## Verteilungen

21.04.2022

#### Bibliotheken laden, Hilfsfunktion

```
library(stringr) # String-verarbeitung
library(ggplot2) # moderne plots

debug <- T  # debug output
debug <- F  # kein debug output
Log <- function(string) {
   if(debug){print(string)}
}</pre>
```

#### Resistenzen\_U.csv o. Resistenzen\_LE8000.csv o.Resistenzen\_GT8000.csv einlesen

```
Diese Tabellen wurden von Resistenzen.Rmd erzeugt. Sie evtl. auch ansehen
```

```
Schicht <- "GT8000"
Schicht <- "U"
Schicht <- "LE8000"

Resistenzen <- read.csv(paste("Resistenzen_",Schicht,".csv",sep=""))

# csv raussschreiben u. wieder einlesen fügt vorne Index-Spalte an; diese entfernen :
Resistenzen[,1] <- NULL

if(debug){View(Resistenzen)}</pre>
```

#### Verteilungen

```
# Hilfs-Dataframes, implizit sollte genügen!
ResistenzenWM1 <- Resistenzen["WM.group"] == "1",] #
                                                                     waste milk Group
ResistenzenWM2 <- Resistenzen[Resistenzen["WM.group"] == "2",] # no waste milk Group
#if(debug){View(ResistenzenWM2)}
ResistenzenOLSO <- Resistenzen[Resistenzen["OLS.group"] == "0",] # other livestock Group
ResistenzenOLS1 <- Resistenzen[Resistenzen["OLS.group"] == "1",] # no other livestock Group
#if(debug){View(ResistenzenOLS0); View(ResistenzenOLS1)}
ResistenzenIACO <- Resistenzen[Resistenzen["IAC.group"] == "0",] # ill animals in calving box Group
ResistenzenIAC1 <- Resistenzen[Resistenzen["IAC.group"] == "1",] # no ill animals in calving box Group
#if(debug){View(ResistenzenIAC0); View(ResistenzenIAC1)}
ResistenzenHSCO <- Resistenzen[Resistenzen["HSC.group"] == "0",] # stable w\o outlet
ResistenzenHSC1 <- Resistenzen[Resistenzen["HSC.group"] == "1",] # stable with outlet
ResistenzenHSC2 <- Resistenzen[Resistenzen["HSC.group"] == "2",] # outdoors
ResistenzenHSC3 <- Resistenzen[Resistenzen["HSC.group"] == "3",] # 0+1
ResistenzenHSC4 <- Resistenzen[Resistenzen["HSC.group"] == "4",] # 1+2
ResistenzenHSC5 <- Resistenzen[Resistenzen["HSC.group"] == "5",] # 0+2
\#if(debuq)\{View(ResistenzenHSC0); View(ResistenzenHSC1); View(ResistenzenHSC2); View(ResistenzenHSC3); View(ResistenzenHSC3)\}\}
```

Graphiken und Deskriptive Analyse: Für diesen Fall analysieren wir die (meist links und/oder rechts abgeschnittenen) Verteilungen

```
graphisch <- function(groups,antib, anfang,ende, schrittBin,schrittLab) {</pre>
 if (ende < 0) {
                         # kleiner Trick um zusätzliches Funktionsargument zu vermeiden
   Ende=F
   ende = -ende
 } else{
   Ende=T
 Log(paste("Ende, ende =",Ende,ende))
 dir.create(paste("verteilungen ",Schicht,sep=""))
                                                       # directory for writing the plots
 if(groups == "WM.group" ){
   listdfs <- list(Resistenzen , ResistenzenWM1 , ResistenzenWM2 ) # implizit sollte genügen! (Vektor klappt
   Titel <- c( "WM or not", "WM ", "no WM ")
 }
  if(groups == "OLS.group" ){
   listdfs <- list(Resistenzen
                               , ResistenzenOLS1 , ResistenzenOLS0 )
   Titel <- c( "OLS or not", "OLS
                                   ", "no OLS ")
  if(groups == "IAC.group" ){
   Titel <- c( "IAC or not", "IAC ", "no IAC ")
 }
 if(groups == "HSC.group"){
   ResistenzenHSC2, ResistenzenHSC3, ResistenzenHSC4, ResistenzenHSC5)
   Titel <- c( "arbitrary HSC ",
                                                                                 ","3 = 0 + 1
                 "0: stable w\\o outlet", "1: stable with outlet", "2: outdoors
 }
 for (i in 2:length(Titel)){
                            # nicht 1. plot "XY oder nicht" deskriptive Statistik - geht sicher o. eigene D.
   DF <- listdfs[[i]]</pre>
                              # listdfs kürzer: nur hier explizit?
   numstrings <- str_replace(DF[[antib]], paste0("<=",anfang), as.character(anfang))</pre>
   # z.B. "1" als numerischer Platzhalter für "<=1"
   numstrings <- str_replace(numstrings</pre>
                                            , paste0(">",ende) , as.character(ende)) #+1))
   # z.B. "33" als numerischer Platzhalter für ">32"
   numbers <- as.numeric(numstrings ) # jetzt alles als Zahlen</pre>
   Log("numbers =");Log(numbers)
   \# Median könnte im "<=" Bereich liegen oder im ">=", entsprechend reagieren:
   median <- median(numbers, na.rm=T) # (na.rm=T fürs Lesen aus file, vorher war das "NA")
   rel <- "="
                                   # Relations-Symbol
   Log(paste( "median, anfang =", median, anfang ))
   if(median == anfang){
     rel <- "<="
   if(Ende && median == ende){
     rel <- ">"
   print(paste(antib,"- Resistance,", Titel[i], ":"))
   if (Ende && (max(numbers, na.rm=T) > ende)) { # gibt overflow bin, ist nicht leer: Verteilung nicht nach oben b
     # kleinste Werte kleinstmöglich und grösste Werte kleinstmöglich ergibt Mindestwert des Mittelwertes
     mean <- mean(replace(numbers, numbers==anfang, 0), na.rm=T)</pre>
     print(paste(" Mean >= ", mean ))
     print("")
   } else {
                              # Verteilung nach oben beschränkt
```

```
if (anfang %in% numbers) { # Verteilung nach oben beschränkt, nicht nach unten
                                 # (underflow bin gibt's FAST immer)
                                          # kleinste Werte grösstmöglich gibt Höchstwert des Mittelwertes
      mean1 <- mean(numbers, na.rm=T)</pre>
      numbers0 <- replace(numbers, numbers==anfang, 0) # kleinste Werte kleinstmöglich
      mean0 <- mean(numbers0, na.rm=T)</pre>
                                                                    #
                                                                         ergibt Mindestwert des Mittelwertes
      print(paste(" Mean in ", sprintf("%.3f",mean0), "...", sprintf("%.3f",mean1) ))
      print("")
    } else {
                                 # Verteilung nach oben und unten beschränkt : einfachster Fall
      print(paste(" Mean = ", sprintf("%.3f", mean(numbers, na.rm=T)) ) )
      print("")
    }
  }
}
DF2 <- Resistenzen
numstrings <- str_replace(DF2[[antib]], paste0("<=",anfang), as.character(anfang)) # \\ OBEN SCHON: factor ou
# z.B. "1" als numerischer Platzhalter für "<=1"
                                               , paste0(">",ende) , as.character(ende)) #+1))
numstrings <- str_replace(numstrings</pre>
# z.B. "33" als numerischer Platzhalter für ">32"
numbers <- as.numeric(numstrings) # jetzt alles als Zahlen
Log(3)
DF2$numbers <- numbers
Log("i, numbers=");Log(i);Log(numbers)
# https://stackoverflow.com/questions/23944355/r-hist-right-left-clump-binning war hier eine Inspiration,
# fieseln für die tick labels weil R sonst aus Platzproblemen das wichtige letzte tick label unterdrückt:
if(Ende) {
  seqAt <- seq(schrittBin</pre>
                                    ,ende+schrittBin,by=schrittLab) # kleineres ende+... klappt nicht
  seqAt[length(seqAt)] <- seqAt[length(seqAt)]-schrittBin</pre>
                                                                     # also zurückkorrigieren
  \#seqAt \leftarrow seq(schrittBin , ende+0.001, by=schrittLab)
} else {
  seqAt <- seq(schrittBin,ende</pre>
                                           ,by=schrittLab) # 1 Bin weniger
Log("seqAt:"); Log(seqAt)
seqLab <- seq(schrittBin+schrittLab,ende</pre>
                                                    ,by=schrittLab)
seqLab <- seq(schrittBin</pre>
                                   ,ende+schrittBin,by=schrittLab)
Log("seqLab:");Log(seqLab)
seqLab_cutR <- seqLab[1:length(seqLab)-1]</pre>
Log("seqLab_cutR:");Log(seqLab_cutR)
seqLab_cutLR <- seqLab_cutR[2:length(seqLab_cutR)]</pre>
Log("seqLab_cutLR:");Log(seqLab_cutLR)
Labels <- c(paste0("<=",anfang),seqLab_cutLR)
Log("Labels, 1:");Log(Labels)
if(Ende) { Labels <- c(Labels,paste0(">",ende)) }
Log("Labels, 2:");Log(Labels)
Ylab <- "Frequency"
Xlab <- "Dose"</pre>
Log("breaks="); Log(seqAt)
Log("labels ="); Log(Labels)
plot <- ggplot(DF2, aes(x=numbers)) +</pre>
  scale_x_continuous(trans = "log10", breaks=seqAt, labels=Labels, limits=c(anfang*.8,ende*1.2)) +
  # limits=anfang...ende aber bisschen mehr um dort zu plotten
```

```
# -0.01 o. *0.9; +1 o. *1.1 genügt nicht
  geom_histogram()
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(size=12)) +
                                                 # HSC.group kleben die labels oft aneinander
  theme(axis.text.y = element_text(size=12)) +
                                                 # aber das ist kaum zu ändern: mit < 12 nimmt R oft noch mehr t
  xlab(Xlab) + ylab(Ylab)
 facet_grid(reformulate(".",groups))
                                                              geschichtet. reformulate gibt Formel (IAC.group ~
                                                 # vertikal
  #facet_grid(reformulate(groups,".")) +
                                                 # horizontal geschichtet - war weniger schön.
  ggtitle(paste(antib, "for different", groups, "
                                                (MY group", Schicht,")"))
print(plot)
ggsave(paste("verteilungen_",Schicht,"/verteilung_", Schicht,"_",groups,"_",antib,".png", sep=""))
```

