

# Untitled

2023-04-08

```
set.seed(1)
```

```
library(rstan)
```

```
## Loading required package: StanHeaders
```

```
## Loading required package: ggplot2
```

```
## rstan (Version 2.21.8, GitRev: 2e1f913d3ca3)
```

```
## For execution on a local, multicore CPU with excess RAM we recommend calling  
## options(mc.cores = parallel::detectCores()).  
## To avoid recompilation of unchanged Stan programs, we recommend calling  
## rstan_options(auto_write = TRUE)
```

```
library(Rlab)
```

```
## Rlab 4.0 attached.
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'Rlab'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
```

```
##
```

```
##      dexp, dgamma, dweibull, pexp, pgamma, pweibull, qexp, qgamma,  
##      qweibull, rexp, rgamma, rweibull
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:datasets':
```

```
##
```

```
##      precip
```

```
train <- read.csv("train_new.csv")
```

```
test <- read.csv("test_new.csv")
```

```
#train
```

```
data_train <- train[-c(1,4,11)]
```

```
data_test <- test[-c(1,3,10)]
```



```

## #include <complex>
##      ~~~~~
## 3 errors generated.
## make: *** [foo.o] Error 1
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'first' NOW (CHAIN 1).
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Gradient evaluation took 0.000218 seconds
## Chain 1: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 2.18 seconds.
## Chain 1: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Iteration:   1 / 1000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 100 / 1000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 200 / 1000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 300 / 1000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 400 / 1000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 500 / 1000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 501 / 1000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 600 / 1000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 700 / 1000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 800 / 1000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 900 / 1000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1: Iteration: 1000 / 1000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 1:
## Chain 1: Elapsed Time: 0.82597 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 1:                0.873329 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 1:                1.6993 seconds (Total)
## Chain 1:
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'first' NOW (CHAIN 2).
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Gradient evaluation took 0.000144 seconds
## Chain 2: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 1.44 seconds.
## Chain 2: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Iteration:   1 / 1000 [  0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 100 / 1000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 200 / 1000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 300 / 1000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 400 / 1000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 500 / 1000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 501 / 1000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 600 / 1000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 700 / 1000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 800 / 1000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 900 / 1000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2: Iteration: 1000 / 1000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 2:
## Chain 2: Elapsed Time: 0.766714 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 2:                0.745872 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 2:                1.51259 seconds (Total)
## Chain 2:

```

```

##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'first' NOW (CHAIN 3).
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Gradient evaluation took 0.00014 seconds
## Chain 3: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 1.4 seconds.
## Chain 3: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1 / 1000 [ 0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 100 / 1000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 200 / 1000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 300 / 1000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 400 / 1000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 500 / 1000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 501 / 1000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 600 / 1000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 700 / 1000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 800 / 1000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 900 / 1000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3: Iteration: 1000 / 1000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 3:
## Chain 3: Elapsed Time: 0.855654 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 3: 0.757776 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 3: 1.61343 seconds (Total)
## Chain 3:
##
## SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'first' NOW (CHAIN 4).
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Gradient evaluation took 0.000144 seconds
## Chain 4: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 1.44 seconds.
## Chain 4: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1 / 1000 [ 0%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 100 / 1000 [ 10%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 200 / 1000 [ 20%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 300 / 1000 [ 30%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 400 / 1000 [ 40%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 500 / 1000 [ 50%] (Warmup)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 501 / 1000 [ 50%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 600 / 1000 [ 60%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 700 / 1000 [ 70%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 800 / 1000 [ 80%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 900 / 1000 [ 90%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4: Iteration: 1000 / 1000 [100%] (Sampling)
## Chain 4:
## Chain 4: Elapsed Time: 0.793997 seconds (Warm-up)
## Chain 4: 0.801365 seconds (Sampling)
## Chain 4: 1.59536 seconds (Total)
## Chain 4:

```

```

#print(fit)
cor(data_train[, -c(1,8)])

