Number of Resistances and Simple Plots

16.04.2022

Bibliotheken laden, Hilfsfunktion

MY Schicht Festlegen

```
Nur die letzte Zeile zählt!

Schicht <- "GT8000"  # Greater Than 8000

Schicht <- "LE8000"  # Less than or Equal to 8000

Schicht <- "U"  # Un-stratisfied
```

Resistenzen.Rmd erzeu Resistengtezen[Schicht].csv, das einlesen

```
Und evtl. ansehen
FileIn <- paste( "Resistenzen", Schicht, ".csv", sep="") # Fileout ist nur N davorgehängt
Resistenzen <- read.csv(FileIn)
# csv schreiben fügt vorne Index-Spalte an; diese entfernen :
Resistenzen[,1] <- NULL
if(debug){View(Resistenzen)}</pre>
```

Resistenzen pro Betrieb

for(col in 2:maxcol){

```
Resistenzen pro Betrieb in neuer Tabelle "NResistenzen" zählen, Multirestenz dokumentieren und als NResistenzen.csv ausschreiben
```

```
ResRow <- nrow(Resistenzen)  # Zeilen Resistenzen : 4 pro Betrieb

NResRow <- ResRow/4  # Zeilen NResistenzen : 1 pro Betrieb

maxcol <- match("WM.group",names(Resistenzen)) - 1

#NAntib <- 15  # wir untersuchen 15 Antibiotika (wird von Resistenzen.Rmd so aus 2 Excel files ein

NResistenzen <- Resistenzen[0,]  # header wie"Resistenzen"

for(line in 1:NResRow){  # 1 bis 60, aber 30 fehlt

i <- (line - 1)*4 + 1

NResistenzen[line,] <- Resistenzen[(line - 1)*4 + 1,]  # WM.group etc. kopieren

NResistenzen[line,2:maxcol] <- 0  # aber Antibiotika auf 0 setzen : hier später Resistenzen
```

NResistenzen[,col] <- as.numeric(NResistenzen[,col]) # muss immer noch in type double konvertieren

```
if(debug){View(NResistenzen)}
# für jedes Antibiotikum Resistenzen über die 4 Proben zählen, also mögliche Werte 0-4 :
for(i in 1:ResRow){
                                                 # Liniennummer (Betriebe in 4er Gruppen) für dataframe Resistenzen
 Log(paste("i=",i))
 line \leftarrow floor((i-1)/4)+1
                                                 # Liniennummer für dataframe NResistenzen
  for(j in 2:maxcol){
                                                 # Spaltennummer: Antibiotikum
   if(substr(Resistenzen[i,j],1,1)==">"){
                                               # wenn Resistenz
      Log(paste(" NResistenzen[",line,j,"]=",NResistenzen[line,j],typeof(NResistenzen[line,j])))
      NResistenzen[line,j] <- NResistenzen[line,j] + 1 # gef. Resistenz zählen
} } }
NResistenzen$NRes
                    <- rep(0,NResRow) # neue Spalte, zählt für jeden Betrieb Resistenzen über Antibiotika; erstma</p>
NResistenzen$MultiR <- rep(F,NResRow) # neue Spalte, dokumentiert für jeden Betrieb Multiresistenz; erstmal False
print(paste("maxcol =",maxcol))
## [1] "maxcol = 16"
for(line in 1:NResRow){
                                        # 1 bis 60, aber 30 fehlt
  for(col in 2:(maxcol)){
    if(NResistenzen[line,col] > 0){
      NResistenzen[line, "NRes"] <- NResistenzen[line, "NRes"] +1 # Resistenz zählen
   }
  }
 if (NResistenzen[line, "NRes"] >= 3) { # Multiresistenz heisst mind. 3 Resistenzen
   NResistenzen[line,"MultiR"] <- T</pre>
  }
if(debug){View(NResistenzen)}
write.csv(NResistenzen, paste( "N", FileIn , sep="" ))
```

Funktion für die Grafik

```
graphisch2 <- function(gruppe, join, antibiotikum) {</pre>
 group <- Resistenzen[,gruppe ]</pre>
            <- Resistenzen[,antibiotikum ]</pre>
  dir.create(paste("plots_",Schicht,sep=""))
                                                                # directory for writing the plots
 X \leftarrow c()
 Y \leftarrow c()
  for(i in 1:ResRow){
                                                # Liniennummer für dataframe Resistenzen
    x <- as.numeric(group[i])</pre>
                                                # [,na.rm=TRUE) hilft nicht weil's "NA" ist, nicht NA]
    if(substr(antib[i],1,1) == ">"){
                                                # wenn Resistenz
      pos <- match(x,X)</pre>
      if(is.na(pos)){
        X \leftarrow c(X,x) # faster: pre-allocate+assign,
        Y \leftarrow c(Y,1) # in this way vector copied in every iteration
      } else {
        Y[pos] \leftarrow Y[pos] + 1
      }
  }
  df <- data.frame(X,Y)</pre>
  ylab <- paste(antibiotikum,"- Resistances")</pre>
  if( gruppe == "WM.group" ){xlab <- "Wastemilk Group"}</pre>
```

```
if( gruppe == "OLS.group"){xlab <- "Other LiveStock Group"}</pre>
if( gruppe == "IAC.group"){xlab <- "Ill Animals in Calving Box Group"}</pre>
### Neue binäre hier dazufügen ###
if( gruppe == "HSC.group"){xlab <- "Husbandry System Calves Group"}</pre>
### Neue nominale hier dazufügen ###
if( gruppe == "MY"
                           ){xlab <- "meanMY/cow"}</pre>
if( gruppe == "SCC"
                          ){xlab <- "mean SCC/11mo"}
if( gruppe == "CBC" ) {xlab <- "calvingbox_clean"}
if( gruppe == "DIA" ) {xlab <- "IN_diarrhea<30d"}</pre>
### Neue numerische hier dazufügen ###
min <- min(as.numeric(Resistenzen[,gruppe]), na.rm=T)</pre>
max <- max(as.numeric(Resistenzen[,gruppe]), na.rm=T)</pre>
puffer <- (max - min)/20
                             # links und rechts 5% freier Platz
min <- min - puffer
max <- max + puffer</pre>
print( ggplot(df, aes(X, Y)) +
  geom_point() +
  xlim(min,max) +
  xlab(xlab) + ylab(ylab) +
  ggtitle(paste("Number of", ylab, join,xlab))
ggsave(paste("plots_",Schicht,"/", Schicht,"_",gruppe,"_",antibiotikum,".png", sep=""))
```

Plot Anzahl der Resistenzen für verschiedene Antibiotika, numerische Variablen

- MERO, AMI, TGC, TAZ COL, keine Resistenzen
- FOT, AZI nur eine (die AZI-CBC und AZI-IAC plots sind korrekterweise leer: Diese Resistenz hat NA für CBC und IAC)

```
# NA warnings interessieren nicht

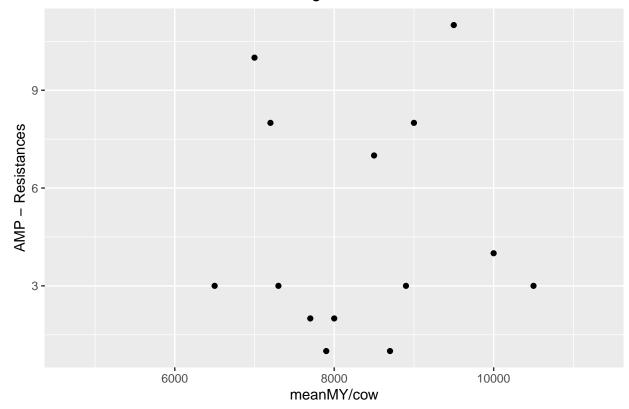
numerisch <- c("MY", "SCC", "CBC", "DIA")  # untersuchte numerische Variablen ### neue numerische hier hinzufügen
for( group in numerisch) {

for( antib in c("AMP", "CIP", "AZI", "GEN", "FOT", "CHL", "NAL", "TET", "TMP", "SMX") ){

    graphisch2(group, "for given", antib)
    print("")
    }
    print("------")
}</pre>
```

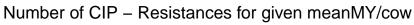
Saving 6.5 x 4.5 in image

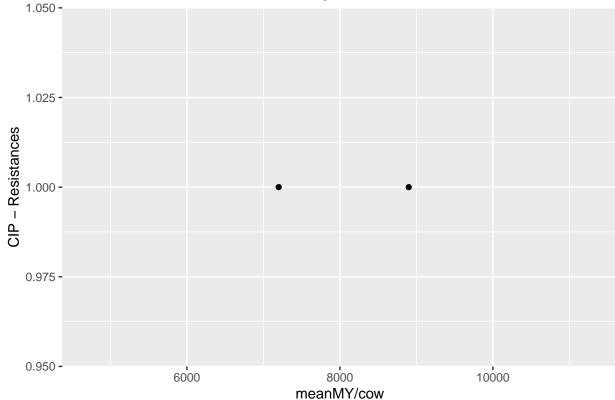
Number of AMP – Resistances for given meanMY/cow



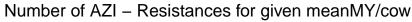
[1] ""

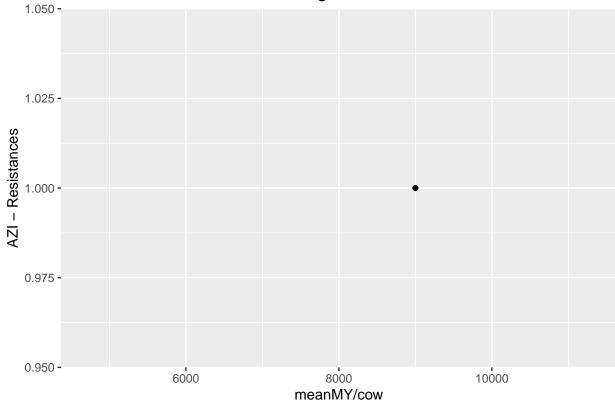
Saving 6.5×4.5 in image





[1] ""

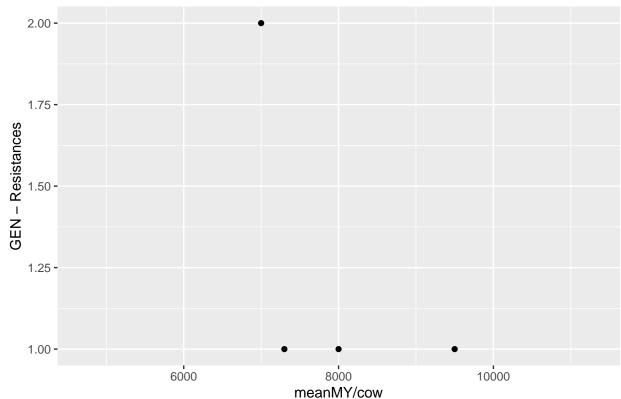




[1] ""

