

PS: One Sample Z test for TAs

Pablo E. Gutiérrez-Fonseca

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R practice.

```
df_water <- read.csv('C:/Users/Guti/OneDrive - University of Vermont/Curriculum/07_ Cursos/NR-2400/Prob  
head(df_water)
```

```
##      region  value  
## 1 North West 1782.4  
## 2 North East 1904.2  
## 3  Midlands 3070.1  
## 4   Anglian 1773.2  
## 5    Thames 1528.3  
## 6  Southern 1317.0
```

Define the parameters: mean and sd of the population, sample mean, sample size.

```
# Population mean (null hypothesis)  
population_mean <- 1644  
population_sd <- 497
```

```
# Calculate sample mean  
sample_mean <- mean(df_water$value, na.rm=TRUE)  
sample_mean
```

```
## [1] 1891.9
```

```
# Sample size  
n <- length(df_water$value)  
n
```

```
## [1] 10
```

Calculate the test statistic (z-score).

```
# Calculate the test statistic (z-score)  
z_score <- (sample_mean - population_mean) / (population_sd / sqrt(n))  
z_score
```

```
## [1] 1.577321
```

Define p-values.

```
# Calculate p-value for two-tailed test
p_value_two_tail <- 2 * (1 - pnorm(abs(z_score)))
# Calculate the p-value for the right-tailed test
p_value_right_tailed <- 1 - pnorm(z_score)
# Calculate the p-value for the left-tailed test
p_value_left_tailed <- pnorm(z_score)
```

Print estimated parameters.

```
# Print results
cat("Z-Score:", z_score)
```

```
## Z-Score: 1.577321
```

```
cat("Prob >|z|:", p_value_two_tail)
```

```
## Prob >|z|: 0.1147216
```

```
cat("Prob > z:", p_value_right_tailed)
```

```
## Prob > z: 0.05736082
```

```
cat("Prob < z:", p_value_left_tailed)
```

```
## Prob < z: 0.9426392
```