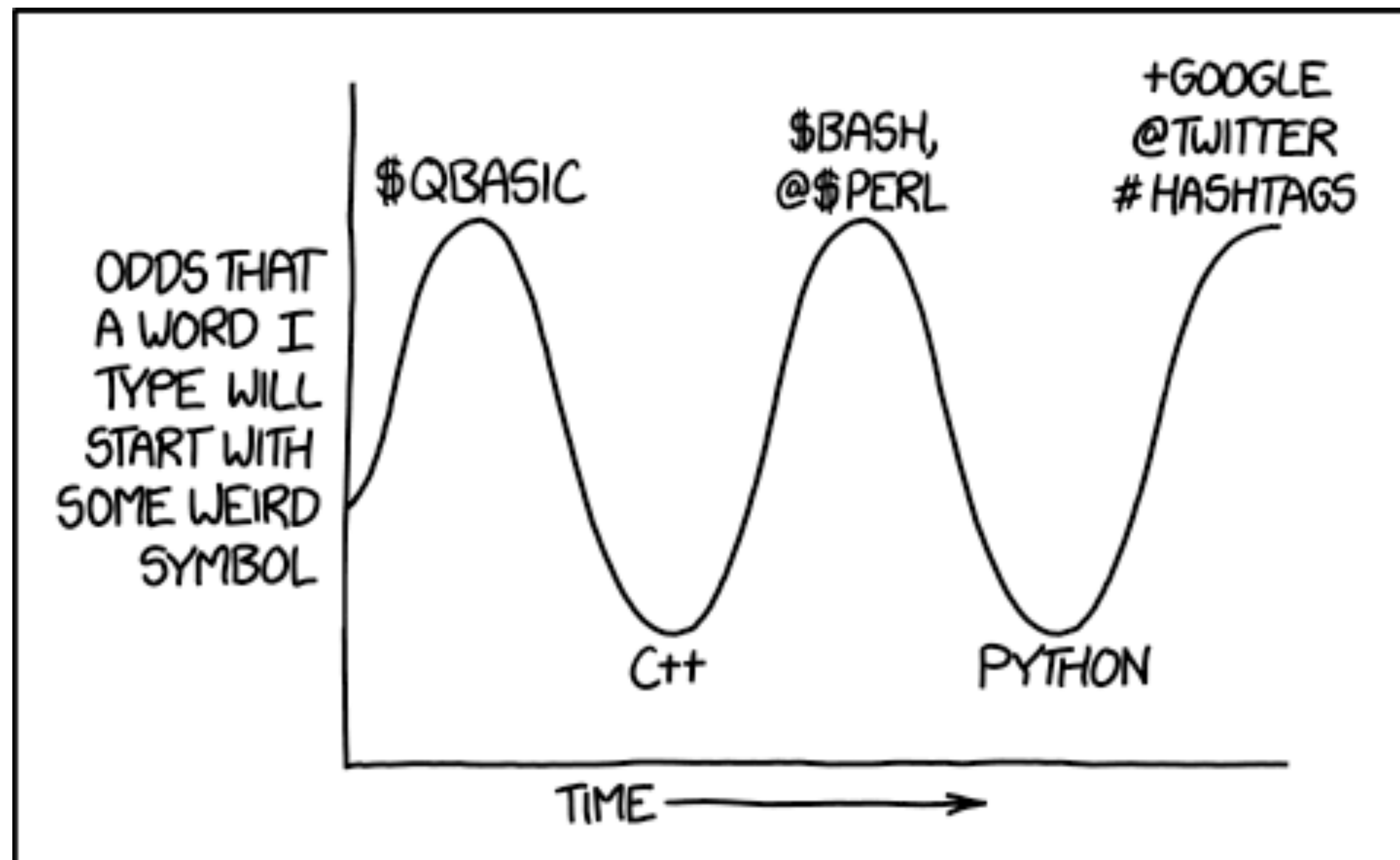


Python Scripting - Part 3

Fall 2018
PCfB Class 6
October 5, 2018



WHEN YOU HEAR THIS:



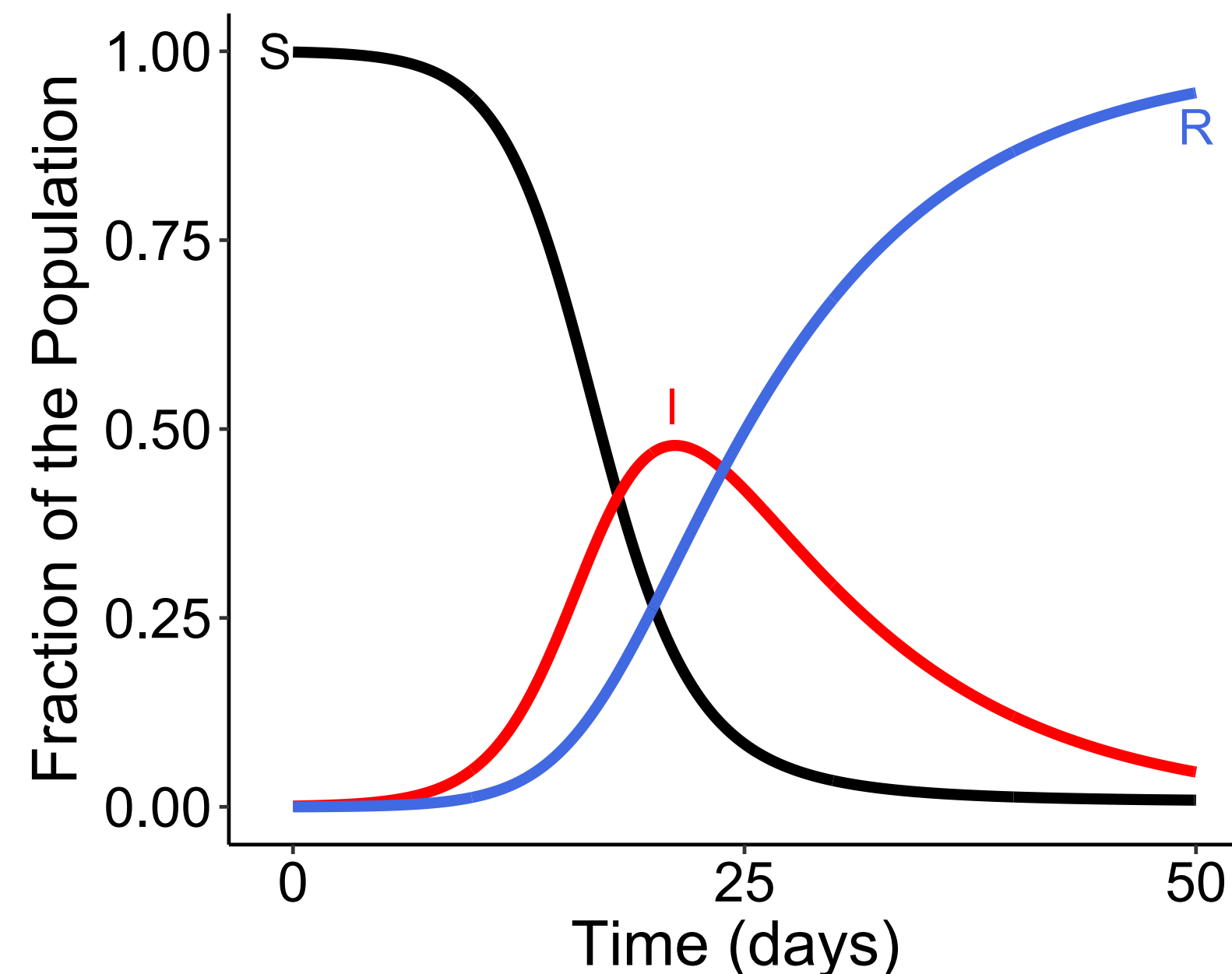


Infectious Disease Ecology & Epidemiology

INF 599-001 Spring 2019

T/Th 2:20p – 3:35p, SICCS 102

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This course will provide students with a basic understanding of disease modeling. We will derive and simulate fundamental insights about infectious disease dynamics, with topics including: predicting the size of epidemics, understanding cyclical disease outbreaks, and simulating spatially-explicit pathogen spread. Throughout, we will reinforce quantitative insights with biological concepts, computer-based assignments, and relevant readings from the literature.

Dictionary comprehension

- Can be used to create dictionaries from scratch

```
1 newdict = {x:1.0/x for x in range(1,11)}
```

```
>>>  
>>> newdict = {x:1.0/x for x in range(1,11)}  
>>> newdict  
{1: 1.0, 2: 0.5, 3: 0.3333333333333333, 4: 0.25, 5: 0.2, 6: 0.16666666666666666,  
 7: 0.14285714285714285, 8: 0.125, 9: 0.11111111111111111, 10: 0.1}  
>>>
```


Dictionary comprehension

- Can be used to make changes to existing dicts
- Can incorporate if statements

```
3 newdict = {key:value/2 for key,value in newdict.items() if key%2==0}
4
```

```
[>>> newdict = {key:value/2 for key,value in newdict.items() if key%2==0}
[>>> newdict
{8: 0.0625, 2: 0.25, 4: 0.125, 10: 0.05, 6: 0.08333333333333333}
>>>
```

Sets

- Unordered lists, CANNOT contain duplicate values
- Easy to convert between lists and sets
 - `set(alistvariable)`, `list(asetvariable)`
- Quick way to obtain unique values in list
- Built-in set methods for set comparison
 - `.difference()`, `.union()`, `.intersection()`

Python modules

- Python functions that can be imported, as needed for use within your scripts
- Standard modules: included with Python installation
