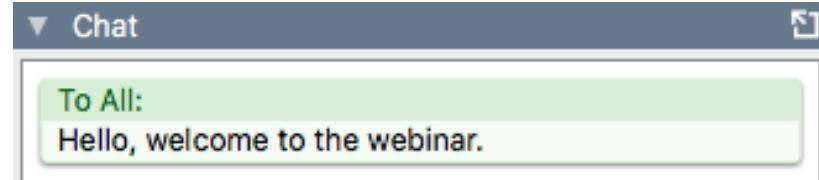


Welcome - webinar instructions

- GoToTraining works best in **Chrome** or on Linux, **Firefox**
- All **microphones will be muted** while the trainer is speaking
- If you have a question please use the **chat box** at the bottom of the GoToTraining box
- Please complete the **feedback survey** which will launch at the end of the webinar



PDBe API webinar series: Creating complex PDBe API queries

PDBe.org/API



Nurul Nadzirin



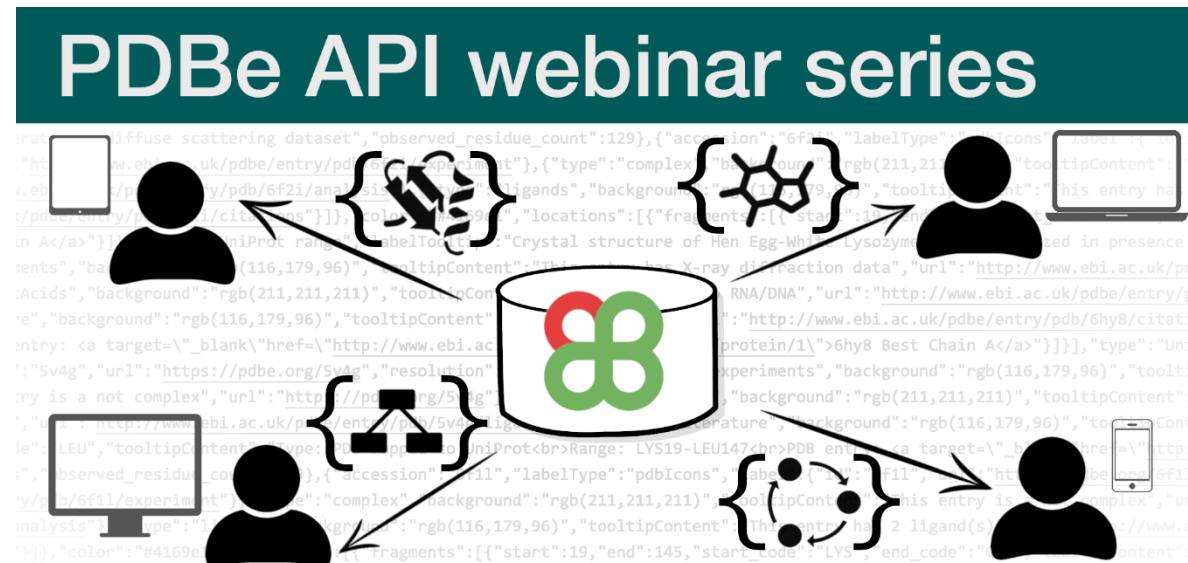
- pdbhelp@ebi.ac.uk
- [proteindatabank](#)
- [@PDBeurope](#)
- [proteindatabank](#)
- [pdbeurope](#)
- [pdbcrt](#)

PDBe API webinar series

- Sep 15th Introduction to PDBe programmatic access
- Sep 22nd Searching with the PDBe API
- Sep 29th Creating complex PDBe API queries
- Oct 6th Using the PDBe graph API
- Oct 13th PDBe tools in github
- Oct 20th Data visualisation at PDBe

To register for future webinars in the series

- Webinar videos, slides and interactive jupyter notebooks. To view the materials and sign up for the next in the series, visit <https://pdbeurope.github.io/api-webinars/>
- Or visit the PDBe events pages at [PDBe.org/events](https://pdbe.org/events)
- Remember to register for each webinar individually!!!

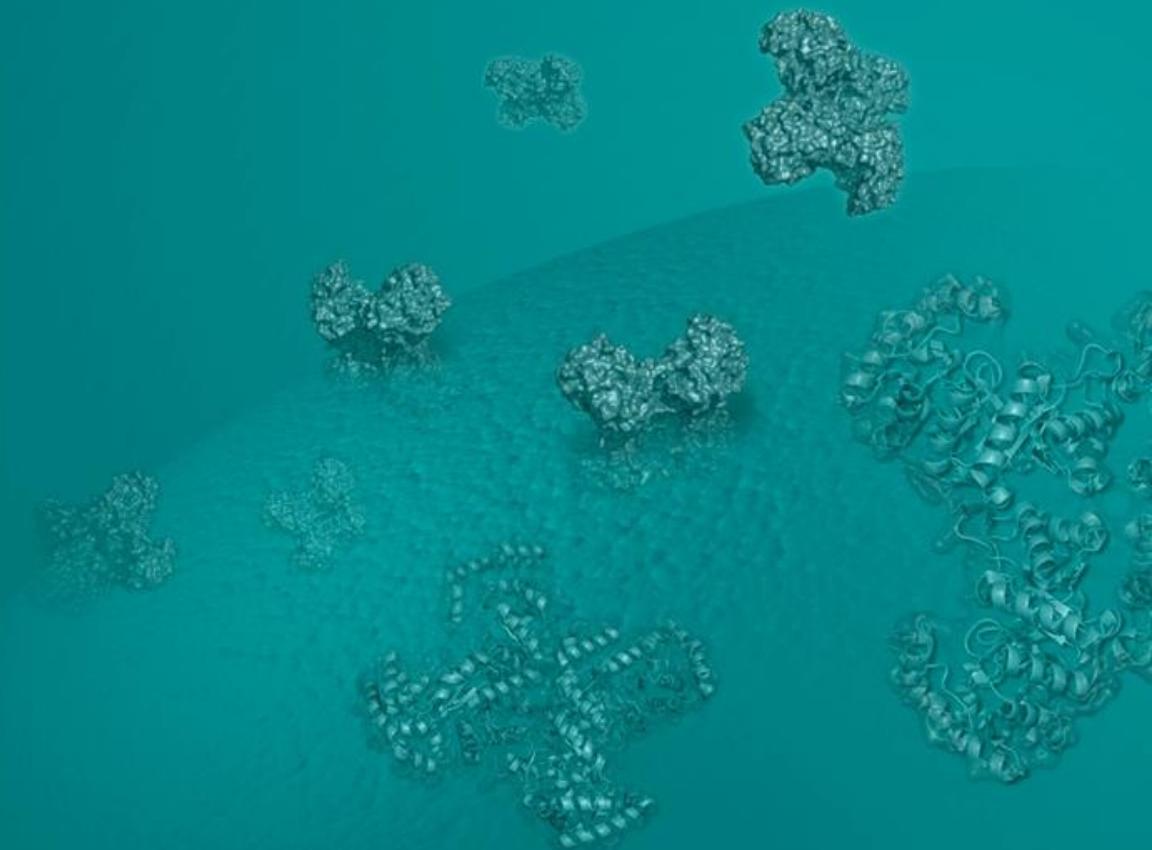


[PDBe.org/events](https://pdbe.org/events)

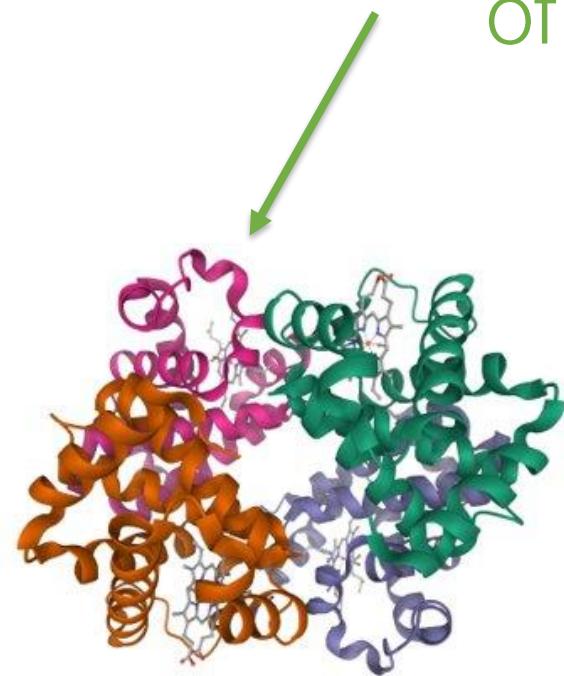
Summary of this webinar

- What type of data is in the PDB?
- The three types of PDBe APIs
- PDBe REST API: Entry-based API
- Categories of endpoints
- How PDBe uses the entry-based API
- Use cases

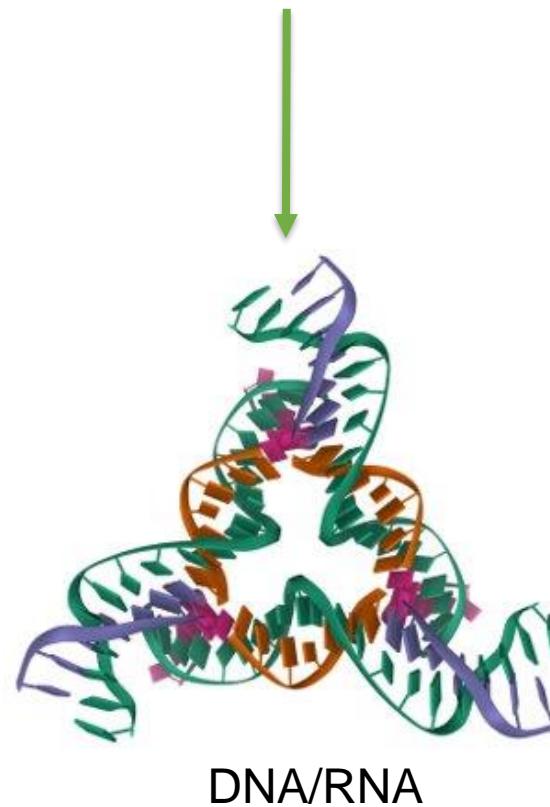
What type of data is in the PDB?



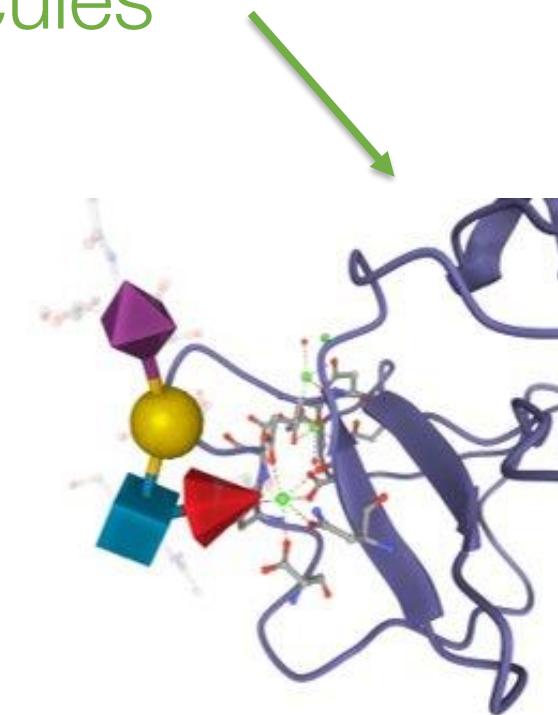
The Protein Data Bank (PDB) is an archive of experimentally determined 3-dimensional structures of biological macromolecules



