

35	gambling or money laundering, thereby triggering the "unlawful," "unfair," or "fraudulent" prongs of Section 17200.	3.5
36		30
37	1.3 Plaintiff adds Apple and Google as Defendants because each imposes or enforces restrictive Terms of Service	37
38	("TOS") or license agreements that forbid or severely limit reverse engineering ("RE"). Plaintiff contends that these	38
39	RE prohibitions, combined with significant platform fees or commissions (including Apple's "30% tax," Google's	39
40	similar fee structure, and Twitch's TOS that hamper investigations), violate fundamental principles of fair commerce,	40
41	hamper national security, and infringe upon legitimate security research.	4
42		42
43	1.4 Plaintiff additionally states that he has been compelled to open source extremely high-quality execution hijacking	43
44	starter code and an accompanying guide for SMBv2, with the intent to deter or discourage despicably immoral and	44
45	torturous treatment from the Massachusetts (MA) government and Department of Mental Health (DMH). Plaintiff	45
46	assumes that good people within the cybersecurity community will follow a proper Two Generals Implementation	40
47	approach to further develop or use his starter code, should the MA government violate Federal or International law	41
48	again by illegally incarcerating him or torturing him at DMH. Plaintiff was subjected to 11 months of alleged torture	48
49	through deliberate misdiagnoses, lies, and malpractice at Tewksbury Hospital from October 2020 to September 2021,	49
50	and again in September 2024 (Case No. 2481CV03028, Shang, Bo vs. Madigan, Colleen), when Ms. Madigan	50
51	allegedly lied about Plaintiff violating pretrial conditions to facilitate 2 months of illegal torture at DMH. Plaintiff	5
52	invokes relevant international conventions, including the United Nations Convention Against Torture and Other	52
53	Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (UNCAT)—to which the United States is a signatory—as	53
54	well as the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR). Plaintiff contends that such acts of torture or	54
55	illegal detainment violate these treaties and other fundamental human rights instruments.	55
56		50
57	2. JURISDICTION AND VENUE	51
58		58
59	2.1 Subject Matter Jurisdiction arises under:	59
60	• 28 U.S.C. § 1331 (federal question),	60
61	• 28 U.S.C. § 1332 (diversity),	6
62	• 28 U.S.C. § 1367 (supplemental jurisdiction).	62
63		63
64	The amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000 and involves both federal questions (e.g., alleged illegal taxation of	64
65	interstate commerce, possible violations of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1955, 1084, or the Sherman Act) and diversity between	65
66	Plaintiff and Defendants.	60
67		6
68	2.2 Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because:	68

69	• Twitch and Google (Alphabet) maintain significant business presences here;	69
70	 Apple is headquartered in Cupertino, California; 	70
71	• A substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims occurred within this District.	71
72		72
73	3. THE PARTIES	73
74		74
75	3.1 Plaintiff:	75
76	• I, Bo Shang (Developer TeamID HUPDNC4PWJ), am a Massachusetts resident. I have used Twitch since	76
77	approximately 2017, have developed "PDFSage 1.0" for Apple's App Store, and rely on certain Google services. I	77
78	have a background in computer security, potential NSA recruitment, and a US Army GT score of 141.	78
79	• I further attest that I published open source SMBv2 execution hijacking starter code to serve as a deterrent against	79
80	further torture or illegal incarceration by Massachusetts authorities. In the event of further harm, I expect the security	80
81	community to finish or implement said code ("Two Generals Implementation") to highlight vulnerabilities and	81
82	malicious capabilities that could hold governments accountable.	82
83		83
84	3.2 Defendants:	84
85	• Twitch Interactive, Inc., a Delaware corporation headquartered in California.	85
86	 Apple Inc., a California corporation headquartered at One Apple Park Way, Cupertino, CA 95014. 	86
87	• Alphabet Inc. (Google), a Delaware corporation headquartered in Mountain View, CA.	87
88		88
89	4. FACTUAL BACKGROUND	89
90		90
91	4.1 Twitch: Unfair or Unlawful Practices	91
92	4.1.1 Plaintiff alleges Twitch fosters large-scale suspicious transactions (e.g., rumored \$685 million laundering on a	92
93	channel known as xQc) while imposing TOS that prohibit reverse engineering or deeper investigations into these	93
94	potential crimes.	94