```

```
##          Pclass          Sex          Age          SibSp          Parch          Fare
## Pclass  1.00000000  0.12774090 -0.36528727  0.08165562  0.01682449 -0.5481933
## Sex     0.12774090  1.00000000  0.07262202 -0.11634817 -0.24750798 -0.1799575
## Age     -0.36528727  0.07262202  1.00000000 -0.25298934 -0.16628774  0.1082175
## SibSp    0.08165562 -0.11634817 -0.25298934  1.00000000  0.41454164  0.1608869
## Parch    0.01682449 -0.24750798 -0.16628774  0.41454164  1.00000000  0.2175320
## Fare    -0.54819329 -0.17995753  0.10821751  0.16088685  0.21753204  1.0000000
## family   0.06422053 -0.20319145 -0.25600999  0.89065367  0.78298776  0.2186582
##          family
## Pclass   0.06422053
## Sex      -0.20319145
## Age      -0.25600999
## SibSp    0.89065367
## Parch    0.78298776
## Fare     0.21865817
## family   1.00000000
```

```
#plot(fit, pars = c("pred"))
fit_ss <- extract(fit, pars = "pred", permuted = TRUE)$pred
```

```
pred_stan <- 1:417
for(i in 1:417) {
  #pred_stan[i] <- mean(rbern(1,fit_ss))
  pred_stan[i] <- mean(fit_ss[,i])
  pred_stan[i] <- (pred_stan[i] > 0.5) * 1
  #pred_stan[i] <- rbern(1,pred_stan[i])
}
```

```
freit <- glm(Survived ~ Pclass+Sex+Age,family=binomial(link='logit'),data=data_train)
summary(freit)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Survived ~ Pclass + Sex + Age, family = binomial(link = "logit"),
