# Wisconsin Tax Details

# Soft Drinks

- Liquid
- Less than 0.5% alcohol
- Sweetened (natural or artificial)
- Does not contain milk or similar substitutes
- 50% or less fruit or vegetable juice
- CARBONATION DOES NOT MATTER!

# Candy

- Bar, drop, or piece
- Sweetened (natural or artificial)
- Does not contain flour
- Does not require refrigeration
- Combined with other ingredients

# Supplements

- Tablet, capsule, powder, or liquid
- Labeled as a supplement
- Includes bee pollen, garlic capsules, ginseng tablets, and zinc lozenges

# Prepared Food

- Sold in a heated state
- 2 or more ingredients not sold by weight or volume
- Plate, bowl, or cup provided
- Exclude bakery items unheated at time of sale.

- (a) The grocer is selling products which qualify for the exemption for "food and food ingredients" that are for human consumption.
- (b) The grocer is selling products to organizations which are exempt from Wisconsin sales tax (e.g., churches, federal governmental agencies, any federally recognized American Indian tribe or band in Wisconsin, Wisconsin state and local governmental agencies) and the organization provides the grocer with either:
  - (1) A certificate of exemption, indicating the organization's certificate of exempt status (CES) number (Note: In lieu of obtaining a certificate of exemption, the grocer may record the CES number on its copy of the bill of sale), or
  - (2) For federal and Wisconsin (state and local) governmental agencies, which includes public school districts, an exemption certificate indicating the governmental entity's CES number or a purchase order or similar written document from the governmental agency.
- (c) The grocer is selling products to customers who provide the grocer with an exemption certificate claiming an exemption from Wisconsin sales and use tax (e.g., resale).

## Food and Food Ingredients for Human Consumption

Exempt Food and Food Ingredients and Beverages: An exemption from Wisconsin sales and use tax is provided for all "food and food ingredients" except "candy," "dietary supplements," "prepared food," and "soft drinks." The following examples of food and food ingredients are exempt from Wisconsin sales tax, provided they do not meet the definition of "candy," "dietary supplements," "soft drinks," or "prepared foods."

Apple cider, sweet	Citrus fruits
Baby food	Cocoa
Bakery goods	Coffee beans, grounds, freeze dried, and coffee
Baking powder and soda	substitutes
Barbecue sauces	Coffee drinks that contain no sweeteners or that
Berries	contain a milk or milk product
Beverage powders	Condiments
Beverages that contain milk	Cones and ice cream cups
Biscuit mix	Cookies and crackers
Bottled water, unsweetened	Cooking oils
Bouillon cubes	Cream
Bread and rolls	Dairy products
Breakfast pastries	Deli items
Brownies	Desserts and toppings
Butter	Dinners, frozen
Cake mixes	Donuts
Cakes, prepared, mixes, and snack-type	Dressings
Canned foods	Dried fruits, unsweetened
Catsup	Dried milk products
Cereal and cereal products	Eggs
Cheese	Fish and fish products
Chicken	Flavoring extracts
Chip dip	Flour
Chips, potato, corn, and similar items	Food coloring
Chocolate, unsweetened or not sold in form of bars,	Frosting
drops, or pieces	Frozen desserts

## Exempt Food and Food Ingredients and Beverages (cont'd)

Frozen fruit juices

Frozen fruits and vegetables

Frozen pizza
Frozen TV dinners

Fruit

Fruit juices that contain more than 50% fruit juice

by volume Garlic Gelatin

Granola bars that contain flour Gravy extracts and mixes

Grits Hash Honey

Ice cream bars and similar products

Ice cream in cones

Ice cubes Jams Jellies

Juices that contain more than 50% fruit or vegetable

juice by volume

Ketchup Lobster Luncheon meats

Macaroni

Malted milk powder

Maraschino cherries not including chocolate

covered cherries Margarine

Marshmallow creme

Marshmallows that contain flour

Mayonnaise Meal

Meat and meat products

Meat extracts and tenderizers

Melons

Milk and milk products

Mustard Noodles

Nuts that are not candy Oil, cooking, salad Oleomargarine Olives

Pancake mix Pasta

Peanuts that are not candy

Peanut butter

Pectins Pepper Pickles

Pie and pie fillings Pie crust and mixes Popcorn, popped or

unpopped Popsicles Potato chips Potato salad

Poultry and poultry products Powdered drink mixes

Preserves
Pretzels
Puddings
Raisins
Ravioli
Relishes
Rice

Rolls and biscuits Salad dressing

Salt and salt substitutes

Salted nuts
Sardines
Seafood
Seasonings
Sherbet
Shortening
Soup

Spaghetti products

Spices Spreads Sugar Sweeteners Syrup

Tea bags, leaves or instant

Tea and ice tea beverages that are not sweetened

Trail mix with candy

Turkey

Vanilla and vanilla extract

Vegetable juices that contain more than 50% juice by

volume Vegetables Vinegar Waffle mix

Water, carbonated, unsweetened Water, flavored, unsweetened

Water, unsweetened

Yeast

Yogurt and yogurt bars, cones, and sundaes

**Taxable Food and Food Ingredients and Beverages:** There are many foods, food ingredients, and beverages sold in grocery stores that are subject to Wisconsin sales tax.