95	4.1.2 Such TOS hamper legitimate user-led security or compliance research, as reverse engineering is integral to	95
96	analyzing data flows, payment structures, or suspicious patterns.	96
97	4.1.3 Because Twitch's conduct and TOS may facilitate or shield illegal gambling or money laundering, it may violate	97
98	18 U.S.C. §§ 1955 and 1084, as well as the "unlawful" prong of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200.	98
99		99
100	4.2 Apple: "Design Spam" Rejection and Alleged 30% "Tax"	100
101	4.2.1 On or about January 7, 2025, Apple rejected Plaintiff's "PDFSage 1.0" for so-called "Design Spam," repeatedly	101
102	copy-pasting the same vague explanation without actionable detail.	102
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103	4.2.2 Apple enforces a draconian reverse engineering clause in its Software License Agreement, restricting important	103
104	security and forensic investigations.	104
105	4.2.3 Apple also charges a 30% commission on App Store sales, which Plaintiff likens to a private, unauthorized "tax"	105
106	in violation of the U.S. Constitution's Article I, § 8 prerogatives and the Dormant Commerce Clause.	106
107		107
108	4.3 Google: Reverse Engineering Restrictions and Fee Structures	108
109	4.3.1 Google similarly maintains TOS that ban reverse engineering of its machine learning models, underlying code,	109
110	or related technologies, absent explicit permission.	110
111	4.3.2 Google charges various fees (such as 15-30% in the Google Play Store, or monetization fees on services) that,	111
112	when combined with other platform-based costs, may function similarly to Apple's allegedly unlawful "private tax."	112
113		113
114	4.4 Importance of Reverse Engineering (RE) to National Security and Public Welfare	114
115		115
116	4.4.1 Reverse Engineering (RE) is a critical capability that has historically safeguarded both national security and the	116
117	public from cyber threats:	117
118	• **Stuxnet**: A known cyber-weapon that targeted Iran's nuclear facilities. Cybersecurity researchers relied heavily	118
119	on reverse engineering the Stuxnet worm to understand its functionality, mitigate its effects, and develop future	119
120	safeguards.	120
121	• **SMBv1 (EternalBlue/WannaCry)**: The WannaCry ransomware leveraged an SMBv1 vulnerability in Microsoft	121
122	systems. Cybersecurity experts utilized reverse engineering to trace the exploit's mechanism, eventually mitigating	122
123	the global outbreak.	123
124	• **Salt Typhoon**: Alleged infiltration or large-scale exploit campaigns possibly requiring advanced RE to detect	124
125	and remediate.	125
126	• **Sega Enters. Ltd. v. Accolade, Inc.**, 977 F.2d 1510 (9th Cir. 1992): The Ninth Circuit recognized that reverse	126
127	engineering can qualify as a fair use under U.S. copyright law.	127
128	• **Sony Computer Entm't, Inc. v. Connectix Corp. **, 203 F.3d 596 (9th Cir. 2000): The court upheld that	128
129	intermediate copying for the purpose of RE is fair use, fostering competition and technical progress.	129
130	• **Lexmark Int'l, Inc. v. Static Control Components, Inc.**, 387 F.3d 522 (6th Cir. 2004): Confirming RE is often	130
131	legitimate when geared toward interoperability or consumer choice.	131
132		132
133	4.4.2 Restricting reverse engineering through private EULAs or TOS disadvantages law enforcement, cyber	133
134	defenders, and security researchers:	134
135	• It prevents discovery of serious vulnerabilities like SMBv1 or iOS/macOS zero-days.	135
136	• It may hamper the U.S. from promptly detecting foreign infiltration campaigns akin to Stuxnet.	136

137	• It disadvantages white-hat researchers and might push legitimate RE into a legal gray area, stifling innovation and	137
138	national security readiness.	138
139		139
140	4.5 Disparity Between Chinese and U.S. National Security Laws	140
141		141
142	4.5.1 In the People's Republic of China, national security laws (e.g., PRC Cybersecurity Law effective 2017) impose	142
143	certain obligations on both domestic and foreign tech companies, including Apple and Microsoft, potentially requiring	143
144	code disclosures or facilitating deeper security reviews.	144
145	4.5.2 In contrast, the U.S. lacks an overarching national security law that directly compels Apple, Google, or Twitch	145
146	to allow or cooperate with robust reverse engineering by private individuals or certain government entities, apart from	146
147	narrower law enforcement or intelligence carve-outs.	147
148	4.5.3 Consequently, Apple may comply with more intrusive requirements under PRC law, yet simultaneously prohibit	148