##      data = data_train)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.6523  -0.6482  -0.4363   0.6269   2.4471
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)   3.77737    0.32699  11.552 < 2e-16 ***
## Pclass        -1.18690    0.12077  -9.828 < 2e-16 ***
## Sex           -2.61053    0.18663 -13.988 < 2e-16 ***
## Age           -0.44723    0.09714  -4.604 4.14e-06 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 1182.82  on 888  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance:  804.34  on 885  degrees of freedom
```

```
## AIC: 812.34
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5

pred <- predict(freit, data_test, type="response")
pred <- (pred > 0.5)*1

result <- read.csv("submission.csv")
#result

real <- c(result[1:152,]$Survived,result[154:418,]$Survived)
mean(pred == real)

## [1] 0.7673861

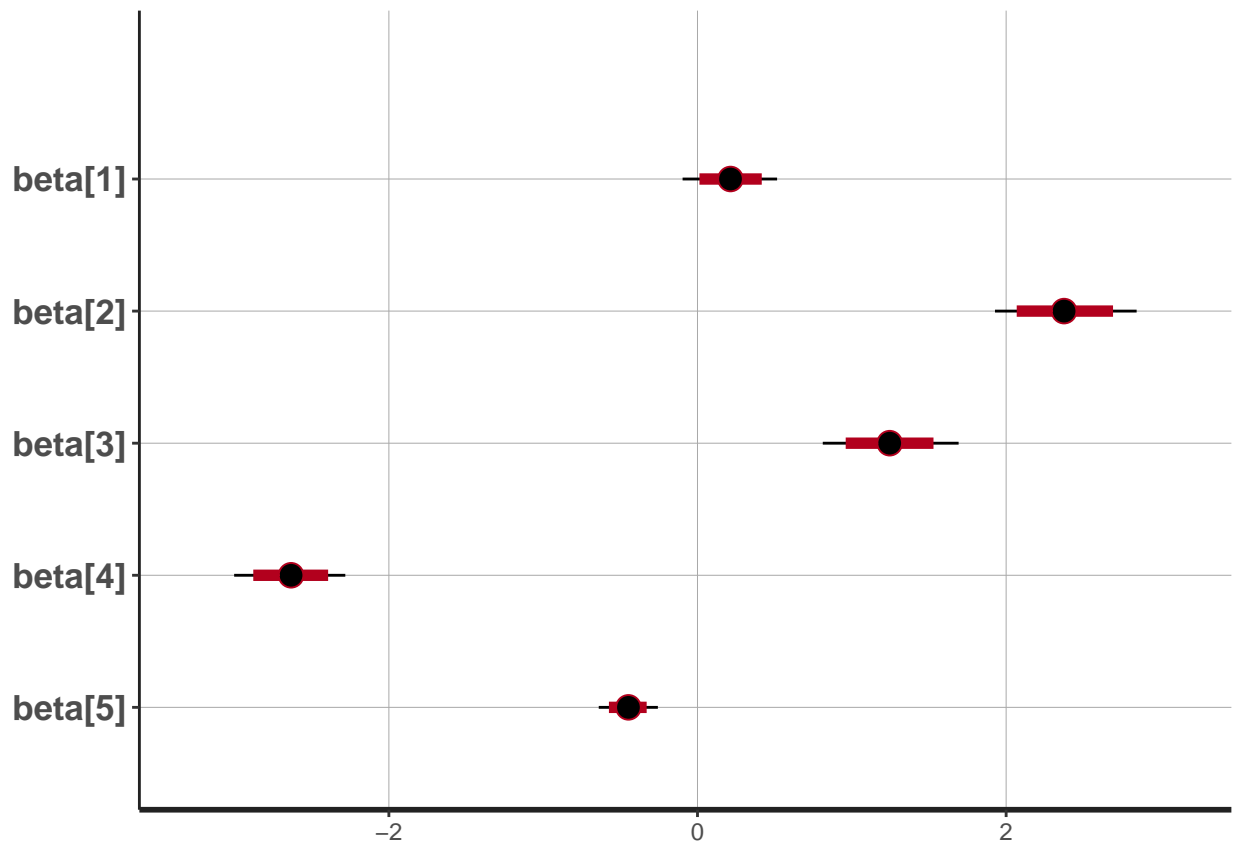
mean(pred_stan == real)

## [1] 0.7697842

plot(fit, pars = "beta", ylab = "bbbbbb", main = "gggg")

## ci_level: 0.8 (80% intervals)

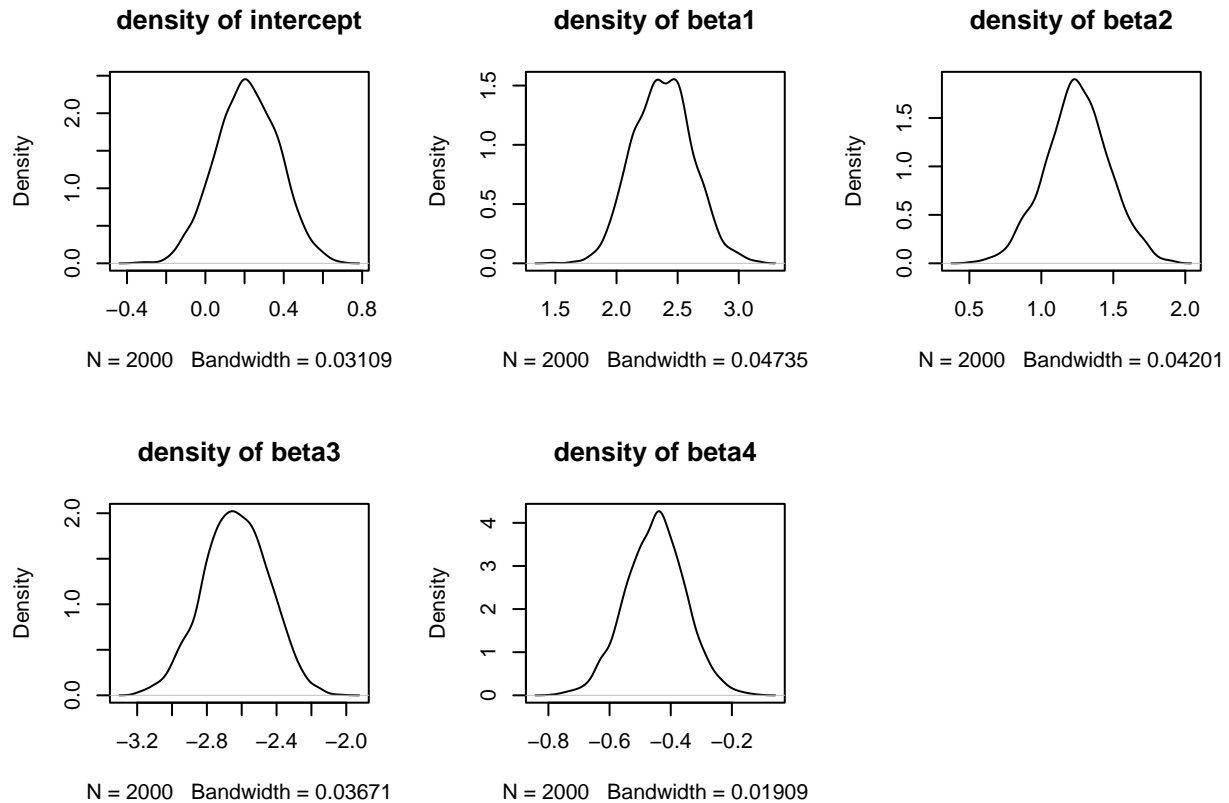
## outer_level: 0.95 (95% intervals)
```



```

betas <- extract(fit, pars = "beta", permuted = TRUE)$beta
par(mfrow=c(2,3))
plot(density(betas[,1]), main="density of intercept")
plot(density(betas[,2]), main="density of beta1")
plot(density(betas[,3]), main="density of beta2")
plot(density(betas[,4]), main="density of beta3")
plot(density(betas[,5]), main="density of beta4")
#plot(density(betas[,6]))