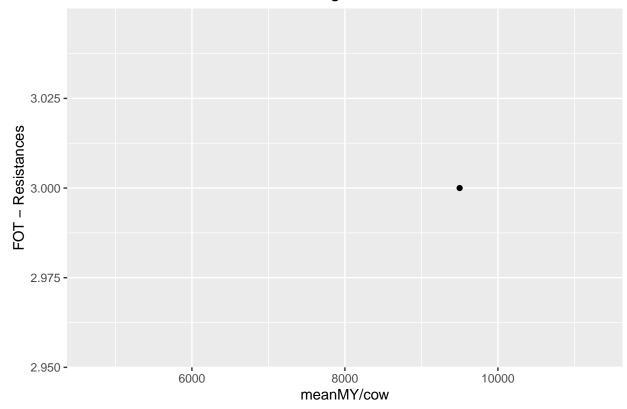
Saving 6.5×4.5 in image

Number of GEN – Resistances for given meanMY/cow



[1] ""

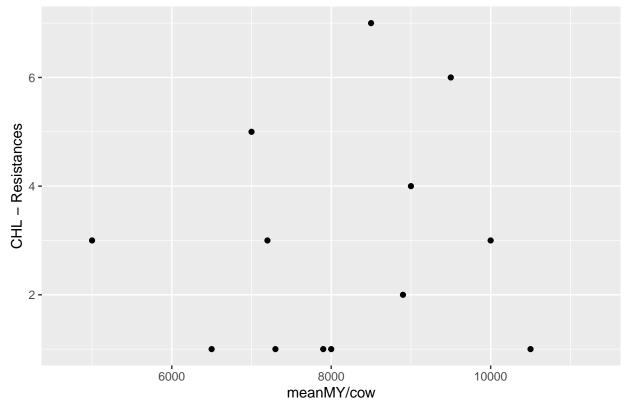
Number of FOT – Resistances for given meanMY/cow



[1] ""

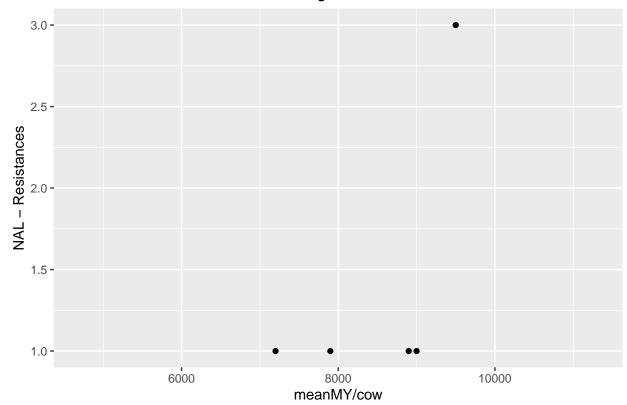
Saving 6.5×4.5 in image

Number of CHL - Resistances for given meanMY/cow



[1] ""

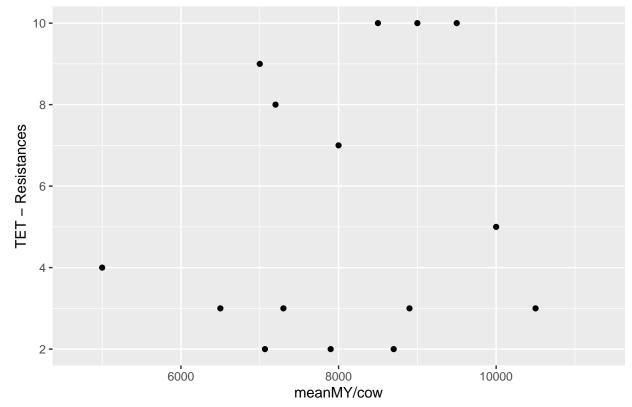
Number of NAL – Resistances for given meanMY/cow



[1] ""

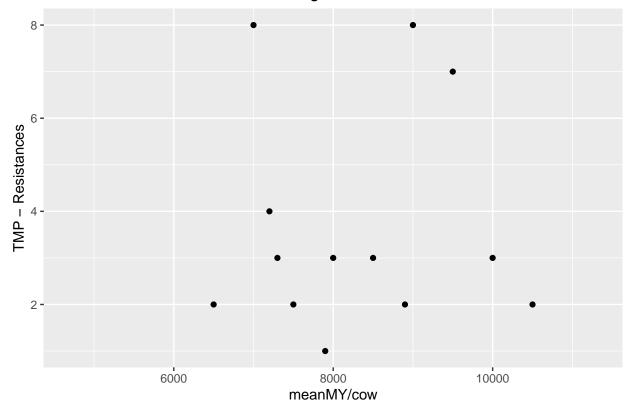
Saving 6.5×4.5 in image

Number of TET – Resistances for given meanMY/cow



[1] ""

Number of TMP – Resistances for given meanMY/cow

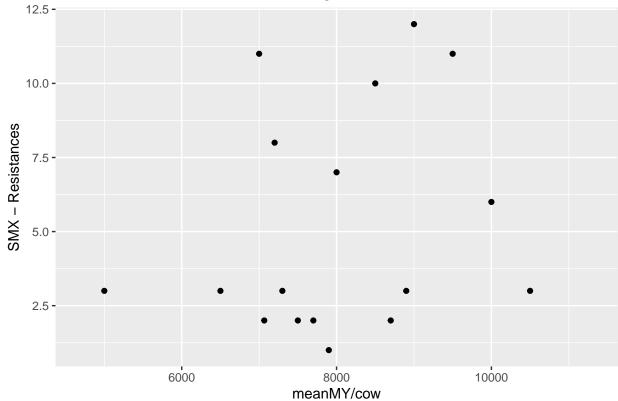


[1] ""

Saving 6.5×4.5 in image

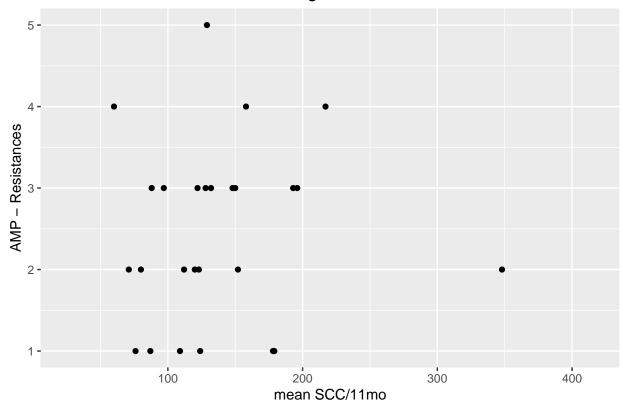
Saving 6.5×4.5 in image

Number of SMX – Resistances for given meanMY/cow



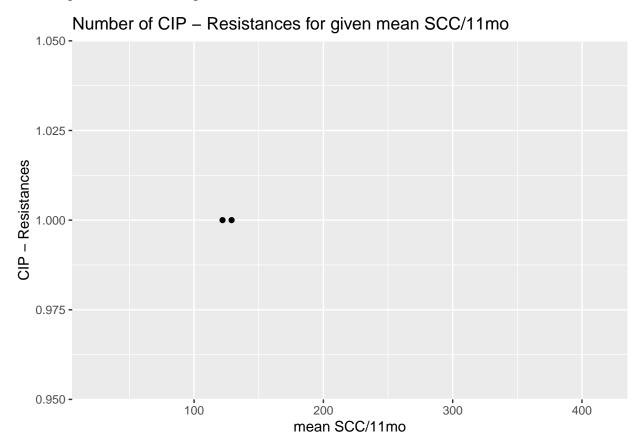
[1] "" ## [1] "------

Number of AMP – Resistances for given mean SCC/11mo

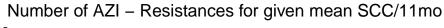


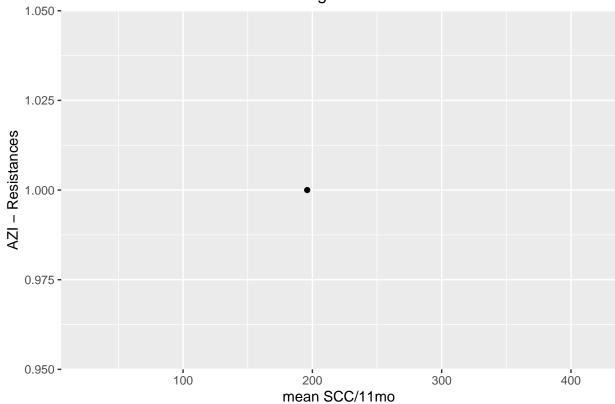
[1] ""

Saving 6.5×4.5 in image



[1] ""

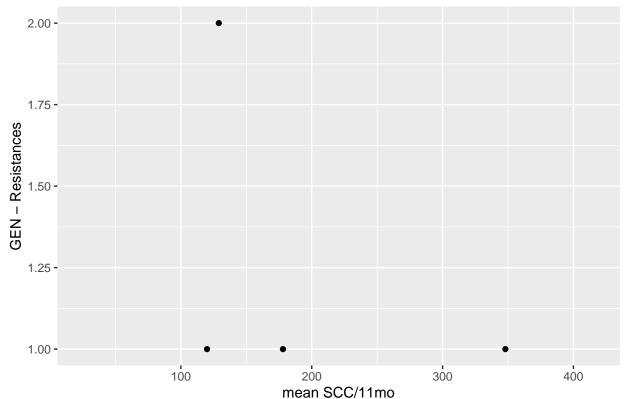




[1] ""

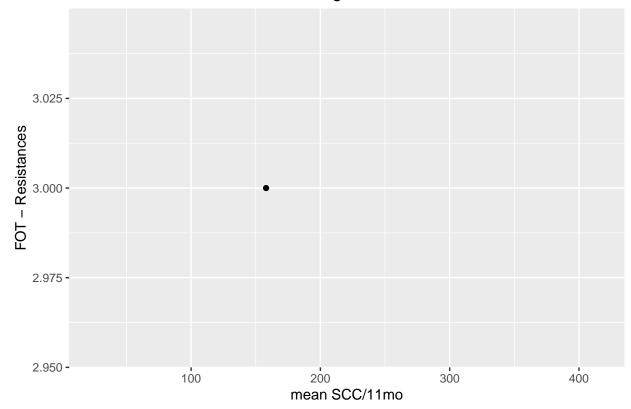
Saving 6.5×4.5 in image

Number of GEN – Resistances for given mean SCC/11mo



[1] ""