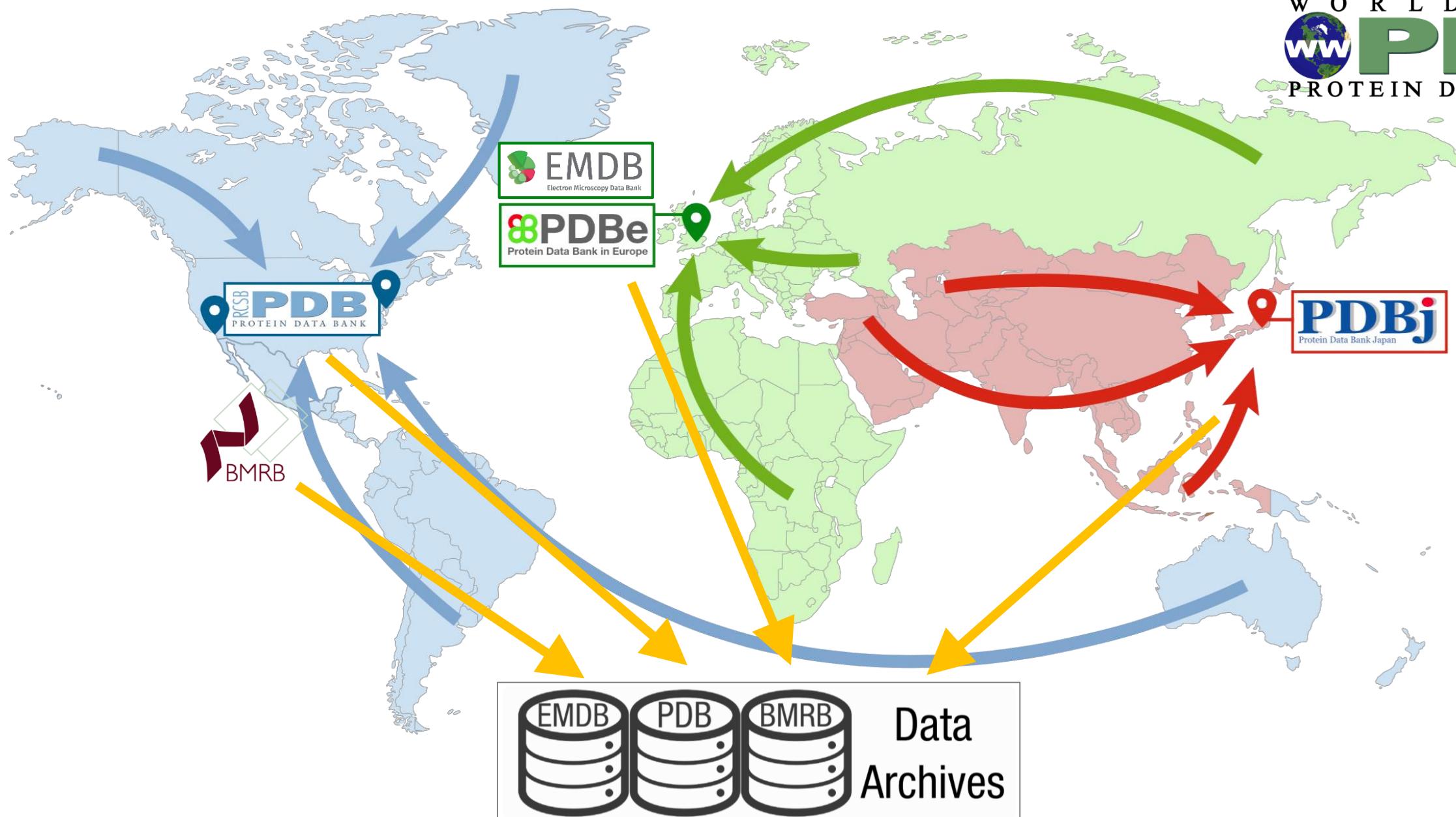
Proteins



DNA/RNA

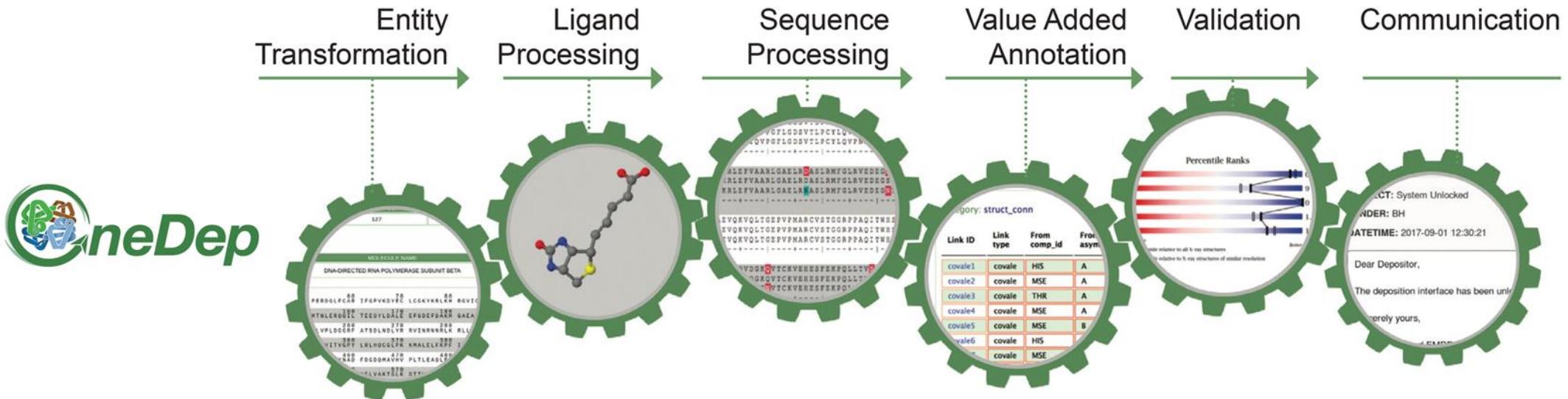


Bound ligands

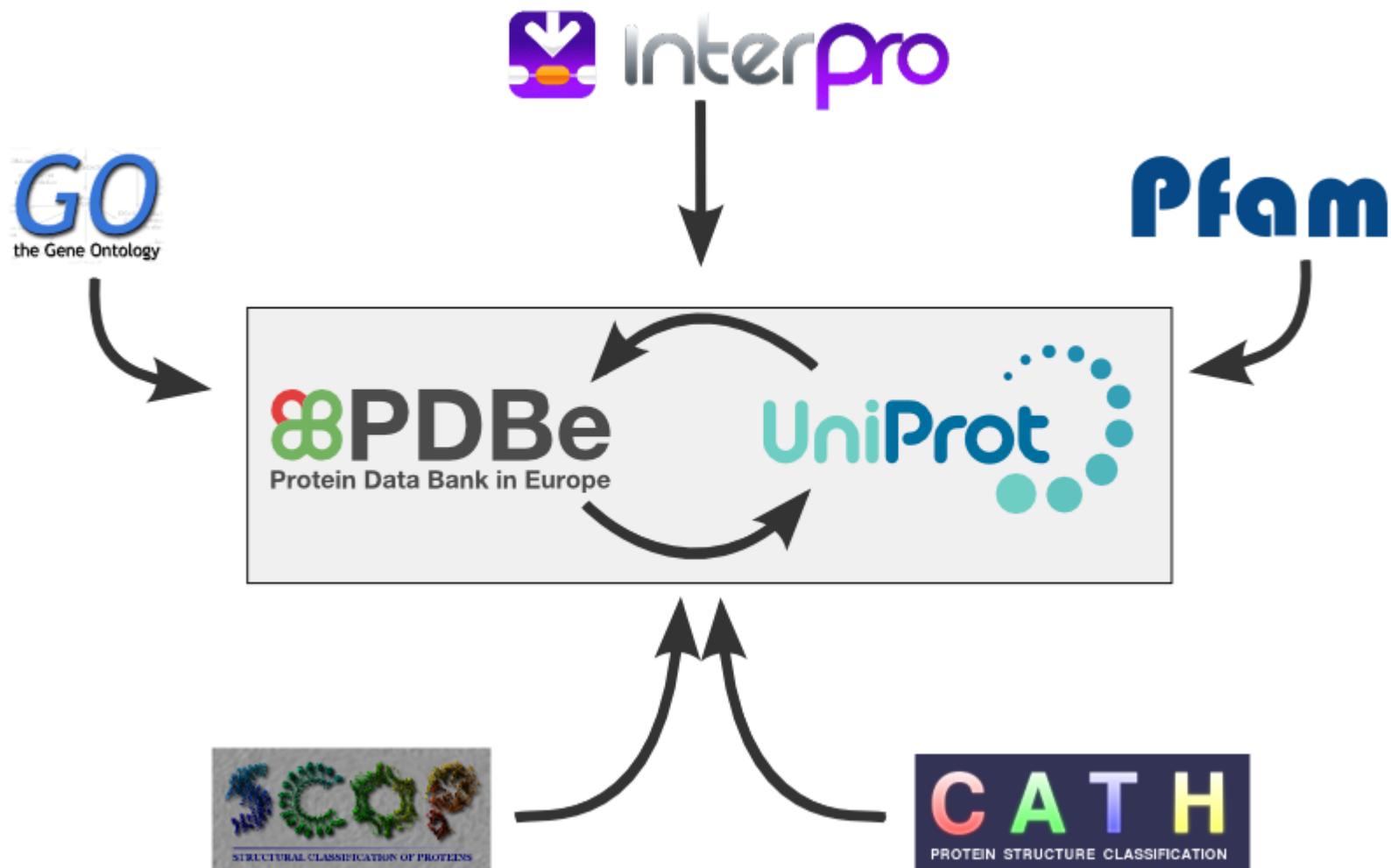


Data added through deposition

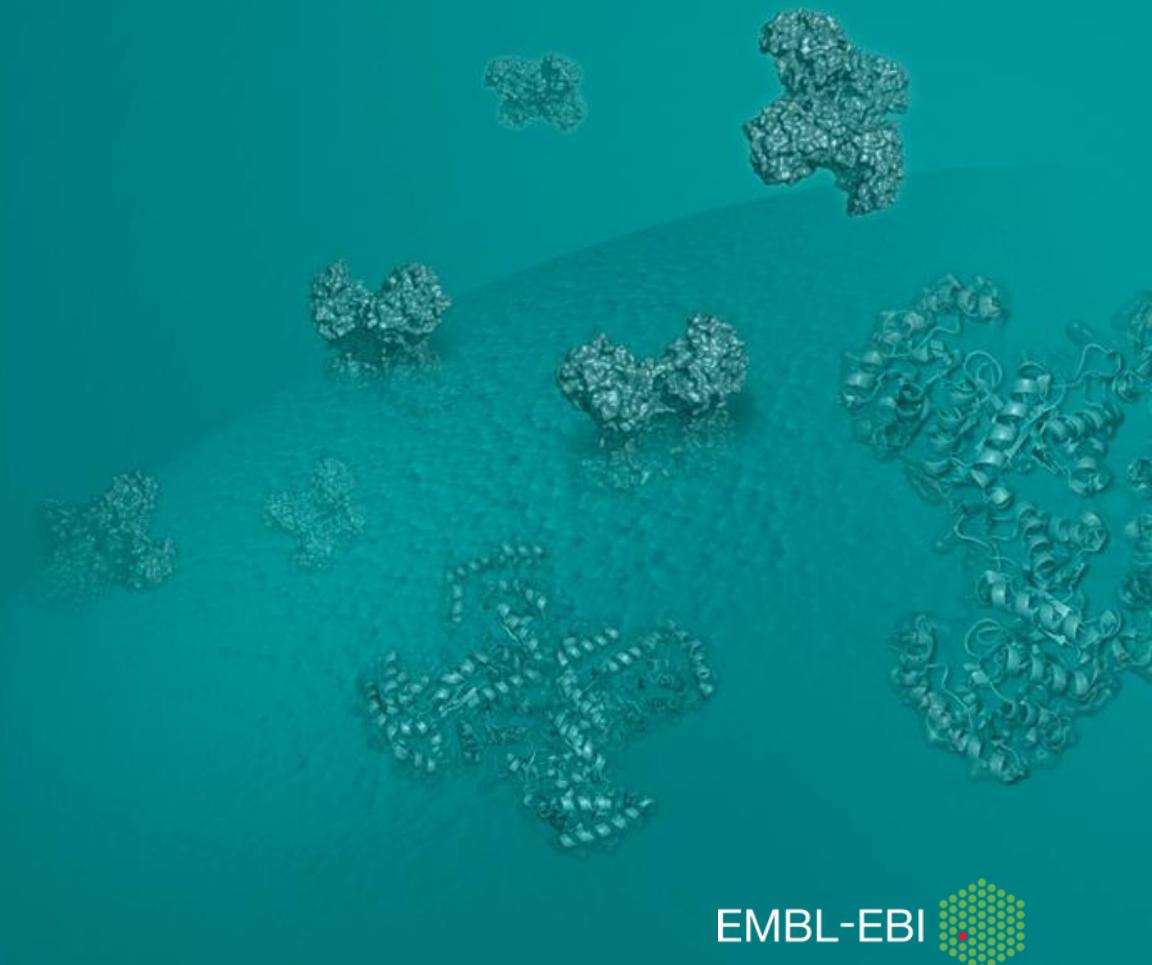
- Provided by depositor or added during curation
- Data added to define experimental methods, sequence information, connectivity, validation and more...
- Added to the archive mmCIF file or validation XML



SIFTS - Structure Integration with Function, Taxonomy and Sequence



The three types of PDBe APIs



Landing page

PDBe services > PDBe REST API

PDBe REST API

Welcome!

PDBe's REST API is a programmatic way to obtain information from the PDB. You can access details about sample, experiment, models, compounds, cross-references, publications, quality, assemblies and more.

There are 3 main parts of our programmatic access offerings at PDBe:

Solr-based query system

The Solr-based query system is a powerful option to search for data in the PDB, offering advanced search options across more than 200 fields.

View the documentation at this URL: www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/doc/search.html

Entry-based API

The Entry-based API provides large amounts of data about an individual entry. This API is based on input of PDB or ligand IDs.

View the documentation at this URL: www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/doc

Aggregated API

Our aggregated API provides calls for aggregated data from across all the relevant PDB entries, for example based on entities, Uniprot IDs, residues and more.

View the documentation at this URL: www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/graph-api/pdbe_doc

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Querying	Entry-based API	Aggregated API
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solr-based query system of data in the relational database Underlies the PDBe search pages Large number of fields available for searching By default, data returned per entity (i.e. unique molecule) Lots of data returned, but can also extract IDs and input to relational or graph APIs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Created from the Oracle relational database Used to populate data on PDBe entry pages Contains entry-specific and ligand-specific data Includes mapping information through SIFTS Specific calls related to validation from the wwPDB validation report 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Created from our newer Neo4J graph database Used to populate data on the PDBe-KB aggregated views Provides aggregated data... Varied inputs – get information per residue or per atom in ligand Incorporates additional data from PDBe-KB partners

The diagram illustrates the flow of data between three components:

- PDB IDs** (represented by a box at the bottom left) feed into the **Entry-based API**.
- The **Entry-based API** feeds into the **Aggregated API**.
- The **Aggregated API** feeds back into the **Entry-based API**, indicated by a double-headed arrow.