The following examples of products (including sales from vending machines) are subject to Wisconsin sales and use tax:

Alcoholic beverages

Anti-acid products

Aspirin

Baking chips, sweetened

Baking chocolate in the form of a bar, drop, or piece

that contains a sweetener

Beer

Beverage powders that are dietary supplements

Bottled water, sweetened

Breath mints

Cake decorations that are candy

Candied fruits

Candy

Candy apples

Caramel apples

Caramel corn

Chewing gum

Chocolate chips and other flavored chips, if

sweetened

Chocolate covered raisins and nuts

Cocktail mixes containing 50% or less fruit or

vegetable juice

Cod liver oil

Coffee drinks that contain sweeteners, unless it also

contains milk or a milk product

Confections that are candy

Cough drops

Deli items that are prepared food

Dietary supplements

Distilled spirits

Dried fruit with sweeteners

Fermented malt beverages

Flowers

Fruit drinks that contain a sweetener and have 50%

or less fruit juice by volume

Fruit snacks that contain a sweetener

Ginseng sold as a dietary supplement

Granola bars that are sweetened, unless they contain

flour

Gum

Heated foods and beverages

Honey roasted and honey coated nuts

Ice blocks

Intoxicating liquor

Juices that contain sweeteners and 50% or less fruit

or vegetable juice by volume

Lozenges

Marshmallows

Nuts that are candy, such as honey roasted cashews

Peanuts that are candy, such as honey roasted

peanuts

Popcorn that is candy, such as caramel corn

Potato salad that is prepared food

Powdered drink mixes that are dietary supplements

Prepared foods

Pretzels that are prepared food

Raisins that are candy, such as

yogurt coated raisins

Root beer

Salted nuts that are candy

Sandwiches that are prepared food

Seeds for planting

Soft drinks

Taffy apples

Tea drinks that contain sweeteners

Tonics

Vegetable juice that contains a sweetener and 50% or

less juice by volume

Vitamins

Water, sweetened

Yogurt covered raisins and nuts

#### **Prepackaged Food Combinations**

If a combination of taxable and nontaxable products that are distinct and identifiable, one or more of which is a food or food ingredient, are packaged together and:

(1) More than 50% of the retailer's purchase price or sales price as determined by the seller (but not a combination of both) of the products in the package are attributable to products that are subject to Wisconsin sales or use tax, the total sales price of the package is subject to Wisconsin sales or use tax.

(2) 50% or less of the retailer's purchase price or sales price as determined by the seller (but not a combination of both) is attributable to products that are subject to Wisconsin sales or use tax, the total sales price of the package is exempt from Wisconsin sales or use tax.

**Example:** A grocery store sells a package that contains crackers, meat, cheese, candy, and a soft drink. The grocery store purchased the package from Company. Of the grocery store's purchase price and selling price, 75% is attributable to the meat, cheese, and crackers (exempt products) and 25% is attributable to the candy and soft drink (taxable products). Since neither the retailer's purchase price nor selling price of the taxable products is greater than 50% of the retailer's purchase price or sales price of products that are subject to Wisconsin sales or use tax, the entire sales price of the package is exempt from Wisconsin sales or use tax.

## Fruit and Vegetable Juices and Drinks, Soft Drinks, Beer, Wine, and Liquor Sales

Fruit and Vegetable Juices and Drinks Exempt From Sales Tax: Sales of fruit and vegetable juices and drinks that contain more than 50% fruit or vegetable juice by volume, are exempt from Wisconsin sales tax. In addition, powders and frozen concentrates used to make fruit and vegetable juices or drinks are exempt from Wisconsin sales or use tax since they are not in liquid form and therefore do not meet the definition of "soft drink."

Fruit and Vegetable Juices and Drinks Subject to Wisconsin Sales Tax: Sales of fruit and vegetable juices and drinks which are not more than 50% fruit or vegetable juice by volume are subject to Wisconsin sales tax, unless they contain milk or milk products or soy, rice, or similar milk substitutes.

**Soft Drinks:** Sales of beverages that contain less than 0.5% alcohol by volume and which contain a natural or artificial sweetener are subject to Wisconsin sales or use tax. To be considered a beverage, the product must be sold in liquid form. However, if the beverage contains milk or milk products, soy, rice, or similar milk substitutes, or more than 50% vegetable or fruit juice by volume, it is not subject to Wisconsin sales or use tax as a soft drink. It may, however, be subject to Wisconsin sales or use tax if it meets the definition of prepared food or dietary supplement.

**Beer, Wine, and Liquor Sales:** Sales of beer, wine, and liquor are subject to Wisconsin sales and use tax as sales of alcoholic beverages if they are suitable for human consumption and contain 0.5% or more alcohol by volume. However, "cooking wines" are exempt from Wisconsin sales or use tax. **Note:** Non-alcoholic beers may be taxable as soft drinks if they contain a sweetener.