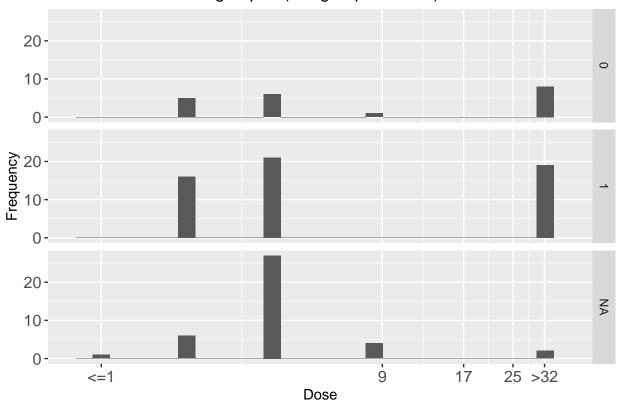
#### Ill Animals in Calving Box - Gruppen

graphisch("IAC.group", "AMP", 1,32, 1,8)

Mit "IAC" abgekürzt.

```
## [1] "AMP - Resistance, IAC :"
## [1] " Median = 4"
## [1] " Mean = 12.929"
## [1] ""
## [1] "AMP - Resistance, no IAC :"
## [1] " Median = 4"
## [1] " Mean = 14.900"
## [1] ""
```

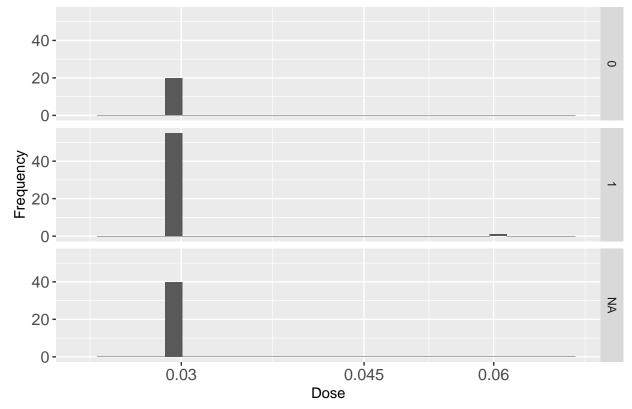
#### AMP for different IAC.group (MY group LE8000)



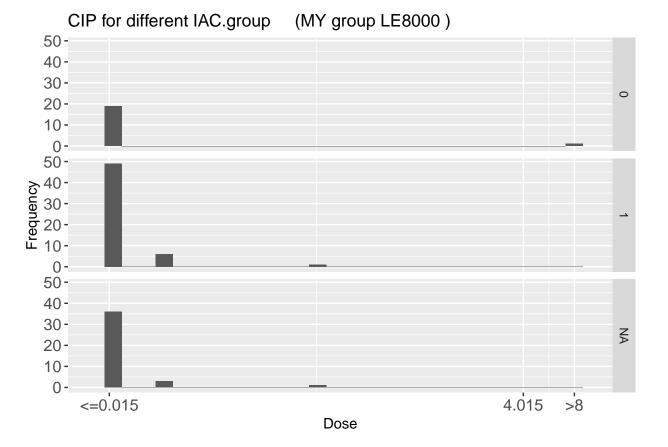
```
graphisch("IAC.group", "MERO", 0.03,-0.06, 0.015,0.015)
```

```
## [1] "MERO - Resistance, IAC :"
## [1] " Median <= 0.03"
```

## MERO for different IAC.group (MY group LE8000)



```
graphisch("IAC.group", "CIP", 0.015, 8, 0.015, 4)
```

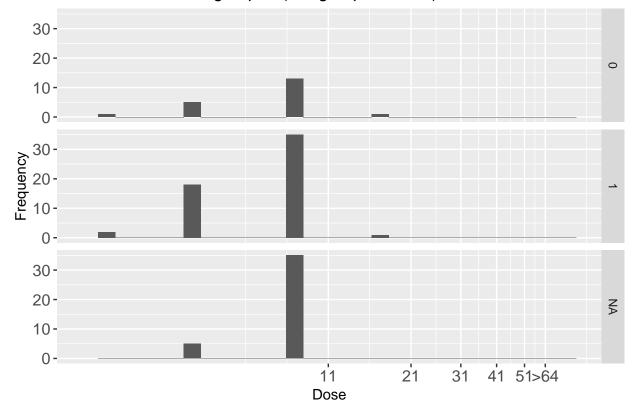


1,10)

```
## [1] "AZI - Resistance, IAC :"
## [1] " Median = 8"
## [1] " Mean in 6.571 ... 6.643"
## [1] ""
## [1] "AZI - Resistance, no IAC :"
## [1] " Median = 8"
## [1] " Mean in 7.000 ... 7.100"
## [1] ""
```

graphisch("IAC.group","AZI" , 2,64,

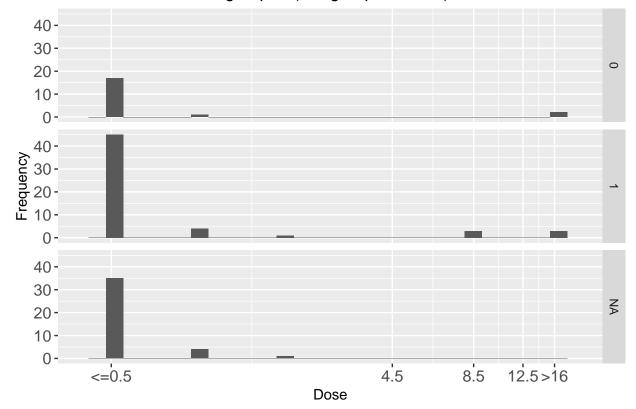
# AZI for different IAC.group (MY group LE8000)



0.5 ,

graphisch("IAC.group", "GEN" , 0.5 , 16 ,

## GEN for different IAC.group (MY group LE8000)



```
graphisch("IAC.group", "TGC" , 0.25 , -0.5 , 0.25 , 0.25 )

## [1] "TGC - Resistance, IAC :"

## [1] " Median <= 0.25"</pre>
```

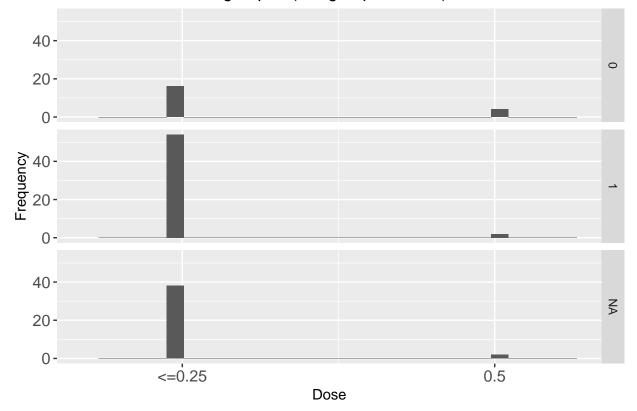
## [1] "" ## [1] "TGC - Resistance, no IAC :"

## [1] " Median <= 0.25"
## [1] " Mean in 0.100 0.300"

## [1] " Mean in 0.018 ... 0.259"

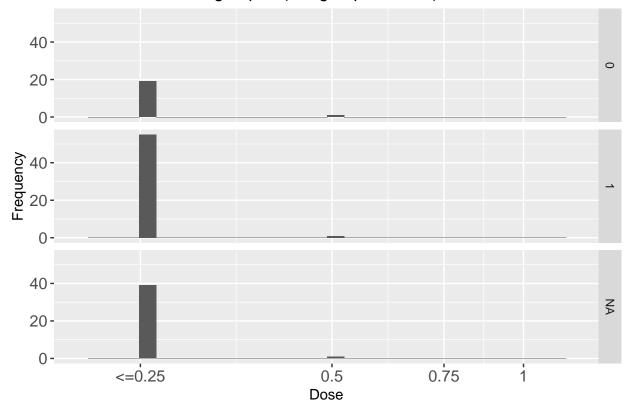
## [1] " Mean in 0.100 ... 0.300"

## TGC for different IAC.group (MY group LE8000)



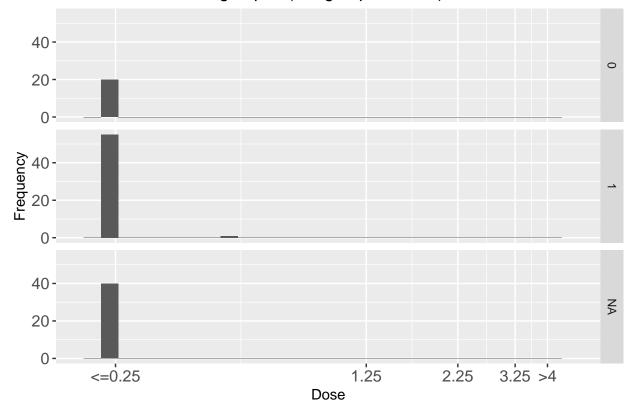
```
graphisch("IAC.group", "TAZ", 0.25,-1, 0.25,0.25)
```

