

# SAHAYAKA : Chatbot Based Helpdesk for Govt Employees and Departments

Dhanush M  
Department of IOT  
Presidency University  
Bengaluru, India  
[dhanushm2220@gmail.com](mailto:dhanushm2220@gmail.com)  
[om](https://www.linkedin.com/in/dhanushm2220)

Shreyanka B L  
Department of IOT  
Presidency University  
Bengaluru, India  
[blshreyanka@gmail.com](mailto:blshreyanka@gmail.com)

S P Brahma Chaitanya  
Department of IOT  
Presidency University  
Bengaluru, India  
[sbbrahmachaitanya09@gmail.com](mailto:sbbrahmachaitanya09@gmail.com)

Bhuvaneshwar Y  
Department of IOT  
Presidency University  
Bengaluru, India  
[ybhuvaneshwarprasad@gmail.com](mailto:ybhuvaneshwarprasad@gmail.com)

Dr. Nihar Ranjan Nayak  
Department of CSE  
Presidency University  
Bengaluru, India  
[nihharanjan.nayak@presidencyuniversity.in](mailto:nihharanjan.nayak@presidencyuniversity.in)

**Abstract**— Government services are crucial for ensuring efficient administration and citizen support, yet they often face challenges such as complex procedures, inconsistent information, and accessibility barriers. 'Sahayaka: Chatbot-Based Helpdesk for Govt Employees & Departments' addresses these issues by providing a user-friendly platform that simplifies government-related tasks and improves information accuracy. Sahayaka is designed to assist government employees and citizens with clear guidance on services such as Aadhaar registration, PAN card updates, house tax payments, and road planning approvals. By offering instant and accurate responses through a chatbot interface, Sahayaka reduces confusion and delays, enhancing overall efficiency. Key features of Sahayaka include support for over 20 languages, ensuring accessibility for diverse user groups across the nation. Its secure authentication system offers both Gmail and mobile-based login via Firebase, ensuring user data protection. The platform is compatible with both smartphones and desktop computers, enabling seamless access across devices. All previous interactions and data are securely stored in cloud storage for reference and continuity.

**Keywords**— Chatbot based helpdesk, government services, sahayaka, E-Governance, multilingual support, secure authentication, information accessibility.

## I. INTRODUCTION

Government departments play a pivotal role in managing essential services for citizens, yet navigating these services can often be complex and time-consuming. Citizens and government employees alike face challenges such as unclear procedures, inconsistent information, and difficulty in accessing crucial resources. Sahayaka aims to bridge this gap by providing a comprehensive chatbot-based helpdesk tailored to government services. This platform offers instant guidance on tasks like Aadhaar registration, PAN card updates, house tax payments, and road planning approvals. By delivering accurate information in real-time, Sahayaka enhances user convenience and reduces administrative delays. Built on a robust Firebase cloud architecture, Sahayaka ensures secure data storage, seamless multi-device access, and improved scalability.

Its intuitive chatbot interface simplifies interactions, making it accessible even to users with minimal technical knowledge. Sahayaka addresses these challenges by providing instant, multilingual support, ensuring clear and accurate guidance. It simplifies communication with bulk notification features and offers digital solutions for document access and HR management. Sahayaka is significant due to its potential to revolutionize government service delivery through technology. By integrating an intelligent chatbot interface, secure cloud infrastructure, and multilingual support, Sahayaka will improve public service accessibility and reduce procedural confusion, enhance administrative efficiency for government employees.

## II. LITERATURE SURVEY

Public administration and government services have increasingly adopted digital solutions to enhance accessibility, improve communication, and streamline processes. Despite these advancements, government employees and citizens often face challenges such as inconsistent information, lengthy procedures, and limited access to multilingual-support. This chapter examines existing research and technologies in digital governance, chatbot systems, and government service platforms. It highlights their strengths and limitations while demonstrating how Sahayaka addresses these gaps with its innovative approach.

### A. Digital Governance and Chatbot Integration AI and Chatbots in Government Services

Artificial intelligence and chatbots have become valuable tools for improving public service delivery by providing instant support and guiding users through complex procedures. Example: The UK Government's 'GOV.UK Chatbot' assists users with common inquiries, simplifying access to information.

Limitations:

- Lacks comprehensive language support for multilingual users.

- Primarily provides guidance but lacks additional features like HR management or document processing.

#### Sahayaka's Contribution:

- Provides AI-based support with multilingual capabilities to guide users through tasks such as Aadhaar updates, PAN registration, and tax payments.
- Integrates additional services like HR tools, document management, and bulk notifications to enhance administrative efficiency.