```



```

library("bayesplot")

```

```

## This is bayesplot version 1.10.0

## - Online documentation and vignettes at mc-stan.org/bayesplot

## - bayesplot theme set to bayesplot::theme_default()

## * Does _not_ affect other ggplot2 plots

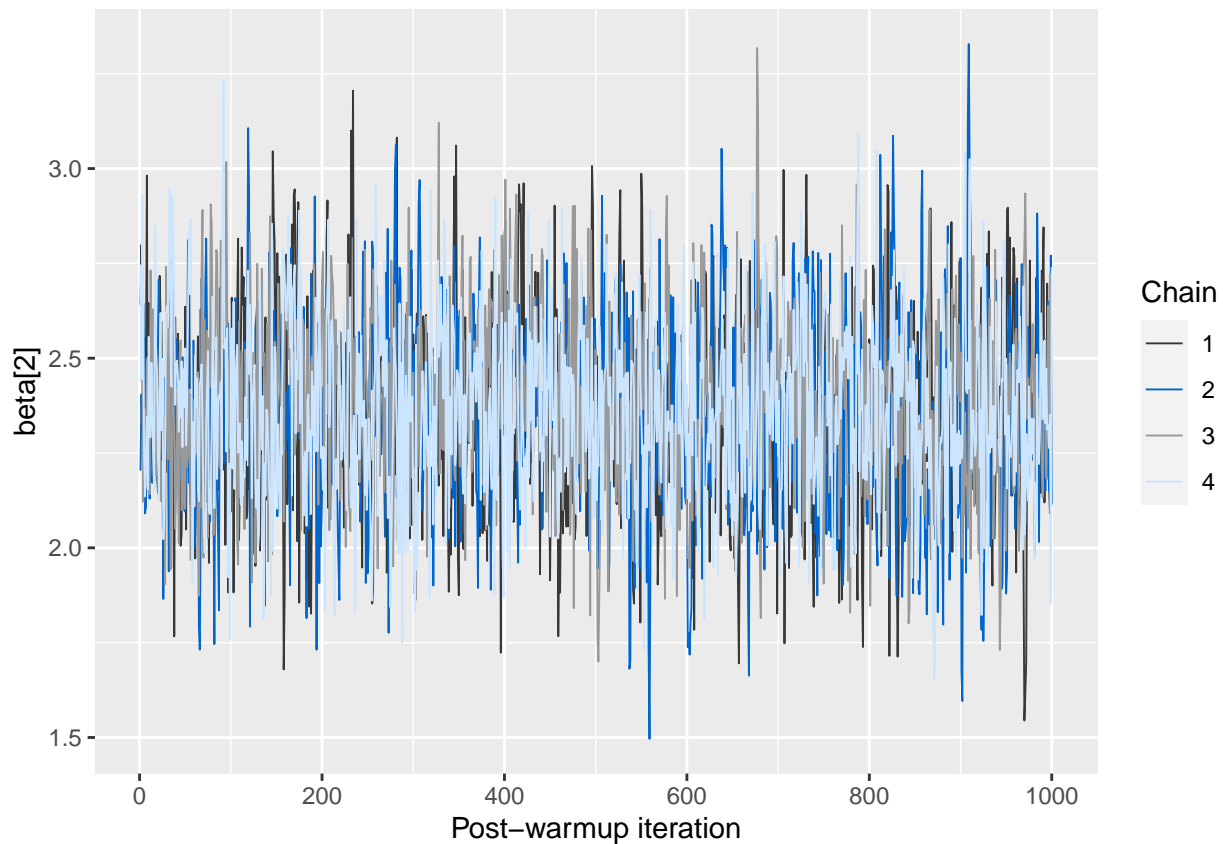
## * See ?bayesplot_theme_set for details on theme setting

```

```
library("ggplot2")
library("rstan")
rstan_options(auto_write = TRUE)
options(mc.cores = parallel::detectCores())
```

```
schools_mod_cp <- stan_model("first.stan")
fit_cp <- sampling(schools_mod_cp, data = data_stan, seed = 1, control = list(adapt_delta = 0.9))
# Extract posterior draws for later use
posterior_cp <- as.array(fit_cp)
np_cp <- nuts_params(fit_cp)
color_scheme_set("mix-brightblue-gray")
mcmc_trace(posterior_cp, pars = "beta[2]", np = np_cp) +
  xlab("Post-warmup iteration")
```