# TAZ for different IAC.group (MY group LE8000)

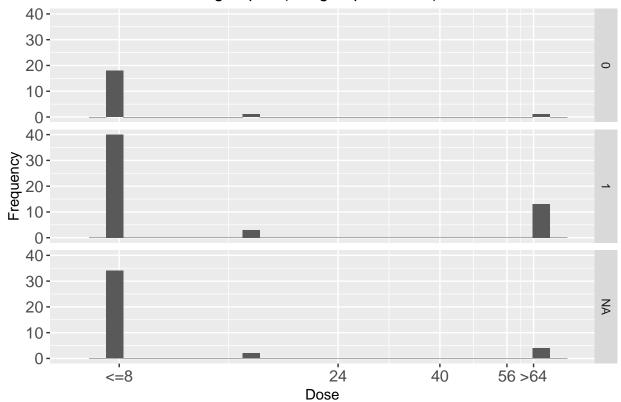


graphisch("IAC.group", "FOT", 0.25,4, 0.25,1

## FOT for different IAC.group (MY group LE8000)

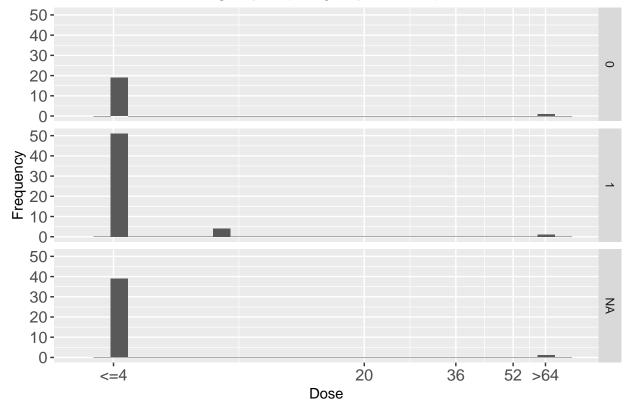


## CHL for different IAC.group (MY group LE8000)



```
graphisch("IAC.group", "NAL", 4,64, 4,16 )
```

## NAL for different IAC.group (MY group LE8000)

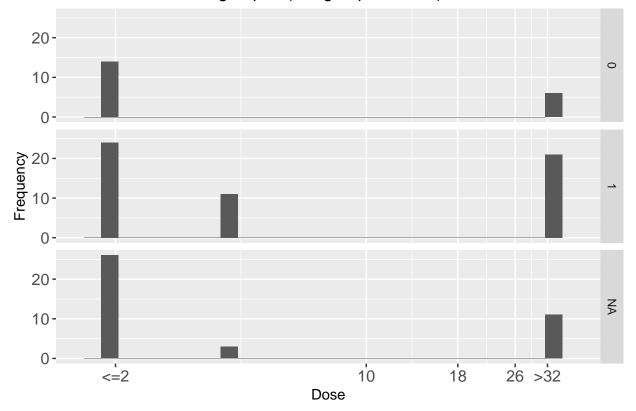


```
## [1] "TET - Resistance, IAC :"
## [1] " Median = 4"
## [1] " Mean in 12.786 ... 13.643"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TET - Resistance, no IAC :"
## [1] " Median <= 2"
## [1] " Mean in 9.600 ... 11.000"</pre>
```

## [1] ""

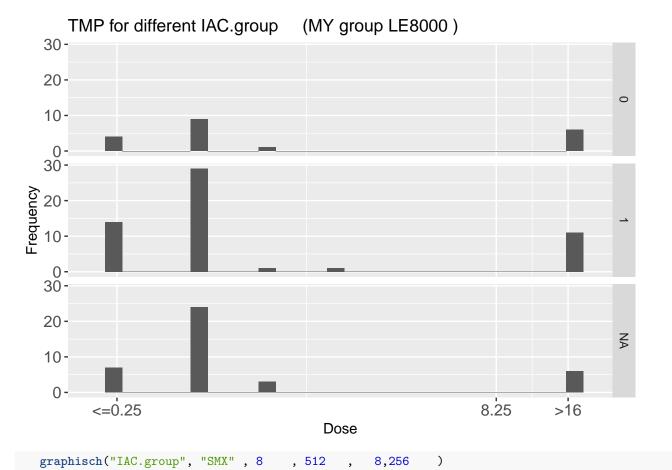
graphisch("IAC.group", "TET" , 2,32, 2,8

## TET for different IAC.group (MY group LE8000)



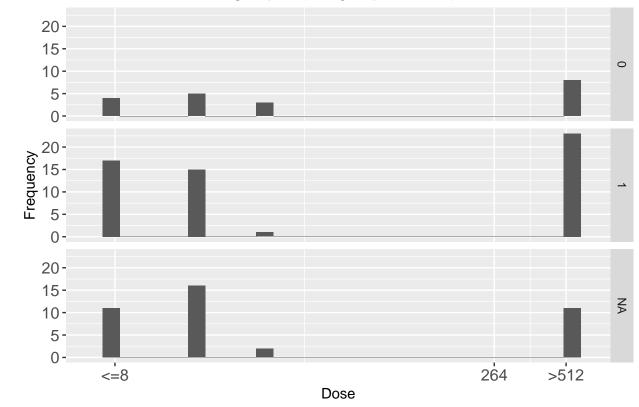
```
## [1] "TMP - Resistance, IAC :"
## [1] " Median = 0.5"
## [1] " Mean in 3.455 ... 3.518"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TMP - Resistance, no IAC :"
## [1] " Median = 0.5"
## [1] " Mean in 5.075 ... 5.125"
```

graphisch("IAC.group", "TMP" , 0.25 , 16 , 0.25,8



```
## [1] "SMX - Resistance, IAC :"
## [1] " Median = 16"
## [1] " Mean in 215.143 ... 217.571"
## [1] ""
## [1] "SMX - Resistance, no IAC :"
## [1] " Median = 32"
## [1] " Mean in 213.600 ... 215.200"
## [1] ""
```

#### SMX for different IAC.group (MY group LE8000)



#stop the script - by error

Die Mittelwerte der Resistenz sind für 5 Antibiotika vergleichbar (AMP, MERO, TGC, TAZ, CHL), für GEN tendenziell grösser im Fall *Ill Animals in Calving box*, für 3 Antibiotika tendenziell kleiner in diesem Fall (ZIP, AZI, NAL), für TET definitv grösser in diesem Fall und für 3 Antibiotika definitiv kleiner in diesem Fall (FOT, TMP, SMX). Diese Relationen sind im wesentlichen gleich gerichtet wie in WM - keine WM.

Der Vergleich des Medians der 2 Gruppen zeigt Unterschiede nur für TET und SMX, in der gleichen Richtung wie der Mittelwert. Deshalb diskutiere ich den Median nicht weiter.

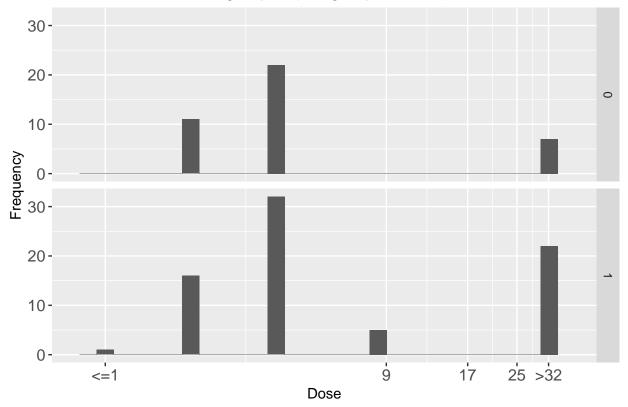
#### Other Live Stock - Gruppen

Mit "OLS" abgekürzt.

```
graphisch("OLS.group", "AMP", 1,32, 1,8)
## [1] "AMP - Resistance, OLS :"
```

```
## [1] " Median = 4"
## [1] " Mean in 11.895 ... 11.908"
## [1] ""
## [1] "AMP - Resistance, no OLS :"
## [1] " Median = 4"
## [1] " Mean = 8.350"
## [1] ""
```

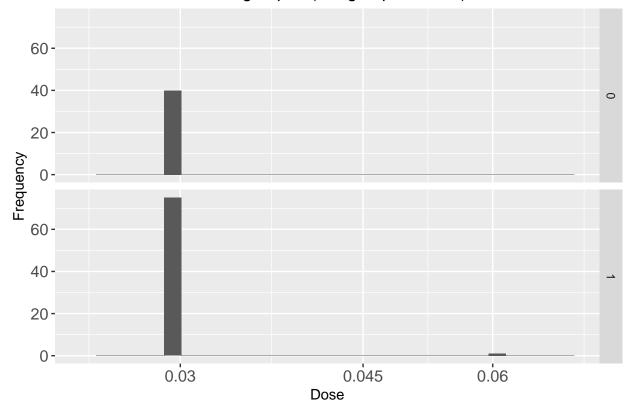
# AMP for different OLS.group (MY group LE8000)



## [1] "MERO - Resistance, no OLS ## [1] " Median <= 0.03"

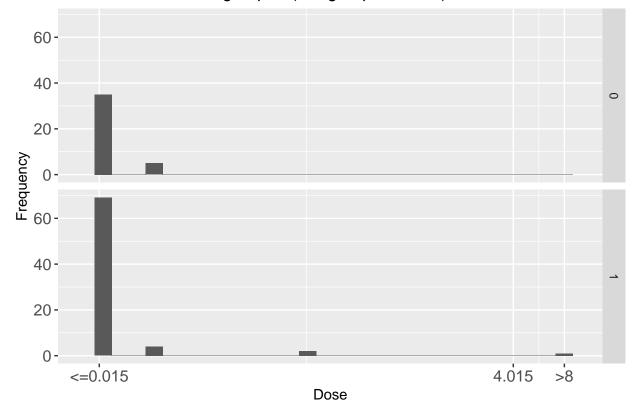
## [1] " Mean in 0.000 ... 0.030"

