COMS W4111 PROJECT 1 PART 2

THREE QUERIES

1. This query will get the match outcomes (i.e. total scores) of all matches that Peter Grantcharov bet on. It will display the bet type (over/under, moneyline, or pointspread), the side that Peter Grantcharov bet on (over or under if for over/under bet, otherwise visiting team or home team), the bet amount, the odds (return = amount * odds for win), the cover (total points needed to exceed for over/under, otherwise amount of points needed for bet side to win by), the game date, and the final scores. It requires three inner joins.

```
SELECT
tmp3.name AS Type,
tmp3.odds side AS Side,
tmp3.bet size AS Amount,
tmp3.odds payout AS Odds,
tmp3.odds line AS Cover,
g.game time AS Game Date,
g.home q1 score + g.home q2 score +
g.home q3 score + g.home q4 score +
g.home ot score AS Home Score,
g.away q1 score + g.away q2 score +
g.away q3 score + g.away q4 score +
g.away ot score AS Away Scor
FROM (
  SELECT *
  FROM (
    SELECT *
    FROM (
      SELECT pb.o id AS o id, pb.bet size AS bet size
      FROM place bet AS pb
      WHERE pb.u id = (
        SELECT u.u id
        FROM users AS u
        WHERE u.first name = 'Peter'
        AND u.last name = 'Grantcharov'
    ) AS tmp1 INNER JOIN make odds AS mo
    ON tmp1.o id = mo.o id
  ) AS tmp2 INNER JOIN bet type AS bt
  ON tmp2.bt id = bt.bt id
) as tmp3 INNER JOIN game as g
ON tmp3.g id = g.g id;
```

RESULT:

type	side	amount	odds	cover	game_date	home_score	away_score
overunder overunder (2 rows)					2018-10-31 20:00:00 2018-10-26 20:00:00	128 95	125 125

2. This query gets all instances of players who had a 40 point game. It returns the player names, the amount of points scored, and the game date.

```
SELECT p.first_name, p.last_name, tmp2.points, tmp2.game_time
FROM player AS p RIGHT OUTER JOIN (
    SELECT tmp1.p_id, tmp1.points, g.game_time
    FROM (
        SELECT pgs.p_id, pgs.points, pgs.g_id
        FROM player_game_stats AS pgs
        WHERE pgs.points > 39) AS tmp1
    INNER JOIN game AS g
    ON tmp1.g_id = g.g_id
) AS tmp2
ON p.p_id = tmp2.p_id
```

RESULT:

Kemba Walker 41 2018-10-17 19:00:00 Blake Griffin 50 2018-10-23 19:00:00 Stephen Curry 51 2018-10-24 22:30:00 Damian Lillard 41 2018-10-25 19:00:00 Kevin Durant 41 2018-10-26 19:30:00	first_name	last_name	points	game_time
Damian Lillard 42 2018-10-27 20:00:00 Klay Thompson 52 2018-10-29 20:00:00 Derrick Rose 50 2018-10-31 20:00:00	Blake Stephen Damian Kevin Damian Klay	Griffin Curry Lillard Durant Lillard Thompson	50 51 41 41 42 52	2018-10-23 19:00:00 2018-10-24 22:30:00 2018-10-25 19:00:00 2018-10-26 19:30:00 2018-10-27 20:00:00 2018-10-29 20:00:00

3. This query gets the total amount of points scored by LeBron James in October of 2018.

```
SELECT SUM(pgs.points) AS Points
FROM player_game_stats AS pgs
WHERE pgs.p_id = (
    SELECT p.p_id
    FROM player AS p
    WHERE p.first_name = 'LeBron'
    AND p.last_name = 'James')
AND pgs.g_id IN (
    SELECT g.g_id
    FROM game AS g
    WHERE EXTRACT(MONTH FROM g.game_time) = 10
    AND EXTRACT(YEAR FROM g.game_time) = 2018
);
```