To view the webinar on Solr-based query API, go to <https://pdbeurope.github.io/api-webinars/webinars/web2/webinar.html>

Querying

- Solr-based **query system** of data in the relational database
- Underlies the **PDBe search pages**
- **Large number of fields** available for searching
- By default, data **returned per entity** (i.e. unique molecule)
- Lots of data returned, but can also extract IDs and input to relational or graph APIs

PDB IDs

Entry-based API

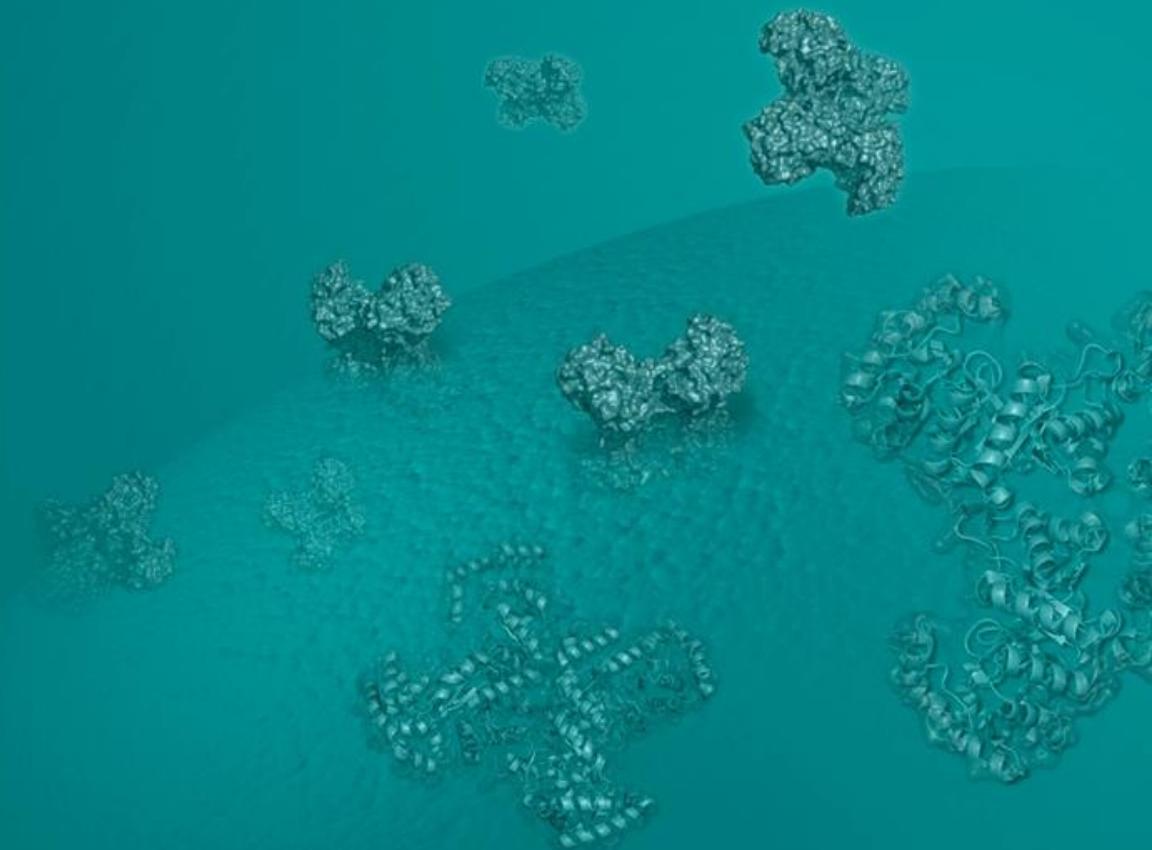
- Created from the Oracle **relational database**
- Used to populate data on **PDBe entry pages**
- Contains **entry-specific** and ligand-specific data
- Includes **mapping information** through SIFTS
- Specific calls related to **validation** from the wwPDB validation report

Aggregated API

- Created from our newer Neo4J **graph database**
- Used to populate data on the **PDBe-KB aggregated views**
- **Provides aggregated data...**
- **Varied inputs** – get information **per residue** or per atom in ligand
- Incorporates additional data from **PDBe-KB partners**

To view the webinar on Solr-based query API, go to <https://pdbeurope.github.io/api-webinars/webinars/web2/webinar.html>

PDBe REST API: Entry-based API



Eight categories/tabs

The screenshot shows the PDBe REST API homepage. At the top, there is a dark header with the EMBL-EBI logo. Below it is a light green header featuring a large green and red '8B' logo, the text 'PDBe REST API', and the subtitle 'Programmatic access to PDBe data'. A navigation bar below the green header contains eight tabs: PDB, COMPOUNDS, EMDB, SIFTS, NUCLEIC_MAPPINGS, PISA, VALIDATION, TOPOLOGY, and SEARCH. The 'PDB' tab is highlighted with a red border.

EMBL-EBI

8B PDBe REST API
Programmatic access to PDBe data

PDB COMPOUNDS EMDB SIFTS NUCLEIC_MAPPINGS PISA VALIDATION TOPOLOGY SEARCH



PDBe REST API

Programmatic access to PDBe data

PDB

COMPOUNDS

EMDB

SIFTS

NUCLEIC_MAPPINGS

PISA

VALIDATION

TOPOLOGY

SEARCH

+ Summary

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/summary/:pdbid>

+ Molecules in the entry (alias /entry/entities)

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/molecules/:pdbid>

+ Publications associated with the entry (alias /entry/citations)

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/publications/:pdbid>

+ Related publications

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/related_publications/:pdbid

+ Experiment(s)

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/experiment/:pdbid>

+ NMR Resources(s)

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/nmr_resources/:pdbid

- Ligands

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/ligand_monomers/:pdbid

This call provides a list of modelled instances of ligands, i.e. 'bound' molecules that are not waters.

pdbid	1cbs	String	4-character PDB id code.
postdata		String	POST data should contain one or more comma-separated PDB ids leaving the pdbid field blank. If POST data is provided, POST request will be run instead of the default GET.

Quotes

EMBL-EBI

PDBe REST API

Programmatic access to PDBe data

PDB COMPOUNDS EMDB SIFTS NUCLEIC_MAPPINGS PISA VALIDATION TOPOLOGY SEARCH

Summary
Molecules
Publications
Experiment
NMR resources
Ligands
Carbohydrate polymer
Modified residues
Release status
Observed ranges
Secondary structures
Binding sites
Assembly
Electron density statistics
Drugbank

Summary

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/summary/:pdbid>

This call provides a summary of properties of a PDB entry, such as the title of the entry, list of depositors, date of deposition, date of release, date of latest revision, experimental method, list of related entries in case split entries, etc.

pdbid String 4-character PDB id code.

postdata String POST data should contain one or more comma-separated PDB ids leaving the pdbid field blank. If POST data is provided, POST request will be run instead of the default GET.

Quotes

Molecules in the entry (alias /entry/entities)

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/molecules/:pdbid>

This call provides the details of molecules (or entities in mmcif-speak) modelled in the entry, such as entity id, description, type, polymer-type (if applicable), number of copies in the entry, sample preparation method, source organism(s) (if applicable), etc.

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Programmatic access to PDBe data

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Quotes

RunCall

Select

Expand

Collapse

2+

3+

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Quotes

RunCall

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Collapse

2+

3+

GET : <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/summary/1cbs>

HTTP status : 200 : OK

```
{"cbs": {},  
 "related_structures": [],  
 "split_entry": [],  
 "title": "CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF CELLULAR RETINOIC-ACID-BINDING PROTEINS I AND II IN COMPLEX WITH ALL-TRANS-RETINOIC ACID AND A SYNTHETIC RETINOID",  
 "release_date": "19950126",  
 "experimental_method": ["X-ray diffraction"],  
 "experimental_method_class": [{"x-ray"}],  
 "revision_date": "20110713",  
 "entry_authors": [{"Kleywegt, G.J.", "Bergfors, T.", "Jones, T.A."}],  
 "deposition_site": null,  
 "number_of_entities": 1,  
 "polypeptide": 1}
```

+ Molecules in the entry (alias /entry/entities)

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/molecules/:pdbid>



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Quotes [RunCall](#) [Select](#) [Expand](#) [Collapse](#) [2+](#) [3+](#)

GET : <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/summary/1cbs>

HTTP status : 200 : OK

```
{  
  "1cbs": {  
    "related_structures": [],  
    "split_entry": [],  
    "title": "CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF CELLULAR RETINOIC-ACID-BINDING PROTEINS I AND II IN COMPLEX WITH ALL-TRANS-RETINOIC ACID AND A SYNTHETIC RETINOID",  
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Quotes RunCall Select Expand Collapse 2+ 3+

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HTTP status : 200 : OK

```
{"cbs": "1cbs",  
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 "split_entry": [],  
 "title": "CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF CELLULAR RETINOIC-ACID-BINDING PROTEINS I AND II IN COMPLEX WITH ALL-TRANS-RETINOIC ACID AND A SYNTHETIC RETINOID",  
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EMBL-EBI

PDBe REST API

Programmatic access to PDBe data

PDB COMPOUNDS EMDB SIFTS NUCLEIC_MAPPINGS PISA VALIDATION TOPOLOGY SEARCH

- Summary

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pdbid	<input type="text" value="1cbs"/>	String	4-character PDB id code.
postdata	<input type="text"/>	String	POST data should contain one or more comma-separated PDB ids leaving the pdbid field blank. If POST data is provided, POST request will be run instead of the default GET.

Quotes [RunCall](#) [Select](#) [Expand](#) [Collapse](#) [2+](#) [3+](#)

GET : <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/summary/1cbs>

HTTP status : 200 : OK

```
"dna": 0,  
"ligand": 1,  
"dna/rna": 0,  
"rna": 0,  
"sugar": 0,  
"water": 1,  
"other": 0,  
"carbohydrate_polymer": 0  
},  
"processing_site": null,  
"deposition_date": "19940928",  
"assemblies": [  
{"  
"assembly_id": "1",  
"form": "homo",  
"preferred": true,  
"name": "  
"}  
]  
]  
]
```



Indicates if this assembly is the most likely biological assembly.

- Summary
- Molecules
- Publications
- Experiment
- NMR resources
- Ligands
- Carbohydrate polymer
- Modified residues
- Release status
- Observed ranges
- Secondary structures
- Binding sites
- Assembly
- Electron density statistics
- Drugbank

+ Molecules in the entry (alias /entry/entities)

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/molecules/:pdbid>

EMBL-EBI 

PDBe REST API

Programmatic access to PDBe data

PDB COMPOUNDS EMDB SIFTS NUCLEIC_MAPPINGS PISA VALIDATION TOPOLOGY SEARCH

— Summary

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/summary/:pdbid>

This call provides a summary of properties of a PDB entry, such as the title of the entry, list of depositors, date of deposition, date of release, date of latest revision, experimental method, list of related entries in case split entries, etc.

pdbid String 4-character PDB id code.

postdata String POST data should contain one or more comma-separated PDB ids leaving the pdbid field blank. If POST data is provided, POST request will be run instead of the default GET.

Quotes

POST : <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/summary/>

HTTP status : 200 : OK

```
[{"id": "1cbs", "titles": [{"text": "Crystal Structure of the Burkholderia Lethal Factor 1 (BLF1)"}], "depositors": [{"name": "PDB", "id": "1cbs", "order": 1}, {"name": "EMBL-EBI", "id": "3tu8", "order": 2}], "date_deposited": "2011-11-30T00:00:00Z", "date_release": "2011-11-30T00:00:00Z", "date_latest_revision": "2011-11-30T00:00:00Z", "experimental_method": "X-ray diffraction", "related_structures": [], "assemblies": [{"id": "1", "label": "homo", "type": "monomer", "assembly_id": "1", "is_preferred": true}], "molecules": [{"id": "1cbs", "label": "homo", "type": "monomer", "assembly_id": "1", "is_preferred": true}], "split_entry": false, "experimental_method_class": "X-ray diffraction", "titles": [{"text": "Crystal Structure of the Burkholderia Lethal Factor 1 (BLF1)"}]}
```

+ Molecules in the entry (alias /entry/entities)

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/molecules/:pdbid>

The PDBe entry page is powered by the API

🔒 ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/doc/pdb.html

EMBL-EBI

PDBe REST API

Programmatic access to PDBe data

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Summary →

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NMR resources →

Ligands →

Carbohydrate polymer →

Modified residues →

Release status →

Observed ranges →

Secondary structures →

Binding sites →

Assembly →

Electron density statistics →

Drugbank →

PDBe > 3at6

Side-necked turtle (Pleurodira, Chelonia, REPTILIA) hemoglobin: cDNA-derived primary structures and X-ray crystal structures of Hb A
Source organism: *Podocnemis unifilis*

Primary publication:

Side-necked turtle (Pleurodira, Chelonia, reptilia) hemoglobin: cDNA-derived primary structures and X-ray crystal structures of Hb A.
Hasegawa T, Chichikura F, Kuwada T
JUBMB Life **63** 188-96 (2011)
PMID: 21445850 ↗

X-ray diffraction 2.35Å resolution

Released: 20 Apr 2011
DOI: [10.2210/pdb3at6/pdb](https://doi.org/10.2210/pdb3at6/pdb)

Model geometry Fit model/data

3D Visualisation

Function and Biology →

Biochemical function: metal ion binding ↗
Biological process: oxygen transport ↗
Cellular component: hemoglobin complex ↗

Sequence domains:

Haemoglobin, beta-type ↗
Haemoglobin, alpha-type ↗
Haemoglobin, pi ↗
Globin-like superfamily ↗
Globin/Protoglobin ↗
Globin ↗

Ligands and Environments →

1 bound ligand:

2 x HEM

No modified residues

Experiments and Validation →

Metric Rfree Percentile Ranks Value
Clashscore 0.251 22

Quick links

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- Structure analysis
- Function and Biology
- Ligands and Environments
- Experiments and Validation

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Downloads

3D Visualisation

Citations

2 citation in other articles

Lack of conventional oxygen-linked proton and anion binding sites does not impair allosteric regulation of oxygen binding in dwarf caiman hemoglobin.
Weber et al. (2013)

1 more

1 mention without citation

Dynamics based clustering of globin family members.
Tobi D. (2018)

PDB-REDO

The PDBe entry page is powered by the API

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🔒 ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/doc/pdb.html

EMBL-EBI

PDBe REST API

Programmatic access to PDBe data

PDB COMPOUNDS EMDB SIFTS NUCLEIC_MAPPINGS PISA VALIDATION TOPOLOGY SEARCH

PDBe > 3at6

Side-necked turtle (Pleurodira, Chelonia, REPTILIA) hemoglobin: cDNA-derived primary structures and X-ray crystal structures of Hb A

Source organism: *Podocnemis unifilis*

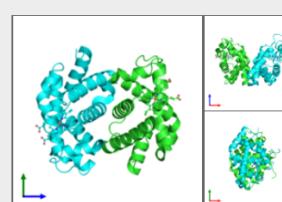
Primary publication:

Side-necked turtle (Pleurodira, Chelonia, reptilia) hemoglobin: cDNA-derived primary structures and X-ray crystal structures of Hb A.
Hasegawa T, Shishikura F, Kuwada T
JUBP Life **63**: 188–96 (2011)
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X-ray diffraction
2.35 Å resolution

Released: 20 Apr 2011
DOI: [10.2210/pdb3at6/pdb](https://doi.org/10.2210/pdb3at6/pdb)