# MERO for different OLS.group (MY group LE8000)



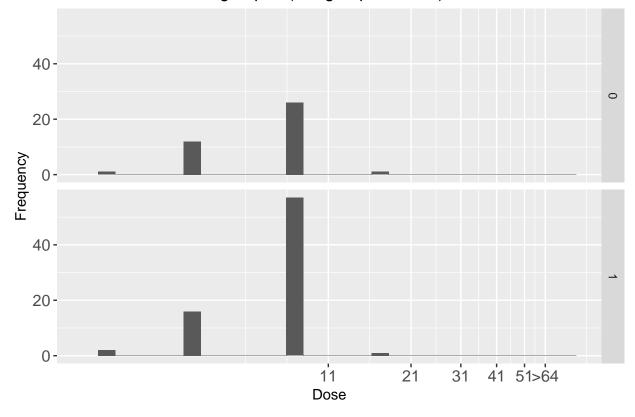
## [1] " Median <= 0.015" ## [1] " Mean in 0.004 ... 0.017"

# CIP for different OLS.group (MY group LE8000)



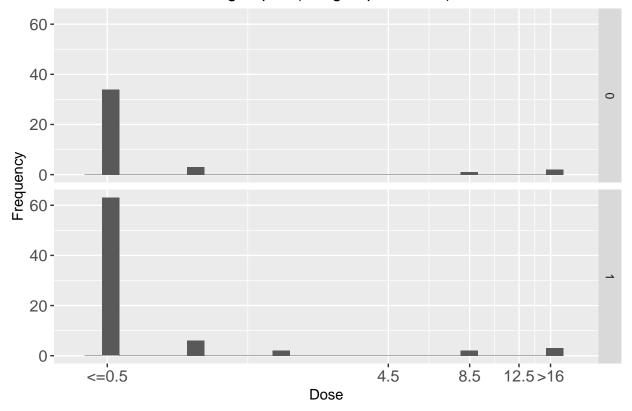
```
graphisch("OLS.group","AZI", 2,64, 1,10 )
```

# AZI for different OLS.group (MY group LE8000)



graphisch("OLS.group", "GEN", 0.5, 16, 0.5, 4

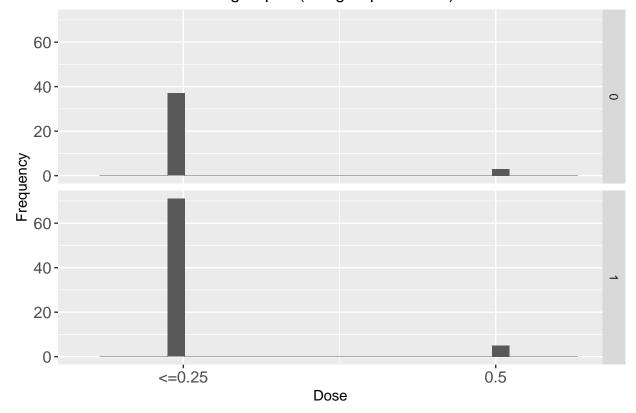
# GEN for different OLS.group (MY group LE8000)



```
graphisch("OLS.group", "TGC" , 0.25 , -0.5 , 0.25 , 0.25 )
## [1] "TGC - Resistance, OLS :"
```

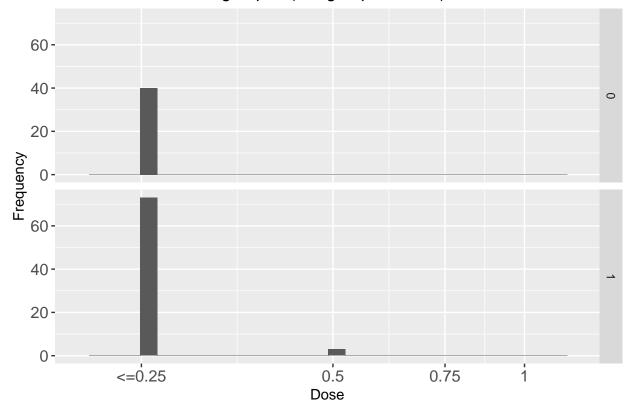
```
## [1] " Median <= 0.25"
## [1] " Mean in 0.033 ... 0.266"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TGC - Resistance, no OLS :"
## [1] " Median <= 0.25"
## [1] " Mean in 0.037 ... 0.269"
## [1] ""
```

# TGC for different OLS.group (MY group LE8000)



```
graphisch("OLS.group", "TAZ", 0.25,-1, 0.25,0.25)
```

# TAZ for different OLS.group (MY group LE8000)



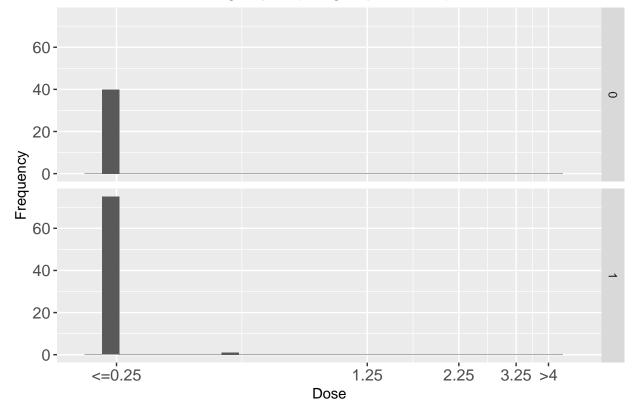
```
graphisch("OLS.group", "FOT" , 0.25 , 4 , 0.25 , 1
## [1] "FOT - Resistance, OLS
## [1] " Median <= 0.25"
## [1] " Mean in 0.007 ... 0.253"
```

## [1] "FOT - Resistance, no OLS ## [1] " Median <= 0.25"

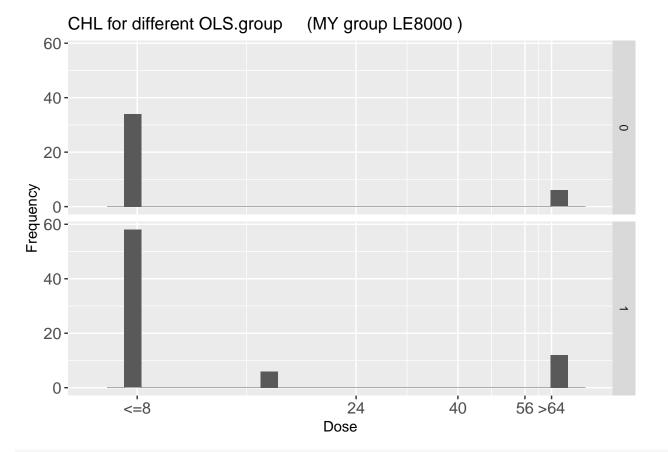
## [1] " Mean in 0.000 ... 0.250"

## [1] ""

## FOT for different OLS.group (MY group LE8000)

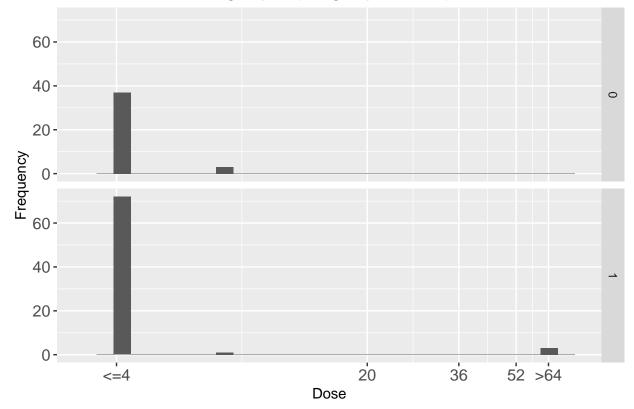


graphisch("OLS.group", "CHL", 8, 64, 8,16



## [1] " Mean in 0.600 ... 4.300"

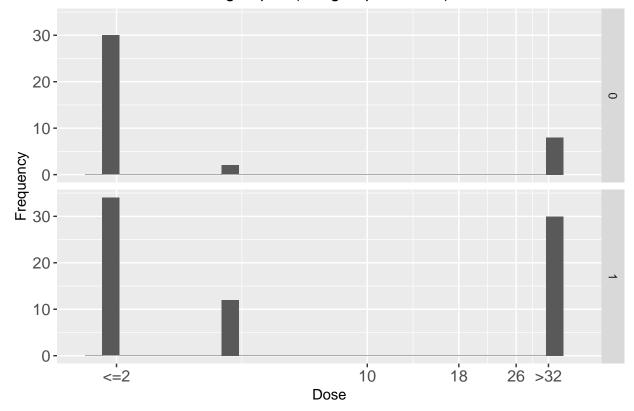
# NAL for different OLS.group (MY group LE8000)



2,8

## [1] ""

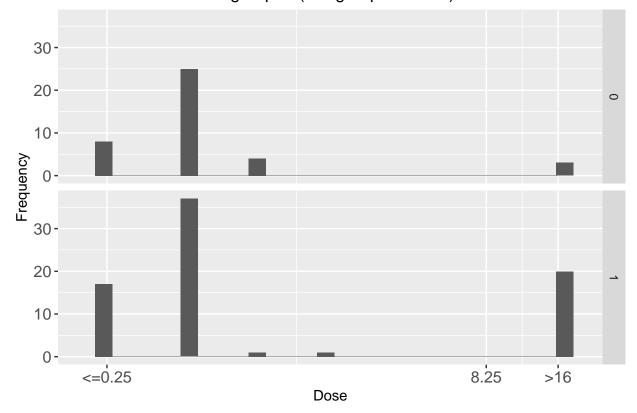
# TET for different OLS.group (MY group LE8000)



```
## [1] "TMP - Resistance, OLS :"
## [1] " Median = 0.5"
## [1] " Mean in 4.493 ... 4.549"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TMP - Resistance, no OLS :"
## [1] " Median = 0.5"
## [1] " Mean in 1.613 ... 1.663"
## [1] ""
```

graphisch("OLS.group", "TMP", 0.25, 16, 0.25,8

## TMP for different OLS.group (MY group LE8000)



```
## [1] "SMX - Resistance, OLS :"

## [1] " Median = 16"

## [1] " Mean in 234.105 ... 236.105"

## [1] ""

## [1] "SMX - Resistance, no OLS :"

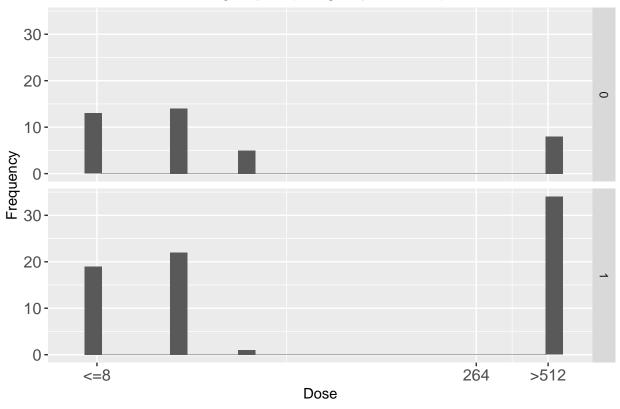
## [1] " Median = 16"

## [1] " Mean in 112.000 ... 114.600"
```