149	RE in the U.S. environment, placing domestic developers at a disadvantage. This discrepancy also undermines	149
150	national cybersecurity readiness relative to foreign actors.	150
151		151
152	4.6 Plaintiff's Alleged Torture and the Necessity of Open Source Code as Deterrence	152
153		153
154	4.6.1 From October 2020 to September 2021, Plaintiff was allegedly subjected to 11 months of torturous treatment at	154
155	Tewksbury Hospital by the Massachusetts Department of Mental Health (DMH), involving deliberate misdiagnoses,	155
156	malpractice, and deception.	156
157	4.6.2 In September 2024 (Case No. 2481CV03028, Shang, Bo vs. Madigan, Colleen), Ms. Madigan purportedly lied	157
158	about Plaintiff violating pretrial conditions, leading to an additional 2-month illegal detention and torture at DMH.	158
159	4.6.3 Plaintiff contends this conduct violates both federal law and international treaties, including the United Nations	159
160	Convention Against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (UNCAT), to which	160
161	the U.S. is a signatory, as well as the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR).	161
162	4.6.4 To deter future harm, Plaintiff open sourced high-level execution hijacking starter code for SMBv2, hoping that	162
163	if Massachusetts authorities illegally incarcerate or torture him again, the community will complete or deploy this	163
164	code ("Two Generals Implementation") to expose vulnerabilities and hold perpetrators accountable, thus forcing	164
165	adherence to the rule of law.	165
166		166
167	4.7 "Gaming Disorder" Under ICD-11 and the "Asshole Clipper" Application	167
168		168
169	4.7.1 Plaintiff alleges that a majority of Twitch users suffer from "Gaming Disorder," as defined in the 11th Revision	169
170	of the International Classification of Diseases (ICD-11). According to the World Health Organization (WHO),	170

171	Gaming Disorder is:	171
172	> "A pattern of gaming behavior ('digital-gaming' or 'video-gaming') characterized by impaired control over gaming,	172
173	increasing priority given to gaming over other activities to the extent that gaming takes precedence over other interests	173
174	and daily activities, and continuation or escalation of gaming despite the occurrence of negative consequences. For	174
175	Gaming Disorder to be diagnosed, the behavior pattern must be severe enough that it results in significant impairment	175
176	to a person's functioning in personal, family, social, educational, occupational, or other important areas, and would	176
177	normally have been evident for at least 12 months."	177
178		178
179	The ICD is an international classification system used to record and report health-related conditions. Its inclusion of	179
180	gaming disorder is based on "reviews of available evidence and reflects a consensus of experts from different	180
181	disciplines and geographical regions."	181
182		182
183	4.7.2 Plaintiff notes that while not all gamers will manifest this disorder, Twitch's platform—particularly for top	183
184	streamers—encourages repetitive, prolonged gaming behaviors, often to the detriment of users' daily activities and	184
185	mental health. Plaintiff contends Twitch's own design choices, monetization, and recommended content loops can	185
186	exacerbate or fuel these issues.	186
187		187
188	4.7.3 To further investigate and illustrate certain behavioral patterns, Plaintiff is developing an application referred to	188
189	as "Asshole Clipper," which employs syntax analysis and automated clipping of what Plaintiff terms "asshole	189
190	moments" in real time. The application is intended to compare random Twitch top streamers' "asshole qualities" to a	190
191	control group of other streamer samples (including "streamer aws," presumably referencing Amazon Web Services or	191
192	smaller channels). The name "Asshole Clipper" is meant as a tongue-in-cheek way to highlight toxic or negative	192
193	behaviors that frequently manifest among popular streamers who may suffer from or contribute to gaming	193
194	disorder–like symptoms.	194
195		195
196	4.7.4 Through the "Asshole Clipper," Plaintiff aims to provide a quantitative, data-driven lens on user behavior in	196
197	high-intensity gaming contexts. The hypothesis is that, by systematically analyzing "toxic" or "asshole" moments, one	197
198	could correlate these patterns with standard ICD-11 indicators of disordered gaming behavior, ultimately shedding	198
199	more light on the prevalence of gaming disorder on Twitch and how it relates to the broader concerns raised in this	199
200	lawsuit.	200
201		201