RESULT:

```
points
-----
222
(1 row)
```

APPLICATION CHANGES

Macro-level schema changes:

- 1) Removed REFEREE and ARENA entities (along with their relationships to the MATCH entity)
- 2) Created BET TYPE entity
- 3) Aggregated the odds lines (attribute in MAKE_ODDS relationship between SPORTSBOOK and BET_TYPE)
- 4) Removed BET entity
- 5) Removed *at least one* participation constraint between PLAYER and PLAYED_IN, as well as for GAME and PLAYED_IN

Justification for changes:

- 1) We removed these two entities for the sole reason that they did not serve any purpose other than populating our database with more entities. As our application vision was developing, however, our schema became fairly involved on its own (currently contains 9 interconnected tables), and as such, we discarded them as they were no longer necessary.
- 2) By having a BET_TYPE entity, we significantly reduce the amount of attributes in our database, plus it allows for seamless integration of new betting types. Our previous schema had separate attributes for the different bet types (moneyline, spread, and total), and since not all sportsbooks post betting lines for all bet types for all matches, this would've resulted in a very high proportion of missing values. As a quick example, the previous MAKE_ODDS table would have been constructed of tuples in the format (g_id, sb_id, odds_time, h_money_line, a_money_line, h_spread, v_spread, over_line, under_line, spread_value, over_under_value), which we have now reduced to (o_id, g_id, sb_id, bt_id, odds_time, odds_side, odds_payout, odds_line), where bt_id is the bet type id.
- 3) Based on how we constructed our CREATE TABLE statements in our proposal, this was actually already done. However, our ER diagram did not properly reflect this, so we have noted this change here.
- 4) The BET entity showed in our ER diagram in the proposal effectively served no purpose based on how we constructed the CREATE TABLE statements, and this has been reflected in our updated version.
- 5) This constraint was removed because it would complicate matters when inserting new players and games into the database, as they would all have to be done by a transactional process. Further, we would like to be able to store players in the database before they have played a game, and the previous constraints would not allow this.

Micro-level schema changes:

- 1) The PLACE_BET table was also compressed significantly by the changes outlined in 2).
- 2) We added an integer o_id (odds_id) as a primary key to the MAKE_ODDS table as it would allow us to only have to use a single foreign key attribute when referring to a unique odds line in PLACE BET, rather than a tuple of five attributes in MAKE ODDS.
- 3) A few data types were also altered, notably g_id (used in four tables), was made to a VARCHAR(12).