## [1] ""

graphisch("OLS.group", "SMX", 8, 512, 8,256

#### SMX for different OLS.group (MY group LE8000)



#stop the script

Die Mittelwerte der Resistenz sind für MERO, GEN und TAZ vergleichbar, für 5 Antibiotika tendenziell grösser im Fall *Other Livestock* (CIP, FOT, CHL, NAL, SMX), für TGC tendenziell kleiner in diesem Fall und für 4 Antibiotika definitiv kleiner in diesem Fall (AMP, AZI, TET, TMP). Diese Relationen sind im wesentlichen entgegengesetzt zu WM - keine WM!

#### Waste Milk - Gruppen

```
graphisch("WM.group", "AMP", 1,32, 1,8)
## [1] "AMP - Resistance, WM :"
```

```
## [1] " Median = 4"

## [1] " Mean in 8.769 ... 8.788"

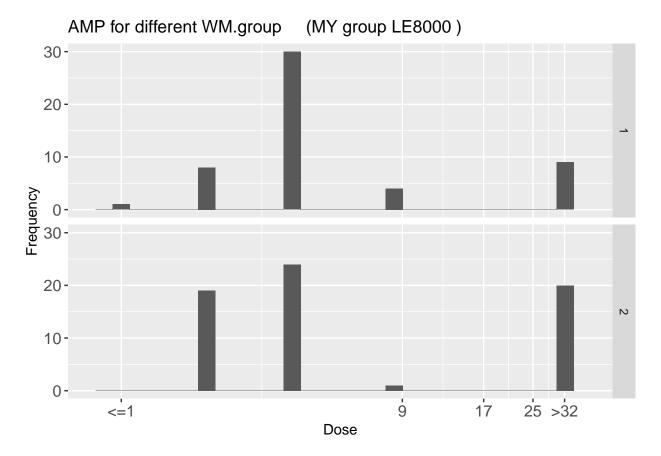
## [1] ""

## [1] "AMP - Resistance, no WM :"

## [1] " Median = 4"

## [1] " Mean = 12.219"

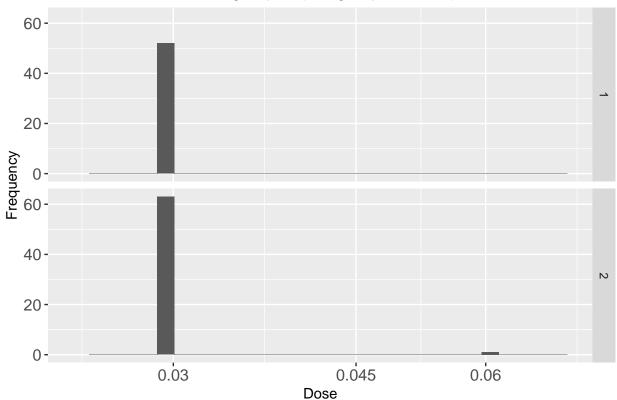
## [1] ""
```



Der Mittelwert ist höher ohne WM.

graphisch("WM.group", "MERO", .03,-0.06, .015,.015)

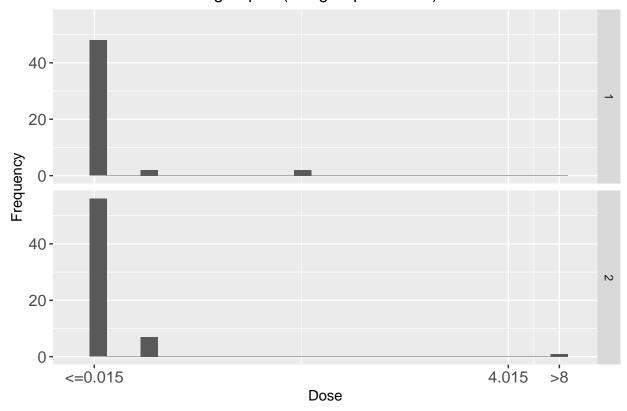
#### MERO for different WM.group (MY group LE8000)



Der Mittelwert ist vergleichbar ohne WM (tatsächlich tendenziell minimal höher - das ist leicht zu kontrollieren: MERO ist immer <=3 - ausser einmal 0.06 für Betrieb 4 und der ist WM group 2).

```
graphisch("WM.group", "CIP", 0.015,8, .015,4)
```

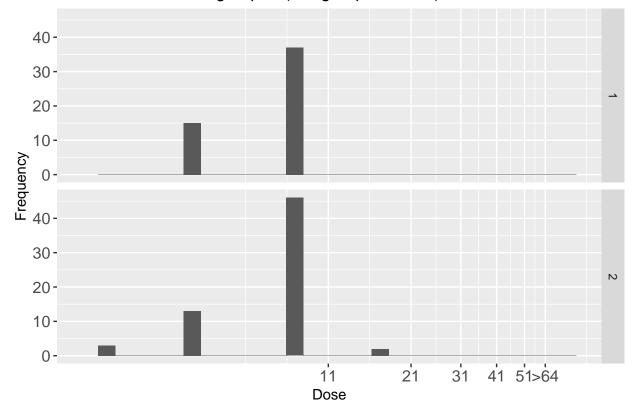
# CIP for different WM.group (MY group LE8000)



Der Mittelwert ist tendenziell höher ohne WM.

graphisch("WM.group", "AZI", 2,64, 1,10)

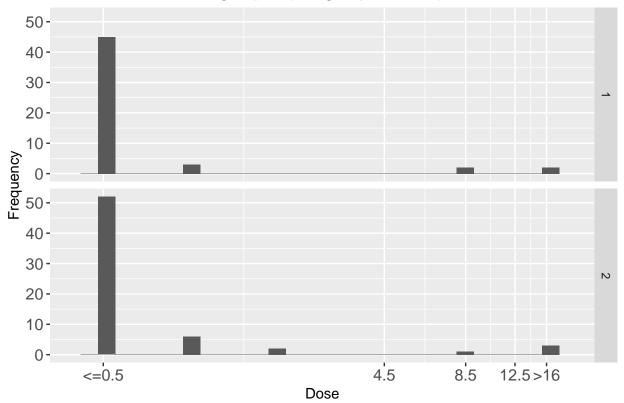
## AZI for different WM.group (MY group LE8000)



Der Mittelwert ist höher ohne WM.

graphisch("WM.group", "GEN", 0.5,16, 0.5,4)

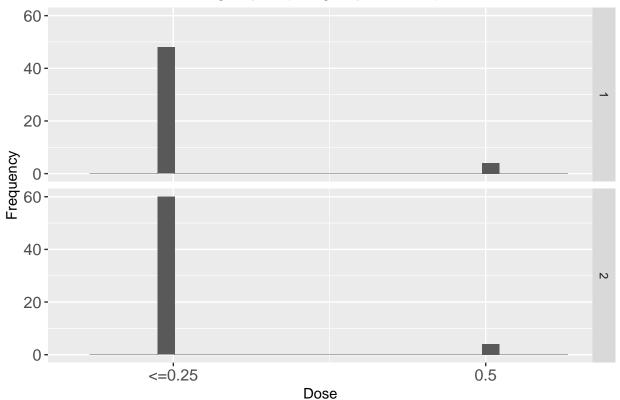
# GEN for different WM.group (MY group LE8000)



Der Mittelwert ist vergleichbar ohne WM.

graphisch("WM.group", "TGC", 0.25,-0.5, 0.25,0.25)

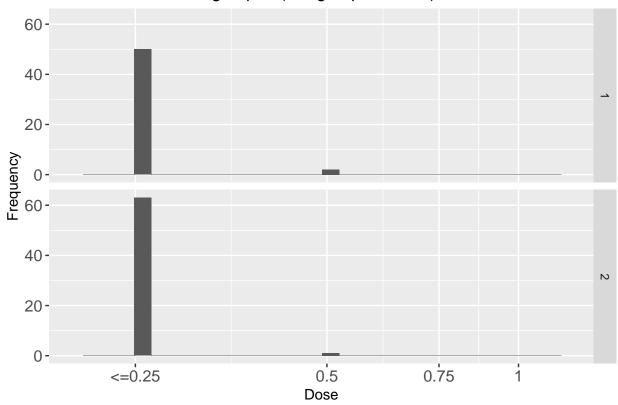
## TGC for different WM.group (MY group LE8000)



Der Mittelwert ist vergleichbar ohne WM.

graphisch("WM.group", "TAZ", 0.25, -1, .25,.25)

#### TAZ for different WM.group (MY group LE8000)



Der Mittelwert ist vergleichbar ohne WM. Genauer: tendenziell höher - das kann man auch noch per Hand kontrollieren: TAZ ist immer <= 0.25 ausser für:

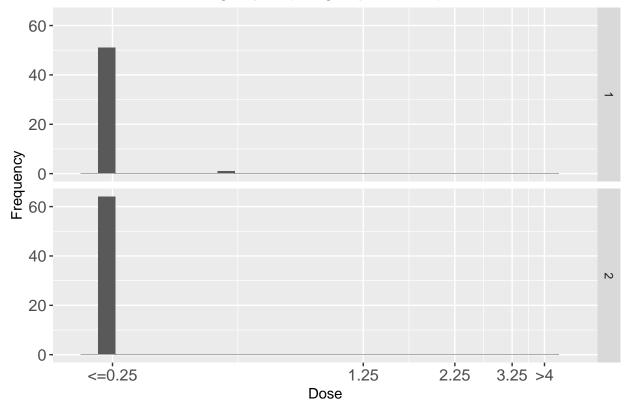
- Waste Milk: 0.5 für Betriebe 11 und 15
- Keine Waste Milk: 0.5 für Betriebe 12, 59 und 3\*1 für Betrieb 52

(Betrieb 30 wurde ganz am Anfang schon gelöscht)

Die Werte 0.5 balanzieren sich also aus für Waste Milk oder nicht, und der Unterschied kommt von den 3 Werten 1: Ohne WM ist resistenter.

```
graphisch("WM.group", "FOT", 0.25, 4, .25, 1)
```

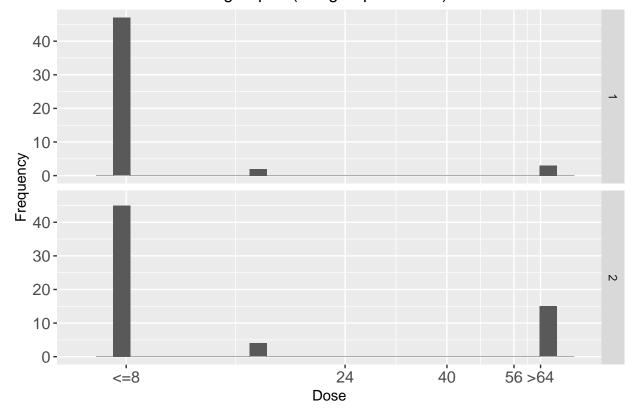
# FOT for different WM.group (MY group LE8000)



Der Mittelwert ist tendenziell höher ohne WM.

graphisch("WM.group", "CHL", 8,64, 8,16)

# CHL for different WM.group (MY group LE8000)

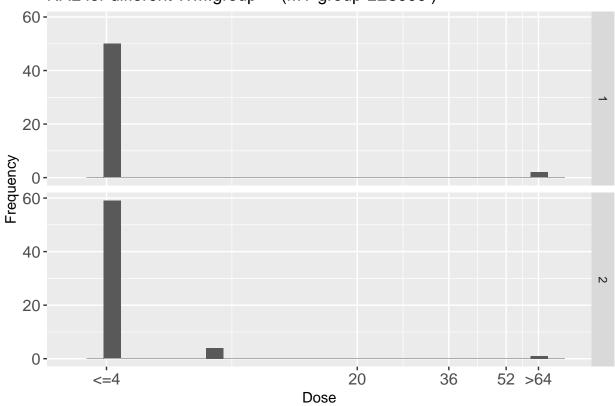


Der Mittelwert ist tendenziell höher ohne WM.

## [1] ""

graphisch("WM.group", "NAL", 4,64, 4,16)

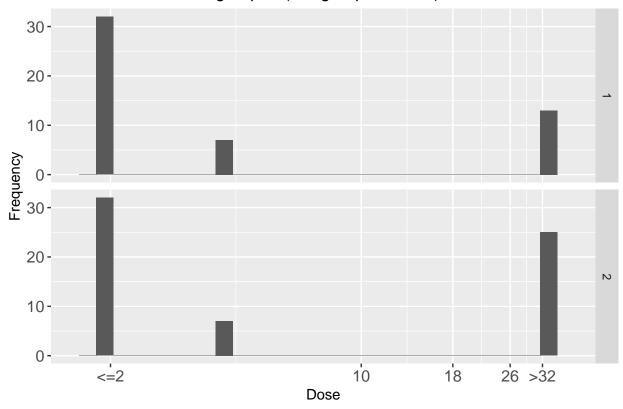
# NAL for different WM.group (MY group LE8000)



Der Mittelwert ist tendenziell höher ohne WM.

graphisch("WM.group", "TET", 2,32, 2,8)

# TET for different WM.group (MY group LE8000)

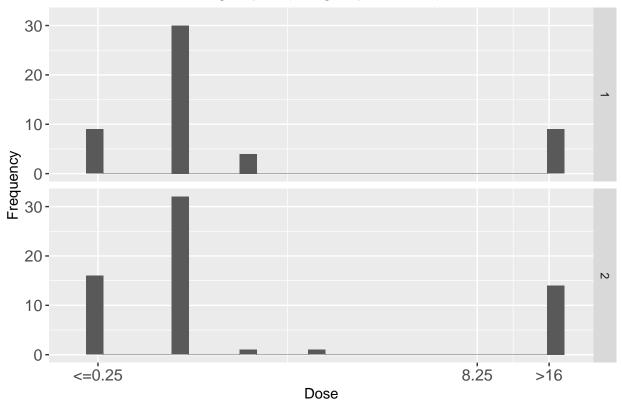


Der Mittelwert ist tendenziell höher ohne WM.

graphisch("WM.group", "TMP", 0.25,16, .25,8)

```
## [1] "TMP - Resistance, WM :"
## [1] " Median = 0.5"
## [1] " Mean in 3.135 ... 3.178"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TMP - Resistance, no WM :"
## [1] " Median = 0.5"
## [1] " Mean in 3.797 ... 3.859"
## [1] ""
```

# TMP for different WM.group (MY group LE8000)

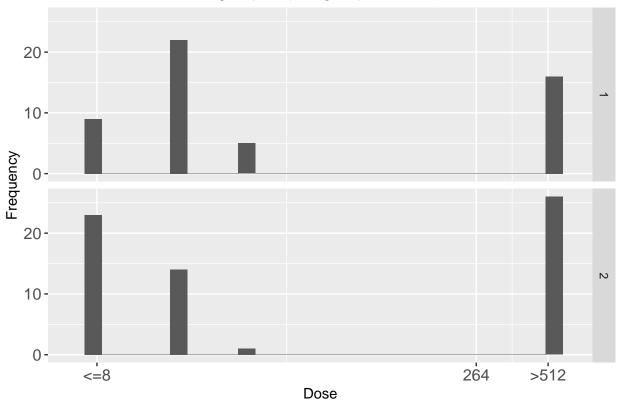


Der Mittelwert ist höher ohne WM.

```
## [1] "SMX - Resistance, WM :"
## [1] " Median = 16"
## [1] " Mean in 167.385 ... 168.769"
## [1] ""
## [1] "SMX - Resistance, no WM :"
## [1] " Median = 16"
## [1] " Mean in 212.000 ... 214.875"
## [1] ""
```

graphisch("WM.group", "SMX", 8,512, 8,256)

#### SMX for different WM.group (MY group LE8000)



Der Mittelwert ist vergleichbar ohne WM.

Die Mittelwerte der Resistenz sind für 5 Antibiotika vergleichbar (MERO, GEN, TGC, TAZ, SMX), für 3 Antibiotika tendenziell grösser im Fall WM (CIP, FOT, NAL) und für 5 Antibiotika definitiv grösser in diesem Fall (AMP, AZI, HCL, TET, TMP).

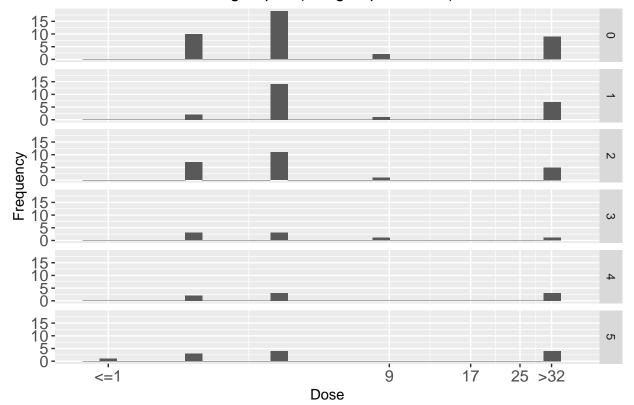
#### Husbandry System Calves - Gruppen

graphisch("HSC.group", "AMP", 1,32, 1,8)

```
Mit "HSC" abgekürzt.
```

```
## [1] "AMP - Resistance, 0: stable w\\o outlet :"
## [1] "
                             = 4"
         Median
         Mean = 10.000"
##
  [1]
  [1]
## [1] "AMP - Resistance, 1: stable with outlet :"
## [1]
         Median
                             = 4"
                   12.167"
## [1]
         Mean
## [1]
## [1] "AMP - Resistance, 2: outdoors
## [1] "
         Median
               = 9.417"
## [1]
         Mean
## [1] ""
## [1] "AMP - Resistance, 3 = 0 + 1
## [1]
         Median
## [1] "
         Mean
                   7.250"
## [1] ""
## [1] "AMP - Resistance, 4 = 1 + 2
## [1]
         Median
                 = 14.000"
##
  [1]
         Mean
## [1]
      11 11
      "AMP - Resistance, 5 = 0 + 2
  [1]
         Median
  [1]
## [1] "
         Mean
               in 12.500 ... 12.583"
## [1] ""
```

