Lab Assignment 5

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Branch: Electrical Engineering

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The Example Processes used in input:

Process ID	Arrival Time	Burst Time
P1	0	6 unit time
P2	2	3 unit time
P3	4	2 unit time

Different Scheduling Algorithms:

1.) FCFS Scheduling

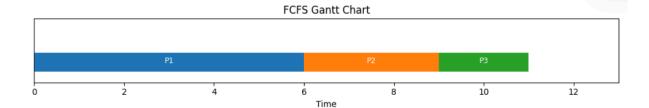
======= FCFS Scheduling =========

P_ID	Arrival	Burst	Priority	Start	Completion	Waiting	Turnaround	
					6			
2	2	3	1	6	9	4	7	
3	4	2	3	9	11	5	7	
+	-+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+

Average Waiting Time: 3.00 Average Turnaround Time: 6.67

Gantt Chart:

İ	P1	P2	P3	İ
	0 6	6 9	9 11	-

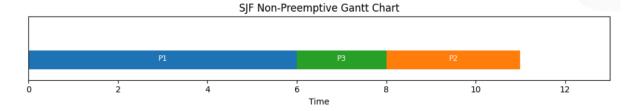


```
def fcfs_scheduling(processes):
    First-Come, First-Served (FCFS) Scheduling.
    Returns updated processes list and Gantt chart segments.
   processes.sort(key=lambda x: x["arrival_time"])
    current_time = 0
    gantt = []
    for p in processes:
        if current_time < p["arrival_time"]:</pre>
            current_time = p["arrival_time"]
        p["start_time"] = current_time
        p["completion_time"] = current_time + p["burst_time"]
        p["turnaround_time"] = p["completion_time"] - p["arrival_time"]
        p["waiting_time"] = p["turnaround_time"] - p["burst_time"]
        current_time = p["completion_time"]
        gantt.append((p["id"], p["start_time"], p["completion_time"]))
    return processes, gantt
```

2.) SJF Scheduling

2.i.) SJF Non-Preemptive Scheduling

```
======= SJF (Non-Preemptive) ========
+----+
| P_ID | Arrival | Burst | Priority | Start | Completion | Waiting | Turnaround |
| 1 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 6
                               0
             8
      2
           3
                 1
                    11
                                   6
                                         9
           2
               3
                    6
Average Waiting Time: 2.67
Average Turnaround Time: 6.33
Gantt Chart:
  P1 | P3 | P2 |
+----+
06 | 68 | 811 |
+----+
```



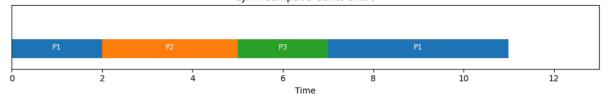
```
min burst = p["burst time"]
                    idx = i
       if idx == -1:
            next arrival = min(
                [p["arrival time"] for i, p in enumerate(processes) if
not visited[i]]
            current time = next arrival
            continue
       p = processes[idx]
       p["start time"] = current time
       p["completion time"] = current time + p["burst time"]
       current time = p["completion time"]
       p["turnaround_time"] = p["completion_time"] - p["arrival_time"]
       p["waiting time"] = p["turnaround time"] - p["burst time"]
       visited[idx] = True
       completed += 1
       gantt.append((p["id"], p["start_time"], p["completion_time"]))
    return processes, gantt
```

2.ii.) SJF (Preemptive) or SRTF Scheduling

Average Waiting Time: 2.00 Average Turnaround Time: 5.67

Gantt Chart:

++								
	P1	1	P2	1	Р3	1	P1	
						-		-
								-
	0 2		2 5		5 7		7 11	
+-								-+



```
def sjf preemptive(processes):
    Preemptive SJF (Shortest Remaining Time First).
    Returns updated processes list and Gantt chart segments.
   processes = copy.deepcopy(processes)
   processes.sort(key=lambda x: x["arrival time"])
    n = len(processes)
    remaining times = [p["burst time"] for p in processes]
    completion times = [0] * n
   waiting times = [0] * n
    turnaround_times = [0] * n
    start times = [-1] * n
    gantt = []
    complete = 0
    current_time = 0
    shortest = 0
   min remaining = float("inf")
    check = False
   prev pid = None
   while complete != n:
        for i in range(n):
            if (
                processes[i]["arrival time"] <= current time</pre>
                and remaining times[i] < min remaining</pre>
                and remaining times[i] > 0
            ):
                min remaining = remaining times[i]
                shortest = i
                check = True
        if not check:
            current time += 1
            continue
        if start times[shortest] == -1:
            start_times[shortest] = current_time
```

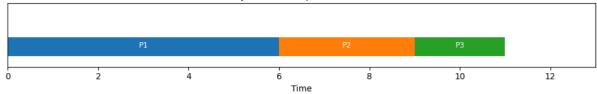
```
remaining times[shortest] -= 1
        current pid = processes[shortest]["id"]
        if prev pid is None:
            gantt.append((current pid, current time, current time + 1))
        else:
            if current pid == prev pid:
                gantt[-1] = (gantt[-1][0], gantt[-1][1], current_time +
1)
            else:
                gantt.append((current_pid, current_time, current_time +
1))
        prev_pid = current_pid
        min remaining = remaining times[shortest]
        if min_remaining == 0:
            complete += 1
            check = False
            finish time = current time + 1
            completion times[shortest] = finish time
            waiting_times[shortest] = (
                finish_time
                - processes[shortest]["arrival time"]
                - processes[shortest]["burst_time"]
            turnaround times[shortest] = (
                finish time - processes[shortest]["arrival time"]
            min remaining = float("inf")
        current time += 1
    for i in range(n):
        processes[i]["start_time"] = start_times[i]
        processes[i]["completion_time"] = completion_times[i]
        processes[i]["waiting_time"] = waiting_times[i]
        processes[i]["turnaround_time"] = turnaround_times[i]
    return processes, gantt
```

3.) Non-Preemptive Priority Scheduling

```
Average Waiting Time: 3.00
Average Turnaround Time: 6.67
```

Gantt Chart:

Priority Non-Preemptive Gantt Chart



```
def priority non preemptive(processes):
   Non-Preemptive Priority Scheduling.
   Returns updated processes list and Gantt chart segments.
   Assumes lower priority number = higher priority.
   processes.sort(key=lambda x: x["arrival time"])
   n = len(processes)
   visited = [False] * n
   current time = 0
   completed = 0
   gantt = []
   while completed != n:
        idx = -1
        highest priority = float("inf")
        for i, p in enumerate(processes):
            if p["arrival time"] <= current time and not visited[i]:</pre>
                if p["priority"] < highest priority:</pre>
                    highest_priority = p["priority"]
```

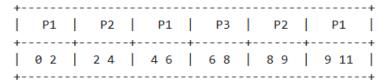
```
idx = i
       if idx == -1:
            next_arrival = min(
                [p["arrival_time"] for i, p in enumerate(processes) if
not visited[i]]
            current_time = next_arrival
            continue
       p = processes[idx]
       p["start_time"] = current_time
       p["completion_time"] = current_time + p["burst_time"]
       current_time = p["completion_time"]
       p["turnaround_time"] = p["completion_time"] - p["arrival_time"]
       p["waiting_time"] = p["turnaround_time"] - p["burst_time"]
       visited[idx] = True
       completed += 1
       gantt.append((p["id"], p["start_time"], p["completion_time"]))
    return processes, gantt
```

4.) Round Robin Scheduling

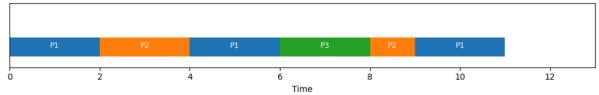
========== Round Robin Scheduling ====================================								
P_ID	Arrival	Burst	Priority	Start	Completion	Waiting	Turnaround	
-							11	
2	2	3	1	2	9	4	7	
3	4	2	3	6	8	2	4	
4								L

```
Average Waiting Time: 3.67
Average Turnaround Time: 7.33
```