The updated SQL schema can be found below:

```
-- stand alone tables
CREATE TABLE player (
     p id int PRIMARY KEY,
     first name text NOT NULL,
     last name text NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE team (
     t id int PRIMARY KEY,
     name text NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE users (
     u id int PRIMARY KEY,
     name text NOT NULL,
     password text NOT NULL
CREATE TABLE sportsbook (
     sb id int PRIMARY KEY,
     name text NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE bet type (
     bt id int PRIMARY KEY,
     name text NOT NULL
);
-- sportsbook table
CREATE TABLE game (
     g id VARCHAR (12) PRIMARY KEY,
     game time timestamp NOT NULL,
     t id home int REFERENCES team (t id),
     t id away int REFERENCES team (t id),
     CHECK (t id home != t id away),
     home q1 score int NOT NULL,
     home q2 score int NOT NULL,
     home q3 score int NOT NULL,
     home q4 score int NOT NULL,
     away q1 score int NOT NULL,
     away q2 score int NOT NULL,
     away_q3_score int NOT NULL,
     away q4 score int NOT NULL,
     home ot score int,
     away of score int,
     CHECK (
           home q1 score >= 0 AND
           home q2 score >= 0 AND
           home q3 score >= 0 AND
           home q4 score >= 0 AND
           away q1 score >= 0 AND
           away q2 score >= 0 AND
           away_q3_score >= 0 AND
           away q4 score >= 0
     ),
```

```
CHECK (
          home ot score >= 0 OR
          home ot score IS NULL
     ),
     CHECK (
         away ot score >= 0 OR
          away ot score IS NULL
     )
);
CREATE TABLE player game stats (
     g id VARCHAR (12) REFERENCES game (g id) ON DELETE NO ACTION,
     p id int REFERENCES player (p id) ON DELETE NO ACTION,
     PRIMARY KEY (g id, p id),
     t id int REFERENCES team (t id),
     minutes played float NOT NULL,
     field goals made int NOT NULL,
     field goal attempts int NOT NULL,
     three pointers made int NOT NULL,
     three point attempts int NOT NULL,
     free throws made int NOT NULL,
     free throw attempts int NOT NULL,
     offensive rebounds int NOT NULL,
     defensive rebounds int NOT NULL,
     assists int NOT NULL,
     steals int NOT NULL,
     blocks int NOT NULL,
     turnovers int NOT NULL,
     personal fouls int NOT NULL,
     points int NOT NULL,
     plus minus int NOT NULL,
     offensive rebound percentage float NOT NULL,
     defensive rebound percentage float NOT NULL,
     total rebound percentage float NOT NULL,
     assist percentage float NOT NULL,
     steal percentage float NOT NULL,
     block percentage float NOT NULL,
     turnover percentage float NOT NULL,
     usage percentage float NOT NULL,
     offensive rating int NOT NULL,
     defensive rating int NOT NULL,
     CHECK (
           field goals made <= field goal attempts AND
           three pointers made <= three point attempts AND
           free throws made <= free throw attempts
     ),
     CHECK (
          minutes played >= 0 AND
           field goals made >= 0 AND
           field goal attempts >= 0 AND
           three pointers made >= 0 AND
           three point attempts >= 0 AND
           free throws made >= 0 AND
           free throw attempts >= 0 AND
```

```
offensive rebounds >= 0 AND
           defensive rebounds >= 0 AND
           steals >= 0 AND
          blocks >= 0 AND
           turnovers >= 0 AND
          personal fouls >= 0 AND
          points >= 0 AND
          offensive rebound percentage >= 0 AND
           offensive rebound percentage <= 100 AND
           defensive rebound percentage >= 0 AND
           defensive rebound percentage <= 100 AND
           total rebound percentage >= 0 AND
           total rebound percentage <= 100 AND
           assist percentage >= 0 AND
           assist percentage <= 100 AND
           steal percentage >= 0 AND
           steal percentage <= 100 AND
          block percentage >= 0 AND
          block percentage <= 100 AND
           turnover percentage >= 0 AND
           turnover percentage <= 100 AND
           usage percentage >= 0 AND
           usage percentage <= 100 AND
           offensive rating >= 0 AND
           defensive rating >= 0
     )
);
CREATE TABLE make odds (
     o id int PRIMARY KEY,
     g id VARCHAR (12) REFERENCES game (g id) ON DELETE NO ACTION,
     sb id int REFERENCES sportsbook (sb id) ON DELETE NO ACTION,
     bt id int REFERENCES bet type (bt id) ON DELETE NO ACTION,
     odds time timestamp NOT NULL,
     odds side char NOT NULL,
     CHECK (
          odds side = 'H' OR
          odds side = 'V' OR
          odds side = 'O' OR
          odds side = 'U'
     ),
     UNIQUE (g id, sb id, bt id, odds time, odds side),
     odds payout float NOT NULL,
     CHECK (odds payout >= 1), -- will use decimal odds
     odds line float NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE place bet (
     o id int REFERENCES make odds (o id),
     bet time timestamp NOT NULL,
     u id int REFERENCES users (u id) ON DELETE NO ACTION,
     bet size decimal (12, 2) NOT NULL,
     CHECK (bet size > 0),
     PRIMARY KEY (o id, bet time, u id)
);
```