

1. What is considered the earliest known use of pottery?
  - A) Storing food and water
  - B) Artistic expression
  - C) Religious rituals
  - D) Trading tools
2. Which ancient civilization is credited with some of the first examples of decorated pottery?
  - A) Egyptians
  - B) Greeks
  - C) Chinese
  - D) Mesopotamians
3. The Jomon pottery, known for its rope-like patterns, originated in which country?
  - A) China
  - B) Japan
  - C) India
  - D) Korea
4. What key development allowed ancient potters to make more symmetrical vessels?
  - A) Kiln technology
  - B) Use of molds
  - C) Pottery wheel
  - D) Glazing
5. What was one of the primary functions of Greek pottery?
  - A) Architecture
  - B) Writing texts
  - C) Storing and transporting goods
  - D) Religious offerings only
6. What innovation did Chinese potters introduce during the Tang Dynasty?
  - A) Black clay
  - B) Porcelain
  - C) Terracotta
  - D) Pit firing
7. Which culture is known for its highly polished black pottery and use of slip decoration?
  - A) Roman
  - B) Pueblo (Native American)
  - C) Persian
  - D) Celtic
8. What does the term "kiln" refer to in pottery?
  - A) A carving tool
  - B) A type of clay

- C) A furnace used for firing pottery
- D) A glaze mixture

9. Terracotta pottery is typically associated with which color?

- A) White
- B) Black
- C) Red or brown
- D) Blue

10. What modern pottery technique allows for mass production of identical ceramic pieces?

- A) Hand-building
- B) Slip casting
- C) Coil method
- D) Burnishing

Answer Key

A

D

B

C

C

B

B

C

C

B