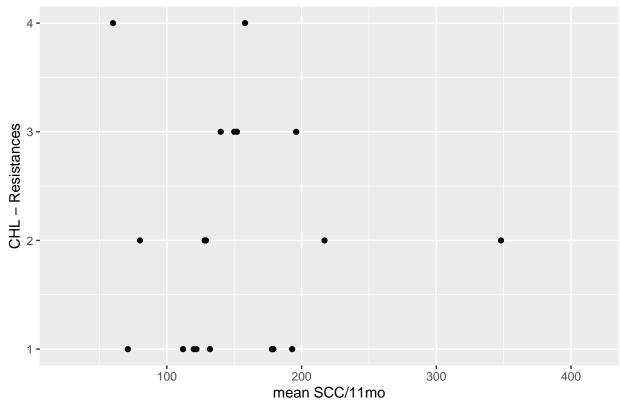
Number of FOT – Resistances for given mean SCC/11mo



[1] ""

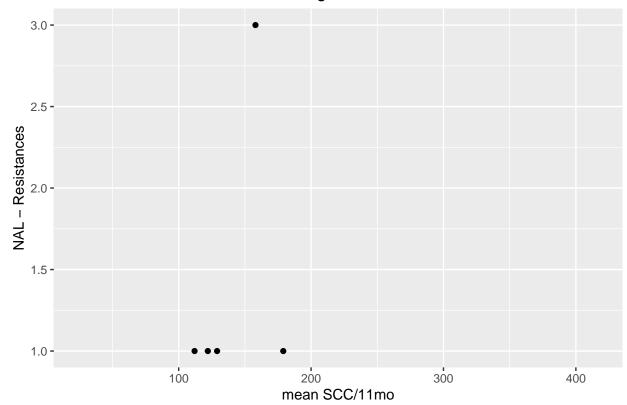
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Number of CHL - Resistances for given mean SCC/11mo



[1] ""

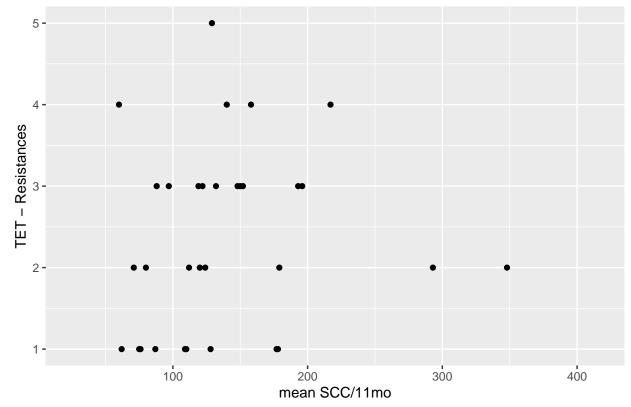
Number of NAL – Resistances for given mean SCC/11mo



[1] ""

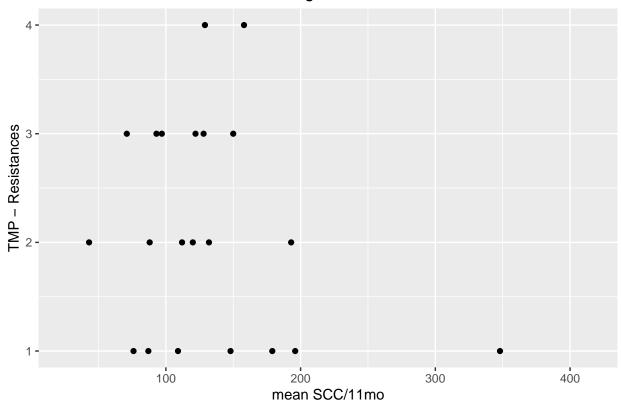
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Number of TET – Resistances for given mean SCC/11mo



[1] ""

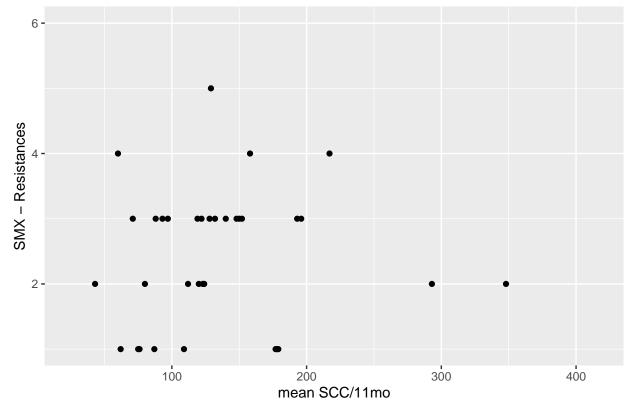
Number of TMP – Resistances for given mean SCC/11mo



[1] ""

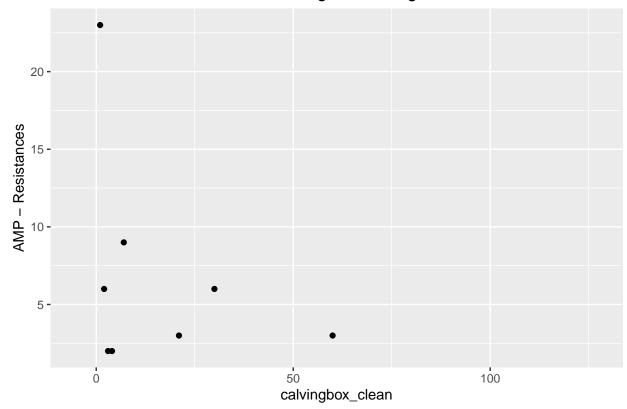
Saving 6.5×4.5 in image

Number of SMX – Resistances for given mean SCC/11mo



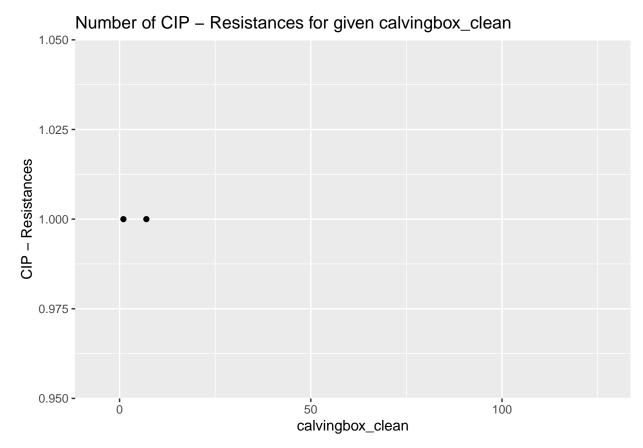
[1] "" ## [1] "-----'

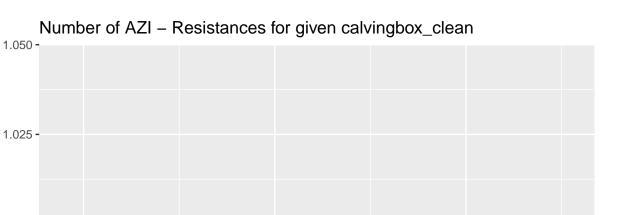
Number of AMP – Resistances for given calvingbox_clean



[1] ""

Saving 6.5×4.5 in image





calvingbox_clean

100

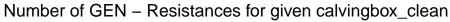


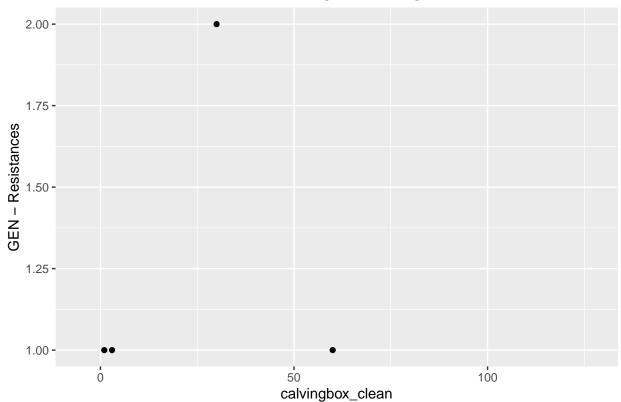
AZI - Resistances

1.000 -

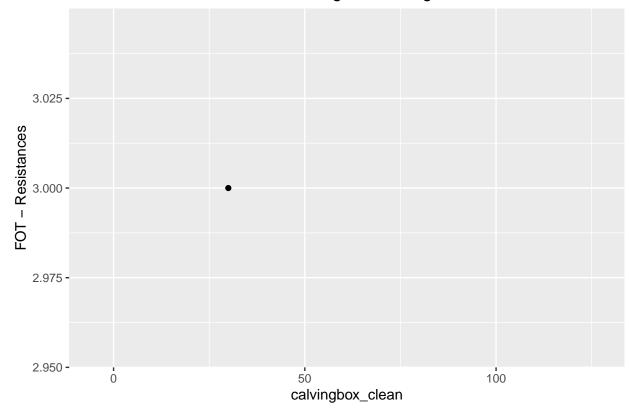
0.975 -

0.950 -





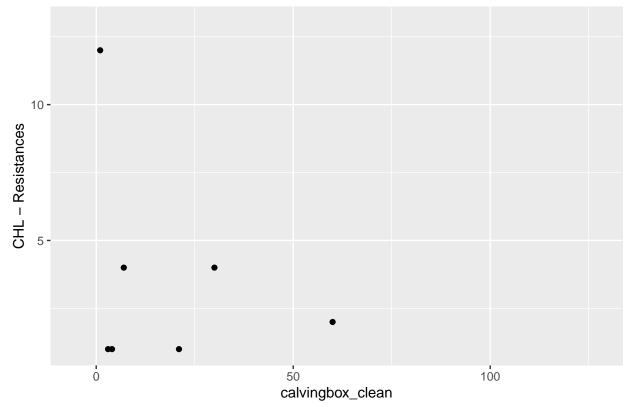
Number of FOT – Resistances for given calvingbox_clean



[1] ""