Model geometry Fit model/data



Function and Biology

Biochemical function: metal ion binding

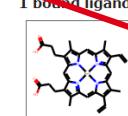
Biological process: oxygen transport

Cellular component: hemoglobin complex

Sequence domains: Haemoglobin, beta-type, Haemoglobin, alpha-type, Haemoglobin, pi, Globin-like superfamily, Globin/Protoglobin, Globin

Ligands and Environments

1 bond, 4 ligand: 2 x HEM



No modified residues

Experiments and Validation

Metric: Rfree, Percentile Ranks: 0.251, Value: 22

Clashscore: 1

Quick links

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Citations

2 citation in other articles

Lack of conventional oxygen-linked proton and anion binding sites does not impair allosteric regulation of oxygen binding in dwarf caiman hemoglobin.
Weber et al. (2013)

1 more

1 mention without citation

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The PDBe entry page is powered by the API

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ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/doc/pdb.html

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Programmatic access to PDBe data

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PDBe > 3at6

Side-necked turtle (Pleurodira, Chelonia, REPTILIA) hemoglobin: cDNA-derived primary structures and X-ray crystal structures of Hb A

Source organism: *Podocnemis unifilis*

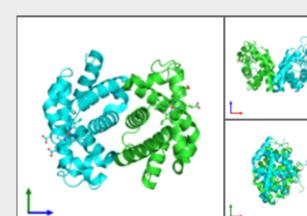
Primary publication:

Side-necked turtle (Pleurodira, Chelonia, reptilia) hemoglobin: cDNA-derived primary structures and X-ray crystal structures of Hb A.
Hasegawa T, Shishikura F, Kuwada T
IUBMB Life **63** 188-96 (2011)
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X-ray diffraction
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Released: 20 Apr 2011
DOI: [10.2210/pdb3at6/pdb](https://doi.org/10.2210/pdb3at6/pdb)

Model geometry
Fit model/data



Function and Biology

Details

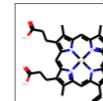
Biochemical function: metal ion binding
Biological process: oxygen transport
Cellular component: hemoglobin complex

Sequence domains:

- Haemoglobin, beta-type
- Haemoglobin, alpha-type
- Haemoglobin, pi
- Globin-like superfamily
- Globin/Protoglobin
- Globin

Ligands and Environments

1 bound ligand:



2 x HEM

No modified residues

Experiments and Validation

Details

Metric	Percentile Ranks	Value
Rfree	22	0.251
Clashscore	1.1%	22
Ramachandran outliers	3.2%	1.1%
Sidechain outliers		

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Archive mmCIF file
Updated mmCIF file
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PDBML (ATOM lines)
PDBML (no atoms)
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EDS map
EDS difference map
Assembly composition XML
Assembly 1 (mmCIF; gz)
Assembly 1 (atom only; mmCIF)
FASTA (Entry)
SIFTS XML file with residue-level mappings
Summary report (PDF)
Full report (PDF)
Percentile plot (PNG)
Percentile plot (SVG)
Validation data (XML)

API JSON output example: molecules call

JSON key is
always an ID
- PDB ID
- Chem comp ID

```
← → ⌂ ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/molecules/1hv4
{
  "1hv4": [
    {
      "entity_id": 1,
      "mutation_flag": null,
      "synonym": "HEMOGLOBIN ALPHA-A CHAIN",
      "weight": 15361.679,
      "sequence": "VLSAADKTNVKGVFSKISGHAEYGAETLERMFTAYPQTKTYPFHFDLQHGSAQIKAHGKKVVAALVEAVNHDDIAGALSKLSDLHAQKLRVDPVNFKFLGHCFLVVATHPSALTAEVHASLDKFLCAVGTVLAKYR",
      "molecule_name": [...], // 1 item
      "pdb_sequence": "VLSAADKTNVKGVFSKISGHAEYGAETLERMFTAYPQTKTYPFHFDLQHGSAQIKAHGKKVVAALVEAVNHDDIAGALSKLSDLHAQKLRVDPVNFKFLGHCFLVVATHPSALTAEVHASLDKFLCAVGTVLAKYR",
      "ca_p_only": false,
      "source": [...], // 1 item
      "length": 141,
      "in_chains": [...], // 4 items
      "pdb_sequence_indices_with_multiple_residues": {},
      "molecule_type": "polypeptide(L)",
      "in_struct_asyms": [...], // 4 items
      "sample_preparation": "Natural source",
      "gene_name": [
        "HBAA"
      ],
      "number_of_copies": 4
    },
    {...}, // 17 items
    {
      "entity_id": 3,
      "mutation_flag": null,
      "in_struct_asyms": [...], // 8 items
      "weight": 616.487,
      "molecule_name": [...], // 1 item
      "chem_comp_ids": [...], // 1 item
      "ca_p_only": false,
      "in_chains": [...], // 8 items
      "molecule_type": "bound",
      "sample_preparation": "Synthetically obtained",
      "number_of_copies": 8
    }
  ]
}
```

Three entities



PDBe REST API

Programmatic access to PDBe data

PDB COMPOUNDS EMDB SIFTS NUCLEIC_MAPPINGS PISA VALIDATION TOPOLOGY SEARCH

REST calls based on PDB Chemical Components Dictionary

+ Summary

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/summary/:id>

+ Atoms

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/atoms/:id>

+ Bonds

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/bonds/:id>

+ PDB entries containing the compound

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/in_pdb/:id

+ Cofactors

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/cofactors>

+ Related cofactor annotation

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/cofactors/het/:id>

+ Compound mapping

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/mappings/:id>

- PDB entries containing the compound

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/in_pdb/:id

This set of calls returns a list of PDB entries that contain the compound defined in the PDB Chemical Component Dictionary.

id	REA	String	Chemical component identifier, up to 3 characters long.
postdata		String	POST data should contain one or more comma-separated chemical component identifiers leaving the id field blank. If POST data is provided, POST request will be run instead of the default GET.

Quotes [RunCall](#) [Select](#) [Expand](#) [Collapse](#) [2+](#) [3+](#)

GET : https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/in_pdb/REA

HTTP status : 200 : OK

"REA": [*
"1cbl",
"1cbs",
"1fem",
"1g5y",
"1gx9",
"1n4h",
"1rlb",
"2acl",
"2f13",
"2g78",
"2lbd",
"2ve3",
"3ae",
"3cwk",
"3faf",
"3fc6",
"4dm8",
"4tns",
"5fhz",
"5uan",



REST calls based on PDB Chemical Components Dictionary

+ Summary

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/summary/:id>

```
[{"ATP": "ATP", "smiles": "[*]C1=CN=C([*])N1C(=O)OP(=O)([O-])[O-]", "inchi_key": "ZKHQWZAMYRWXGA-KQYNXXCUSA-N", "name": "ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE", "weight": 507.181, "chembl_id": "CHEMBL14249", "inchi": "InChI=C10H16N5O13P3/c11-8-5-9(13-2-12-8)15(3-14-5)10-7(17)6(16)4(26-10)1-25-30(21,22)28-31(23,24)27-29(18,19)20/h2-4,6-7,10,16-17H,1H2,(H,21,22)(H,23,24)(H2,11,12,13)(H2,18,19,20)t4-6-7,10-/m1/s1", "creation_date": "19990708", "chebi_id": 15422, "one_letter_code": "X", "revision_date": "20110604", "formal_charge": 0, "systematic_names": ["ATP"], "subcomponent_occurrences": {}, "formula": "C10 H16 N5 O13 P3", "stereoisomers": []}
```

+ Atoms

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/atoms/:id>

+ Bonds

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/bonds/:id>

+ PDB entries containing the compound

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/in_pdb/:id

+ Cofactors

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/cofactors>

+ Related cofactor annotation

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/cofactors/het/:id>

+ Compound mapping

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/mappings/:id>



PDBe REST API

Programmatic access to PDBe data

PDB COMPOUNDS EMDB SIFTS NUCLEIC_MAPPINGS PISA VALIDATION TOPOLOGY SEARCH

REST calls based on PDB Chemical Components Dictionary

+ Summary

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/summary/:id>

+ Atoms

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/atoms/:id>

+ Bonds

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/bonds/:id>

+ PDB entries containing the compound

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/in_pdb/:id

+ Cofactors

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/cofactors>

+ Related cofactor annotation

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/cofactors/het/:id>

+ Compound mapping

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/mappings/:id>

```
"TDP": {  
    "drugbank": {  
        "drugbank_id": "DB01987",  
        "targets": []  
    },  
    "functions": [  
        {  
            "acts_as": "cofactor",  
            "class": "Thiamine diphosphate",  
            "EC": []  
        }  
    ],  
    "chebi_id": "45931",  
    "csd_id": "",  
    "chembl_id": "CHEMBL1256235"  
}
```

Quick links

2aw3 overview

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EBI resources

GLC

in PDBeChem

Binding site details

Interaction statistics

Bioassay data

Ligands contain substructure (ChEMBL)

Ligands with similar structures (ChEBI)

BGC

in PDBeChem

Binding site details

Interaction statistics

Bioassay data

Ligands contain substructure (ChEBI)

Ligands with similar structures (ChEBI)



PDBe REST API

Programmatic access to PDBe data

[PDB](#)[COMPOUNDS](#)[EMDB](#)[SIFTS](#)[NUCLEIC_MAPPINGS](#)[PISA](#)[VALIDATION](#)[TOPOLOGY](#)[SEARCH](#)

REST calls based on EMDB data

VERSION 1.1.0

[Hide descriptions](#)

— EMDB entry properties

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/emdb/entry/:property_group/:emdbid

Following property-groups are available to query:

- all: all information (except 'analysis' and 'related_by_publication') about the entry
- summary: entry summary information
- citations: entry publication information
- publications: entry publication information
- map: entry map information
- supplement: information about additional files deposited with the entry
- sample: entry sample information
- vitrification: specimen vitrification information
- imaging: entry imaging information
- fitted: information about PDB models fitted into the EM structure
- image_acquisition: imaging acquisition information
- processing: image processing and reconstruction information
- analysis: advance numerical analysis about the structure
- experiment: bundle of 'vitrification', 'imaging', 'fitted', 'image_acquisition', and 'processing' calls
- related_by_publication: returns list of entries that share the same publication

property_group	<input type="text" value="all"/>	FromList	One of the property groups described above.
emdbid	<input type="text" value="EMD-2752"/>	String	EMDB entry identifier, starting with EMD- and followed by 4 digits
postdata	<input type="text"/>	String	POST data should contain one or more comma-separated EMDB entry identifiers leaving the emdbid field blank. If POST data is provided, POST request will be run instead of the default GET.

Quotes [RunCall](#) [Select](#) [Expand](#) [Collapse](#) [2+](#) [3+](#)

PDBe REST API

Programmatic access to PDBe data

PDB | COMPOUNDS | EMDB | **SIFTS** | NUCLEIC_MAPPINGS | PISA | V...

- SIFTS Mappings

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/mappings/:accession>

Mappings (as assigned by the SIFTS process) from PDB structures to UniProt, Pfam, InterPro, CATH, SCOP, IntEnz, GO, Ensembl

accession String PDB id-code OR UniProt accession code OR Pfam accession code OR InterP
EC code OR GO accession

Quotes

+ SIFTS Mappings (PDB -> UniProt)

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/mappings/uniprot/:pdbrid>

+ SIFTS Mappings (PDB -> InterPro)

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/mappings/interpro/:pdbrid>

+ SIFTS Mappings (PDB -> Pfam)

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/mappings/pfam/:pdbrid>

+ SIFTS Mappings (PDB -> CATH)

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/mappings/cath/:pdbrid>

+ SIFTS Mappings (PDB -> CATH-B)

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/mappings/cath_b/:pdbrid

+ SIFTS Mappings (PDB -> SCOP)

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/mappings/scop/:pdbrid>

3at6 > Function and Biology

Side-necked turtle (Pleurodira, Chelonia, REPTILIA) hemoglobin: cDNA-derived primary structures and X-ray crystal structures of Hb A

Source organism: *Podocnemis unifilis*

Biochemical function: metal ion binding 

Biological process: oxygen transport 

Cellular component: hemoglobin complex 

Quick links

-  [3at6 overview](#)
-  [Citations](#)
-  [Structure analysis](#)
-  **Function and Biology**
-  [Ligands and Environments](#)
-  [Experiments and Validation](#)

► GO terms

► Sequence family

▼ Structure domain

CATH CATH domain

1.10.490.10

Class: Mainly Alpha
Architecture: Orthogonal Bundle
Topology: Globin-like
Homology: Globins
Occurring in:

1. [GLOBIN domain-containing protein](#)
2. [GLOBIN domain-containing protein](#)

 1 copy of CATH domain 1.10.490.10 (Globin-like) in GLOBIN domain-containing protein in PDB 3at6.  2 copies of CATH domain 1.10.490.10 (Globin-like) in GLOBIN domain-containing protein in PDB 3at6.

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PDBe REST API

Programmatic access to PDBe data

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— Best Structures

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/mappings/best_structures/:accession

The list of PDB structures mapping to a UniProt accession sorted by coverage of the protein and, if the same, resolution.

accession	P29373	String	UniProt accession
postdata		String	POST data should contain one or more comma-separated accessions leaving the accession field blank. If POST data is provided, POST request will be run instead of the default GET.

Quotes

+ UniProt to Pfam mapping

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/mappings/uniprot_to_pfam/:accession

+ SIFTS Mappings (PDB -> UniProt) with UniProt segments

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/mappings/uniprot_segments/:accession

+ SIFTS Mappings (PDB -> UniProt best isoform)

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/mappings/isoforms/:pdbid>

+ SIFTS Mappings (PDB <-> UniProt all isoforms)

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/mappings/all_isoforms/:accession

+ SIFTS Mappings (PDB -> UniProt UniRef90 cluster members)

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/mappings/uniref90/:pdbid>

ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/doc/nucleic_mappings.html

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PDBe REST API

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REST calls based on nucleic acid mappings

- + Nucleic Acid Mappings
https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/nucleic_mappings/:accession
- + Nucleic Acid Mappings (PDB -> Rfam)
https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/nucleic_mappings/rfam/:pdbid
- + Mappings to nucleic acid sequence domain resources (i.e. Rfam).
https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/nucleic_mappings/sequence_domains/:pdbid

ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/doc/pisa.html

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PDBe REST API

Programmatic access to PDBe data

PDB | COMPOUNDS | EMDB | SIFTS | NUCLEIC_MAPPINGS | **PISA** | VALIDATION | TOPOLOGY | SEARCH

REST calls related to PISA service

- PISA API version
<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pisa/version>
Returns PISA API command line program version number.
 Quotes RunCall Select Expand Collapse 2+ 3+
- PISA API counts of number of entries
<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pisa/counts>
Returns number of entries in the database.
 Quotes RunCall Select Expand Collapse 2+ 3+
- PISA API pdblist
<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pisa/pdblist>
Returns a list of PDB codes in the PISA database.
 Quotes RunCall Select Expand Collapse 2+ 3+
- list of asis assembly ids for a given PDB code
<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pisa/asislist/:pdbid>
Returns a list of 'asis' assembly identifiers. This complex represents by the coordinate section only of the PDB entry.