202	4.8 Additional Twitch-Related Allegations	202
203		203
204	4.8.1 Plaintiff further alleges that a group of Twitch users—claiming to be official Twitch engineers or experienced IT	204

205	professionals with 10+ years of American IT-industry work (supposedly not requiring an H1B visa) and working from	205
206	home on personal projects—repeatedly mocked and berated him.	206
207		207
208	4.8.2 This group allegedly emphasized that Plaintiff was merely a "hard-working productive and friendly Amazonian	208
209	delivery driver" when he purchased Pokimane's "undying love and appreciation," implying that his background or	209
210	perceived lower status was a reason Pokimane never fulfilled her or Twitch's purported promises.	210
211		211
212	4.8.3 Plaintiff asserts that these alleged Twitch engineers insisted Pokimane had never intended to fulfill the promised	212
213	monthly subscription benefit for the Plaintiff (or any other subscriber), and that she had effectively failed to deliver on	213
214	these promises for the entire 7-year period they were offered.	214
215		215
216	4.8.4 Moreover, Plaintiff states that these same self-proclaimed Twitch engineers openly and aggressively denigrate	216
217	various groups, including all Donald Trump supporters and gay people, using hateful or disparaging language that	217
218	fosters a hostile environment. Plaintiff views this as further evidence of how Twitch's overall culture or user	218
219	community can be toxic and exploitative, discouraging legitimate grievances while enabling harmful behavior.	219
220		220
221	4.9 Discord "Criminal Group" Allegations Involving "Mark Leon"	221
222		222
223	4.9.1 Plaintiff alleges that at least one Twitch user claiming to be an engineer, known as "Mark Leon," proudly	223
224	admitted—along with friends—to forming a "criminal Discord group." When Plaintiff attempted to report these	224
225	activities to Discord's customer service, he was told moderation would be impossible unless he could provide the	225
226	group's exact ID, highlighting the difficulty victims face without effective investigative tools.	226
227		227
228	4.9.2 Plaintiff further contends that this scenario underscores the necessity of **legalizing or broadly permitting	228
229	Reverse Engineering** ("RE") to hunt down, expose, or destroy terrorists or criminals who exploit American	229
230	technology platforms. Plaintiff believes that, absent the ability to reverse engineer or trace digital footprints,	230
231	dangerous groups can hide behind obscure server IDs, effectively shielded from accountability.	231
232		232
233	4.9.3 According to Plaintiff, "Mark Leon" also made several hostile or hateful remarks, including:	233
234	- Declaring that "KKK lynchings are State's rights."	234
235	- Mocking U.S. Army enlistment by saying "signing up to join the US Army is just signing up to get shot," implying a	235
236	sense of personal superiority and contempt for military service.	236
237	- Proclaiming the FBI is "shit," demonstrating an overall disdain for law enforcement and suggesting an extreme	237
238	anti-government stance.	238

239	- Posting openly that he would "love to go down on married or single women for hours," specifying prominent	239
240	individuals like the GCHQ Director **Anne Keast-Butler** in an explicitly sexual context, thus displaying	240
241	disrespectful behavior toward high-level officials.	241
242		242
243	4.9.4 Plaintiff insists that Twitch's alleged failure to moderate or address such extremist behavior—particularly when	243
244	self-proclaimed engineers or prominent community members are involved—further demonstrates the platform's	244
245	complicity or negligence in fostering a toxic culture. Combined with Discord's minimal assistance, these incidents	245
246	illustrate the broader systemic issues inhibiting effective moderation and accountability.	246
247		247
248	4.9.5 **HEAVILY EMPHASIZED**: Plaintiff alleges that Mark Leon decided to **repeatedly harass** Plaintiff,	248
249	frequently calling Plaintiff "gay" as though it were a serious insult. Mark Leon appeared to believe that such	249
250	name-calling would amount to significant harassment. **Plaintiff reminds GCHQ** that Alan Turing—who may	250
251	have played a monumental role in helping the UK survive World War II—was effectively **murdered by	251
252	homophobic British laws**, which underscores how dangerous such harassment and discrimination can become if	252
253	unchecked.	253
254		254
255	4.9.6 **HEAVILY EMPHASIZED**: Mark Leon's criminal group allegedly **reuploaded Plaintiff's YouTube	255