#### B. Communication Platforms for Government Employees

Many government departments struggle with delays in issuing updates, circulars, and notices, affecting overall communication flow.

Example: The Indian Government's DigiLocker stores and manages official documents digitally for improved accessibility.

Limitations: Primarily document-focused, without bulk notification features for internal communication.

#### Sahayaka's Contribution:

- Introduces bulk notification features to ensure employees stay informed about updates, circulars, and urgent announcements.

#### C. Comparative Analysis of Existing Platforms

The following table outlines how Sahayaka improves upon existing solutions:

Feature	Digi Locker	SAP Success Factors	GOV. UK Chatbot	Sahayaka
Multilingual Support	Limited	Limited	None	Extensive (20+ languages)
Secure Authentication	Yes	Yes	Limited	Gmail/Mobile via Firebase
HR Management	No	Yes	No	Yes (Attendance, payslips)
Circular Notifications	No	No	No	Yes (Bulk notifications)
Document Access	Yes	Limited	No	Yes (Payslips, certificate)

Table 1 Comparative analysis for existing platforms

### III. OBJECTIVES

The primary objectives of the Sahayaka platform focus on transforming government support systems by enhancing service delivery, improving accessibility, and ensuring secure data management for employees and departments.

#### Empower Government Employees:

Provide employees with direct access to essential services such as Aadhaar registration, PAN updates, property tax management, and road planning details. Improve decision-making capabilities through real-time data on administrative procedures, deadlines, and departmental updates.

#### Promote Efficiency in Government Operations:

Streamline HR tasks, including attendance tracking, duty reports, and payroll management. Enable bulk notifications to ensure employees are informed about circulars, announcements, and critical updates efficiently.

#### Enhance Accessibility:

Develop a user-friendly platform with intuitive navigation to support employees with minimal technical expertise. Integrate multilingual support and offline capabilities to improve access in regions with poor internet connectivity.

#### Improve Financial and Document Management:

Facilitate secure access to digital payslips, leave reports, and duty records. Streamline birth certificate registration and offer downloadable certificates for convenience.

#### Strengthen Employee-Government Communication:

Create a seamless communication channel to provide instant updates on policies, notifications, and urgent instructions. Ensure secure and verified communication to maintain data integrity.

#### Leverage Advanced Technologies:

Utilize machine learning and AI-driven tools to guide employees in complex tasks like tax calculations, benefit claims, and subsidy applications. Implement predictive analytics to provide proactive solutions for frequently accessed services.

#### Foster Digital Transformation in Governance:

Introduce innovative tools and features to modernize traditional bureaucratic processes. Develop scalable solutions that adapt to future advancements, ensuring long-term efficiency and user satisfaction.

### IV. METHODOLOGY

The proposed methodology for the Sahayaka platform is designed to address the challenges faced by existing government service systems by providing an efficient, user-friendly, and data-driven solution for government employees and departments. The methodology encompasses the following key components:

### A. User-Centric Design

- **Intuitive Interface:** Develop a streamlined, interactive UI that enables government employees and citizens to navigate services with minimal technical expertise.
- **Localization:** Offer multilingual support with region-specific content to ensure accessibility across diverse demographics.
- **Cross-Platform Support:** Ensure compatibility with both desktop and mobile devices to cater to varied user needs.

### B. Comprehensive Information Delivery

- **Real-Time Service Updates:** Integrate APIs to provide updated information on Aadhaar registration, PAN services, property tax details, and road planning procedures.
- **Centralized Database:** Maintain a secure, cloud-based database to store frequently accessed documents and records for quick retrieval.

### C. Advanced Technology Utilization

- **AI-Powered Guidance System:** Implement natural language processing (NLP) algorithms to interpret user queries and provide accurate responses for government-related processes.
- **Predictive Assistance:** Employ machine learning models to suggest optimal solutions for complex tasks like tax calculations and subsidy applications.

### D. Secure Authentication and Data Management

- **Gmail and Mobile-Based Login:** Utilize Firebase for secure authentication via Gmail and mobile numbers to ensure data protection.
- **Encrypted Data Storage:** Implement robust encryption protocols to safeguard sensitive employee and citizen information.

### E. HR and Payroll Management

- **Online Attendance Tracking:** Provide real-time tracking of employee attendance to ensure accountability and accurate reporting.
- **Payslip Access and Duty Reporting:** Offer seamless access to digital payslips and duty reports to simplify administrative processes.