REST calls related to Validation service

- + Global and relative percentiles of entry-wide validation metrics.

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/global-percentiles/entry/:pdbid>

- + Summary of global absolute percentiles.

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/summary_quality_scores/entry/:pdbid

- + A little more detail than global percentiles.

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/key_validation_stats/entry/:pdbid

- + Descriptors of diffraction data and refinement - a bit like table-1

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/xray_refine_data_stats/entry/:pdbid

- + Ramachandran and sidechain outliers in protein chains

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/protein-ramachandran-sidechain-outliers/entry/:pdbid>

- + Backbone and sidechain quality of all protein residues.

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/rama_sidechain_listing/entry/:pdbid

- + Suite and pucker outliers in RNA chains

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/RNA_pucker_suite_outliers/entry/:pdbid

- + A list of outlier types found in residues.

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/residuewise_outlier_summary/entry/:pdbid

- + Residues with geometric outliers in protein, DNA, RNA chains.

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/protein-RNA-DNA-geometry-outlier-residues/entry/:pdbid>

- + A list of van der Waal overlaps in unit-id notation.

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/vdw_clashes/entry/:pdbid

3at6 › Experiments and Validation

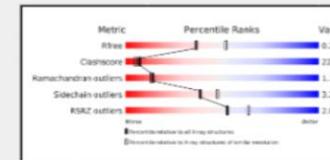
X-ray diffraction

Source organism: *Podocnemis unifilis*

Resolution: 2.35 Å

Reported R values:

R 0.24 R_{free} 0.29 R_{work} 0.24



X-ray diffraction

Sample information

Author description: Side-necked turtle (Pleurodira, Chelonia, REPTILIA) hemoglobin: cDNA-derived primary structures and X-ray crystal structures of Hb A

Source organism: *Podocnemis unifilis*

Validation information

Metric	Description
Bond angles in protein, DNA, RNA molecules	0 outlier(s) of 3151 (%)
Bond lengths in protein, DNA, RNA molecules	0 outlier(s) of 2321 (%)
Electron density fit in protein, DNA, RNA molecules	8 outlier(s) of 287 (%)
Ramachandran outliers in protein molecules	3 outlier(s) of 283 (%)
Sidechain rotamer outliers in protein molecules	8 outlier(s) of 247 (%)

Experimental information

X-ray source:

RIGAKU FR-E SUPERBRIGHT

Quick links

- 3at6 overview
- Citations
- Structure analysis
- Function and Biology
- Ligands and Environments
- Experiments and Validation

View

- Downloads
- 3D Visualisation

Links and resources

- Full validation report
- EDS
- WHAT_CHECK



PDBe REST API

Programmatic access to PDBe data

PDB | COMPOUNDS | EMDB | SIFTS | NUCLEIC_MAPPINGS | PISA | **VALIDATION** | TOPOLOGY | SEARCH

REST calls related to Validation service

- + Global and relative percentiles of entry-wide validation metrics.

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/global-percentiles/entry/:pdbid>

- + Summary of global absolute percentiles.

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/summary_quality_scores/entry/:pdbid

- + A little more detail than global percentiles.

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/key_validation_stats/entry/:pdbid

- + Descriptors of diffraction data and refinement - a bit like table-1

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/xray_refine_data_stats/entry/:pdbid

- + Ramachandran and sidechain outliers in protein chains

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/protein-ramachandran-sidechain-outliers/entry/:pdbid>

- + Backbone and sidechain quality of all protein residues.

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/rama_sidechain_listing/entry/:pdbid

- + Suite and pucker outliers in RNA chains

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/RNA_pucker_suite_outliers/entry/:pdbid

- + A list of outlier types found in residues.

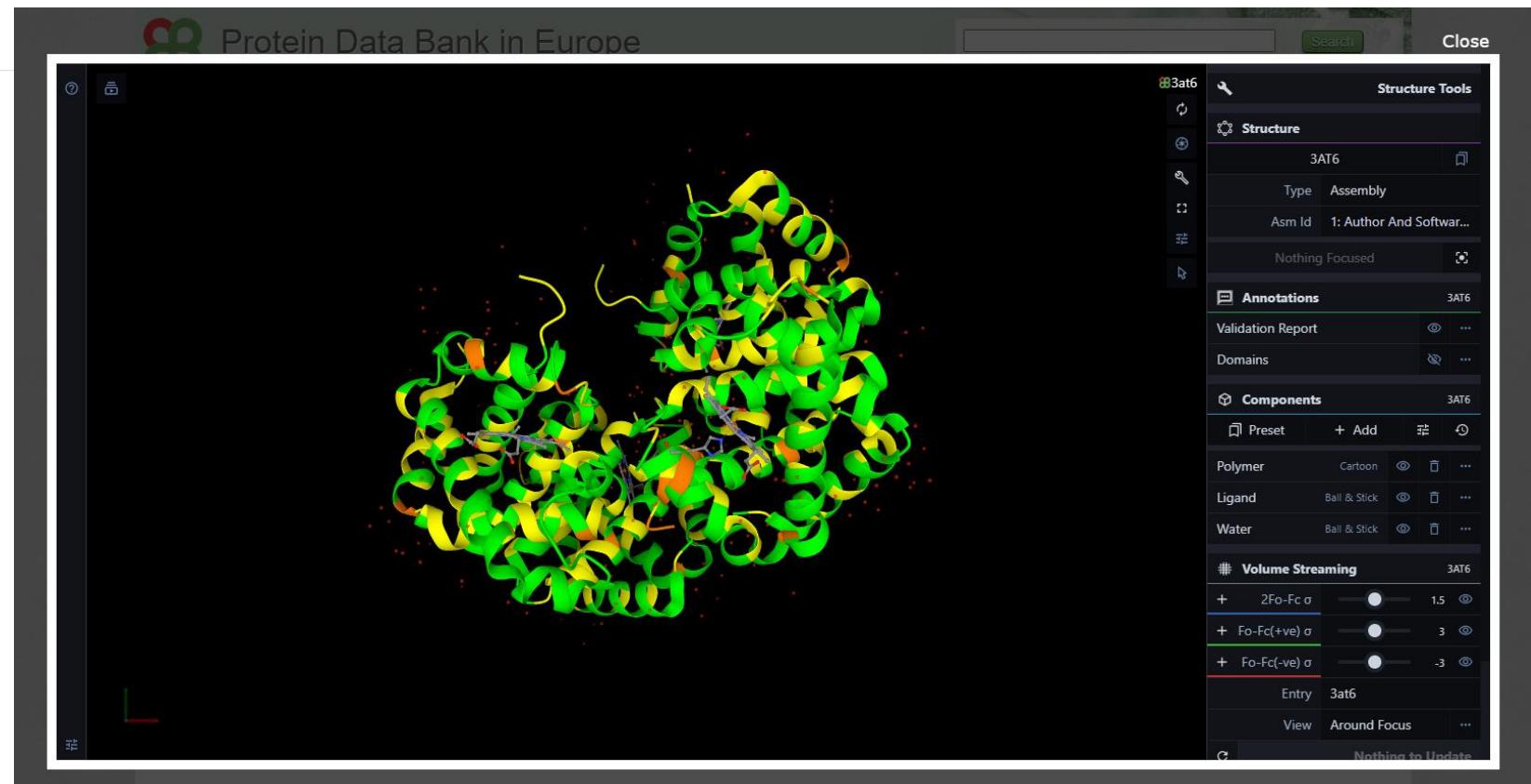
https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/residuewise_outlier_summary/entry/:pdbid

- + Residues with geometric outliers in protein, DNA, RNA chains.

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/protein-RNA-DNA-geometry-outlier-residues/entry/:pdbid>

- + A list of van der Waal overlaps in unit-id notation.

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/vdw_clashes/entry/:pdbid



EMBL-EBI

PDBe REST API

Programmatic access to PDBe data

PDB COMPOUNDS EMDB SIFTS NUCLEIC_MAPPINGS PISA VALIDATION TOPOLOGY SEARCH

REST calls related to protein secondary structure layout service

— 2D secondary structure layout for protein chains in the entry

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/topology/entry/:pdbid>

Returns coordinates for drawing secondary structure diagrams using one of the PDBsum packages maintained by Roman Laskowski.

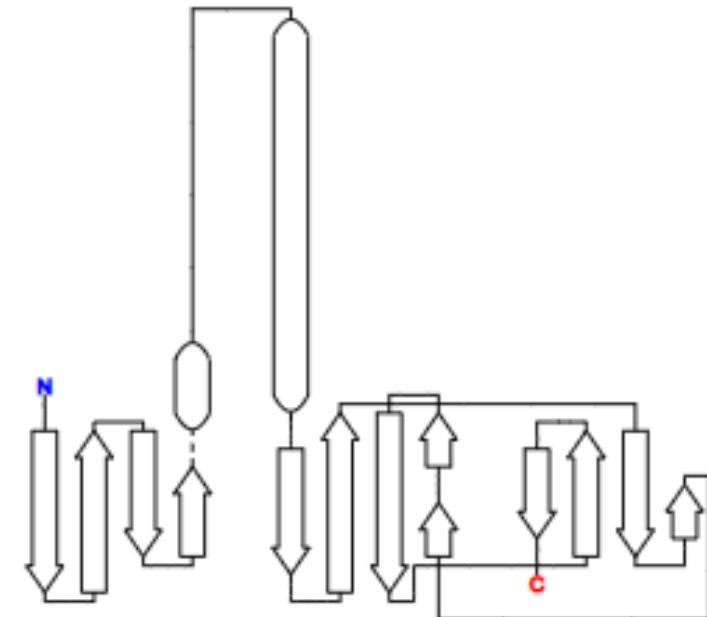
pdbid	<input type="text" value="1cbs"/>	String	4-character PDB id code. Only released ids are allowed.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Quotes <input type="button" value="RunCall"/> <input type="button" value="Select"/> <input type="button" value="Expand"/> <input type="button" value="Collapse"/> <input type="button" value="2+"/> <input type="button" value="3+"/>			

— 2D secondary structure layout for a particular protein chain in the entry

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/topology/entry/:pdbid/chain/:chainid>

Returns coordinates for drawing secondary structure diagrams using one of the PDBsum packages maintained by Roman Laskowski.

pdbid	<input type="text" value="1cbs"/>	String	4-character PDB id code. Only released ids are allowed.
chainid	<input type="text" value="A"/>	String	PDB chain id.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Quotes <input type="button" value="RunCall"/> <input type="button" value="Select"/> <input type="button" value="Expand"/> <input type="button" value="Collapse"/> <input type="button" value="2+"/> <input type="button" value="3+"/>			



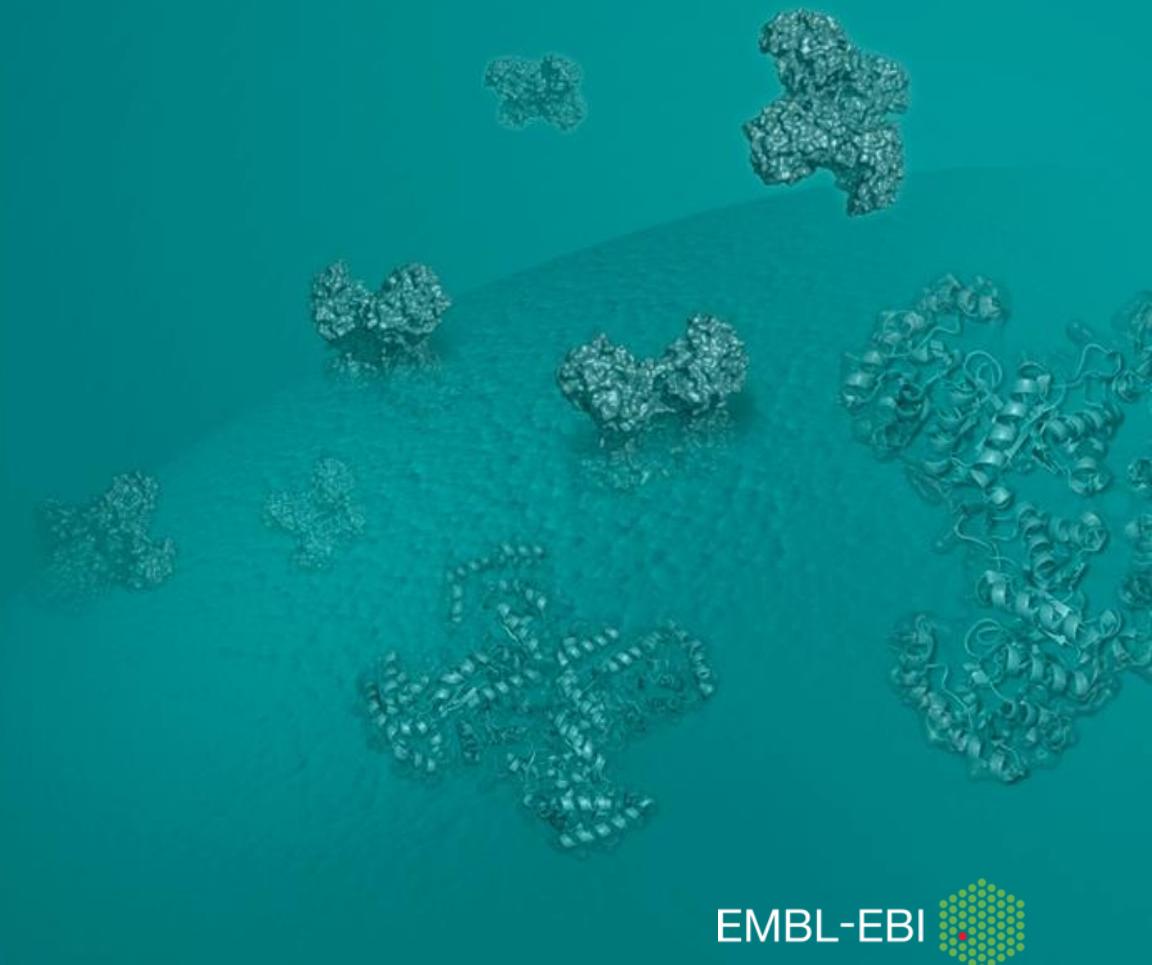
PDBe REST API: Entry-based API

- HTTP GET request for individual queries
- HTTP POST requests for batched queries (not every call allows POST requests)
- JSON output
- HTTP status codes:
 - HTTP 200: OK
 - HTTP 404: What you are looking for is not present (e.g the entry does not have any mappings when calling <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/mappings/4rj1>)
 - HTTP 5XX: Something bad happened. Please report.