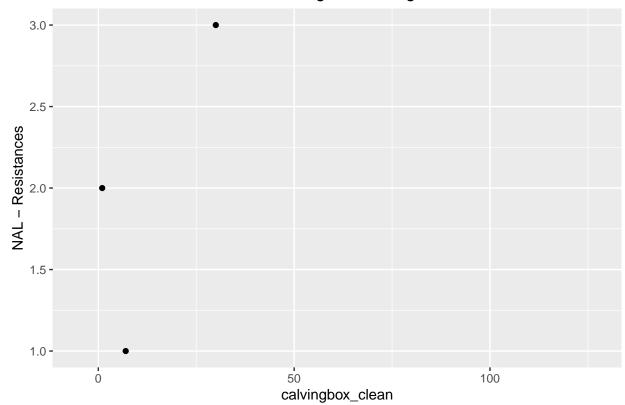
Saving 6.5×4.5 in image

Number of CHL – Resistances for given calvingbox_clean



[1] ""

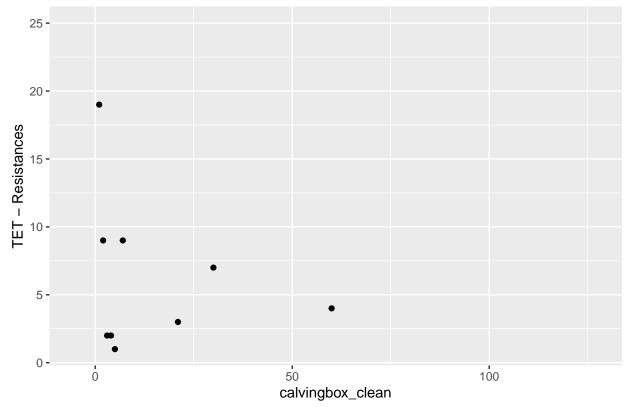
Number of NAL – Resistances for given calvingbox_clean



[1] ""

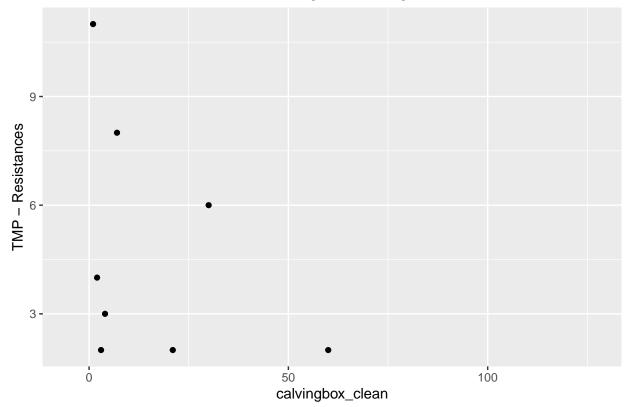
Saving 6.5×4.5 in image

Number of TET – Resistances for given calvingbox_clean



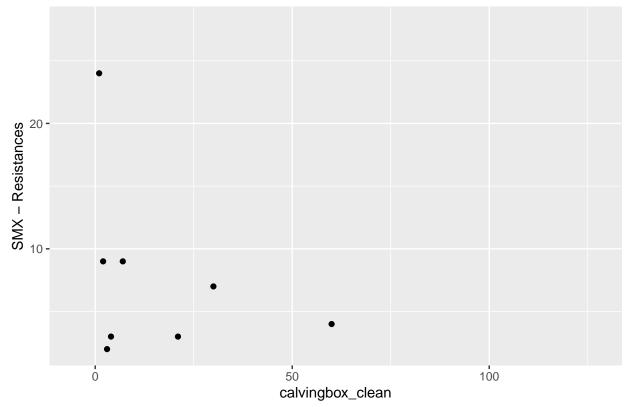
[1] ""

Number of TMP – Resistances for given calvingbox_clean



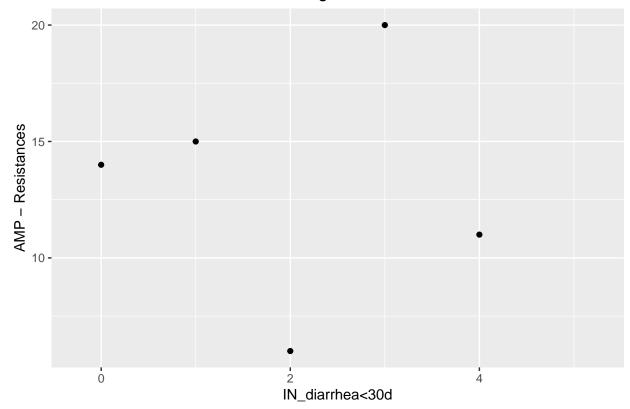
[1] "" ## Saving 6.5 x 4.5 in image

Number of SMX – Resistances for given calvingbox_clean



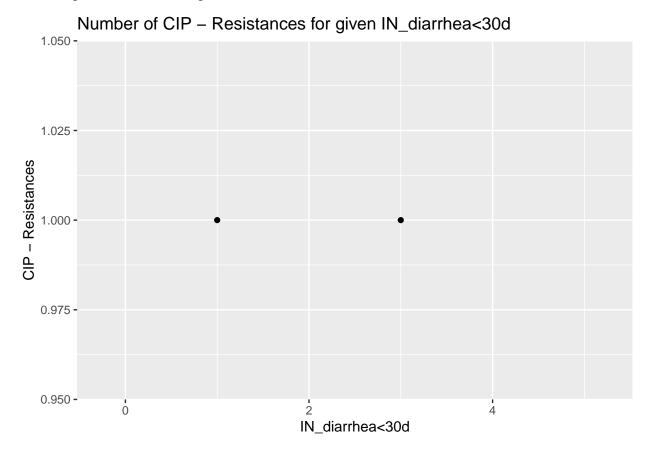
```
## [1] ""
## [1] "-----"
## Saving 6.5 x 4.5 in image
```

Number of AMP - Resistances for given IN_diarrhea<30d

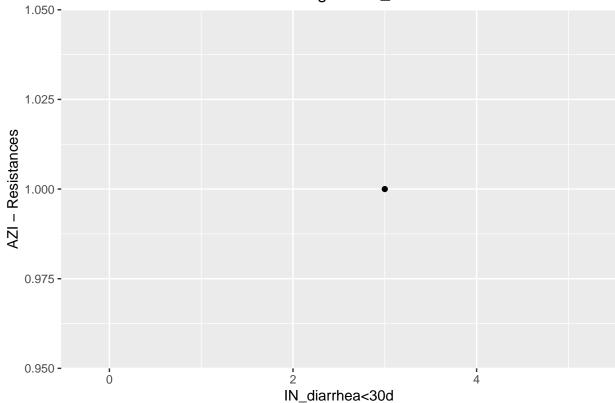


[1] ""

Saving 6.5×4.5 in image



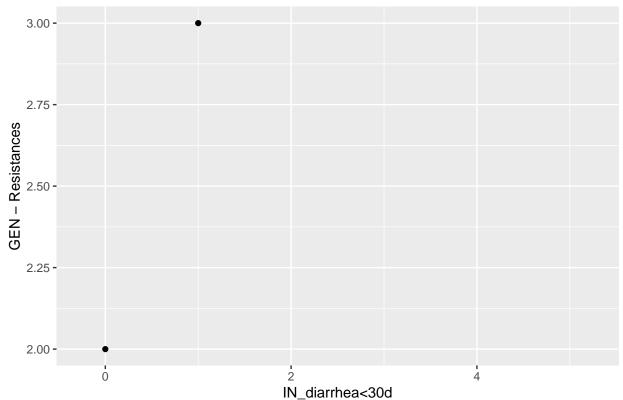




[1] ""

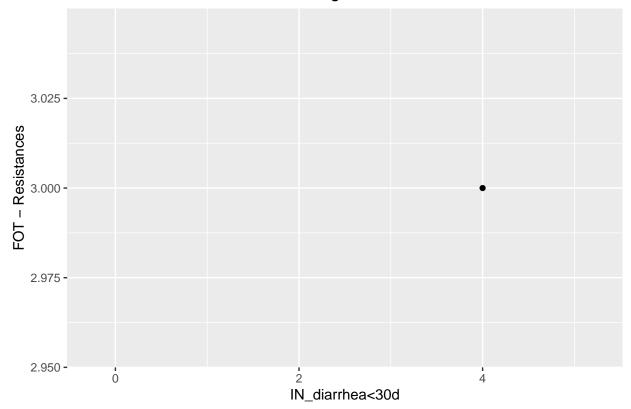
Saving 6.5×4.5 in image

Number of GEN – Resistances for given IN_diarrhea<30d



[1] ""

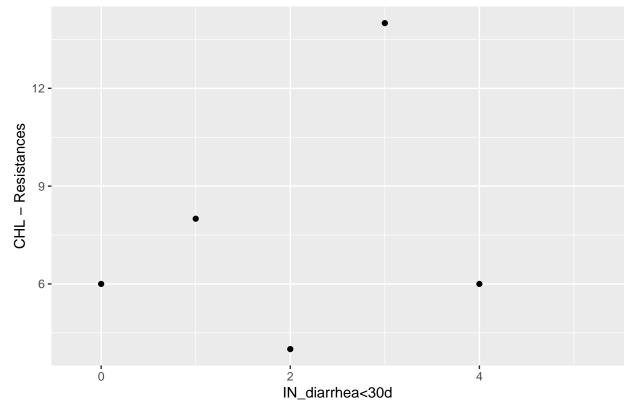
Number of FOT – Resistances for given IN_diarrhea<30d



[1] ""

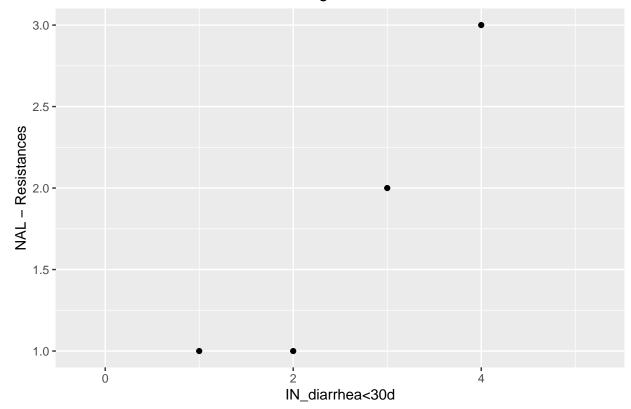
Saving 6.5×4.5 in image

Number of CHL - Resistances for given IN_diarrhea<30d



[1] ""