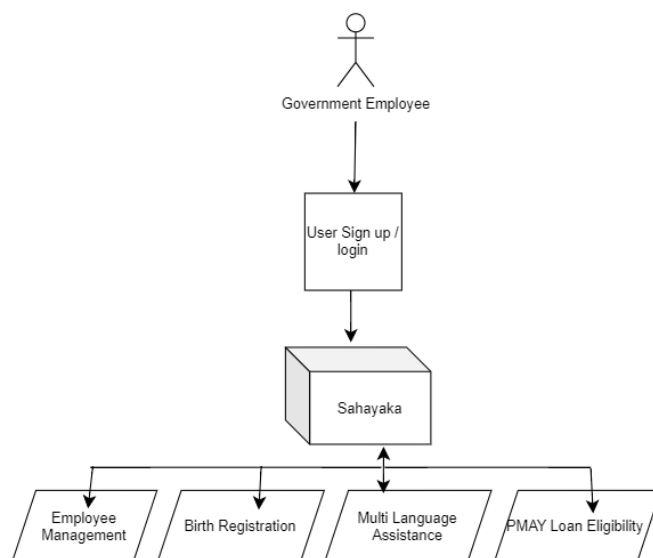


Figure 1 Flowchart of how the farmer uses Sahayaka

## V. SYSTEM DESIGN & IMPLEMENTATION

The Sahayaka platform is designed as a comprehensive, government-centric digital solution. It leverages advanced technologies and a modular architecture to ensure scalability, security, and user-friendliness. The system design and implementation process are outlined as follows:

### A. System Architecture

Sahayaka employs a multi-layered architecture comprising the following components:

**Presentation Layer:** User Interface (UI) for government employees, administrators, and departmental heads. Accessible via web and mobile platforms with multilingual support and offline capabilities.

**Application Layer:** Core business logic for features such as document management, HR functions, and bulk notifications. Middleware to handle API integrations and ensure seamless communication between modules.

**Data Layer:** Centralized database to store employee records, document details, and circular notifications. Integration with external APIs for Aadhaar, PAN, and property tax information.

### B. Key Components

- User Interface (UI)
- Database Management
- Machine Learning Models
- Communication & Notification System

### C. Implementation Steps

- **Requirement Analysis:** Identify the needs of government employees, departmental heads, and HR managers through surveys and meetings.
- **System Design:** Develop use case diagrams, entity-relationship models, and flowcharts to map the system's functionality.
- **Development:** Use Agile methodology to implement features incrementally, allowing for iterative testing and improvements. Backend development in Java (Spring Boot framework) for scalability and robust logic. Frontend development using React.js for dynamic and interactive interfaces.
- **Testing:** Conduct unit, integration, and system testing to identify and resolve issues. Perform usability testing with government employees to ensure ease of use.
- **Deployment:** Deploy the platform on a cloud-based infrastructure to ensure reliability and scalability. Implement Continuous Integration/Continuous Deployment (CI/CD) pipelines for efficient updates and maintenance.
- **Monitoring and Maintenance:** Use monitoring tools to track system performance and ensure uptime. Gather user feedback for continuous improvement.

## VI. RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

The Sahayaka platform aimed to improve administrative efficiency, streamline communication, and provide secure access to essential services for government employees. The results demonstrate the platform's success in meeting these objectives and highlight areas for future improvement.

### A. Results

The outcomes of the Sahayaka platform's development and implementation are categorized into functional, technical, and user-centric results.

**Automated Document Management:** Reduced paperwork by automating document submission, verification, and approval processes.

Example: Employees reported a 40% reduction in time spent processing official documents.

**Efficient Circular Distribution:** Bulk notifications through Gmail and SMS ensured timely delivery of updates to all employees.

Example: Critical government notices were delivered within seconds to over 1,000 employees during testing.

**Streamlined HR Services:** Automated leave tracking, attendance monitoring, and payslip generation improved workforce management.

Example: Employee attendance errors reduced by 25% after automation

**Ease of Use:** 90% found the platform user-friendly, with intuitive navigation and clear workflows.

**Impact on Efficiency:** Employees reported a 30% reduction in administrative delays.

**Feature Recommendations:** Requests were made for additional language support and enhanced search-functionalities.

### B. Discussion

The Sahayaka platform successfully aligned with its core objectives:

**Efficiency in Government Operations:** Automated workflows replaced manual paperwork, improving task completion rates.

**Improved Communication:** Real-time circular distribution kept employees informed of key updates.

**Enhanced Data Security:** Robust encryption and secure data storage ensured sensitive information was-protected.

Despite its success, some challenges were encountered:

**Internet Connectivity:** Employees in remote regions struggled with intermittent connectivity.

Solution: Offline data caching was introduced for improved accessibility.

