# Submission Worksheet

```
CLICK TO GRADE
https:2learn.ethereallab.app/assignment/IT114-002-S2024/it114-m2-java-problems/grade/pd438
  IT114-002-S2024 - [IT114] M2 Java Problems
Submissions:
 Submission Selection
 1 Summission [active] 3/6/2024 7:56:43 PM
     7.
  Ins8uctions
A COLLAPSE A
  Guide:
         Make sure you're in the main branch locally and 'git pull origin main' any pending changes
         Make a new branch per the recommended branch name below (git checkout -b ...)
         Gab the template code
         fr6m https://gist.github.com/MattToegel/fdd2b37fa79a06ace9dd259ac82728b6
   12. Create individual Java files for each problem and save the files inside a subfolder of your choice

    The should end with the file extension in lowercase .iava

         Move the unedited template files to github
          2. `git add .`
               git commit -m "adding template files`
               git push origin <homework branch>` (see below and don't include the < >)
              Create and open a pull request from the homework branch to main (leave it open until later
               steps)
         Note: As you work, it's recommended to add/commit at least after each solution is done (i.e., 3+
         times in this case)
               Make sure the files are saved before doing this
         Fill in the items in the worksheet below (save as often as necessary)
         Once finished, export the worksheet
         Add the output file to any location of your choice in your repository folder (i.e., a Module2 folder)
         Check that git sees it via `git status` If everything is good, continue to submit
               Track the file(s) via `git add`
              Commit the changes via 'git commit' (don't forget the commit message)
              Push the changes to GitHub via `git push` (don't forget to refer to the proper branch)
               Create a pull request from the homework related branch to main (i.e., main <- "homework
               Open and complete the merge of the pull request (it should turn purple)
              Locally checkout main and pull the latest changes (to prepare for future work)
         Take the same output file and upload it to Canvas
               *This step is new since GitHub renders the PDF as an image the links aren't clickable so this
              method works better
              *Remember, the github process of these files are encouragement for your tracking of your
              progress
```

Branch name: MZ-Java-Problems

Tasks: 8 Points: 10.00

Problem 1 (3 pts.)



Task #1 - Points: 1

Text: Screenshot of the Problem 1 Solved Code and Output

Details:

Only make edits where the template code mentions.

Solution should ensure that any passed in array will have only the odd values output. Requires at least 2 screenshots (code + output from terminal)

Checklist	*The checkboxes are for your own tracking	
#	Points	Details
#1	1	Edits were done only in the processArray() method and original template code/comments remain untouched
#2	1	Only arr is used (no direct usage of a1, a2, a3, a4)
#3	5	Only odd values output (not odd indexes/keys)
#4	1	Includes code comments with student's ucid and date
#5	1	Terminal output is fully visible

Task Screenshots:

Gallery Style: Large View

Small Medium Large

# Problem 1 Code Complete.

# Checklist Items (5)

#1 Edits were done only in the processArray() method and original template code/comments remain untouched

#2 Only arr is used (no direct usage of a1, a2, a3, a4)

#3 Only odd values output (not odd indexes/keys)

#4 Includes code comments with student's ucid and date

#5 Terminal output is fully visible

```
emiel@LAPTOP-B9RDLNS1 MINGW64 ~/OneDrive/Pictures/Documents/IT114/PD438_IT114_002 (main)
$ java M2/Problem1.java
Processing Array: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
Odds output:
1 3 5 7 9
End process
Processing Array: [0, 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10]
Odds output:
1 3 5 7 9
End process
Processing Array: [10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0]
Odds output:
97531
End process
Processing Array: [0, 0, 1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 5, 5, 6, 6, 7, 7, 8, 8, 9, 9, 10, 10]
Odds output:
1133557799
End process
```

### Problem1 Output Complete

# Checklist Items (1)

#5 Terminal output is fully visible



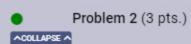
### Task #2 - Points: 1

Text: Explain your solution

Checklist		*The checkboxes are for your own tracking
#	Points	Details
<b>#</b> 1	1	Clearly explains how the code/logic solves the problem (mentions how the odd values are determined)

# Response:

Odd Integers are determined by having a remainder that is not 0. Would do this by printing out indexes in the array that do not have a remainder of 0.