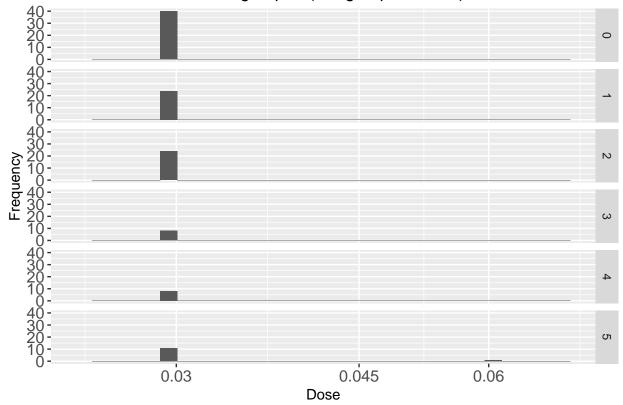
## AMP for different HSC.group (MY group LE8000)



```
graphisch("HSC.group", "MERO", 0.03, -0.06, 0.015,0.015)
```

```
## [1] "MERO - Resistance, 0: stable w\\o outlet :"
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 0.000 ... 0.030"
## [1] ""
## [1] "MERO - Resistance, 1: stable with outlet :"
## [1] " Median
                  <= 0.03"
## [1] " Mean in 0.000 ... 0.030"
## [1] ""
## [1] "MERO - Resistance, 2: outdoors
                                             : "
## [1] " Median
                           <= 0.03"
## [1] " Mean in 0.000 ... 0.030"
## [1] ""
## [1] "MERO - Resistance, 3 = 0 + 1
## [1] " Median
                           <= 0.03"
## [1] " Mean in 0.000 ... 0.030"
## [1] ""
## [1] "MERO - Resistance, 4 = 1 + 2
                                        :"
                <= 0.03"
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 0.000 ... 0.030"
## [1] ""
## [1] "MERO - Resistance, 5 = 0 + 2
## [1] " Median
                         <= 0.03"
## [1] " Mean in 0.005 ... 0.033"
## [1] ""
```

#### MERO for different HSC.group (MY group LE8000)



```
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 0.002 ... 0.016"
## [1] ""
## [1] "CIP - Resistance, 1: stable with outlet:"
## [1] " Median
                 <= 0.015"
## [1] " Mean in 0.012 ... 0.025"
## [1] ""
## [1] "CIP - Resistance, 2: outdoors
## [1] " Median
                         <= 0.015"
## [1] " Mean in 0.005 ... 0.017"
## [1] ""
## [1] "CIP - Resistance, 3 = 0 + 1
## [1] " Median
               <= 0.015"
## [1] " Mean in 0.004 ... 0.017"
## [1] ""
## [1] "CIP - Resistance, 4 = 1 + 2
## [1] " Median <= 0.015"
## [1] " Mean in 1.000 ... 1.013"
## [1] ""
```

## [1] "CIP - Resistance, 5 = 0 + 2 ## [1] " Median <= 0.015" ## [1] " Mean in 0.023 ... 0.036"

## [1] ""

graphisch("HSC.group", "CIP", 0.015, 8, 0.015,

## [1] "CIP - Resistance, 0: stable w\\o outlet :"

## CIP for different HSC.group (MY group LE8000)

, 64

```
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 7.200 ... 7.250"
## [1] ""
## [1] "AZI - Resistance, 1: stable with outlet :"
## [1] " Median
                           = 8"
## [1] " Mean = 6.667"
## [1] ""
## [1] "AZI - Resistance, 2: outdoors
                           = 8"
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 6.333 ... 6.500"
## [1] ""
## [1] "AZI - Resistance, 3 = 0 + 1
## [1] " Median
                           = 8"
## [1] " Mean = 6.500"
## [1] ""
## [1] "AZI - Resistance, 4 = 1 + 2
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean = 9.000"
## [1] ""
## [1] "AZI - Resistance, 5 = 0 + 2
```

= 8"

## [1] "AZI - Resistance, 0: stable w\\o outlet :"

graphisch("HSC.group", "AZI" , 2

## [1] " Median

## [1] ""

## [1] " Mean = 7.000"

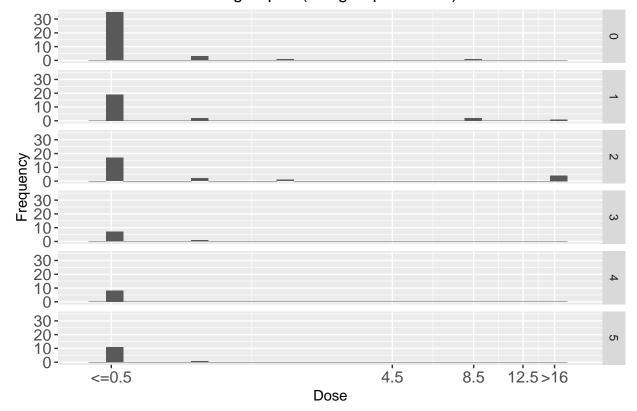
#### AZI for different HSC.group (MY group LE8000) 30-20-0 10-0 -30 -20-10-0 -30 -20-2 Frequency 10-0 -30 -20-ယ 10-3Ŏ-20-4 10-0 -30 -20-S 10-0 -41 51>64 11 21 31 Dose

```
## [1] "GEN - Resistance, 0: stable w\\o outlet :"
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 0.325 ... 0.762"
## [1] ""
## [1] "GEN - Resistance, 1: stable with outlet:"
                <= 0.5"
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 1.417 ... 1.812"
## [1] ""
## [1] "GEN - Resistance, 2: outdoors
                         <= 0.5"
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 2.833 ... 3.188"
## [1] ""
## [1] "GEN - Resistance, 3 = 0 + 1
## [1] " Median <= 0.5"
## [1] " Mean in 0.125 ... 0.562"
## [1] ""
## [1] "GEN - Resistance, 4 = 1 + 2
## [1] " Median <= 0.5"
## [1] " Mean in 0.000 ... 0.500"
## [1] ""
## [1] "GEN - Resistance, 5 = 0 + 2
## [1] " Median <= 0.5"
## [1] " Mean in 0.083 ... 0.542"
```

## [1] ""

graphisch("HSC.group", "GEN", 0.5, 16, 0.5, 4

#### GEN for different HSC.group (MY group LE8000)

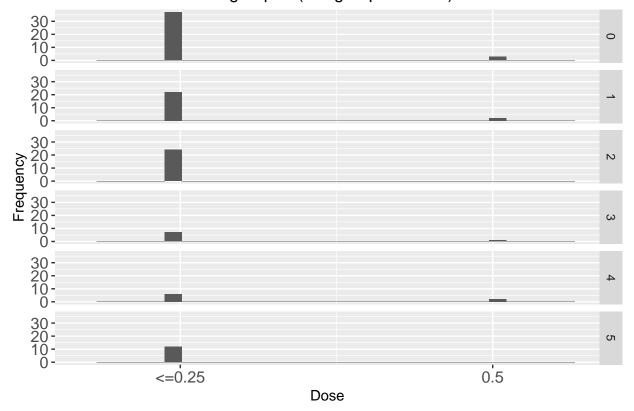


```
graphisch("HSC.group", "TGC", 0.25, -0.5, 0.25, 0.25)
```

```
## [1] " Median
                           <= 0.25"
## [1] " Mean in 0.037 ... 0.269"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TGC - Resistance, 1: stable with outlet :"
## [1] " Median
                          <= 0.25"
## [1] " Mean in 0.042 ... 0.271"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TGC - Resistance, 2: outdoors
## [1] " Median
                           <= 0.25"
## [1] " Mean in 0.000 ... 0.250"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TGC - Resistance, 3 = 0 + 1
## [1] " Median
                           <= 0.25"
## [1] " Mean in 0.062 ... 0.281"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TGC - Resistance, 4 = 1 + 2
                <= 0.25"
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 0.125 ... 0.312"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TGC - Resistance, 5 = 0 + 2
## [1] " Median
                         <= 0.25"
## [1] " Mean in 0.000 ... 0.250"
## [1] ""
```

## [1] "TGC - Resistance, 0: stable w\\o outlet :"

#### TGC for different HSC.group (MY group LE8000)

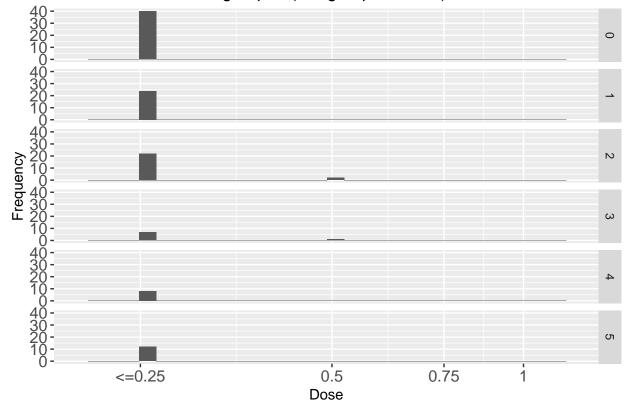


```
graphisch("HSC.group", "TAZ", 0.25, -1, 0.25, 0.25)
```

```
## [1] " Median
                         <= 0.25"
## [1] " Mean in 0.000 ... 0.250"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TAZ - Resistance, 1: stable with outlet:"
## [1] " Median <= 0.25"
## [1] " Mean in 0.000 ... 0.250"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TAZ - Resistance, 2: outdoors
## [1] " Median
                         <= 0.25"
## [1] " Mean in 0.042 ... 0.271"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TAZ - Resistance, 3 = 0 + 1
               <= 0.25"
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 0.062 ... 0.281"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TAZ - Resistance, 4 = 1 + 2
## [1] " Median <= 0.25"
## [1] " Mean in 0.000 ... 0.250"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TAZ - Resistance, 5 = 0 + 2
## [1] " Median <= 0.25"
## [1] " Mean in 0.000 ... 0.250"
## [1] ""
```

## [1] "TAZ - Resistance, 0: stable w\\o outlet :"

## TAZ for different HSC.group (MY group LE8000)



```
graphisch("HSC.group", "FOT" , 0.25 , 4 , 0.25 , 1 )
## [1] "FOT - Resistance, 0: stable w\\o outlet :"
## [1] " Median <= 0.25"</pre>
```