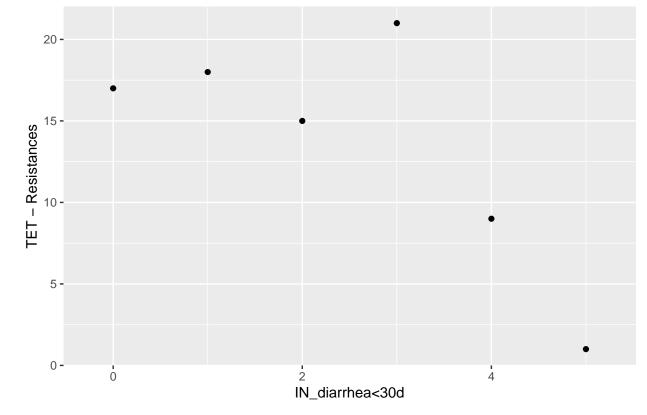
Number of NAL – Resistances for given IN_diarrhea<30d



[1] ""

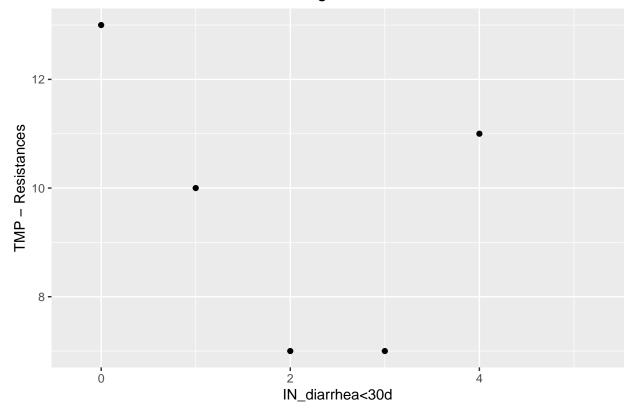
Saving 6.5×4.5 in image

Number of TET – Resistances for given IN_diarrhea<30d



[1] ""

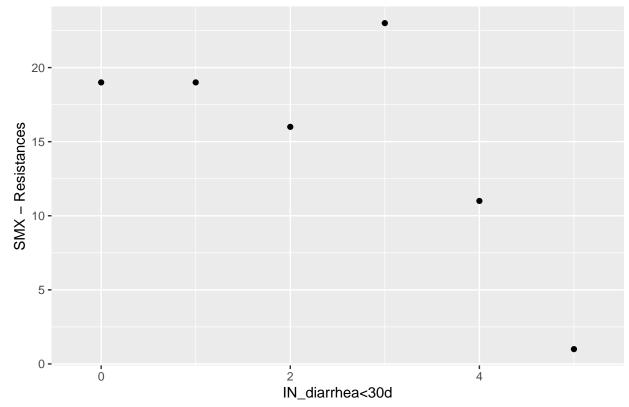
Number of TMP – Resistances for given IN_diarrhea<30d



[1] ""

Saving 6.5×4.5 in image

Number of SMX – Resistances for given IN_diarrhea<30d



[1] "" ## [1] "------

Ungeschichtet: Resistenzen scheinen tendenziell zu

• steigen mit MY.group

- fallen mit SCC.group, CBC.group
- ? mit DIA.group

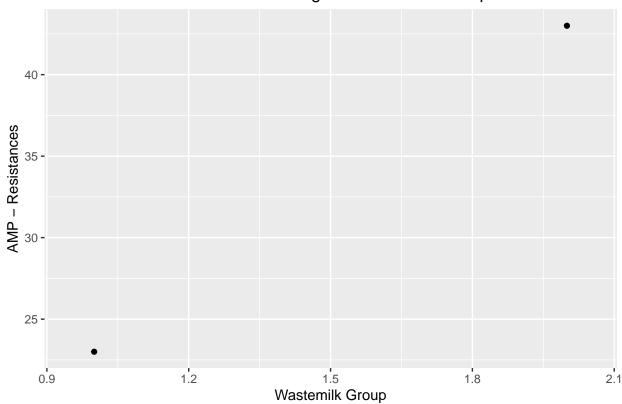
Eine Regression sagt mehr.

Binäre und Nominale Unabhängige Variablen

Anzahl Resistenzen

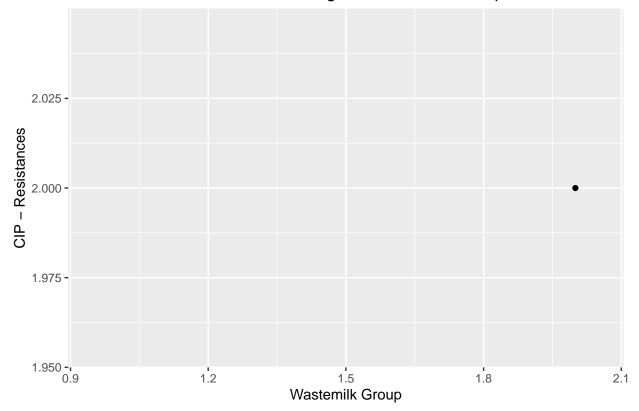
Saving 6.5×4.5 in image

Number of AMP - Resistances for given Wastemilk Group



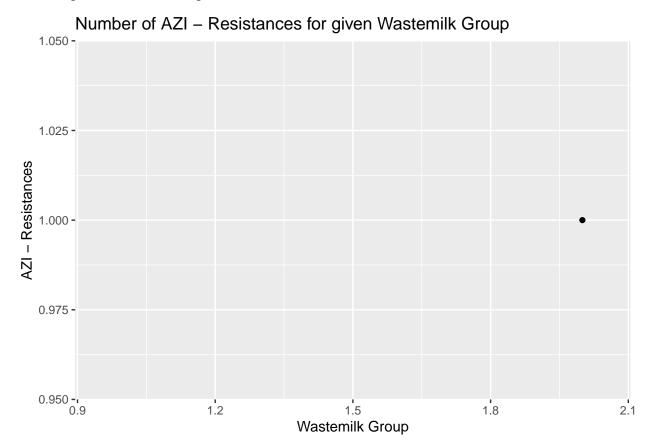
```
## [1] ""
## Saving 6.5 x 4.5 in image
```

Number of CIP - Resistances for given Wastemilk Group

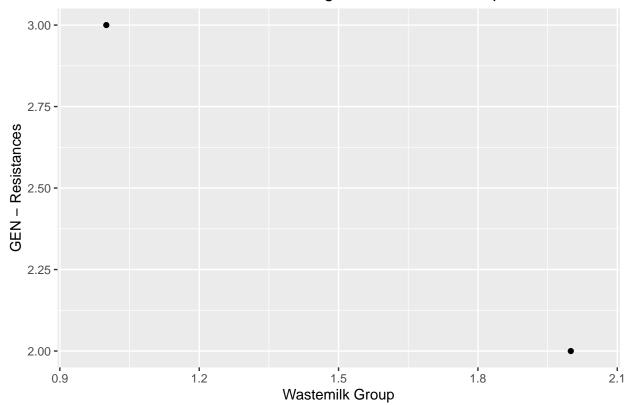


[1] ""

Saving 6.5×4.5 in image



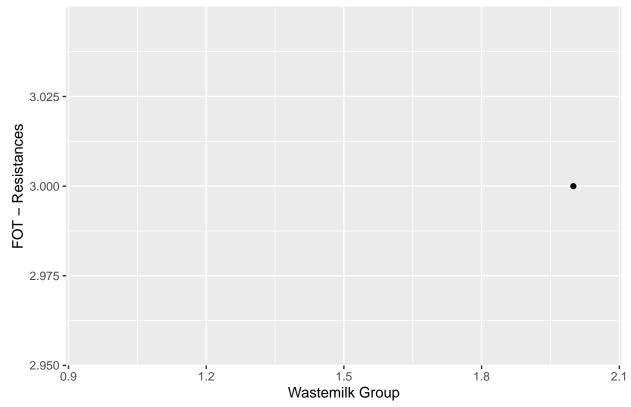
Number of GEN – Resistances for given Wastemilk Group



[1] ""

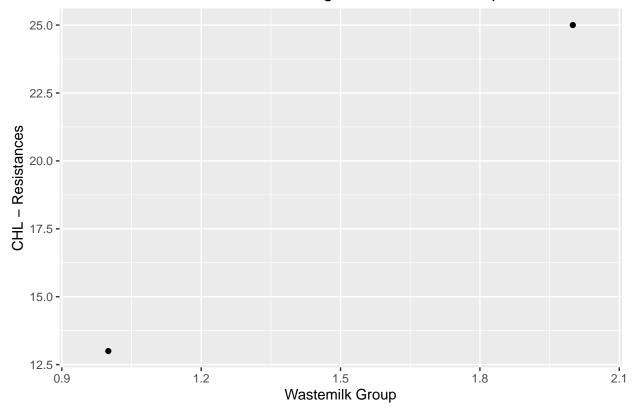
Saving 6.5×4.5 in image

Number of FOT – Resistances for given Wastemilk Group



[1] ""

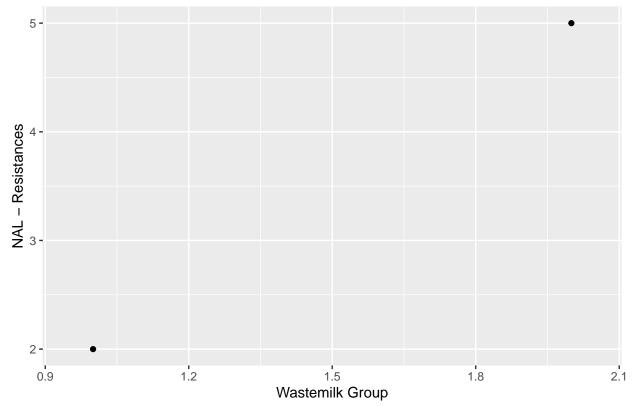
Number of CHL – Resistances for given Wastemilk Group



[1] ""