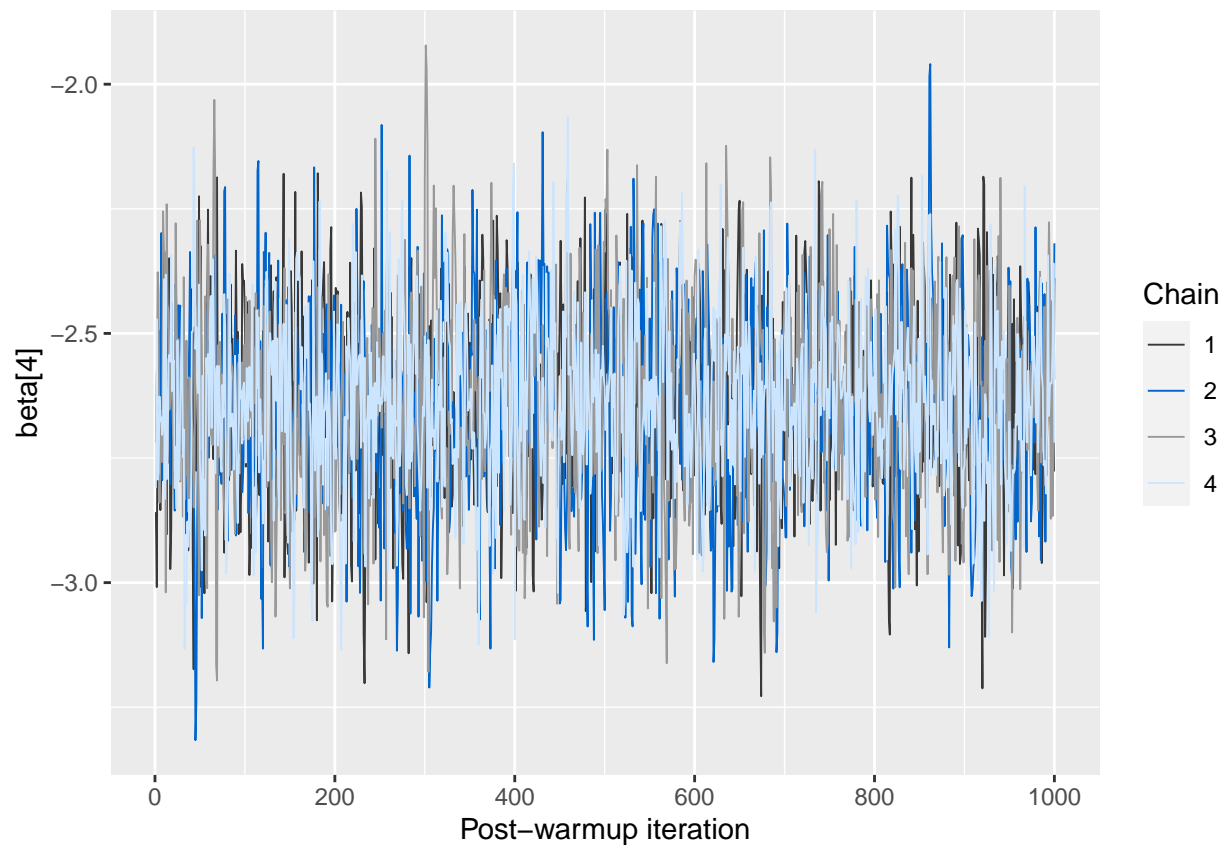
## No divergences to plot.



```
mcmc_trace(posterior_cp, pars = "beta[4]", np = np_cp) +
  xlab("Post-warmup iteration")
```

## No divergences to plot.





```
available_mcmc(pattern = "_nuts_")
```

```
## bayesplot MCMC module:
## (matching pattern '_nuts_')
##   mcmc_nuts_acceptance
##   mcmc_nuts_divergence
##   mcmc_nuts_energy
##   mcmc_nuts_stepsize
##   mcmc_nuts_tredepth
```

```
lp_cp <- log_posterior(fit_cp)
```

```
mcmc_pairs(posterior_cp, np = np_cp,
  pars = c("beta[1]", "beta[2]", "beta[3]", "beta[4]", "beta[5]"),
  off_diag_args = list(size = 0.75))
```

