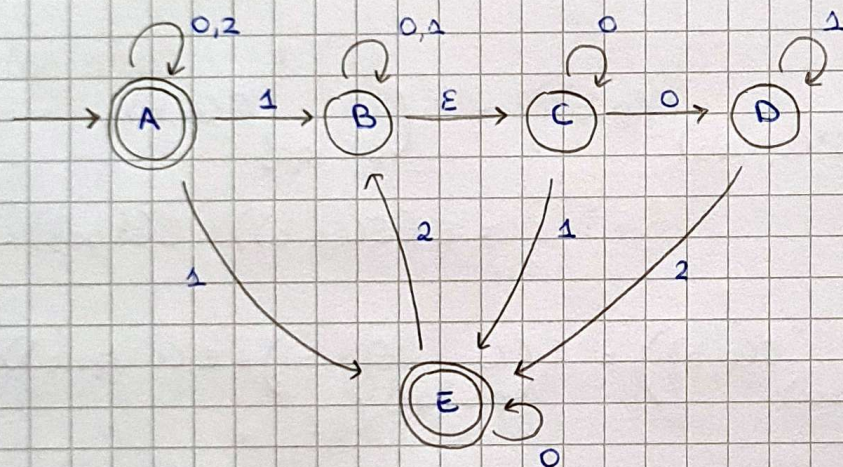


ESERCIZIO 2

Considerare l'automa N definito dal seguente diagramma di stato.



a. Determinare in dettaglio tutti gli elementi della quintupla che lo definisce.

$$N = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, A, F)$$

$$Q = \{A, B, C, D, E\}$$

$$\Sigma = \{0, 1, 2\}$$

$$F = \{A, E\}$$

δ :

	0	1	2	ϵ
* $\rightarrow A$	$\{A\}$	$\{B, E\}$	$\{A\}$	\emptyset
B	$\{B\}$	$\{B\}$	\emptyset	$\{C\}$
C	$\{C, D\}$	$\{E\}$	\emptyset	\emptyset
D	\emptyset	$\{D\}$	$\{E\}$	\emptyset
* E	$\{E\}$	\emptyset	$\{B\}$	\emptyset

- b. N accetta o meno le stringhe 1101, 1021, E? Giustificare la risposta.
Risposte non giustificate non sono valutate.

1. $w = 1101 \in L(N)$?

$$\begin{aligned}\delta^*(A, 1101) &= E\left(\bigcup_{p \in \delta^*(A, 110)} \delta(p, 1)\right) = E\left(\bigcup_{p \in \{B, C, D, E\}} \delta(p, 1)\right) \\ &= E(\delta(B, 1) \cup \delta(C, 1) \cup \delta(D, 1) \cup \delta(E, 1)) \\ &= E(\{B, E, D\}) = \{B, C, D, E\}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\delta^*(A, 110) &= E\left(\bigcup_{p \in \delta^*(A, 11)} \delta(p, 0)\right) = E\left(\bigcup_{p \in \{B, C, E\}} \delta(p, 0)\right) \\ &= E(\delta(B, 0) \cup \delta(C, 0) \cup \delta(E, 0)) \\ &= E(\{B, C, D, E\}) = \{B, C, D, E\}\end{aligned}$$

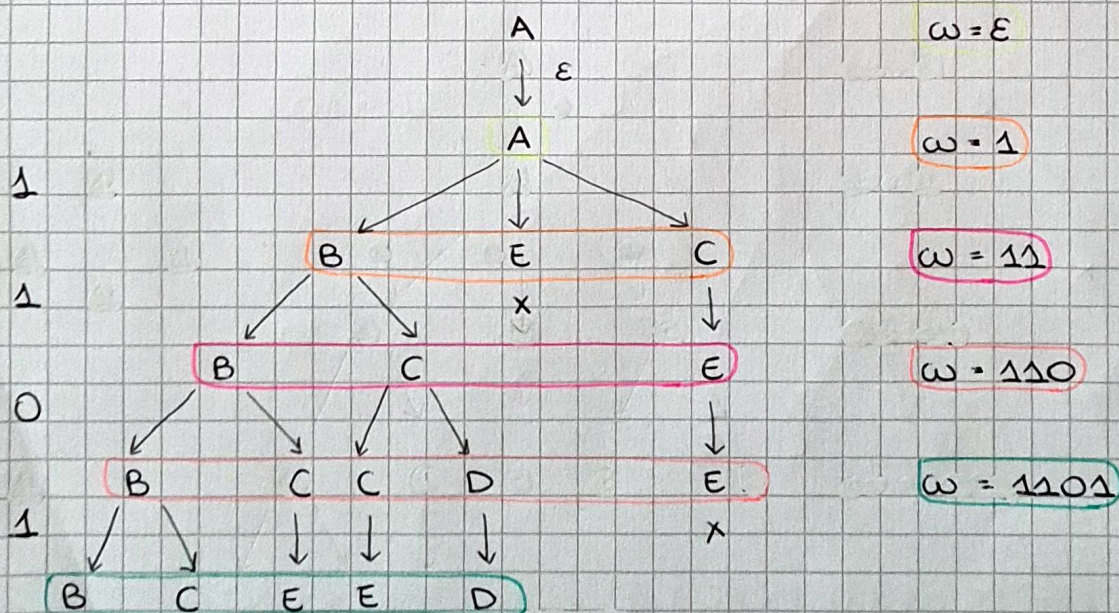
$$\begin{aligned}\delta^*(A, 11) &= E\left(\bigcup_{p \in \delta^*(A, 1)} \delta(p, 1)\right) = E\left(\bigcup_{p \in \{B, C, E\}} \delta(p, 1)\right) \\ &= E(\delta(B, 1) \cup \delta(C, 1) \cup \delta(E, 1)) \\ &= E(\{B, E\}) = \{B, C, E\}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\delta^*(A, 1) &= E\left(\bigcup_{p \in \delta^*(A, \epsilon)} \delta(p, 1)\right) = E\left(\bigcup_{p \in \{A\}} \delta(p, 1)\right) = E(\delta(A, 1)) \\ &= E(\{B, E\}) = \{B, C, E\}\end{aligned}$$

$$\delta^*(A, \epsilon) = E(\{A\}) = \{A\}$$

$$\delta^*(A, 1101) \cap F = \{B, C, D, E\} \cap \{A, E\} = \{E\} \neq \emptyset \Rightarrow w \in L(N)$$