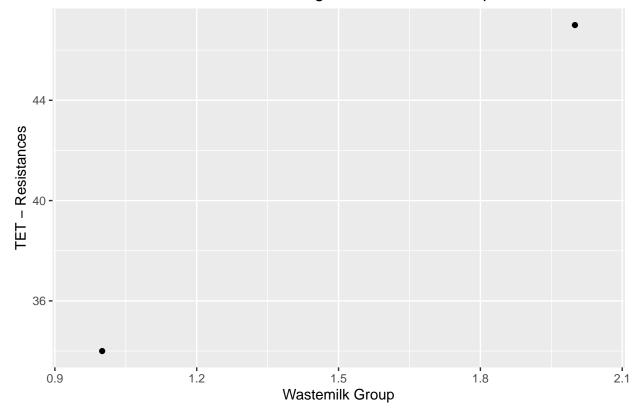
Saving 6.5×4.5 in image

Number of NAL - Resistances for given Wastemilk Group



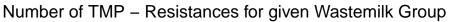
[1] ""

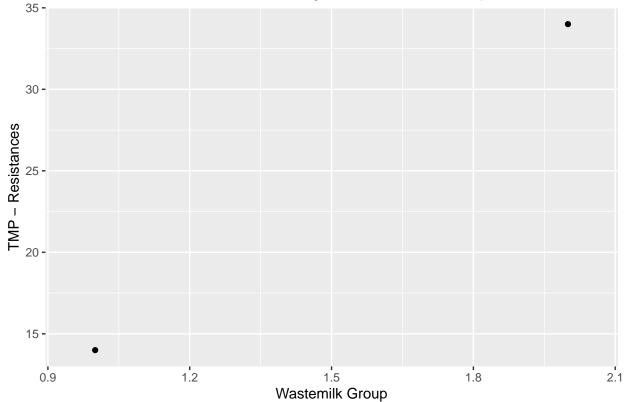
Number of TET – Resistances for given Wastemilk Group



[1] ""

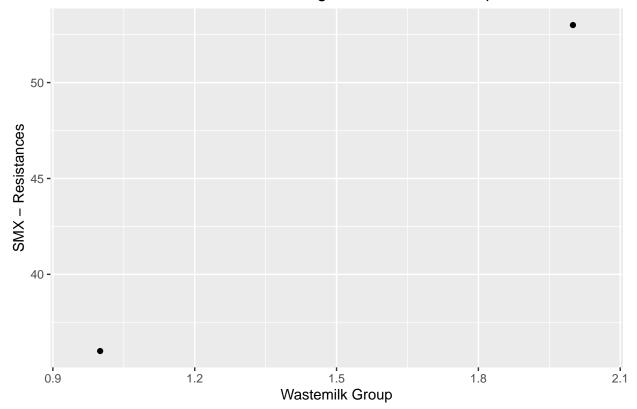
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[1] ""

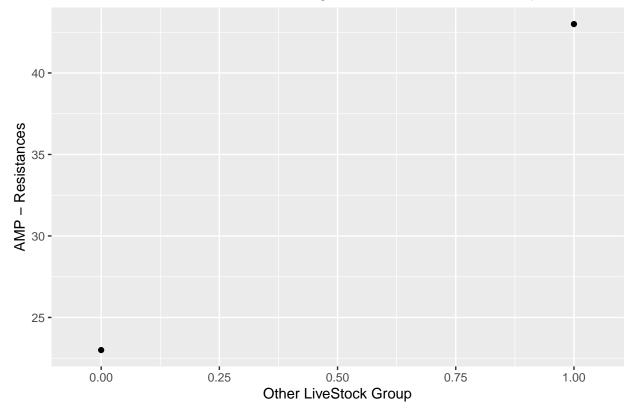
Number of SMX – Resistances for given Wastemilk Group

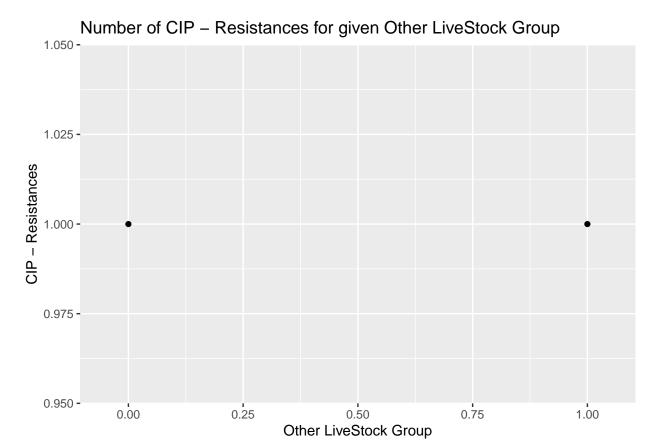


[1] "" ## [1] "------'

Saving 6.5×4.5 in image

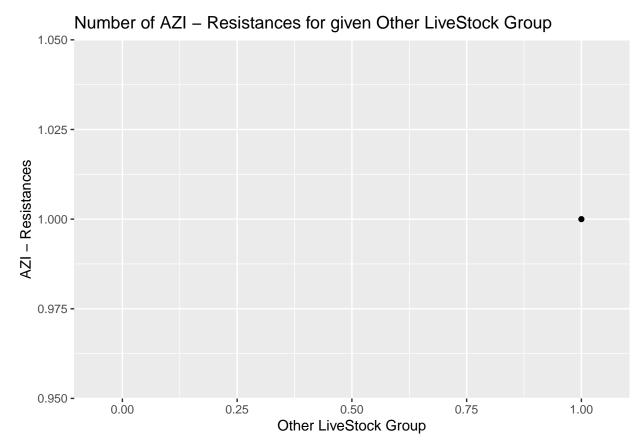
Number of AMP - Resistances for given Other LiveStock Group



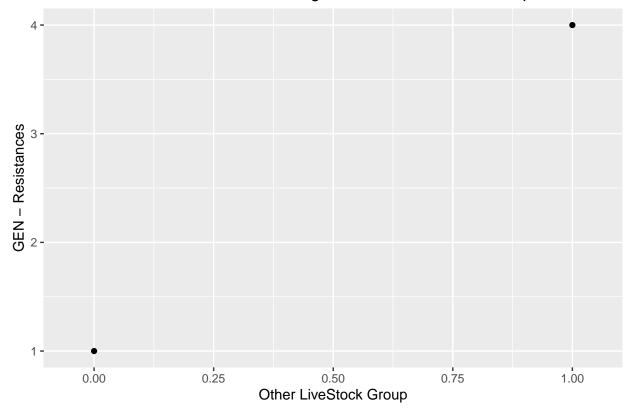


[1] ""

Saving 6.5×4.5 in image



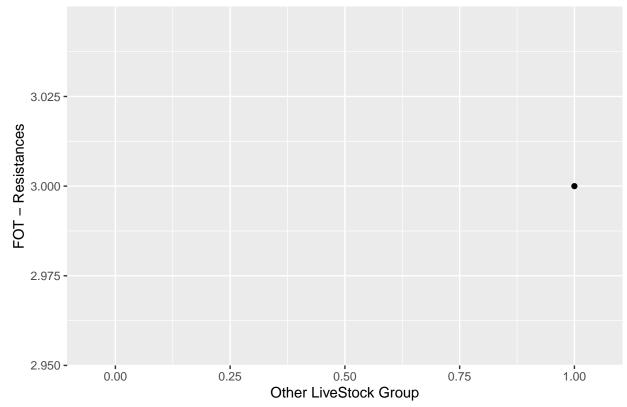
Number of GEN – Resistances for given Other LiveStock Group



[1] ""

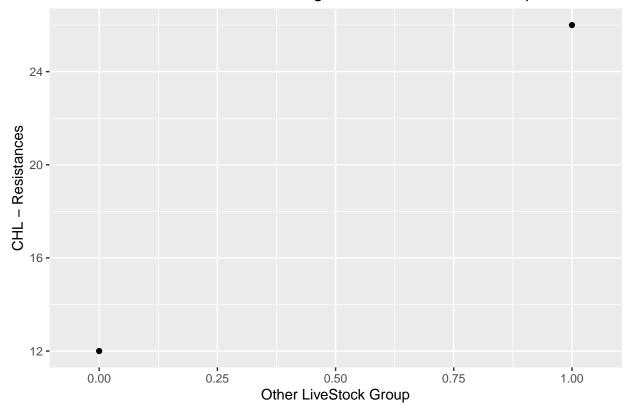
Saving 6.5×4.5 in image

Number of FOT – Resistances for given Other LiveStock Group



[1] ""

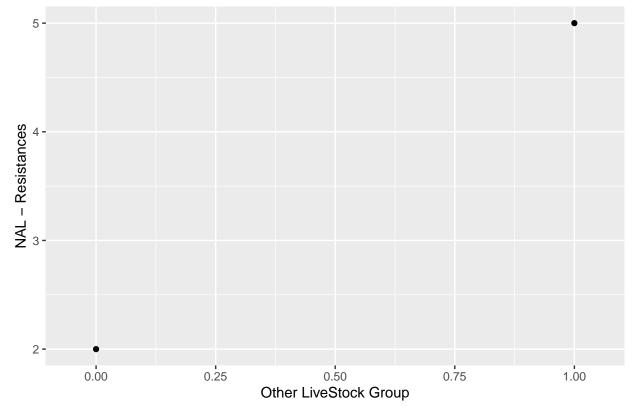
Number of CHL - Resistances for given Other LiveStock Group



[1] ""

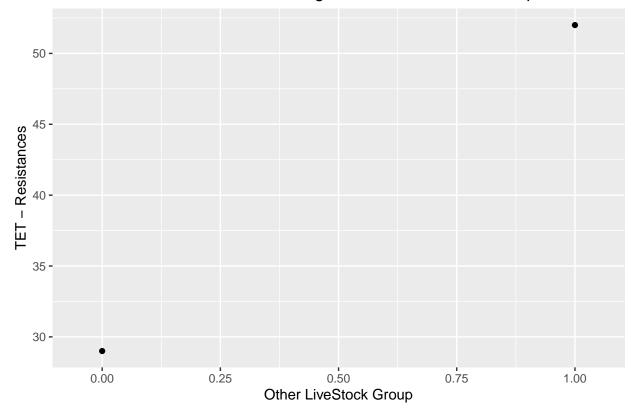
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Number of NAL – Resistances for given Other LiveStock Group



[1] ""

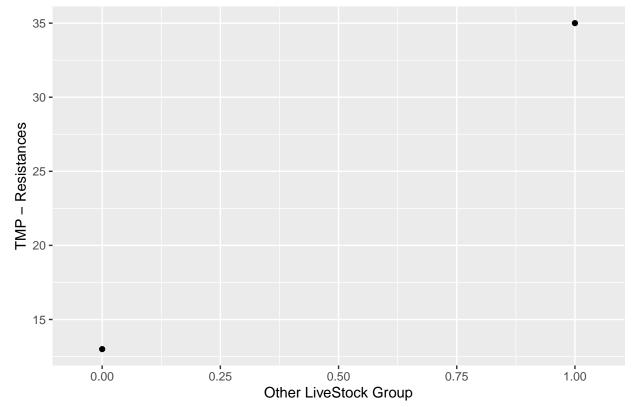
Number of TET – Resistances for given Other LiveStock Group