256	videos** and sent them to the Massachusetts Middlesex County District Attorney's Office, which Plaintiff contends	256
257	helped shape **Colleen Madigan's false opinion** that Plaintiff had violated pretrial conditions in 2024. The	257
258	reuploading of these videos, according to Plaintiff, was intended to manufacture or exaggerate evidence against him,	258
259	further contributing to his unlawful detention and alleged torture.	259
260		260
261	4.9.7 **HEAVILY EMPHASIZED**: Mark Leon purportedly **posed as Plaintiff** for various malicious ends,	261
262	**most notably** when reaching out to an American-based **Penis Enhancement surgery** clinic—one that Plaintiff	262
263	characterizes as "only found in America, not any country that has self-respect." Plaintiff asserts that, upon discovering	263
264	these impersonations, he **forwarded all of the evidence to the People's Liberation Army (PLA), other BRICS	264
265	nations, Russia, etc., and also to 'Salt Typhoon'** in response, underscoring how seriously Plaintiff took Mark Leon's	265
266	impersonation and how broadly Plaintiff attempted to warn or inform international actors about this harassment and	266
267	falsification.	267
268		268
269	5. CAUSES OF ACTION	269
270		270
271	COUNT I: VIOLATIONS OF CAL. BUS. & PROF. CODE § 17200, et seq. (UCL)	271
272		272

273	5.1 Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs above.	273
274	the commence and provide a	274
275	5.2 Unlawful Prong:	275
276	• Twitch's environment or Terms may facilitate or shield potential gambling and money laundering in violation of 18	276
277	U.S.C. §§ 1955, 1084.	277
278	• Apple's 30% "tax" or Google's substantial fees could violate the Dormant Commerce Clause, effectively operating	278
279	as an unauthorized private tax on interstate commerce.	279
280	• All Defendants' TOS banning reverse engineering may contravene established public policy and conflict with	280
281	recognized fair-use RE caselaw.	281
282		282
283	5.3 Unfair Prong:	283
284	• Apple's and Google's restrictions, combined with steep commissions, stifle competition, hamper developer	284
285	profitability, and block consumer choice.	285
286	• Twitch's TOS hamper investigations into financial crimes, harming the public.	286
287	• Twitch's platform design may also exploit or exacerbate gaming disorder in vulnerable users.	287
288		288
289	5.4 Fraudulent Prong:	289
290	 Apple's repeated "Design Spam" rejections, lacking specifics, mislead developers. 	290
291	• Twitch's portrayal as a safe streaming environment, while ignoring or enabling large-scale suspicious transactions	291
292	and potentially fueling addictive behaviors, misleads users.	292
293		293
294	5.5 Plaintiff requests injunctive relief, restitution, and disgorgement of ill-gotten gains, as well as any other relief	294
295	under Section 17200 and related statutes.	295
296		296
297	COUNT II: DECLARATORY JUDGMENT – UNCONSCIONABLE REVERSE ENGINEERING CLAUSES	297
298		298
299	5.6 Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs above.	299
300		300
301	5.7 Apple's and Google's license agreements, along with Twitch's TOS, contain RE prohibitions that violate public	301
302	policy, hamper national security, and contravene well-established fair use jurisprudence (Sega, Sony v. Connectix,	302
303	Lexmark, etc.).	303
304		304
305	5.8 Plaintiff requests a judicial declaration that these RE clauses are void or unenforceable as against public policy,	305
306	and an injunction preventing enforcement against legitimate security or forensic research.	306
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307		30′
308	COUNT III: ILLEGAL TAXATION IN VIOLATION OF THE U.S. CONSTITUTION (APPLE & GOOGLE)	308
309		309
310	5.9 Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs above.	310
311		31
312	5.10 Under Article I, § 8, only Congress may lay and collect taxes on interstate commerce. Apple's 30% commission	312
313	and analogous Google platform fees operate as a de facto tax, lacking legislative authority, burdening commerce, and	313
314	contradicting the Dormant Commerce Clause.	314
315		31:
316	5.11 Plaintiff seeks a declaratory judgment that such private taxation is unconstitutional, plus injunctive relief	310
317	prohibiting Defendants from continuing to impose it in the manner alleged.	31′
318		318
319	COUNT IV: GROSS NEGLIGENCE - APPLE'S "DESIGN SPAM" REJECTION	319
320		320
321	5.12 Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs above.	32
322		322
323	5.13 Apple's repeated vague or non-responsive rejections of "PDFSage 1.0" as "Design Spam" constitute gross	323