Gantt Chart:



Round Robin Gantt Chart



```
def round_robin(processes, time_quantum):
   Round Robin Scheduling.
    Returns updated processes list and Gantt chart segments.
   processes = sorted(processes, key=lambda x: x["arrival time"])
    n = len(processes)
    remaining burst = [p["burst time"] for p in processes]
    completion_time = [0] * n
    ready queue = deque()
    gantt = []
    current time = 0
   prev_pid = None
    i = 0
   while True:
        while i < n and processes[i]["arrival_time"] <= current_time:</pre>
            ready_queue.append(i)
            i += 1
```

```
if not ready queue:
            if i < n:
                current time = processes[i]["arrival time"]
                ready queue.append(i)
                i += 1
            else:
                break
        idx = ready queue.popleft()
        if "start time" not in processes[idx]:
            processes[idx]["start time"] = current time
       exec_time = min(time_quantum, remaining_burst[idx])
       current pid = processes[idx]["id"]
        if prev pid is None or prev pid != current pid:
            gantt.append((current_pid, current_time, current_time +
exec time))
       else:
            gantt[-1] = (current pid, gantt[-1][1], gantt[-1][2] +
exec time)
       prev_pid = current pid
       remaining burst[idx] -= exec time
       current time += exec time
       while i < n and processes[i]["arrival_time"] <= current_time:</pre>
            ready queue.append(i)
            i += 1
        if remaining burst[idx] > 0:
            ready_queue.append(idx)
       else:
            completion time[idx] = current time
        if all(rb == 0 for rb in remaining burst):
            break
    for idx, p in enumerate(processes):
       p["completion_time"] = completion_time[idx]
       p["turnaround time"] = p["completion time"] - p["arrival time"]
       p["waiting time"] = p["turnaround time"] - p["burst time"]
   return processes, gantt
```

Main Script:

```
print("CPU Scheduling Algorithms Implementation\n")
n = int(input("Enter the number of processes: "))
print(f"Enter the number of processes: {n}")
processes input = []
for i in range(n):
   print(f"\nProcess {i+1}:")
   at = int(input("Arrival Time: "))
   print("Arrival Time:", at)
   bt = int(input("Burst Time: "))
   print("Burst Time:", bt)
   pr = int(input("Priority (lower = higher priority): "))
   print("Priority (lower = higher priority):", pr)
   processes_input.append(
       {"id": i + 1, "arrival time": at, "burst time": bt, "priority":
pr}
   )
# Create deep copies for each scheduling algorithm
processes fcfs = copy.deepcopy(processes input)
processes_sjf_np = copy.deepcopy(processes_input)
processes_sjf_p = copy.deepcopy(processes_input)
processes prio np = copy.deepcopy(processes input)
processes rr = copy.deepcopy(processes input)
tq = int(input("\nEnter Time Quantum for Round Robin: "))
print("Enter Time Quantum for Round Robin:", tq)
# 1. FCFS
                 ======= FCFS Scheduling =======
print("\n=====
scheduled fcfs, gantt_fcfs = fcfs_scheduling(processes_fcfs)
print results(scheduled fcfs)
print gantt chart text(gantt fcfs)
plot gantt chart(gantt fcfs, "FCFS Gantt Chart")
# 2. SJF Non-Preemptive
scheduled_sjf_np, gantt_sjf_np = sjf_non_preemptive(processes_sjf_np)
print results(scheduled sjf np)
print gantt chart text(gantt sjf np)
plot_gantt_chart(gantt_sjf_np, "SJF Non-Preemptive Gantt_Chart")
# 3. SJF Preemptive
```

```
scheduled_sjf_p, gantt_sjf_p = sjf_preemptive(processes_sjf_p)
print results(scheduled sjf p)
print gantt chart text(gantt sjf p)
plot_gantt_chart(gantt_sjf_p, "SJF Preemptive Gantt Chart")
# 4. Priority (Non-Preemptive)
<del>----"</del>")
scheduled prio, gantt prio = priority non preemptive(processes prio np)
print results(scheduled prio)
print gantt chart text(gantt prio)
plot gantt chart(gantt prio, "Priority Non-Preemptive Gantt Chart")
# 5. Round Robin
scheduled rr, gantt rr = round robin(processes rr, tq)
print results(scheduled rr)
print gantt chart text(gantt rr)
plot gantt chart(gantt rr, "Round Robin Gantt Chart")
```