Task #1 - Points: 1

Text: Screenshot of the Problem 2 Solved Code and Output

# Details:

Only make edits where the template code mentions.

Solution should ensure that any passed in array will have its values summed AND the final result converted to two decimal places (i.e., 0.10, 1.00, 1.01). Requires at least 2 screenshots (code + output from terminal)

Checklist *The checkboxes are for your own tracking		
#	Points	Details
#1	1	Edits were done only in the getTotal() method and original template code/comments remain untouched (unless noted)
#2	1	Only arr is used (no direct usage of a1, a2, a3, a4)
#3	5	Passed in array's values get summed AND rounded to two decimal places like currency (i.e., 0.00, 0.10, 1.10)
#4	1	Includes code comments with student's ucid and date
#5	1	Terminal output is fully visible

Task Screenshots:

Gallery Style: Large View

Small Medium Large

```
static void getTotal(double[] arr) {
   System.out.println("Processing Array:" + Arrays.toString(arr));
   double total = 0;
   String totalOutput = "";
    // pd438 2/5/2024 Calculate the sum of the elements in the array
    for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
        double a = arr[i];
        total += a;
    // Format the total to a string with rounding to two decimal places
   DecimalFormat df = new DecimalFormat(pattern: "#.##");
   total = Double.valueOf(df.format(total));
   // set the double to a string variable
   total *= 100.0;
   total = Math.round(total);
   total /= 100;
   totalOutput = String.format(format: "%.2f", total) + "";
   // end add/edit section
   System.out.println("Total is " + totalOutput);
   System.out.println(x:"End process");
```

The changes Complete for the code.

#### Checklist Items (4)

- #1 Edits were done only in the getTotal() method and original template code/comments remain untouched (unless noted)
- #2 Only arr is used (no direct usage of a1, a2, a3, a4)
- #3 Passed in array's values get summed AND rounded to two decimal places like currency (i.e., 0.00, 0.10, 1.10)
- #4 Includes code comments with student's ucid and date

```
emiel@LAPTOP-B9RDLNS1 MINGW64 ~/OneDrive/Pictures/Documents/IT114/PD438_IT114_002 (main)

$ java MZ/Problem2.java
Processing Array:[10.001, 11.591, 0.011, 5.991, 16.121, 0.131, 100.981, 1.001]
Total is 145.83
End process
Processing Array:[1.99, 1.99, 0.99, 1.99, 0.99, 0.99, 0.99]
Total is 11.92
End process
Processing Array:[0.01, 0.01, 0.01, 0.01, 0.01, 0.01, 0.01, 0.01, 0.01]
Total is 0.10
End process
Processing Array:[10.01, -12.22, 0.23, 19.2, -5.13, 3.12]
Total is 15.21
End process
```

# Terminal Output Complete

# Checklist Items (1)

#5 Terminal output is fully visible

```
public class Problem2 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        double[] a1 = new double[]{10.001, 11.591, 0.011, 5.991, 16.121, 0.131, 100.981, 1.001};
        double[] a2 = new double[]{1.99, 1.99, 0.99, 1.99, 0.99, 1.99, 0.99, 0.99};
        double[] a3 = new double[]{0.01, 0.01, 0.01, 0.01, 0.01, 0.01, 0.01, 0.01, 0.01, 0.01};
        double[] a4 = new double[]{10.01, -12.22, 0.23, 19.20, -5.13, 3.12};
        getTotal(a1);
        getTotal(a2);
        getTotal(a3);
        getTotal(a4);
    static void getTotal(double[] arr) {
        System.out.println("Processing Array:" + Arrays.toString(arr));
        double total = 0;
       String totalOutput = "";
        // pd438 2/5/2024 Calculate the sum of the elements in the array
        for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
           double a = arr[i];
           total += a;
        DecimalFormat df = new DecimalFormat(pattern: "#.##");
        total = Double.valueOf(df.format(total));
```

# Beginning part of the code.

# Checklist Items (0)



### Task #2 - Points: 1

**Text: Explain your solution** 

Checklist		*The checkboxes are for your own tracking
#	Points	Details
#1	1	Clearly explains how the code/logic solves the problem (mentions both how the values get summed and how the rounding is solved correctly)

### Response:

First we add up all of the doubles in the array. Then set the total to the format requested which was 2 decimal places.