PDBe REST API: Entry-based API

- No fixed release cycle.
- We keep backwards compatibility (field + value names).
- We use most endpoints in our pages – the majority of calls are subjected to weekly testing.
- Mailing list: pdbe-api-users@ebi.ac.uk (pdbe-api-users-join@ebi.ac.uk)
- We send out emails to the mailing list to test on wwwdev weeks before any release happens.

Case studies



Case studies

- Case study 1: Compile a dataset of ligand-binding domains
- Case study 2: Validation

Case study 1: Compiling a dataset of ligand-binding domains using the REST API

Objective:

- Find PDB entries containing a specific ligand (REA)
- Analyze the domain composition of those entries
- Find CATH domains which interact with the same ligand
- Find a set of chains in the entries that contain CATH domain and bind to REA, too

Let's start with the **compound/in_pdb** endpoint in the **compounds** tab.

Search for retinoic acid (PDBe chemical component 'REA') using this call. It returns a list of 31 PDB IDs.

The screenshot shows the PDBe REST API interface at <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/doc/compounds.html>. The top navigation bar includes links for EMBL-EBI, back, forward, and home, along with the URL. The main header features the PDBe logo and the text "PDBe REST API Programmatic access to PDBe data". Below the header is a navigation menu with tabs: PDB, COMPOUNDS (which is selected), EMDB, SIFTS, NUCLEIC_MAPPINGS, PISA, VALIDATION, TOPOLOGY, and SEARCH. A sidebar on the right displays the chemical structure of Retinoic Acid (RE). The main content area is titled "REST calls based on PDB Chemical Components Dictionary" and contains a section for "PDB entries containing the compound". It provides a form to search by ID (id: REA) or POST data (postdata: REA). Below the form are buttons for Quotes, RunCall, Select, Expand, Collapse, 2+, and 3+. A note indicates that POST data should contain one or more comma-separated chemical components. If POST data is provided, a POST request will be run instead of the default GET. The "GET" endpoint is listed as https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/compound/in_pdb/REA. The response status is shown as "HTTP status : 200 : OK". The results are displayed in a JSON-like format: "REA": ["1cb1", "1cbs", "1fem", "1g5y", "1gx9", "1n4h", "1rib", "2acd", "2fr3", "2g78", "2lbd", "2ve3", "3a9e"], where each entry represents a PDB ID.

Case study 1: Compiling a dataset of ligand-binding domains using the REST API

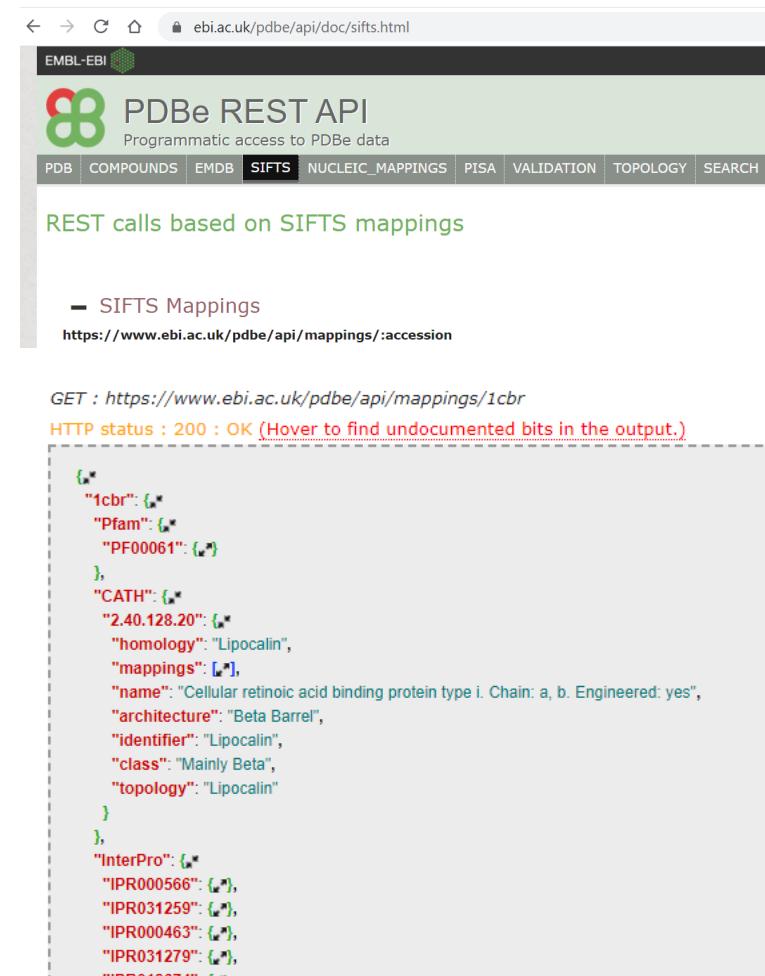
Now let's figure the domain composition of these entries by using the **/mappings** call in the **SIFTS** tab.

We will make one mapping call for each PDB entry id, programmatically.

```
-----  
  "REA": [  
    "1cbr",  
    "1cbs",  
    "1fem",  
    "1g5y",  
    "1gx9",  
    "1n4h",  
    "1rib",  
    "2acl",  
    "2fr3",  
    "2g78",  
    "2lbd",  
    "2ve3",  
    "3a9e",  
  ]
```

For **id** in **pdbid_list**
 Make get request
<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/mappings/{id}>

or
 Make post request using **pdbid_list**



The screenshot shows a web browser displaying the PDBe REST API documentation at <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/doc/sifts.html>. The page has a header with the EMBL-EBI logo and navigation links for PDB, COMPOUNDS, EMDB, SIFTS, NUCLEIC_MAPPINGS, PISA, VALIDATION, TOPOLOGY, and SEARCH. A green banner at the top says "REST calls based on SIFTS mappings". Below it, a section titled "SIFTS Mappings" includes a link to <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/mappings/:accession>. It also lists a GET endpoint: `GET : https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/mappings/1cbr` with an HTTP status of 200 OK. A note says "Hover to find undocumented bits in the output." To the right, there is a code block showing a JSON response for the PDB ID 1cbr. The JSON structure includes fields for Pfam, PF00061, CATH, 2.40.128.20, homology, mappings, name, architecture, identifier, class, and topology, along with InterPro entries like IPR000566, IPR031259, IPR000463, IPR031279, and IPR042674.

```
-----  
  "1cbr": {  
    "Pfam": {},  
    "PF00061": {},  
  },  
  "CATH": {  
    "2.40.128.20": {  
      "homology": "Lipocalin",  
      "mappings": {},  
      "name": "Cellular retinoic acid binding protein type i. Chain: a, b. Engineered: yes",  
      "architecture": "Beta Barrel",  
      "identifier": "Lipocalin",  
      "class": "Mainly Beta",  
      "topology": "Lipocalin"  
    }  
  },  
  "InterPro": {  
    "IPR000566": {},  
    "IPR031259": {},  
    "IPR000463": {},  
    "IPR031279": {},  
    "IPR042674": {}  
  }
```

Case study 1: Compiling a dataset of ligand-binding domains using the REST API



The screenshot shows a web browser window for the PDBe REST API at [ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/doc/sifts.html](https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/doc/sifts.html). The navigation bar includes links for EMBL-EBI, PDBe REST API, Programmatic access to PDBe data, PDB, COMPOUNDS, EMDB, SIFTS, NUCLEIC MAPPINGS, PISA, VALIDATION, TOPOLOGY, and SEARCH. Below the navigation bar, it says "REST calls based on SIFTS mappings". Under "SIFTS Mappings", there is a link to <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/mappings/:accession>. A GET request is shown with the URL <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/mappings/1cbr> and an HTTP status of 200: OK. The JSON response for entry 1cbr is displayed:

```
{"1cbr": { "Pfam": [ ], "PF00061": [ ], }, "CATH": { "2.40.128.20": { "homology": "Lipocalin", "mappings": [ ], "name": "Cellular retinoic acid binding protein type i. Chain: a, b. Engineered: yes", "architecture": "Beta Barrel", "identifier": "Lipocalin", "class": "Mainly Beta", "topology": "Lipocalin" } }, "InterPro": { "IPR000566": [ ], "IPR031259": [ ], "IPR000463": [ ], "IPR031279": [ ], "IPR042674": [ ] } }
```

JSON output returns each entry's mapping to Pfam, CATH, InterPro, etc

For pdbid in json_output:
Count the type of mappings for
{pdbid} based on
json_output[pdbid][**dom_type**]

```
31 entries have Pfam mappings.  
31 entries have InterPro mappings.  
26 entries have CATH mappings.  
4 entries have EC mappings.  
31 entries have UniProt mappings.  
17 entries have SCOP mappings.  
31 entries have GO mappings.
```

Let us focus on CATH superfamilies.

Let's count how many times each CATH superfamily is mapped onto entries containing the compound of our interest.

Case study 1: Compiling a dataset of ligand-binding domains using the REST API

Let us focus on CATH superfamilies.

Let's count how many times each superfamily is mapped onto entries containing the compound of our interest.

```
GET : https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/mappings/1cbr
HTTP status : 200 : OK (Hover to find undocumented bits in the output.)
```

```
{
  "1cbr": {
    "Pfam": [],
    "PF00061": []
  },
  "CATH": {
    "2.40.128.20": [
      {
        "homology": "Lipocalin",
        "mappings": [
          {
            "name": "Cellular retinoic acid binding protein type i. Chain: a, b. Engineered: yes",
            "architecture": "Beta Barrel",
            "identifier": "Lipocalin",
            "class": "Mainly Beta",
            "topology": "Lipocalin"
          }
        ],
        "InterPro": [
          "IPR000566",
          "IPR031259",
          "IPR000463",
          "IPR031279",
          "IPR042674"
        ]
      }
    ]
  }
}
```

For pdbid in json_output:

If json_output[pdbid] does not contain “CATH”
continue

Else

Store each CATH superfamily ID based on
json_output[pdbid][“CATH”][domid][“homology”]

```
9 entries contain CATH superfamily 2.40.128.20 (Lipocalin).
2 entries contain CATH superfamily 2.60.40.180 (Immunoglobulin-like).
3 entries contain CATH superfamily 3.30.50.10 (Erythroid Transcription Factor GATA-1, subunit A).
15 entries contain CATH superfamily 1.10.565.10 (Retinoid X Receptor).
1 entries contain CATH superfamily 1.10.630.10 (Cytochrome p450).
```

Case study 1: Compiling a dataset of ligand-binding domains using the REST API

```
{  
    "1cbr": {  
        "Pfam": {  
            "PF00061": {}  
        },  
        "CATH": {  
            "2.40.128.20": {  
                "homology": "Lipocalin",  
                "mappings": [  
                    {  
                        "domain": "1cbrA00",  
                        "end": 100,  
                        "segment_id": 1,  
                        "entity_id": 1,  
                        "chain_id": "A",  
                        "start": 1,  
                        "struct_asym_id": "A"  
                    },  
                    {  
                        "domain": "1cbrB00",  
                        "end": 100  
                    }  
                ]  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Map pdbid to chain_id and domid

```
For pdbid in json_output:  
    for dominfo in json_output[pdbid][“CATH”][domid][“mappings”]  
        store dominfo[“chain_id”]
```

```
PDB id 3fal chain D contain domains 1.10.565.10  
PDB id 3fc6 chain B contain domains 1.10.565.10  
PDB id 3dzy chain A contain domains 3.30.50.10, 1.10.565.10  
PDB id 1xls chain B contain domains 1.10.565.10  
PDB id 1xiu chain B contain domains 1.10.565.10
```

Case study 1: Compiling a dataset of ligand-binding domains using the REST API

Now let us turn our attention to binding sites information. For each of the pdb id we obtained earlier, make get request **to /binding_sites call in the pdb tab**

```
"REA": [  
    "1cbr",  
    "1cbs",  
    "1fem",  
    "1g5y",  
    "1gx9",  
    "1n4h",  
    "1rlb",  
    "2acl",  
    "2fr3",  
    "2g78",  
    "2lbd",  
    "2ve3",  
    "3a9e",  
    ...]
```

For `id` in `pdbid_list`
 Make get request

`https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/binding_sites/{id}`

— Binding sites

`https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/binding_sites/:pdbid`

`GET : https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/binding_sites/3fal`

`HTTP status : 200 : OK`

```
{  
    "chain_id": "C"  
},  
{  
    "entity_id": 1,  
    "residue_number": 107,  
    "author_insertion_code": null,  
    "symmetry_symbol": "1_555",  
    "chem_comp_id": "ALA",  
    "author_residue_number": 327,  
    "struct_asym_id": "C",  
    "chain_id": "C"  
}  
],  
{  
    "evidence_code": "Software",  
    "details": "BINDING SITE FOR RESIDUE REA C 501",  
    "ligand_residues": [  
    ],  
    "site_id": "AC2",  
    ...  
}
```

Case study 1: Compiling a dataset of ligand-binding domains using the REST API

Now we can find chains common to binding sites and CATH superfamilies to find instances of domains with binding ligands.

