Section 1: HTML

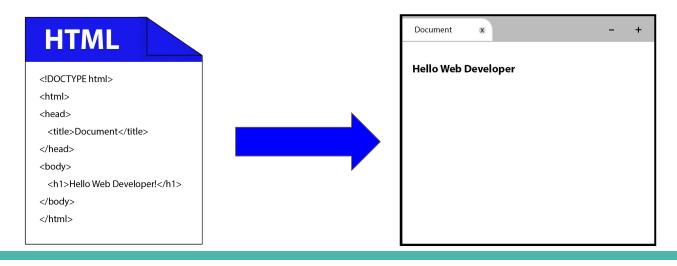
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Introduction to HTML

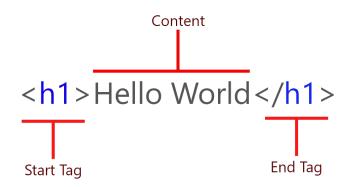
- HTML (HyperText Markup Language) is the most basic building block of the Web. It defines the meaning and structure of web content.
- Example:



HTML Element

Definition: An HTML element is defined by a start tag, some content, and an end tag.

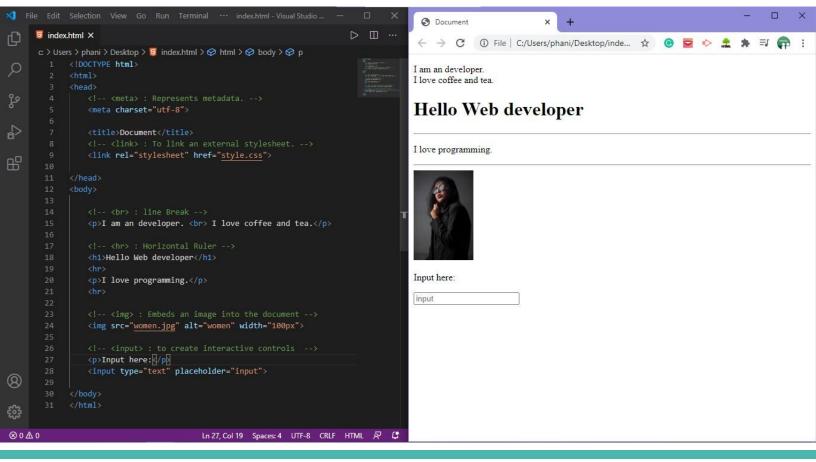
- Start Tag: This consists of the name of the element, wrapped in opening and closing angle brackets.
- Content: This is the content of the element.
- End Tag: This is the same as the opening tag, except that it includes a forward slash before the element name.



***Note: Some of HTML element such as:

-
 ! line Break
- <hr>: Horizontal Ruler
- : Embeds an image into the document
- <input> : to create interactive controls for web-based forms
- Ink> : To link an external stylesheet.
- <meta> : Represents metadata.

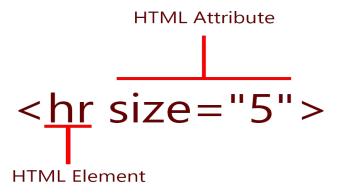
The HTML elements above don't require a closing tag to be valid, they call it "Self-Closing-Tag".



HTML Attribute

Definition: HTML attributes provide additional information about HTML elements.

- Attributes are always specified in the start tag
- Attributes usually come in name/value pairs like: name="value"
- Example:



Anatomy of an HTML document (Boilerplate)

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
2
    <html>
3
       <head>
           <meta charset="utf-8">
4
            <title>My test page</title>
5
6
       </head>
       <body>
           This is my page
8
        </body>
    </html>
10
```

Reference

W3school (https://www.w3schools.com/default.asp)

Mozilla Web Doc (https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTML)

DevDocs (https://devdocs.io)