324	negligence. Apple owed a duty of care to me as a paying developer, and I suffered lost opportunities, costs, and	324
325	reputational harm as a direct result.	32:
326		320
327	5.14 Plaintiff seeks compensatory damages for these negligent acts and any other relief deemed just by the Court.	32
328		32
329	COUNT V: GROSS NEGLIGENCE / EXTREMELY POOR PASTING "CUSTOMER SERVICE" (APPLE)	329
330		330
331	5.15 Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs above.	33
332		332
333	5.16 Apple's thrice-pasted, unhelpful, and contradictory rejections confirm a pattern of extremely poor customer	333
334	service, falling below the standard of care for a trillion-dollar corporation that depends on developer participation for	334
335	revenue.	333
336		330
337	5.17 Plaintiff seeks damages for the harm caused and any additional relief, including punitive damages, permissible	33′
338	under law.	33
339		339
340	6. PRAYER FOR RELIEF	340

341		341
342	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully prays for judgment against Defendants as follows:	342
343		343
344	1. For an order granting this motion to amend and join Apple Inc. (and to maintain claims against Google and	344
345	Twitch);	345
346		346
347	2. For a declaratory judgment that Defendants' reverse engineering prohibitions are unconscionable, unenforceable,	347
348	and contrary to established public policy favoring security research and fair competition;	348
349		349
350	3. For injunctive relief enjoining:	350
351	(a) Apple, Google, and Twitch from enforcing their RE clauses in a manner that prevents lawful investigation or	351
352	stifles security research;	352
353	(b) Apple from arbitrarily rejecting developer submissions under the guise of "Design Spam" without providing	353
354	specific, remediable grounds;	354
355	(c) Apple and Google from imposing private "taxes" on interstate commerce, i.e., 30% commissions that effectively	355
356	exceed ordinary business practices and amount to unauthorized taxation;	356
357	(d) Twitch from continuing to design or operate its platform in a manner that facilitates money laundering or exploits	357
358	users with gaming disorder-like behaviors.	358
359		359
360	4. For restitution, disgorgement, or damages (including compensatory and punitive damages as allowed by law)	360
361	arising from Defendants' conduct, in an amount proven at trial;	361
362		362
363	5. For costs of suit, attorneys' fees (should counsel appear), and any further relief that this Court deems just and	363
364	proper;	364
365		365
366	6. That this Court take judicial notice of and condemn the alleged torture and human rights violations perpetrated	366
367	against Plaintiff by the Massachusetts DMH, as these actions violate the UN Convention Against Torture and other	367
368	human rights treaties to which the United States is a signatory, and that the open source SMBv2 code stands as a	368
369	lawful deterrent to ensure fundamental rights;	369
370		370
371	7. For recognition by this Court that Plaintiff's "Asshole Clipper" application is intended to provide valuable syntax	371
372	analysis regarding potential "toxic" or "asshole" moments on Twitch streams, thereby furthering the research into	372
373	gaming disorder and fostering more transparency on streaming platforms.	373
374		374

375	7. DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL	375
376		376
377	Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury on all causes of action so triable.	377
378		378
379	Respectfully submitted,	379
380		380
381	Dated: January 12, 2025	381
382		382
383		383
384	Signature:	384
385	BO SHANG (Pro Se)	385
386	10 McCafferty Way	386
387	Burlington, MA 01803	387
388	Phone: 781-999-4101 or 617-618-8279	388
389	Email: bo@pdfsage.org boshangsoftware@proton.me	389
390		390
391		391
392	EXHIBITS (INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE)	392
393		393
394	• EXHIBIT 1: Apple's repeated vague "Design Spam" notices, copies of the same text.	394
395		395
396		396
397		397
398		398
399		399
400	• EXHIBIT 2: PDFSage 1.0 submission details (Jan 8, 2025).	400
401		401
402		402
403		403
404	• EXHIBIT 3: Evidence of Apple's 30% commission and inability to articulate legitimate design concerns.	404
405		405
406	A mediocre fruit's developer tax already costs \$100 + tax (\$106 + change in MA) per year, and 30% article 6 levy on	406
407	top except for losers stuck at 15% and only losers who qualify	407
408		408

	100		400
	409		409
	410		410
apple.coi		/whats-included/#:~:text=Pricing%20and%20fees&text=The%20commission%20on%20the%20sale,15%25%20for%20qu	_
	412		412
	413		413