Imports:

```
import copy
from collections import deque
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from prettytable import PrettyTable
```

Helper Functions:

```
if not gantt:
    print("No Gantt chart data to display.")
    return
# For each segment, compute a cell width based on its contents.
cell widths = []
top_cells = [] # process labels (e.g., "P1")
bottom_cells = [] # time intervals (e.g., "0 2")
for seg in gantt:
    pid, start, end = seg
    top text = f"P{pid}"
    bottom text = f"{start} {end}"
    # Compute cell width: add some padding so it looks nice.
    w = max(len(top_text), len(bottom_text)) + 4
    cell widths.append(w)
    top cells.append(top text.center(w))
    bottom cells.append(bottom text.center(w))
# Total width includes cell widths plus vertical dividers.
total width = (
    sum(cell_widths) + len(cell_widths) + 1
) # '|' for each cell and at the ends
# Build horizontal borders.
border line = "+" + "-" * (total width - 2) + "+"
mid border = "+"
for w in cell widths:
    mid border += "-" * w + "+"
# Build rows.
top row = "|" + "|".join(top cells) + "|"
bottom row = "|" + "|".join(bottom cells) + "|"
# Print the ASCII-art Gantt chart.
print("Gantt Chart:")
print(border_line)
print(top row)
print(mid_border)
print(bottom row)
print(border line)
```

```
def plot gantt chart(gantt, title):
    11 11 11
    Plots a Gantt chart using matplotlib.
    gantt: list of tuples (ProcessID, start time, end time)
    11 11 11
    , ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 2))
    # Assign a color for each process
    colors = {}
    color list = [
        "tab:blue",
        "tab:orange",
        "tab:green",
        "tab:red",
        "tab:purple",
        "tab:brown",
        "tab:pink",
        "tab:gray",
        "tab:olive",
        "tab:cyan",
    1
    for segment in gantt:
        pid, start, end = segment
        if pid not in colors:
            colors[pid] = color list[(pid - 1) % len(color list)]
        ax.broken_barh([(start, end - start)], (10, 9),
facecolors=(colors[pid]))
        # Label the segment in the middle
        ax.text(
            (start + end) / 2,
            15,
            f"P{pid}",
            ha="center",
            va="center",
            color="white",
            fontsize=9,
        )
    ax.set_ylim(5, 35)
    x max = max(segment[2] for segment in gantt) + 2
    ax.set_xlim(0, x_max)
    ax.set xlabel("Time")
    ax.set_title(title)
```

```
ax.set yticks([])
   plt.tight_layout()
   plt.show()
def print results(processes):
    Prints the process results in a formatted table using PrettyTable.
    table = PrettyTable()
    table.field names = [
        "P ID",
        "Arrival",
        "Burst",
        "Priority",
        "Start",
        "Completion",
        "Waiting",
        "Turnaround",
    1
    total_wt = 0
    total tat = 0
    for p in sorted(processes, key=lambda x: x["id"]):
        total wt += p["waiting time"]
        total_tat += p["turnaround_time"]
        table.add row(
            [
                p["id"],
                p["arrival time"],
                p["burst_time"],
                p["priority"],
                p.get("start time", 0),
                p["completion_time"],
                p["waiting_time"],
                p["turnaround time"],
            ]
        )
   print(table)
    avg wt = total wt / len(processes)
    avg_tat = total_tat / len(processes)
   print(f"\nAverage Waiting Time: {avg wt:.2f}")
    print(f"Average Turnaround Time: {avg_tat:.2f}\n")
```