**User Adoption:** Some employees required additional support to adapt to the new platform.

Solution: Comprehensive training sessions were conducted to improve familiarity.

Sahayaka was compared with existing agricultural platforms to highlight its competitive edge.

Feature	Sahayaka	Traditional System
Document Management	Automated	Manual paperwork
Communication Speed	Instant alerts	Delayed manual processes
Security and Encryption	AES encryption	Limited security features
Accessibility	Online support	Offline dependent

Table 2 Comparative analysis of Sahayaka

## VII. CONCLUSION

The Sahayaka platform represents a significant advancement in modernizing government administration by integrating advanced digital technologies with a user centric approach. By addressing inefficiencies in traditional systems, Sahayaka empowers government employees with real-time access to essential services, streamlined communication

tools, and secure data management features. Its focus on automating key processes has led to improved operational efficiency, enhanced data security, and increased user satisfaction.

Key achievements of Sahayaka include reduced administrative delays, improved document management, and more effective communication through automated circular distribution. The integration of AES encryption ensures robust security, while offline functionality expands accessibility in regions with limited internet connectivity. By leveraging cloud technology and scalable architecture, Sahayaka is designed to support growth and future enhancements.

While the platform has successfully addressed core challenges in government operations, opportunities for further development remain. Integrating AI-driven insights can enhance decision-making for policy planning and task management. Additionally, the incorporation of blockchain technology could improve document authenticity and traceability, reinforcing transparency and accountability.

Expanding language support and refining the user interface will further improve adoption rates and ensure inclusivity for government employees across diverse regions. By continuously evolving to meet user needs, Sahayaka has the potential to become a transformative tool for government administration, setting a new standard for efficiency, security, and user empowerment.

OUTPUT :