#### What about sales of other items?

For specific information about sales of other foods and food ingredients, and beverages sold by grocery stores, see the following sections of this publication:

- · "Bakery Sales and Purchases" on page 21,
- · "Catering Sales and Purchases" on page 27,
- · "Deli Sales and Purchases" on page 29,
- · "Meat Department Sales and Purchases" on page 36, and
- · "Vending Machine Sales and Purchases" on page 41.

#### Taxable Sales of Non-Food Items

A grocer's sales of non-food items (except as provided in the following section titled "Exempt Sales of Non-Food Items"), are subject to Wisconsin sales tax, unless the customer can claim an exemption (e.g., nonprofit, government, resale). Examples of non-food items sold by grocers that are subject to tax include, but are not limited to:

- Appliances, bakeware, and utensils, such as can openers, clocks, pots and pans, spoons, forks, and knives
- Auto supplies, such as oil, anti-freeze, cleaners, lubricants, and light bulbs
- Baby care supplies, such as diapers, wipes, pacifiers, bottles, and rattles
- Beauty supplies, such as make-up, hair spray, nails, nail polish, perfume, bobby pins, rollers, and jewel-ry
- Cameras, film, and other photography supplies
- Canning and freezing supplies, such as jars, lids, wrapping paper, and tape
- Cigars, cigarettes, tobacco, and lighters
- Cleaning supplies, such as wax, polishes, mops, brooms, pails, sponges, gloves, soap, laundry detergent, bleach, ammonia, bowl and drain cleaners, and air fresheners
- Electrical supplies, such as flashlights, bulbs, batteries, and fuses
- Garbage cans, bags, and wastebaskets
- Greeting cards, gifts, and wrapping paper
- Grilling supplies, such as charcoal, charcoal starter, rotisseries, and matches
- Grocery bags (disposable or reusable)
- Hardware supplies, such as nails, screws, nuts, bolts, paint and paint supplies, steel wool, and sandpaper
- Hygiene products, such as soap, shampoo, combs, deodorant, shaving cream, and razors
- Lawn and garden supplies, such as tools, hoses, fertilizers, flowers, seeds, and insect and pest control
  products
- Medical supplies and first aid products, such as aspirin, band-aids, cough drops, rubbing alcohol, ointments, and suntan lotion
- Music and video supplies, such as records, tapes, CD's, and head cleaners
- Office and school supplies, such as pens, pencils, crayons, note pads, binders, stationery, tape, glue, rubber bands, scissors, paper clips, staples, and staplers
- Paper and plastic products, such as napkins, paper towels, paper plates, and plastic utensils
- Pet food and supplies, such as collars, flea and tick spray, dog biscuits, and pet toys
- Reading materials such as books, magazines, and periodicals (newspapers are exempt from Wisconsin sales tax)
- Toiletries such as toilet paper, facial tissue, bubble bath, toothbrushes, and feminine hygiene products

- Toys and games, such as balls, board games, and dolls
- Water softener salt and conditioners
- Wearing apparel, linens, clothing, gloves, washcloths, hosiery, zippers, sewing supplies, thread, shoelaces and polish, sunglasses, stockings, and watches

#### **Exempt Sales of Non-Food Items**

A grocer's sales of non-food items which are exempt from Wisconsin sales tax and for which an exemption certificate is not needed include, but are not limited to:

- Newspapers
- Fuel for motor vehicles subject to tax under Chapter 78, Wis. Stats.
- Prescription drugs
- Durable medical equipment for home use
- Mobility-enhancing equipment
- Prosthetic devices
- United States and Wisconsin flags

### 2. Purchases of Inventory Items by Grocers

A grocer's purchases of items which are going to be resold may be made without Wisconsin sales and use tax. The grocer may be required to provide its supplier with an exemption certificate claiming resale.

**Exemption Certificate Not Required** - Items that qualify for the exemption for food and food ingredients for human consumption may be purchased by the grocer without Wisconsin sales and use tax and without issuing an exemption certificate. The list on pages 16 and 17 (*Exempt Food and Food Ingredients and Beverages*) shows examples of these items.

**Exemption Certificate Required -** Certain foods and food ingredients, and non-food items which a grocer purchases and resells, may be purchased without Wisconsin sales and use tax if the grocer provides the supplier with an exemption certificate claiming resale. The listing on page 18 (*Taxable Food and Food Ingredients and Beverages*) shows examples of these items. (**Note:** The products identified in the section titled "Exempt Sales of Non-Food Items" may be purchased without tax and without the issuance of an exemption certificate claiming resale.)

#### **B.** Bakery Sales and Purchases

#### 1. Sales by Bakeries

The taxability of bread, cakes, cookies, donuts, rolls, and other foods commonly made by bakeries and sold by the bakery or in grocery stores depends on whether the items are sold "heated" or otherwise meet the definition of prepared food or candy as defined in Part II. on pages 9 through 15. See Table 1 on page 22. Table 1 applies to sales of bakery items by a bakery or a grocery store regardless of whether the bakery or grocery store made the bakery items or purchased the bakery items already made from a third party.

**Note:** In order to determine the proper Wisconsin sales and use tax treatment of the sale of bakery items using Table 1, you must start at Question 1 in the table and stop at the first description that accurately describes the transaction in question and indicates "Taxable" or "Not Taxable."