[1] ""

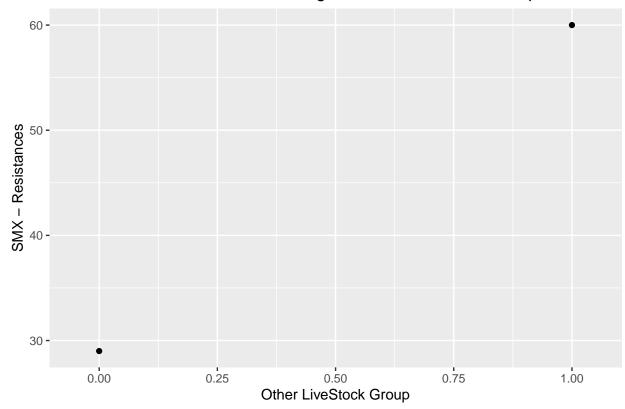
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Number of TMP - Resistances for given Other LiveStock Group



[1] ""

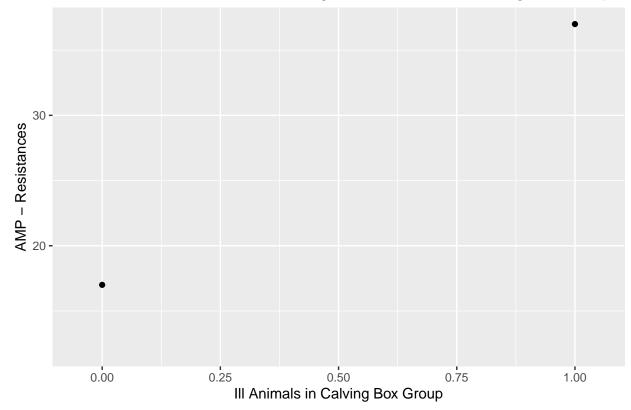
Number of SMX – Resistances for given Other LiveStock Group

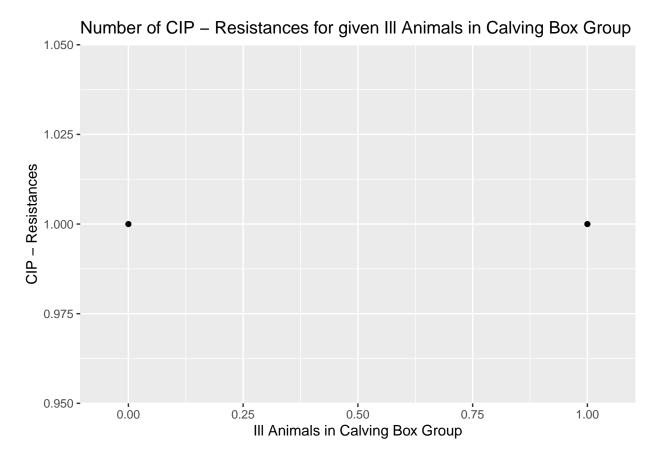


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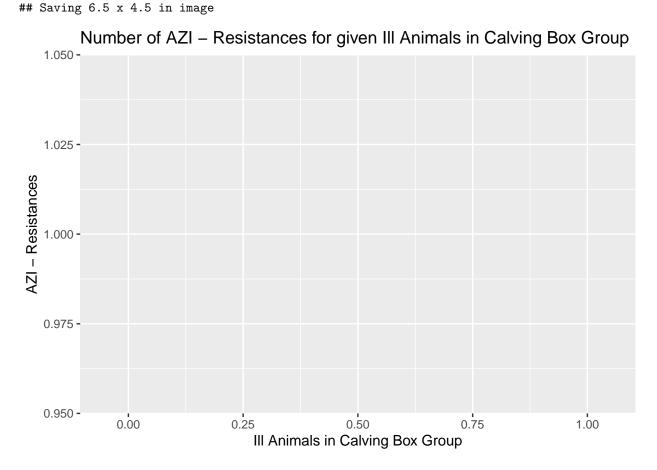
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Number of AMP - Resistances for given III Animals in Calving Box Group

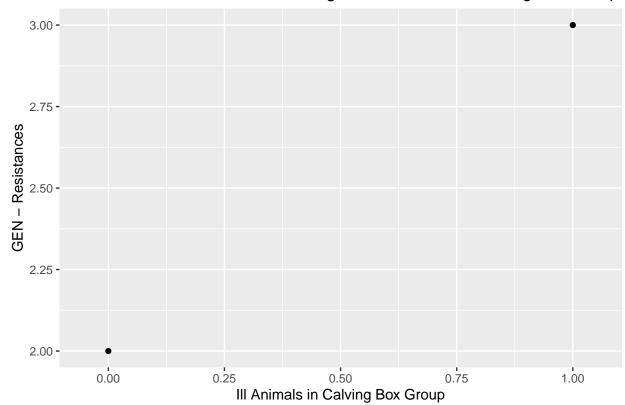




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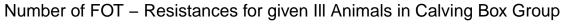


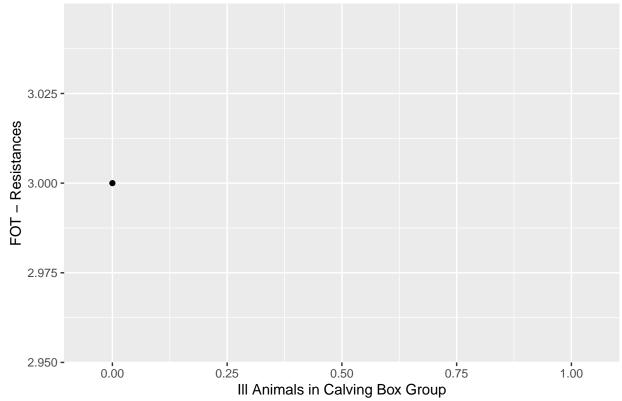
Number of GEN - Resistances for given III Animals in Calving Box Group



[1] ""

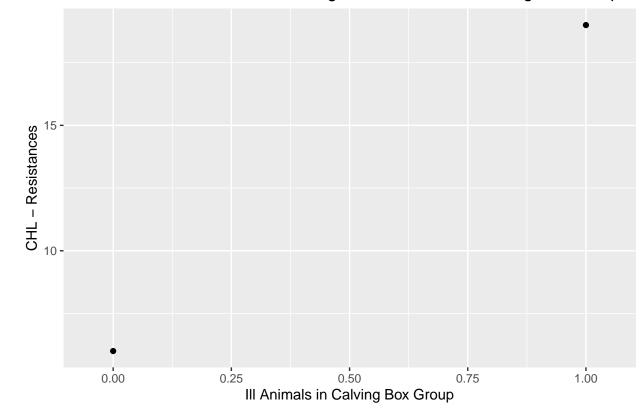
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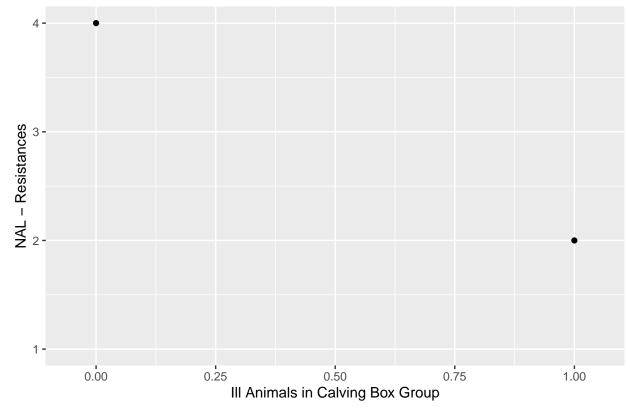
Number of CHL - Resistances for given III Animals in Calving Box Group



[1] ""

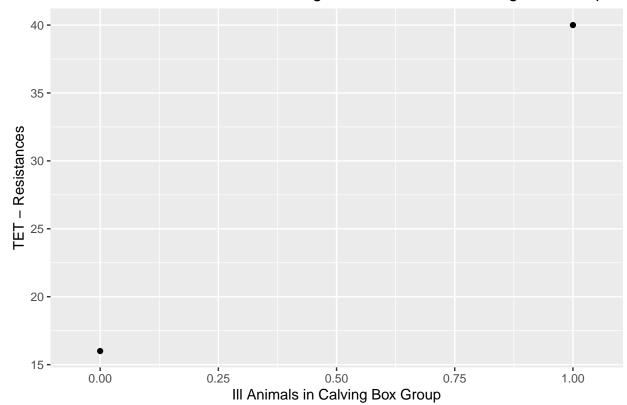
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Number of NAL – Resistances for given III Animals in Calving Box Group



[1] ""

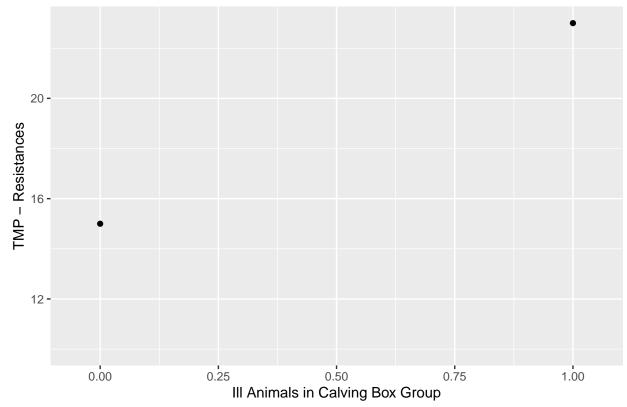
Number of TET – Resistances for given III Animals in Calving Box Group



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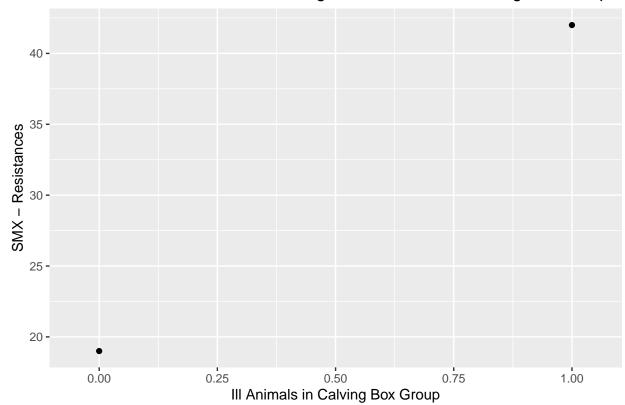
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Number of TMP - Resistances for given III Animals in Calving Box Group