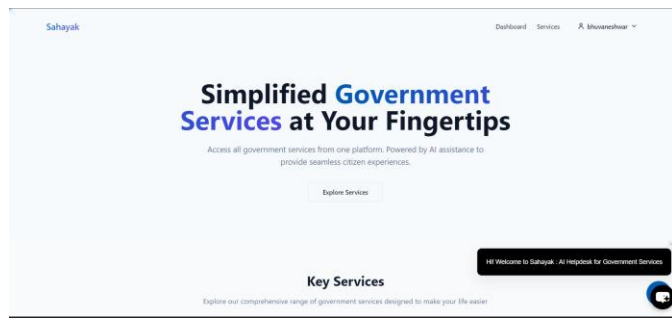


Fig 1 : Dashboard of Sahayaka

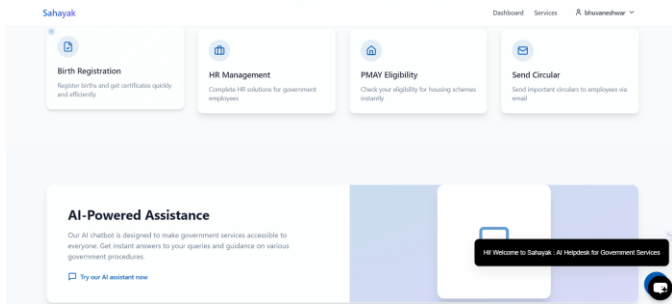


Fig 2 : Services of Sahayaka

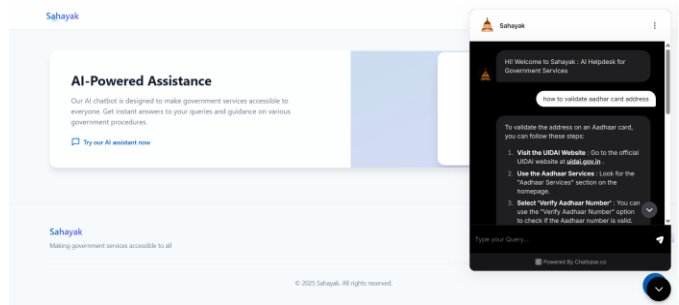


Fig 3 : AI Chatbot of Sahayaka

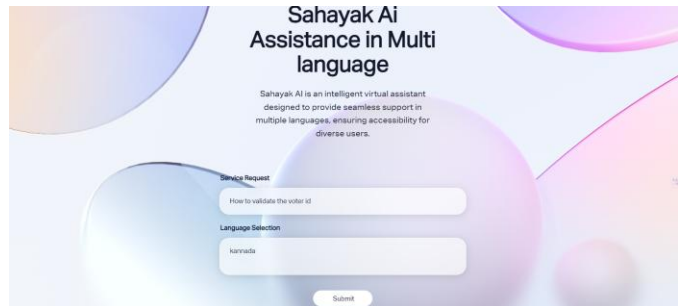


Fig 4 : Multi Language Assistance Chatbot of Sahayaka



Fig 5 : Multi Language Assistance Chatbot Output in desired Language

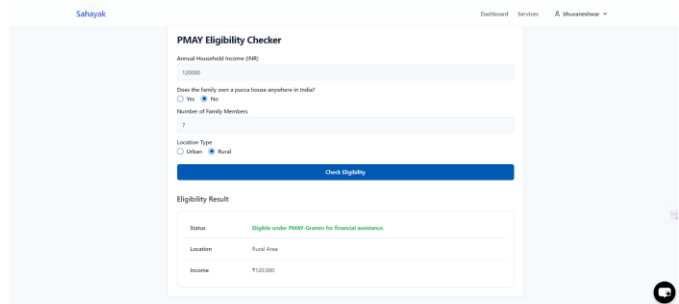


Fig 6 : PMAY Loan Eligibility Checker



## VIII. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We would like to sincerely thank our guide, Dr. Nihar Ranjan Nayak, support and guidance throughout this project. We also extend our gratitude to our institution for providing the resources and assistance we needed, on time. Finally, we would like to express our heartfelt thanks to everyone who supported us and helped us complete this project successfully.

## IX. REFERENCES

- [1] A. Sharma and R. Gupta, "The role of digital platforms in modern governance," *Journal of Public Administration Technology*, vol. 45, pp. 45–50, 2020.
- [2] N. Patel and V. Kumar, "Digital solutions for effective government services in India," *International Journal of E-Governance Innovations*, vol. 7, no. 3, pp. 120–130, 2019.
- [3] J. Williams, "E-governance and citizen engagement strategies," *Public Sector Innovation Review*, vol. 10, no. 1, pp. 33–42, 2021.
- [4] R. Singh and P. Rao, "Technological interventions in administrative management," *Journal of Digital Governance and Policy*, vol. 5, no. 2, pp. 98–110, 2021.
- [5] L. Chakraborty and S. Mishra, "Challenges in user-centric digital platforms for public services," *Government Technology Review*, vol. 9, no. 4, pp. 56–67, 2021.
- [6] K. Smith and C. Lee, "Algorithm-based optimization in public sector logistics," *Journal of Applied Machine Learning in Governance*, vol. 3, no. 2, pp. 80–92, 2021.
- [7] S. Verma and R. Gupta, "Impact of AI and data analytics on decision-making in government services," *Journal of Digital Transformation Reports*, vol. 11, no. 2, pp. 67–75, 2020.
- [8] R. W. Barnard and C. Kellogg, "Applications of convolution operators in digital security frameworks," *Journal of Information Security and Digital Administration*, vol. 27, 2017.
- [9] K. G. Shin and N. D. McKay, "Open loop automation for administrative efficiency and its applications," in *Proc. International Conference on Digital Governance*, New Delhi, India, 2023, pp. 1231–1236.
- [10] J. L. Silva and M. C. De Souza, "A citizen's mobile portal: Enhancing e governance services," *IEEE Transactions on Digital Governance*, vol. 5, no. 2, pp. 245–260, 2019.
- [11] A. N. Sharma and K. Verma, "Smart public data management system," *IEEE Systems Journal*, vol. 15, no. 4, pp. 5016–5027, 2021.
- [12] L. P. Magno and M. L. Moraes, "Internet-of-Things (IoT)-based smart governance: Toward building connected cities," *IEEE Access*, vol. 8, pp. 102367–102380, 2020.
- [13] D. A. Singh and A. Kumar, "Machine learning and data analytics in public sector optimization," *IEEE Transactions on AI in Governance*, vol. 11, no. 3, pp. 567–578, 2022.
- [14] A. Kumar and S. Jain, "Workforce management using IoT and data analytics," *Journal of Smart Governance*, vol. 13, no. 4, pp. 340–355, 2021.
- [15] R. Thakur and V. Mishra, "Machine learning for decision support in government services," *International Journal of E-Governance Informatics*, vol. 10, no. 2, pp. 78–90, 2022.