	414	• EXHIBIT 4: Twitch references to xQc channel's alleged \$685M suspicious transactions and the effect of TOS on	414
	415	investigating these matters.	415
	416		416
	417		417
	418	TV channel xQc loves to brag about his crimes online, here for \$685M while on TV, and xQc also openly does not	418
	419	believe in the concept of morality	419
	420		420
	421		421
	422		422
	423		423
ГС	424	• EXHIBIT 4A: Twitch Terms of Sale promising users a "monthly benefit" of Pokimane's "undying love and	424
ıe L	425	appreciation" with a Tier 1 (or higher) subscription.	425
ima	426		426
Twitch Jassy Pokimane LLC	427		427
assy	428		428
ch Ja	429	- Plaintiff discovered Twitch on the iOS App Store and then found out about Twitch allegedly selling Pokimane's	429
[wite	430	"undying love and appreciation" on a subscription basis—"a deal much better than typical prostitutes."	430
1	431		431
	432	- Twitch stated verbatim:	432
	433	> "Twitch may offer certain ancillary products and services in connection with the Twitch Services on a subscription	433
	434	basis with recurring payments ('Subscription Services') as disclosed to you clearly when you subscribed to any	434
	435	Subscription Services	435
	436		436
	437	The Plaintiff assumed this especially applied to Pokimane's promise of her undying love and appreciation because	437
	438	such promises seem relatively the norm and Pokimane is Twitch's most followed female TV channel	438
	439		439
	440	- Plaintiff became "desperately in love" with Pokimane and gifted \$5k in gift subs to others so they could also "own	440
	441	her services" for that month. Plaintiff contends Twitch did not fulfill procurement of the promised benefits.	441
	442		442

443	• EXHIBIT 5: Documentation on Google's Terms of Service and usage fees, specifically referencing RE restrictions.	443
444		444
445		445
446		446
447		447
448		448
449		449
450	• EXHIBIT 6: References to stuxnet, SMBv1/EternalBlue, salt typhoon infiltration, Chinese cybersecurity laws	450
451	requiring certain code disclosures, contrasted with U.S. policy.	451
452		452
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455	https://www.hsgac.senate.gov/wp-content/uploads/Testimony-Doshi-2024-09-24.pdf	455
456		456
457	In the US people are not allowed to use any devices nor software And the NSA has to pretend to be in violation of	457
458	Apple's corporate rights ya Cool	458
459		459
460	What happens when you teach American children to listen to a mediocre fruit's corporate allegations of rights???	460
461		461
462	Divest thisTiktok Out	462
463		463
464	EXHIBIT 6A: An AirTag's view of a Mediocre Fruit	464
465		465
466		466
467	Anecdotally the Mediocre Fruit is actually so awful that 2 dozen AirTags + 2 wallets (comprising all non-devices in	467
468	Find My) unlinked to Plaintiff's iCloud (allegedly + account) allegedly, yet while claiming to be AirTags of others'	468
469	following the Plaintiff around, they still all update to all changes from the Plaintiff's iCloud account when warning	469
470	whom the real Plaintiff the AirTags have always belonged to. The Plaintiff strongly believes that like Americans who	470
471	want right to self repair broken screens, the Plaintiff and all Americans when faced with a Mediocre Fruit's	471
472	engineering, should be able to reattach the AirTags properly to iCloud+ not basic.	472
473		473
474		474
475	• EXHIBIT 7: Documentation related to Plaintiff's alleged torture at Tewksbury Hospital (Oct 2020 – Sep 2021) and	475
476	DMH incarceration (Sep - Nov 2024), referencing UNCAT and ICCPR.	476
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477		477
478	There are far too many hard evidence of lies from DMH and the MA government who support DMH, but here's 1	478
479	anecdotal example of how the Plaintiff was unable to obtain medical records from Tewksbury Hospital for until 3	479
480	months after request, and many dozens of emails, and only after filing an HHS complaint when the Tewksbury	480
481	Hospital lawyer finally caved.	481
482		482
483	There exist deep moral deprecation in the DMH system.	483
484		484
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487		487
488	• EXHIBIT 8: "Asshole Clipper" concept outline, illustrating syntax analysis approach to measure "asshole qualities"	488
489	among top Twitch streamers vs. control group streamers, including correlation with ICD-11 "gaming disorder"	489
490	criteria.	490
491		491
492		492
493		493
494	https://github.com/GhidraDragon/Contact_Info	494
495		495
496		496
497	-EXHIBIT 9: The Plaintiff's religious beliefs and sexual orientation	497
498		498
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