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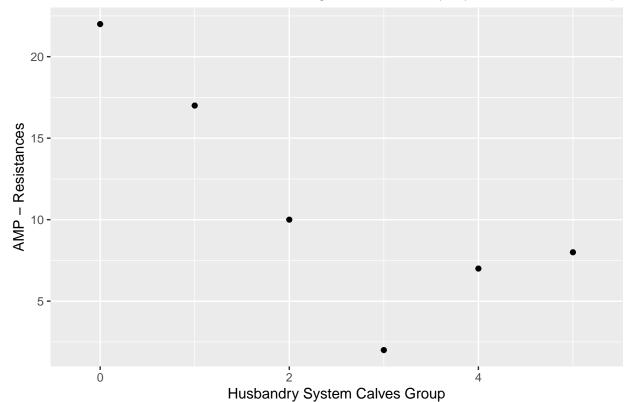
Number of SMX - Resistances for given III Animals in Calving Box Group



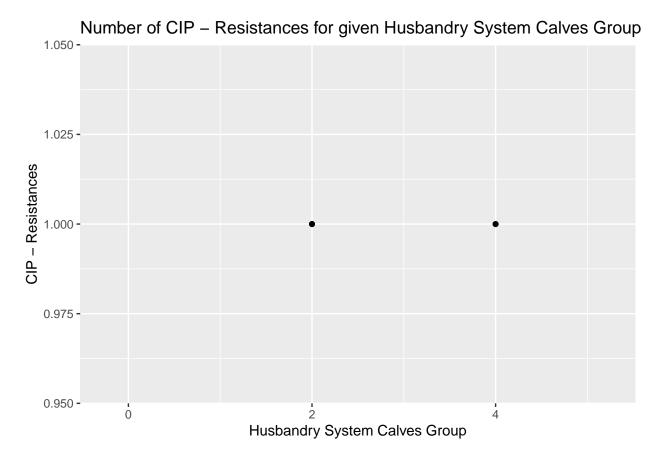
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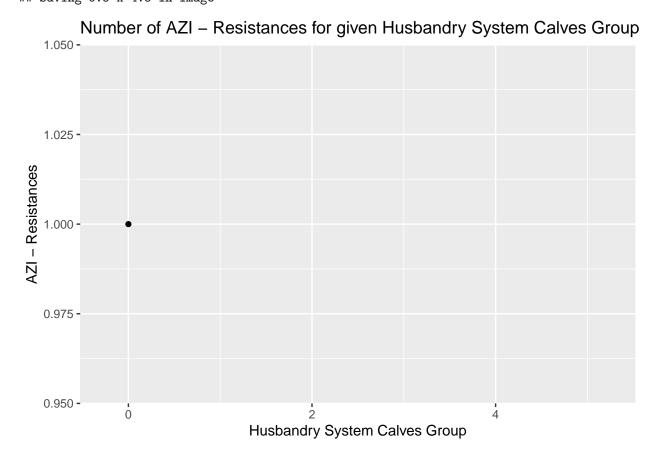
Number of AMP - Resistances for given Husbandry System Calves Group



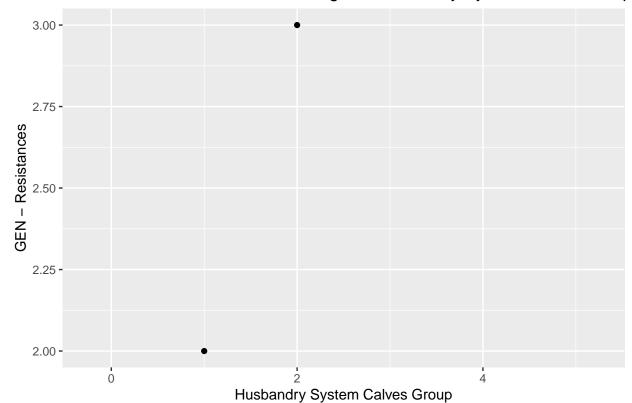
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[1] ""
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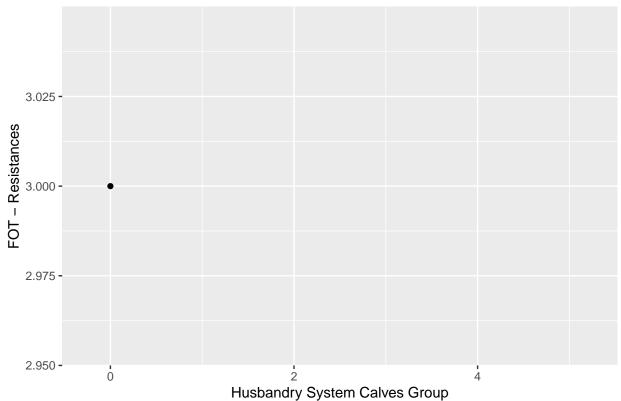


Number of GEN – Resistances for given Husbandry System Calves Group

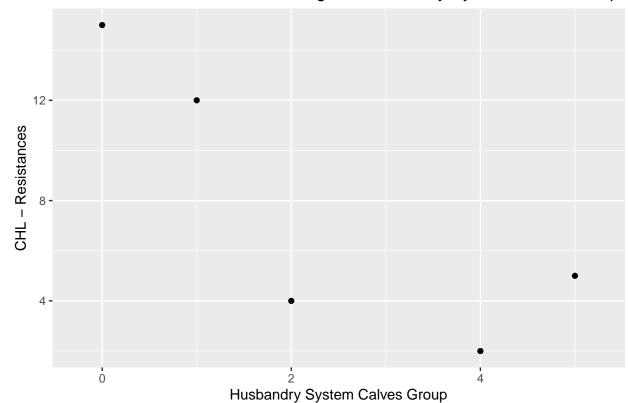


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Number of FOT - Resistances for given Husbandry System Calves Group



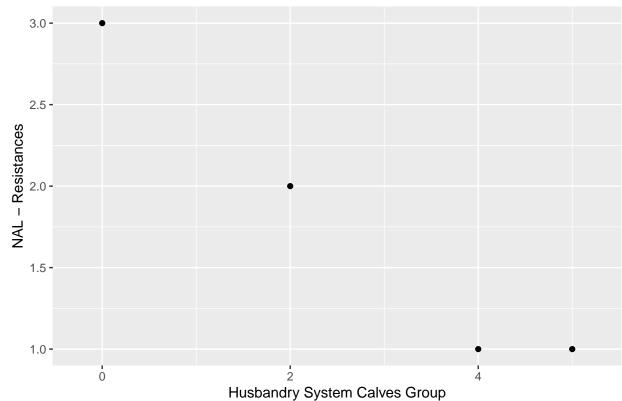
Number of CHL - Resistances for given Husbandry System Calves Group



[1] ""

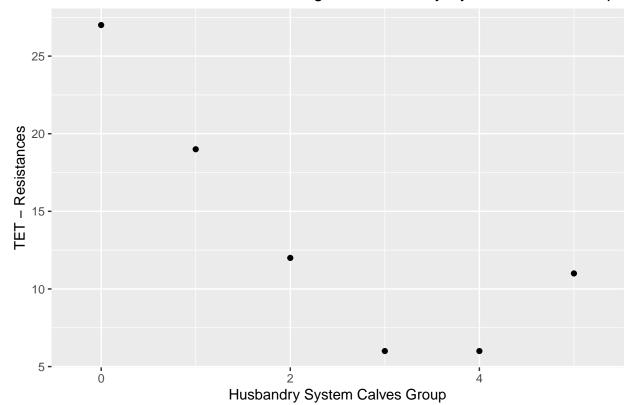
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Number of NAL – Resistances for given Husbandry System Calves Group



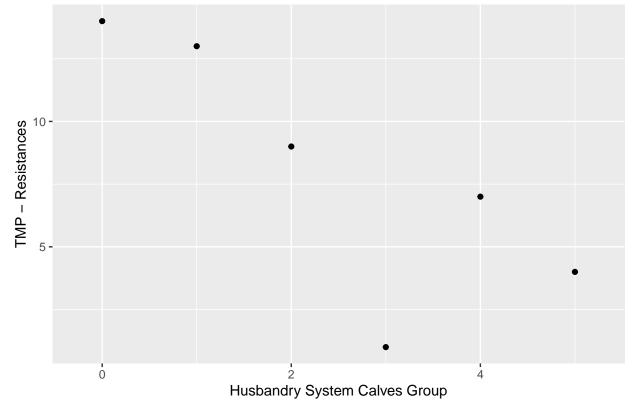
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Number of TET – Resistances for given Husbandry System Calves Group

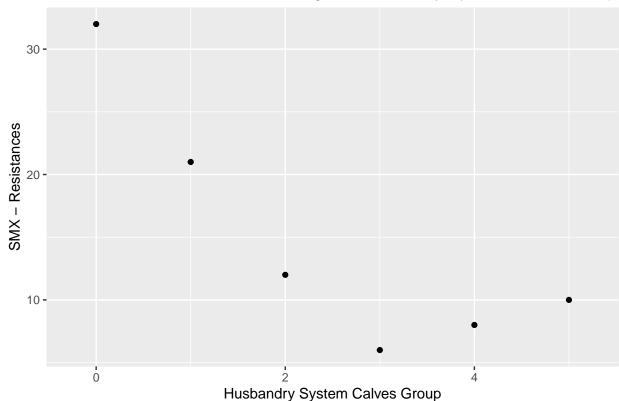


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Number of TMP – Resistances for given Husbandry System Calves Group



Number of SMX - Resistances for given Husbandry System Calves Group





Ungeschichtet: Resistenzen scheinen zu

- steigen mit MY (das sahen wir schon aus den Verteilungen), OLS.group, tendenziell auch IAC.group
- fallen bis HSC.group = 3, dann wieder etwas zu steigen (die Steigung von $4 \mapsto 5$ scheint einleuchtend, da 5=0+2 und 4=1+2; man könnte $4 \leftrightarrow 5$ im plot vertauschen)
- jedenfalls sind die Trends klarer als aus den Verteilungen. Eine Regression sagt nochmal mehr