```
residue_info["chain_id"]  
dominfo["chain_id"]
```

```
PDB chain 1epb:A binds REA and contains CATH domains 2.40.128.20  
PDB chain 1rlb:E binds REA and contains CATH domains 2.40.128.20  
PDB chain 2g78:A binds REA and contains CATH domains 2.40.128.20  
PDB chain 1cbr:A binds REA and contains CATH domains 2.40.128.20  
PDB chain 1gx9:A binds REA and contains CATH domains 2.40.128.20  
PDB chain 1cbs:A binds REA and contains CATH domains 2.40.128.20  
PDB chain 1rlb:F binds REA and contains CATH domains 2.40.128.20  
PDB chain 1fem:A binds REA and contains CATH domains 2.40.128.20  
PDB chain 1epb:B binds REA and contains CATH domains 2.40.128.20  
PDB chain 1cbr:B binds REA and contains CATH domains 2.40.128.20  
PDB chain 2fr3:A binds REA and contains CATH domains 2.40.128.20  
PDB chain 3cwk:A binds REA and contains CATH domains 2.40.128.20
```

This generates a dataset we can use for further analyses. These chains bind to REA and contains CATH lipocalin domain.

Case study 2: Backbone and sidechain features of residues across multiple copies of a PDB entry

In validation, an unexpected feature is not always a modelling error. It is useful to compare a strained feature across multiple copies of a protein & generate a quality profile.

In this case study, we will generate a quality profile of multiple copies of the bacterial chaperonin GroEL in PDB entry 1kp8.

/molecules endpoint from PDB tab

— Molecules in the entry (alias /entry/entities)

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/molecules/:pdbid>

This call provides the details of molecules (or entities in mmcif-speak) modelled in the entry, such as entity id, description, type, polymer-type (if applicable), number of copies in the entry, sample preparation method, source organism(s) (if applicable), etc.

pdbid	<input type="text" value="1kp8"/>	String	4-character PDB id code.
postdata	<input type="text"/>	String	POST data should contain one or more comma-separated PDB ids leaving the pdbid field blank. If POST data is provided, POST request will be run instead of the default GET.

Quotes [RunCall](#) [Select](#) [Expand](#) [Collapse](#) [2+](#) [3+](#)

GET : <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/pdb/entry/molecules/1kp8>

HTTP status : 200 : OK

```
1kp8
{
  "entity_id": 1,
  "mutation_flag": "R13G, A126V",
  "synonym": "groEL protein",
  "weight": 57130.379,
  "sequence": "AAKDVKGNDAGVKMLRGVNVLADAVKVTLGPKGRNVLDKSFGAPITKDGVSAREIELEDKFENMGAQMVKEVASKANDAAGDGTATVLAQAIITEGLKAVAAGMNPMDLKRGIDKAVTVAAEELKALSVPCSDSKAIAQVGTISANSDETVGKLLAEAMDKVGKEGVITVEDGTGLQDELDVVEGMQFDRGYLSFYFINKPETGAVELESPFILLADKKISNIREMPLVLEAVAKAGKPLLIAEDVEGEALATLVNTMRIVKVAAVKAPGFGDRRKAMLODIATLTGGTVISEEIGMELEKATLEDLGQAQKRVVINKDTTIIIDGVGEEAAIQGRVAQIRQQIEEATSDYDREKLQERVAKLAGGVAVIKVGAATEVEMKEKKARVEDALHTRAEEVGVVAGGGVALIRVASKLADLRGQNADQNVGIKVALRAMEAPLRQIVLNCGEEPSVANTVKGGDGNYGNAATEEYGNMIDMGLDPTKVTRSLQYAASVAGLMITTECMVTDLPKNDAADLGAAAGGMGGMMGGMM",
  "molecule_name": [
    "60 kDa chaperonin"
  ],
  "pdb_sequence": "AAKDVKGNDAGVKMLRGVNVLADAVKVTLGPKGRNVLDKSFGAPITKDGVSAREIELEDKFENMGAQMVKEVASKANDAAGDGTATVLAQAIITEGLKAVAAGMNPMDLKRGIDKAVTVAAEELKALSVPCSDSKAIAQVGTISANSDETVGKLLAEAMDKVGKEGVITVEDGTGLQDELDVVEGMQFDRGYLSFYFINKPETGAVELESPFILLADKKISNIREMPLVLEAVAKAGKPLLIAEDVEGEALATLVNTMRIVKVAAVKAPGFGDRRKAMLODIATLTGGTVISEEIGMELEKATLEDLGQAQKRVVINKDTTIIIDGVGEEAAIQGRVAQIRQQIEEATSDYDREKLQERVAKLAGGVAVIKVGAATEVEMKEKKARVEDALHTRAEEVGVVAGGGVALIRVASKLADLRGQNADQNVGIKVALRAMEAPLRQIVLNCGEEPSVANTVKGGDGNYGNAATEEYGNMIDMGLDPTKVTRSLQYAASVAGLMITTECMVTDLPKNDAADLGAAAGGMGGMMGGMM",
  "ca_p_only": false,
  "source": "PDB"
}
```

```
{
  "1kp8": [
    {
      "entity_id": 1,
      "mutation_flag": "R13G, A126V",
      "synonym": "groEL protein",
      "weight": 57130.379,
      "sequence": "AAKDVKGNDAGVKMLRGVNVLADAVKVTLGPKGRNVLDKSGAPTTIKDGVSAREIELEDKFENMGAQMVKVEAVAKAGKPPLLIAEDVEGEALATLVNTMRGIVKVAAVKAPGFGDRRKAMLQDIATLTGGTVISEEIGMELEKATLEDLGQAKRVVINKD'NNIDMGILDPDKVTRSLQYAASVAGLMIITECMVTDLPKNDAAADLGAAGGMGGMGGMM",
      "molecule_name": [...], // 1 item
      "pdb_sequence": "AAKDVKGNDAGVKMLRGVNVLADAVKVTLGPKGRNVLDKSGAPTTIKDGVSAREIELEDKFENMGAQMVKI LPVLEAVAKAGKPPLLIAEDVEGEALATLVNTMRGIVKVAAVKAPGFGDRRKAMLQDIATLTGGTVISEEIGMELEKATLEDLGQAKRVV EEEYGNMIDMGILDPDKVTRSLQYAASVAGLMIITECMVTDLPKNDAAADLGAAGGMGGMGGMM",
      "ca_p_only": false,
      "source": [...], // 1 item
      "length": 547,
      "in_chains": [...], // 14 items
      "pdb_sequence_indices_with_multiple_residues": {},
      "molecule_type": "polypeptide(L)",
      "in_struct_asyms": [...], // 14 items
      "sample_preparation": "Genetically manipulated",
      "gene_name": [
        "JW4103",
        "b4143",
        "groEL",
        "groL",
        "mopA"
      ],
      "number_of_copies": 14
    },
    {
      "entity_id": 2,
      "mutation_flag": null,
      "in_struct_asyms": [...], // 22 items
      "weight": 96.063,
      "molecule_name": [
        "SULFATE ION"
      ],
      "chem_comp_ids": [
        "SO4"
      ],
      "ca_p_only": false,
      "in_chains": [...], // 12 items
      "molecule_type": "bound",
      "sample_preparation": "Synthetically obtained",
      "number_of_copies": 22
    },
    {...}, // 11 items
    {...}, // 11 items
  ]
}
```

For entity_info in json_output["1kp8"]

If entity_info["molecule_type"] = "polypeptide(L)"

Store entity_info["entity_id"]

Store entity_info["molecule_name"]

Store entity_info["in_chains"]

Molecule no. 1, '60 kDa chaperonin'

modelled in 14 chains A,B,C,D,E,F,G,H,I,J,K,L,M,N.

Next, obtain per-residue information on backbone (Ramachandran) and sidechain quality using the call

/validation/rama_sidechain_listing endpoint

Next, obtain per-residue information on backbone (Ramachandran) and sidechain quality using the call

/validation/rama_sidechain_listing endpoint

- Backbone and sidechain quality of all protein residues.

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/rama_sidechain_listing/entry/:pdbid

This call returns Ramachandran status (favoured, outlier, etc.), phi-psi values, sidechain status (rotamer name or outlier) as reported by Molprobity component of the wwPDB validation pipeline.

The screenshot shows the PDBe REST API interface with the 'VALIDATION' tab selected. The main title is 'REST calls related to Validation service'. Below it, there's a table with two rows:

pdbid	1kp8	String	4-character PDB id code. Only released ids are allowed.
postdata		String	POST data should contain one or more comma-separated PDB entry identifiers leaving the pdbid field blank. If POST data is provided, POST request will be run instead of the default GET.

Below the table are several buttons: Quotes (checked), RunCall, Select, Expand, Collapse, 2+, and 3+. A red box highlights the 'RunCall' button. Underneath is a 'GET' link with the URL https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/rama_sidechain_listing/entry/1kp8. To its right is the text 'HTTP status : 200 : OK (Hover to find undocumented bits in the output.)'. A large dashed box contains a JSON response for residue 6 of chain 1:

```
{"1kp8": {"molecules": [{"entity_id": 1, "chains": [{"models": [{"model_id": 1, "residues": [{"phi": -123.9, "psi": 146.7, "cis_peptide": null, "residue_number": 6, "author_residue_number": 7, "author_insertion_code": "", "residue_name": "LYS", "rota": "mttm", "rama": "Favored"}]}]}]}]}
```

Next, obtain per-residue information on backbone (Ramachandran) and sidechain quality using the call

/validation/rama_sidechain_listing endpoint

- Backbone and sidechain quality of all protein residues.

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/rama_sidechain_listing/entry/:pdbid

This call returns Ramachandran status (favoured, outlier, etc.), phi-psi values, sidechain status (rotamer name or outlier) as reported by Molprobity component of the wwPDB validation pipeline.

The screenshot shows the PDBe REST API documentation for the /validation/rama_sidechain_listing endpoint. It includes input fields for pdbid (1kp8) and postdata, and buttons for Quotes, RunCall, Select, Expand, Collapse, 2+, and 3+. Below the inputs, a red box highlights the GET URL: https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbe/api/validation/rama_sidechain_listing/entry/1kp8. A note indicates that HTTP status 200 : OK is returned. The bottom section displays a JSON response for residue 6 of chain 1:

```
{"1kp8": {"molecules": [{"entity_id": 1, "chains": [{"models": [{"model_id": 1, "residues": [{"phi": -123.9, "psi": 146.7, "cis_peptide": null, "residue_number": 6, "author_residue_number": 7, "author_insertion_code": "", "residue_name": "LYS", "rota": "mttm", "rama": "Favored"}]}]}]}]}
```

```
{
  "1kp8": {
    "molecules": [
      {
        "entity_id": 1,
        "chains": [
          {
            "models": [
              {
                "model_id": 1,
                "residues": [
                  {
                    "phi": -123.9,
                    "psi": 146.7,
                    "cis_peptide": null,
                    "residue_number": 6,
                    "author_residue_number": 7,
                    "author_insertion_code": "",
                    "residue_name": "LYS",
                    "rota": "mmtm",
                    "rama": "Favored"
                  },
                  {
                    "phi": -59.3,
                    "psi": 137.7,
                    "cis_peptide": null,
                    "residue_number": 2,
                    "author_residue_number": 3,
                    "author_insertion_code": "",
                    "residue_name": "ALA",
                    "rota": null,
                    "rama": "Favored"
                  },
                  {
                    "phi": -107.8,
                    "psi": 159.1,
                    "cis_peptide": null,
                    "residue_number": 3,
                    "author_residue_number": 4,
                    "author_insertion_code": "",
                    "residue_name": "LYS",
                    "rota": "mmtm",
                    "rama": "Favored"
                  },
                  {
                    "phi": -109.9,
                    "psi": 134.4,
                    "cis_peptide": null,
                    "residue_number": 4,
                    "author_residue_number": 5,
                    "author_insertion_code": ""
                  }
                ]
              }
            ]
          }
        ]
      }
    ]
  }
}
```

For entity_info in json_output["1kp8"]["molecules"]
 If entity_info["entity_id"] != 1
 Continue
 Else
 For chain_info in entity_info["chains"]:
 Store chain_info["chain_id"]
 For residue_info in chain_info["models"][0]["residues"]
 res_id = (residue_info["residue_name"],
 residue_info["author_residue_number"],
 residue_info["author_residue_code"])
 Append chain_info["chain_id"] to Outliers["rama"] [res_id] [
 residue_info["rama"]]
 Append chain_info["chain_id"] to Outliers["rota"] [res_id] [residue_info["rota"]]

Chain id A has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
 Chain id C has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
 Chain id B has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
 Chain id E has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
 Chain id D has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
 Chain id G has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
 Chain id F has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
 Chain id I has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
 Chain id H has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
 Chain id K has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
 Chain id J has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
 Chain id M has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
 Chain id L has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
 Chain id N has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.

Next, store the Rama or sidechain state per residue

Find the residues that have more than one Rama or sidechain state, such that at least one of the states occurs a majority of times

For res_id, chain in Outliers[“rama”]

If length(chain) == 1 // only one state

Continue

If length (chain) > 12 // Set 12 chains as min required frequency that a state occurs

Get the ‘popular’ state and ‘odd’ states

```
Residue [PRO 462] has multiple rama states: Favored:12, Allowed: 2 || Unusual chains Allowed:E,L
Residue [ILE 342] has multiple rama states: Favored:13, Allowed: 1 || Unusual chains Allowed:I
Residue [LEU 222] has multiple rama states: Allowed:12, Favored: 2 || Unusual chains Favored:D,G
Residue [ALA 383] has multiple rama states: OUTLIER:13, Allowed: 1 || Unusual chains Allowed:A
Residue [THR 497] has multiple rama states: Favored:13, Allowed: 1 || Unusual chains Allowed:K
Residue [GLU 156] has multiple rama states: Favored:13, Allowed: 1 || Unusual chains Allowed:E
Residue [ASP 253] has multiple rama states: OUTLIER:12, Allowed: 2 || Unusual chains Allowed:D,N
Residue [SER 154] has multiple rama states: Favored:12, Allowed: 2 || Unusual chains Allowed:B,E
```

Here we see that Thr K-497, Glu E-156 are in the allowed region whereas residues in other chains are all in the favoured region. These residues need to be reviewed.

Residues Ala 383, Asp 253 are nearly always outliers. This could be a genuine outlier with good reason, or it could be a systematic error!

Similarly, let us print residues where only a small minority of chains have a different sidechain rotamer at a residue position.