Soluzione tramite albero delle computazioni.



$$\delta^*(A, 1101) \cap F = \{B, C, D, E\} \cap \{A, E\} \neq \emptyset \Rightarrow w = 1101 \in L(N)$$

2. $\omega = 1021 \in L(N)$?

$$\begin{aligned}\delta^*(A, 1021) &= E \left(\bigcup_{p \in \delta^*(A, 102)} \delta(p, 1) \right) = E \left(\bigcup_{p \in \{B, C, E\}} \delta(p, 1) \right) \\ &= E(\delta(B, 1) \cup \delta(C, 1) \cup \delta(E, 1)) \\ &= E(\{B, E\}) = \{B, C, E\}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\delta^*(A, 102) &= E \left(\bigcup_{p \in \delta^*(A, 10)} \delta(p, 2) \right) = E \left(\bigcup_{p \in \{B, C, D, E\}} \delta(p, 2) \right) \\ &= E(\delta(B, 2) \cup \delta(C, 2) \cup \delta(D, 2) \cup \delta(E, 2)) \\ &= E(\{B, E\}) = \{B, C, E\}\end{aligned}$$

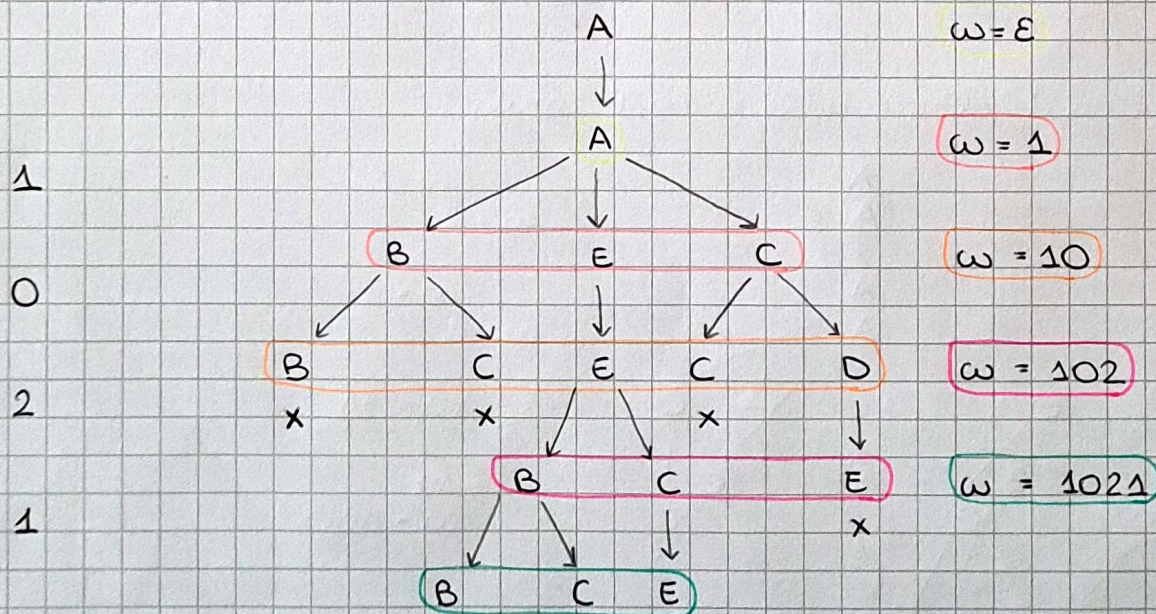
$$\begin{aligned}\delta^*(A, 10) &= E \left(\bigcup_{p \in \delta^*(A, 1)} \delta(p, 0) \right) = E \left(\bigcup_{p \in \{B, E, C\}} \delta(p, 0) \right) = E(\delta(B, 0) \cup \delta(E, 0) \cup \delta(C, 0)) \\ &= E(\{B, C, D, E\}) = \{B, C, D, E\}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\delta^*(A, 1) &= E \left(\bigcup_{p \in \delta^*(A, \epsilon)} \delta(p, 1) \right) = E \left(\bigcup_{p \in \{A\}} \delta(p, 1) \right) = E(\delta(A, 1)) \\ &= E(\{B, E\}) = \{B, E, C\}\end{aligned}$$

$$\delta^*(A, \epsilon) = E(\{A\}) = \{A\}$$

$$\delta^*(A, 1021) \cap F = \{B, C, E\} \cap \{A, E\} \neq \emptyset \Rightarrow 1021 \in L(N)$$

Soluzione tramite albero delle computazioni.



$$\delta^*(A, 1021) \cap F = \{B, C, E\} \cap \{A, E\} \neq \emptyset \Rightarrow \omega = 1021 \in L(N)$$

$$3. \quad \omega = \varepsilon \in L(N)?$$

$$\bar{\sigma}^*(A, \varepsilon) \cap F = E(\{A\}) \cap F = \{A\} \cap F = \{A\} \cap \{A, \varepsilon\} \neq \emptyset \Rightarrow \omega = \varepsilon \in L(N)$$