- 3rd party modules: must be installed
- Always include import statements at beginning of script (just after `#!` line)

Method #1: `import numpy`

- Import the entire module and link functions to the module name
- Example usage:
 - `numpy.mean(range(4, 19, 2))`
 - `numpy.std(range(4, 19, 2))`

Method #2: `import numpy as np`

- Import the entire module and link functions to a name specified by the user
- Example usage:
 - `np.mean(range(4, 19, 2))`
 - `np.std(range(4, 19, 2))`

Method #3: `from numpy import mean`

- Import select functions from a module
- Functions exist on their own, NOT linked to module name
- Example usage:
 - `mean(range(4, 19, 2))`

Method #4: `from numpy import *`

- Import ALL functions from a module
 - Functions exist on their own, NOT linked to module name
 - Example usage:
 - `mean(range(4, 19, 2))`
 - `std(range(4, 19, 2))`
- **Potential for name conflicts, especially when importing multiple modules**
 - **Unclear which functions are from which module**

Recommended 3rd party modules

- **NumPy & SciPy** (<https://scipy.org/>)
- **Biopython** (<https://biopython.org/>)
- **Matplotlib** (<https://matplotlib.org/>)

Checking to see if module is installed

```
Last login: Sat Sep 29 13:36:40 on ttys007
ln: /Users/jtladner/MyDrive/My Drive: Function not implemented
ln: /Users/jtladner/TeamDrive/Team Drives: Permission denied
[client342:~ jtladner$ python
Python 2.7.10 (default, Oct  6 2017, 22:29:07)
[GCC 4.2.1 Compatible Apple LLVM 9.0.0 (clang-900.0.31)] on darwin
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
[>>> import numpy
[>>> import scipy
[>>> import randomtest
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
ImportError: No module named randomtest
>>> █
```

Exercises

- Stand-alone analysis scripts
- Feel free to work on today's exercises of those from previous weeks