```
Residue [VAL 510] has multiple rota states:      t:13, OUTLIER: 1 || Unusual chains OUTLIER:B
Residue [ARG 58] has multiple rota states:  mtm-85:13, mtt180: 1 || Unusual chains mtt180:B
Residue [ASP 52] has multiple rota states:      t70:13,     t0: 1 || Unusual chains t0:B
Residue [LYS 75] has multiple rota states: OUTLIER:13,     tttt: 1 || Unusual chains tttt:E
Residue [VAL 417] has multiple rota states:      m:13, OUTLIER: 1 || Unusual chains OUTLIER:L
Residue [GLU 130] has multiple rota states:    tp10:13,    mt-10: 1 || Unusual chains mt-10:B
Residue [VAL 128] has multiple rota states:      t:13,      m: 1 || Unusual chains m:B
Residue [GLU 129] has multiple rota states:    mt-10:13,    tp10: 1 || Unusual chains tp10:B
Residue [ARG 368] has multiple rota states:  mtm180:13,  mtp180: 1 || Unusual chains mtp180:N
Residue [MET 514] has multiple rota states:    mtp:13, OUTLIER: 1 || Unusual chains OUTLIER:E
Residue [ARG 231] has multiple rota states:  mtt180:13,  mtp180: 1 || Unusual chains mtp180:J
Residue [ASP 490] has multiple rota states:      m-20:13,    t70: 1 || Unusual chains t70:E
Residue [ASP 334] has multiple rota states:      t70:13,     t0: 1 || Unusual chains t0:D
Residue [SER 424] has multiple rota states:      p:13,      m: 1 || Unusual chains m:E
Residue [ARG 284] has multiple rota states:  ptt180:13, OUTLIER: 1 || Unusual chains OUTLIER:M
Residue [VAL 74] has multiple rota states:      p:13,      t: 1 || Unusual chains t:B
```

Note residues Val B-510, Met E-514, Val L-417, Arg M-284 which have rotameric counterparts in all other chains - their sidechain most probably needs remodelling. Also note residues like Lys 75 could be outliers for a good reason, or could just be systematic outliers.

```
▼ {  
  "1kp8": {  
    "molecules": [  
      {  
        "entity_id": 1,  
        "chains": [  
          {  
            "models": [  
              {  
                "model_id": 1,  
                "residues": [  
                  {  
                    "phi": -123.9,  
                    "psi": 146.7,  
                    "cis_peptide": null,  
                    "residue_number": 6,  
                    "author_residue_number": 7,  
                    "author_insertion_code": "",  
                    "residue_name": "LYS",  
                    "rota": "mmtm",  
                    "rama": "Favored"  
                  },  
                  {  
                    "phi": -59.3,  
                    "psi": 137.7,  
                    "cis_peptide": null,  
                    "residue_number": 2,  
                    "author_residue_number": 3,  
                    "author_insertion_code": "",  
                    "residue_name": "ALA",  
                    "rota": null,  
                    "rama": "Favored"  
                  },  
                  {  
                    "phi": -107.8,  
                    "psi": 159.1,  
                    "cis_peptide": null,  
                    "residue_number": 3,  
                    "author_residue_number": 4,  
                    "author_insertion_code": "",  
                    "residue_name": "LYS",  
                    "rota": "mmtm",  
                    "rama": "Favored"  
                  },  
                  {  
                    "phi": -109.9,  
                    "psi": 134.4,  
                    "cis_peptide": null,  
                    "residue_number": 4,  
                    "author_residue_number": 5,  
                    "author_insertion_code": ""  
                  }  
                ]  
              ]  
            ]  
          ]  
        ]  
      ]  
    ]  
  ]  
}
```

For entity_info in json_output["1kp8"]["molecules"]

If entity_info["entity_id"] != 1

Continue

Else

For chain_info in entity_info["chains"]:

Store chain_info["chain_id"]

For residue_info in chain_info["models"][0]["residues"]

Store residue_info["residue_name"]

Store residue_info["author_residue_number"]

Store residue_info["author_residue_code"]

Chain id A has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.

Chain id C has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.

Chain id B has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.

Chain id E has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.

Chain id D has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.

Chain id G has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.

Chain id F has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.

Chain id I has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.

Chain id H has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.

Chain id K has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.

Chain id J has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.

Chain id M has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.

Chain id L has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.

Chain id N has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.

Case study 2: Backbone and sidechain features of residues across multiple copies of a PDB entry

Fetching validation information

Now we will identify the molecule number of GroEL in entry 1kp8 using the /pdb/entry/molecules call.

```
the_pdbid = "1kp8"

mols_data = get_PDBe_API_data(PDBe_API_URL + "/pdb/entry/molecules/" + the_pdbid)[the_pdbid]
logging.info("PDB entry %s has %d types of molecules." % (the_pdbid, len(mols_data)))

for mol_info in mols_data :
    if mol_info["molecule_type"] == "polypeptide(L)" :
        logging.info( "Molecule no. %d, '%s', is a protein modelled in %d chains %s." % \
                     (mol_info["entity_id"], mol_info["molecule_name"], \
                      len(mol_info["in_chains"]), ",".join(mol_info["in_chains"])) )\n
    )\n\nLOG|11-Nov-2014 14:24:38|INFO PDB entry 1kp8 has 6 types of molecules.\nLOG|11-Nov-2014 14:24:38|INFO Molecule no. 1, '60 kDa chaperonin', is a protein modelled in 14 chains A,B,C,D,E,F,G,H,I,J,K,L,M,N.
```

So the protein of interest is molecule no. 1 and there are 14 copies of it.

Let us now obtain per-residue information on backbone (Ramachandran) and sidechain quality using the call /validation/rama_sidechain_listing/.

```
rama_data = get_PDBe_API_data(PDBe_API_URL + "/validation/rama_sidechain_listing/entry/" + the_pdbid) [the_pdbid]
```

Let us define a container which will hold information about Ramachandran state (outlier, allowed, favoured) and rotamer state (rotamer name or outlier) for each residue of each chain.

In validation, an unexpected feature is not always a modelling error. It is useful to compare a strained feature across multiple copies of a protein & generate a quality profile.

In this case study, we will generate a quality profile of multiple copies of the bacterial chaperonin GroEL in PDB entry 1kp8.

Case study 2: Backbone and sidechain features of residues across multiple copies of a PDB entry

```
import collections
outliers = {
    "rama":collections.defaultdict(lambda: collections.defaultdict(lambda:[])), 
    "rota":collections.defaultdict(lambda: collections.defaultdict(lambda:[])), 
}
```

Let us populate this container with Rama and sidechain information from chains modelling molecule no. 1 in the first and only MODEL in the entry.

```
for mol in rama_data["molecules"] : 
    if str(mol["entity_id"]) != "1" : 
        continue
    for chain in mol["chains"] : 
        model = chain["models"][0]
        logging.info("Chain id %s has Rama sidechain validation for %d residues." % (chain["chain_id"], len(model["residues"])))
        for residue in model["residues"] : 
            res_id = (residue["residue_name"],residue["author_residue_number"],residue["author_insertion_code"])
            outliers["rama"] [res_id] [residue["rama"]].append( chain["chain_id"] )
            outliers["rota"] [res_id] [residue["rota"]].append( chain["chain_id"] )
```

```
LOG|11-Nov-2014 14:25:33|INFO Chain id A has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
LOG|11-Nov-2014 14:25:33|INFO Chain id C has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
LOG|11-Nov-2014 14:25:33|INFO Chain id B has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
LOG|11-Nov-2014 14:25:33|INFO Chain id E has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
LOG|11-Nov-2014 14:25:33|INFO Chain id D has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
LOG|11-Nov-2014 14:25:33|INFO Chain id G has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
LOG|11-Nov-2014 14:25:33|INFO Chain id F has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
LOG|11-Nov-2014 14:25:33|INFO Chain id I has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
LOG|11-Nov-2014 14:25:33|INFO Chain id H has Rama sidechain validation for 524 residues.
```

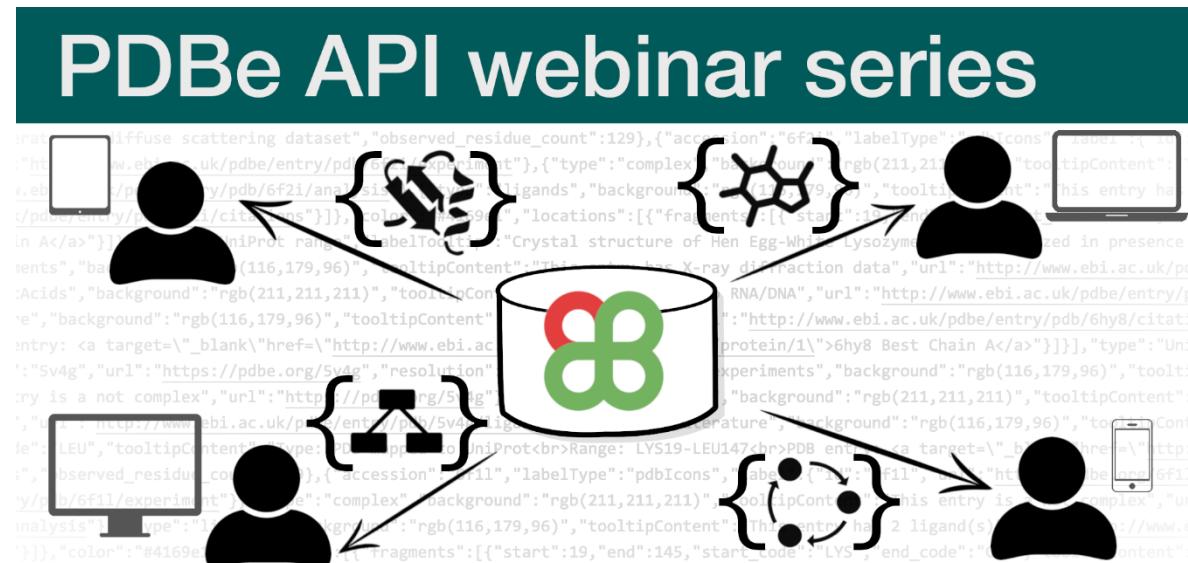
```
def print_unusual_residues(val_key, major_state_freq) : 
    for res_id, val_info in outliers[val_key].items() : 
        # not interested in all residues at this index to be in the same state
        if len(val_info) == 1 : continue
        # not interested in this residue index if no state occurs at least with required frequency
        if not any( [len(val_info[k]) >= major_state_freq for k in val_info] ) : 
            continue
        # write out the popular state and also those occurring less frequently
        val_keys = sorted( val_info.keys(), key = lambda vk:len(val_info[vk]), reverse=True )
        state_frequencies = ", ".join(["%s:%d" % len(val_info[vk]) for k in val_keys])
        minor_chains_str = " ".join(["%s:%s:(%s,%s)" % (val_keys[0], val_keys[1], val_info[k]) for k in val_keys[1:]])
        logging.info("Residue [%s %s %s] has multiple %s states: %s || Unusual chains %s" % \
            (res_id[0], res_id[1], res_id[2], val_key, state_frequencies, minor_chains_str) )
```

Let us print residues with unusual Ramachandran state that contrasts against counterparts in other chains.

```
print_unusual_residues("rama", 12)
LOG|11-Nov-2014 14:30:37|INFO Residue [PRO 462] has multiple rama states: Favored:12, Allowed: 2 || Unusual chains Allowed:E,L
LOG|11-Nov-2014 14:30:37|INFO Residue [ILE 342] has multiple rama states: Favored:13, Allowed: 1 || Unusual chains Allowed:I
LOG|11-Nov-2014 14:30:37|INFO Residue [LEU 222] has multiple rama states: Allowed:12, Favored: 2 || Unusual chains Favored:D,G
LOG|11-Nov-2014 14:30:37|INFO Residue [ALA 383] has multiple rama states: OUTLIER:13, Allowed: 1 || Unusual chains Allowed:A
LOG|11-Nov-2014 14:30:37|INFO Residue [THR 497] has multiple rama states: Favored:13, Allowed: 1 || Unusual chains Allowed:K
LOG|11-Nov-2014 14:30:37|INFO Residue [GLU 156] has multiple rama states: Favored:13, Allowed: 1 || Unusual chains Allowed:E
LOG|11-Nov-2014 14:30:37|INFO Residue [ASP 253] has multiple rama states: OUTLIER:12, Allowed: 2 || Unusual chains Allowed:D,N
LOG|11-Nov-2014 14:30:37|INFO Residue [SER 154] has multiple rama states: Favored:12, Allowed: 2 || Unusual chains Allowed:B,E
```


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- Remember to register for each webinar individually!!!



[PDBe.org/events](https://pdbe.org/events)

PDBe API webinar series

Sep 15th Introduction to PDBe programmatic access

Sep 22nd Searching with the PDBe API

Sep 29th Creating complex PDBe API queries

Oct 6th Using the PDBe graph API

Oct 13th PDBe tools in github

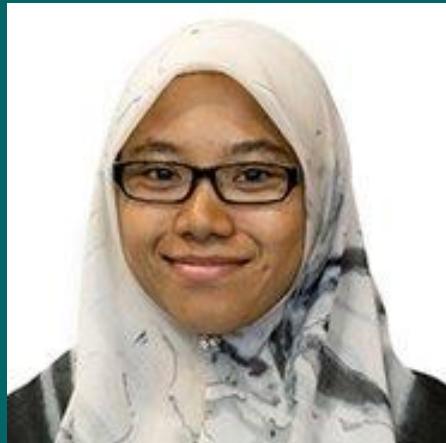
Oct 20th Data visualisation at PDBe



Sreenath Nair

Thank you for your attention! Any questions?

PDBe.org/API



Nurul Nadzirin