Problem 3 (3 pts.)



Task #1 - Points: 1

Text: Screenshot of the Problem 2 Solved Code and Output

# Details:

Only make edits where the template code mentions.

Solution should ensure that any passed in array will have its values converted to a positive version of the value AND converted back to the original data type.

Requires at least 2 screenshots (code + output from terminal)

Checklist		*The checkboxes are for your own tracking
#	Points	Details
#1	1	Edits were done only in the bePositive() method and original template code/comments remain untouched
#2	1	Only arr is used (no direct usage of a1, a2, a3, a4)
#3	5	Passed in array's values will get converted to a positive version AND converted back to the original data type
#4	1	Includes code comments with student's ucid and date
#5	1	Terminal output is fully visible

Task Screenshots:

StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();

for (Object i : output) {

Gallery Style: Large View

Medium

Large

Small

static <T> void bePositive(T[] arr) {
 System.out.println("Processing Array:" + Arrays.toString(arr));

 // Create an array to store the positive values

Object[] output = new Object[arr.length];

 //pdd38 3/6/2024 created a for loop here
 for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
 if (arr[i] instanceof Number) {
 if (arr[i] instanceof Integer) {
 output[i] = Math.abs((Integer) arr[i]);
 } else if (arr[i] instanceof Double) {
 output[i] = Math.abs((Oouble) arr[i]);
 }
 } else if (arr[i] instanceof String) {
 output[i] = Math.abs(Integer.parseInt((String) arr[i]));
 output[i] = arr[i];
 } else {
 output[i] = arr[i];
 }
 } </pre>

Code updated with comment to display change.

#### Checklist Items (4)

- #1 Edits were done only in the bePositive() method and original template code/comments remain untouched
- #2 Only arr is used (no direct usage of a1, a2, a3, a4)
- #3 Passed in array's values will get converted to a positive version AND converted back to the original data type
- #4 Includes code comments with student's ucid and date

```
emiel@LAPTOP-B9RDLNS1 MINGW64 ~/OneDrive/Pictures/Documents/IT114/PD438_IT114_002 (main)
$ java M2/Problem3.java
Processing Array:[-1, -2, -3, -4, -5, -6, -7, -8, -9, -10]
Result: 1 (1),2 (1),3 (1),4 (1),5 (1),6 (1),7 (1),8 (1),9 (1),10 (1)
Processing Array:[-1, 1, -2, 2, 3, -3, -4, 5]
Result: 1 (1),1 (1),2 (1),2 (1),3 (1),3 (1),4 (1),5 (1)
Processing Array:[-0.01, -1.0E-4, -0.15]
Result: 0.01 (0),1.0E-4 (0),0.15 (0)
Processing Array:[-1, 2, -3, 4, -5, 5, -6, 6, -7, 7]
Result: -1 (S),2 (S),-3 (S),4 (S),-5 (S),5 (S),-6 (S),6 (S),-7 (S),7 (S)
```

Terminal Output.

# Checklist Items (1)

#5 Terminal output is fully visible

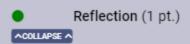


Text. Explain your colution

Checklist		*The checkboxes are for your own tracking
#	Points	Details
#1	1	Clearly explains how the code/logic solves the problem (mentions both the conversion to positive and conversion to original data type)

#### Response:

If array contained numbers or doubles, we set the numbers to positive using the math.abs function. If the array contained strings we convert it into integers then used the math.abs function.





Task #1 - Points: 1

Text: Reflect on your experience

# Details:

Talk about any issues you had, how you resolved them, and anything you learned during this process.

Provide concrete details/examples.

# Response:

This took alot of time and many of the concepts were confusing for me. And the information was not enough for me to comprehend looking at it now especially of how the wording of the question made it very confusing. I wish there were more sources to see more material.



Task #2 - Points: 1

Text: Include the pull request link for this branch

Details:

The correct link will end with /pull/ and a number.

### **URL #1**

https://github.com/PD438/PD438\_IT114\_002/pull/9

Life of Assignment