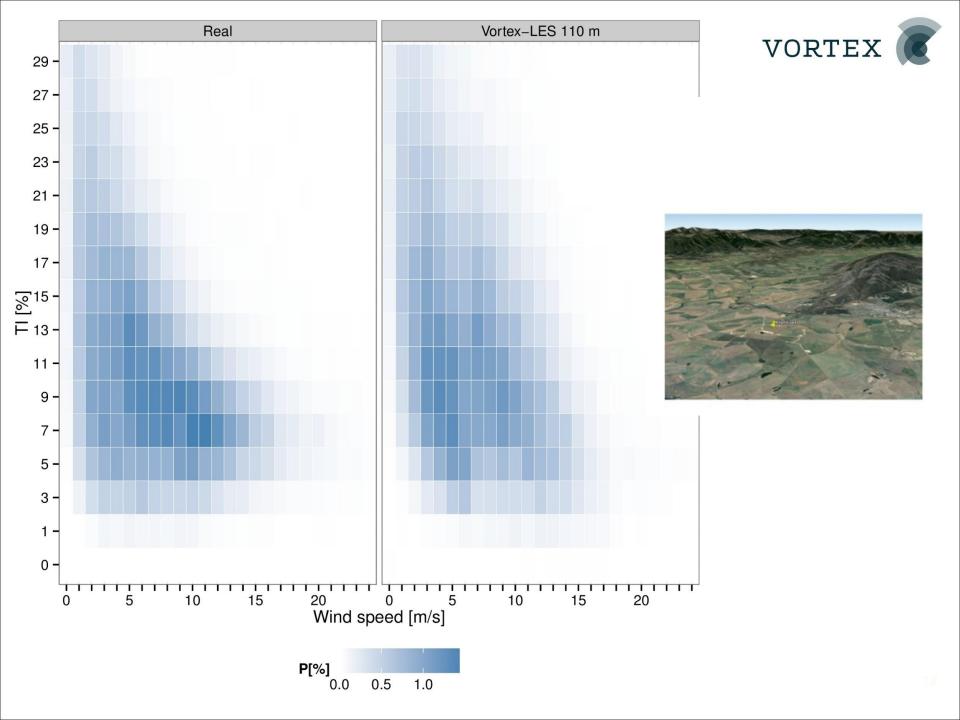
- MAE between TI-model against TI-obs weighted by bin-ocurrence
- 2. MAE at 15 m/s bin

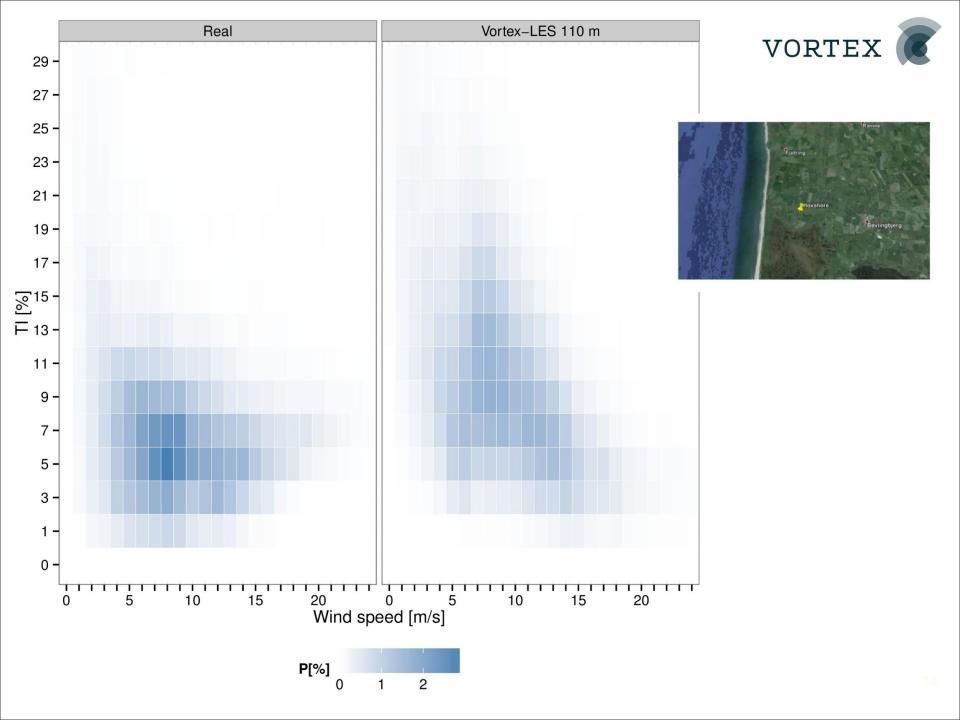
	Average	Std Dev
MAE	1.8	0.9
MAE-15	1.9	1.1

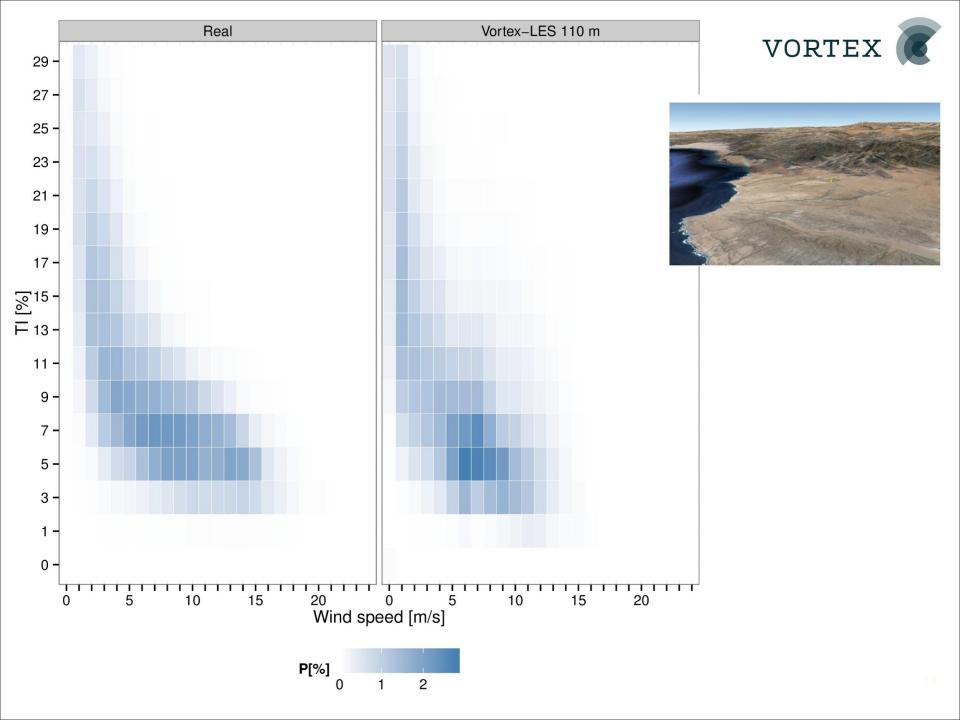












Improve the analytics of the validation

Use more that one Mast/OBS per site

Compare against lidar/sodar

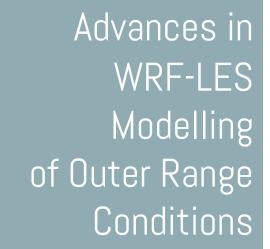
inflow/shear/veer

Metrics

Sharing initiative

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