## [1] "" ## [1] "FOT - Resistance, 4 = 1 + 2 :"

## [1] " Median <= 0.25" ## [1] " Mean in 0.000 ... 0.250" ## [1] ""

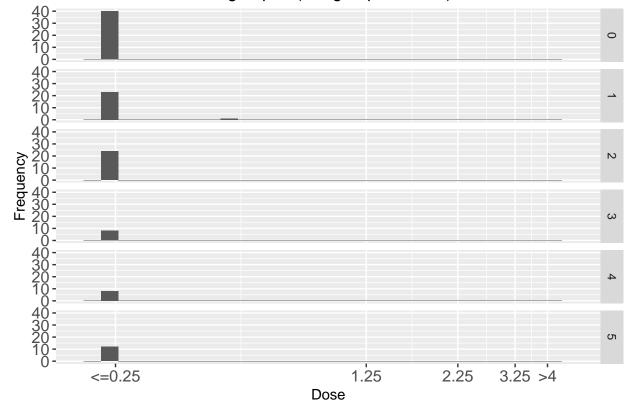
## [1] " Mean in 0.000 ... 0.250"

## [1] "FOT - Resistance, 5 = 0 + 2 ## [1] " Median <= 0.25"

## [1] " Mean in 0.000 ... 0.250"

## [1] ""

## FOT for different HSC.group (MY group LE8000)



, 64 ,

8,16

```
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 16.400 ... 22.200"
## [1] ""
## [1] "CHL - Resistance, 1: stable with outlet :"
## [1] " Median
                          <= 8"
## [1] " Mean in 11.333 ... 17.667"
## [1] ""
## [1] "CHL - Resistance, 2: outdoors
                           <= 8"
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 6.667 ... 13.333"
## [1] ""
## [1] "CHL - Resistance, 3 = 0 + 1
                           <= 8"
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 2.000 ... 9.000"
## [1] ""
## [1] "CHL - Resistance, 4 = 1 + 2
## [1] " Median <= 8"
## [1] " Mean in 8.000 ... 15.000"
## [1] ""
## [1] "CHL - Resistance, 5 = 0 + 2
```

## [1] "CHL - Resistance, 0: stable w\\o outlet :"

graphisch("HSC.group", "CHL" , 8

## [1] " Median <= 8" ## [1] " Mean in 6.667 ... 13.333"

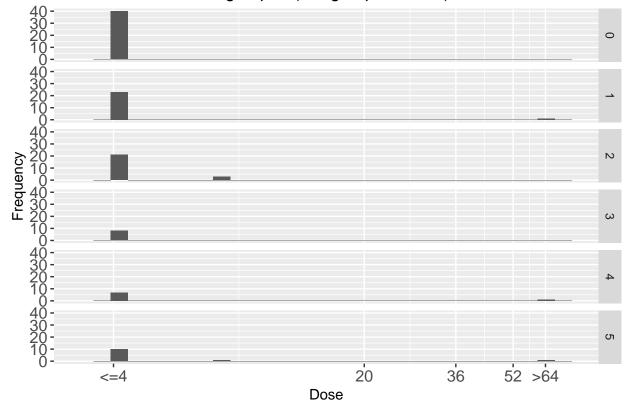
## [1] ""

#### CHL for different HSC.group (MY group LE8000) 30-20-0 10-30-20-10-38-20 -10 -20-ယ 10-38-20-4 10-38-20-S 10-0 -<=8 24 40 56 > 64 Dose

```
## [1] "NAL - Resistance, 0: stable w\\o outlet :"
## [1] " Median <= 4"
## [1] " Mean in 0.000 ... 4.000"
## [1] ""
## [1] "NAL - Resistance, 1: stable with outlet :"
## [1] " Median <= 4"
## [1] " Mean in 2.667 ... 6.500"
## [1] ""
## [1] "NAL - Resistance, 2: outdoors
                         <= 4"
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 1.000 ... 4.500"
## [1] ""
## [1] "NAL - Resistance, 3 = 0 + 1
## [1] " Median <= 4"
## [1] " Mean in 0.000 ... 4.000"
## [1] ""
## [1] "NAL - Resistance, 4 = 1 + 2
## [1] " Median <= 4"
## [1] " Mean in 8.000 ... 11.500"
## [1] ""
## [1] "NAL - Resistance, 5 = 0 + 2
## [1] " Median <= 4"
## [1] " Mean in 6.000 ... 9.333"
## [1] ""
```

graphisch("HSC.group", "NAL", 4, 64, 4,16

## NAL for different HSC.group (MY group LE8000)



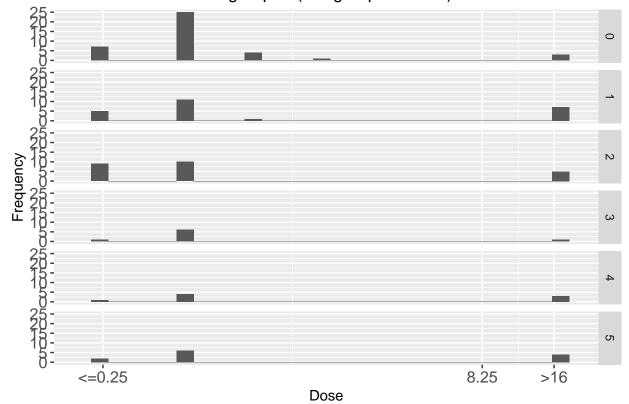
```
## [1] "TET - Resistance, 0: stable w\\o outlet :"
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 10.000 ... 11.200"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TET - Resistance, 1: stable with outlet:"
## [1] " Median
                           = 4"
## [1] " Mean in 13.000 ... 13.750"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TET - Resistance, 2: outdoors
                           <= 2"
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 8.500 ... 9.750"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TET - Resistance, 3 = 0 + 1
                           <= 2"
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 4.000 ... 5.750"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TET - Resistance, 4 = 1 + 2
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 12.000 ... 13.250"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TET - Resistance, 5 = 0 + 2
## [1] " Median
                         > 32"
## [1] " Mean in 19.000 ... 19.667"
## [1] ""
```

# 

```
## [1] "TMP - Resistance, 0: stable w\\o outlet :"
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 1.663 ... 1.706"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TMP - Resistance, 1: stable with outlet :"
## [1] " Median
                 = 0.5"
## [1] " Mean in 4.938 ... 4.990"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TMP - Resistance, 2: outdoors
                         = 0.5"
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 3.542 ... 3.635"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TMP - Resistance, 3 = 0 + 1
                = 0.5"
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 2.375 ... 2.406"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TMP - Resistance, 4 = 1 + 2
## [1] " Median = 0.5"
## [1] " Mean in 6.250 ... 6.281"
## [1] ""
## [1] "TMP - Resistance, 5 = 0 + 2
## [1] " Median = 0.5"
## [1] " Mean in 5.583 ... 5.625"
## [1] ""
```

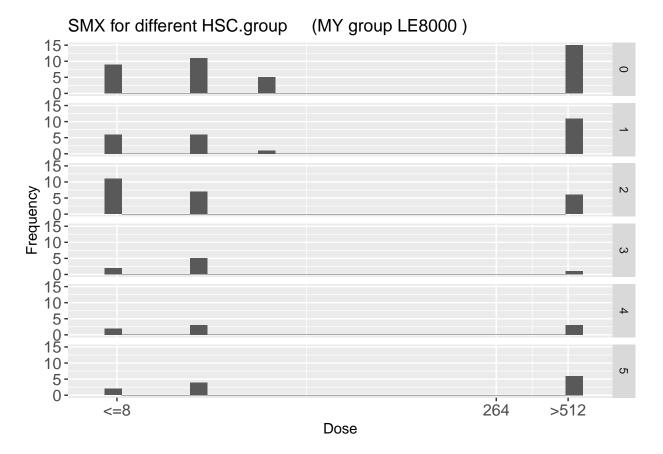
graphisch("HSC.group", "TMP", 0.25, 16, 0.25,8

#### TMP for different HSC.group (MY group LE8000)



```
## [1] "SMX - Resistance, 0: stable w\\o outlet :"
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 200.400 ... 202.200"
## [1] ""
## [1] "SMX - Resistance, 1: stable with outlet:"
## [1] " Median
                          = 24"
## [1] " Mean in 240.000 ... 242.000"
## [1] ""
## [1] "SMX - Resistance, 2: outdoors
                          = 16"
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 132.667 ... 136.333"
## [1] ""
## [1] "SMX - Resistance, 3 = 0 + 1
## [1] " Median
## [1] " Mean in 74.000 ... 76.000"
## [1] ""
## [1] "SMX - Resistance, 4 = 1 + 2
## [1] " Median = 16"
## [1] " Mean in 198.000 ... 200.000"
## [1] ""
## [1] "SMX - Resistance, 5 = 0 + 2
## [1] " Median = 264"
## [1] " Mean in 261.333 ... 262.667"
## [1] ""
```

graphisch("HSC.group", "SMX", 8, 512, 8,256



Es ist kein sehr ausgeprägtes Muster für grösste/kleinste Resistenzen zu erkennen. Tendenziell ergeben 1 und 1+2 die grössten Resistenzen, 2 und vor allem 0+1 die kleinsten.

#### Vollständigkeit

Jetzt sind alle Verteilungen geplotted und deskriptiv analysiert, ausser:

AMI: alle Proben sensitiv <=4</li>
COL: alle Proben sensitiv <=1</li>

#### Weitere Schritte

#### Technischer Natur

• noch minimale Verbesserungen Verteilungsplots?

#### Fundamentaler Natur

Kausalitäten studieren mittels Regressionen :

- Kausalitätsgraph
- Lineare Regressionen
- multivariable logistische Regression, mixed effects