This section defines the data files which specify what instruments are available. A precise definition of the file syntax is provided in Backaus-Naur form below. It must

- 1. begin with a "type" field consisting of type= followed by a description of a type which the system knows. This can be a constant, shorthand for one of the default generic types (at the moment: MIDI) or a file name (ending in .ck). In the case of a file name the system will check the first line for // type=. It will then attempt to match the remainder of the line to a value defined in the Server.ck file, at which point it should add the file to the virtual machine and instantiate an object. Note that this code will have to be added to Server.ck when a new instrument is added by a .ck.
- 2. follow this with a name, specified by name=name
- 3. the following in no particular order
  - a. A port, specified as port=number or name (if the name of the port is specified, it can be in quotes, but it is not required). Specification of multiple ports may not issue an error, but only a single one will be used and at least one must be given.
  - b. Zero or more translation lines input=message=output where input is the input midi status byte (disregarding channel), message is the OSC message that it becomes and output is the MIDI message sent to the instrument. The osc message will always have the typetag ii with the remaining two input midi bytes (or 0 if it is a smaller message) sent as arguments. In specifying the output message the special terms \$1 and \$2 can be used to refer to the first and second arguments of the osc message. The input status byte (and following = ) is optional, omitting it will cause the server to still listen for the specified OSC message and perform the appropriate transform, but will not set up the client to generate the OSC.
  - c. Zero or more notes, specified as note=<text> where <text> can be anything except a newline. These notes are displayed by the client on initialisation, so might include information about the ranges and limits of the instrument etc.

Note that messages that do not begin with the name of the instrument will have it prepended. Also if the default messages are not specified, they will be added. A file with 0 translation lines would cause the server to instantiate the object specified with just the default messages, which might be useful.

The files may also contain comments. These are indicated by a #, anything between a # and a linebreak is ignored.

## 0.1 Grammar

```
 \langle file \rangle & ::= \langle type \rangle \langle linebreak \rangle (\langle comment \rangle \langle linebreak \rangle)^* \langle name \rangle \langle linebreak \rangle \\ & (\langle comment \rangle \langle linebreak \rangle)^* (\langle file-element \rangle | \langle comment \rangle \langle linebreak \rangle)^* \\ & \langle type \rangle & ::= ``type="'\langle type-string \rangle [\langle comment \rangle] \langle linebreak \rangle \\ & \langle type-string \rangle & ::= ``MIDI"
```

```
::= ''name=''\langle name-string\rangle [\langle comment\rangle] \langle linebreak\rangle
\langle name \rangle
                                   ::= '[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9_]*'
\langle name\text{-}string \rangle
⟨file-element⟩
                                  ::= \langle midi-port \rangle
                                       \langle translation \rangle
                                           \langle note \rangle
\langle note \rangle
                                   ::= 'note=' '[^\n]*'
\langle midi-port \rangle
                        ::= 'port=' \langle midi-port-desc \rangle
\langle midi\text{-}port\text{-}desc \rangle ::= `[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9]*
\langle translation \rangle
                                   ::= [\langle input\text{-}status\text{-}byte \rangle '='] \langle osc\text{-}message\text{-}desc \rangle '=' \langle output\text{-}message\text{-}desc \rangle
                                           [\langle comment \rangle] \langle linebreak \rangle
\langle input\text{-}status\text{-}byte \rangle ::= \langle midi\text{-}stat\text{-}byte \rangle
\langle osc\text{-}message\text{-}desc \rangle ::= \text{`"'}\langle osc\text{-}addr\text{-}pat \rangle \langle osc\text{-}typetag \rangle \text{`"'}
\langle osc\text{-}addr\text{-}pat \rangle ::= ('/' \langle osc\text{-}string \rangle) +
\langle osc\text{-}typetag \rangle \qquad ::= `, ` \langle osc\text{-}type \rangle +
\langle osc\text{-}type \rangle
                                  ::= '[^\0]+'
\langle osc\text{-}string \rangle
\langle output\text{-}message\text{-}desc \rangle ::= \langle midi\text{-}message \rangle
                                     | future message types
                                   ::= \langle midi\text{-}stat\text{-}byte \rangle ', ' \langle midi\text{-}data\text{-}byte \rangle ', ' \langle midi\text{-}data\text{-}byte \rangle
\langle midi\text{-}message \rangle
                                  ::= 128-255
\langle midi\text{-}stat\text{-}byte \rangle
\langle midi\text{-}data\text{-}byte \rangle ::= 0\text{--}127
                                   |\langle osc\text{-}arg\rangle|
\langle osc\text{-}arg \rangle
                                ::= `\$'[1-2]
\langle comment \rangle ::= '#' any characters
```

## 0.2 Example

## 0.2.1 Basic MIDI File

## 0.2.2 Example Addition to Class Hierarchy

For a more useful example, see Kritaanjli.ck.

```
//type=EXTENDED_TYPE
_{2} /* ^^ has to be first line
  * EXTENDED TYPE must be defined in Server.ck
 * and this file must have been added to the VM by
  * Master.ck
  * a MIDI instrument that sends each
 * message on a different channel */
 public class ExtendedType extends MidiInstrument
10 {
     int chan;
     // need to do some init
     fun int init( OscRecv input, FileIO file )
14
        // file contains this file
        // we will just hardcode the default msgs
        "ext" => name; // name is a field in Instrument
        string patterns[0];
        MidiMsgContainer noteMsg;
        MidiDataByte d1, d2;
20
        d1.set( MidiDataByte.INT_VAL );
        d2.set( MidiDataByte.INT_VAL );
        noteMsg.set( 144, d1, d2 );
        noteMsg @=> transform_table["/ext/note,ii"];
        MidiMsgContainer cntMsg;
        MidiDataByte d3, d4;
        d3.set( MidiDataByte.INT_VAL );
```

```
d4.set( MidiDataByte.INT_VAL );
        cntMsg.set( 176, d3, d4 );
30
        cntMsg @=> transform_table["/ext/control,ii"];
32
        // choose a MIDI port for output
        if ( !setMidiPort( 0 ) )
        {
            cherr <=
36
               "Extended Type could not open MIDI port"
                  <= IO.nl();
38
            return false;
        }
        // let Instrument set up OSC listeners
42
        patterns << "/ext/note, ii";</pre>
        patterns << "/ext/control, ii";</pre>
        return __init( input, patterns );
     }
     fun void handleMessage( OscEvent evt, string addrpat )
        if ( transform_table.find( addrpat ) )
50
        {
            // get message define
            transform_table[addrpat].getMsg( event )
               @=> MidiMsg msg;
54
            if ( msg != null )
               chan +=> msg.data1;
               16 %=> ++chan;
               mout.send( msg );
            }
60
  }
```