

EECS 203: Discrete Mathematics
Winter 2024
Discussion 11 Notes

1 Definitions

- **Big-O:**
- **Big- Ω :**
- **Big- Θ :**
- **Runtime of Standard Functions:**
- **Properties for Combining Functions:**
- **Divide and Conquer Algorithm:**
- **Sub-problem:**
- **Master Theorem:**
- **Rules for Logarithms:**

2 Exercises

1. Big-O

Give a big-O estimate for each of these functions. Use a simple function of the smallest order.

(a) $n \cdot \log(n^2 + 1) + n^2 \cdot \log(n)$

(b) $(n \cdot \log(n) + 1)^2 + (\log(n) + 1)(n^2 + 1)$

(c) $n^{2^n} + n^{n^2}$

2. Big- Ω , Big- Θ

For each function, determine whether that function is $\Omega(x^2)$ and whether it is $\Theta(x^2)$.

(a) $f(x) = 17x + 11$

(b) $f(x) = x \log x$

(c) $f(x) = 2^x$

(d) $f(x) = x^2 + 1000$

(e) $f(x) = x^4/2$

(f) $f(x) = \lfloor x \rfloor \cdot \lceil x \rceil$

3. Algorithms

Give the tightest big-O estimate for the number of operations (where an operation is arithmetic, a comparison, or an assignment) used in each of the following algorithms:

(a)

```
procedure findMax( $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_N$ : real numbers)
     $max := 0$ 
    for  $i := 1$  to  $N$ 
        if  $a_i > max$ 
             $max = a_i$ 
    return  $max$ 
```

(b)

```
procedure sumOddIndices( $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_N$ : real numbers)
     $i := 1$ 
     $oddIndexSum := 0$ 
    while  $i \leq N$ 
         $oddIndexSum := oddIndexSum + a_i$ 
         $i := i + 2$ 
    return  $oddIndexSum$ 
```

(c)

```
procedure findMinPowerAboveN( $N$ : positive integer)
     $i := 1$ 
    while  $i \leq N$ 
         $i := i * 2$ 
    return  $i$ 
```

(d)

```
procedure findMaxDifference( $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_N$ : real numbers)
     $maxDiff := 0$ 
    for  $i := 1$  to  $N$ 
        for  $j := 1$  to  $N$ 
            if  $a_i - a_j > maxDiff$ 
                 $maxDiff := a_i - a_j$ 
    return  $maxDiff$ 
```

(e)

```
procedure countElementsGreaterThanMean( $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_N$ : real numbers)
     $sum := 0$ 
     $numGreaterThanMean := 0$ 
    for  $i := 1$  to  $N$ 
         $sum := sum + a_i$ 
     $mean := sum / N$ 
    for  $j := 1$  to  $N$ 
        if  $a_j > mean$ 
             $numGreaterThanMean := numGreaterThanMean + 1$ 
```

```
return numGreaterThanMean
```

4. Master Theorem

Consider the function f such that:

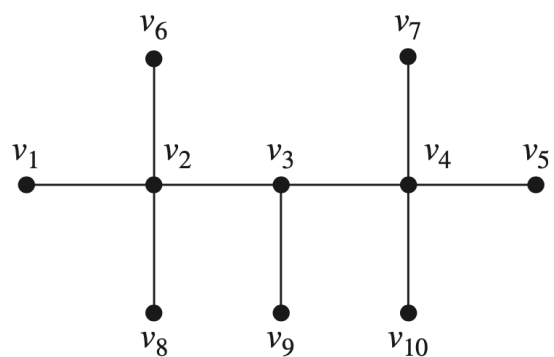
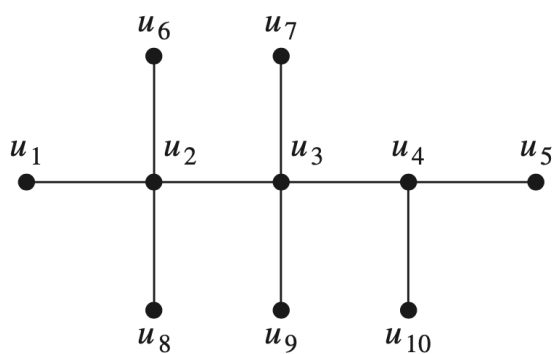
$$f(n) = 2f\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + n, f(1) = 2$$

- a) Find $f(16)$.
- b) Use the master theorem to find the tightest big-O estimate of f .

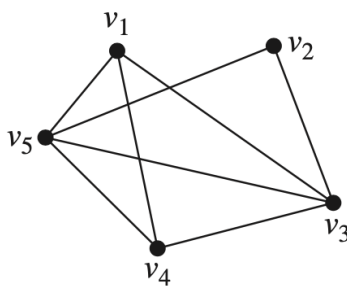
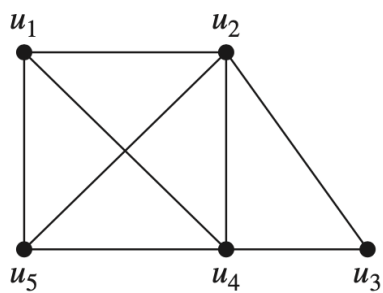
3 Review Exercises

5. REVIEW: Graph Isomorphisms

Determine whether or not the following pairs of graphs are isomorphic and thoroughly justify your answers.



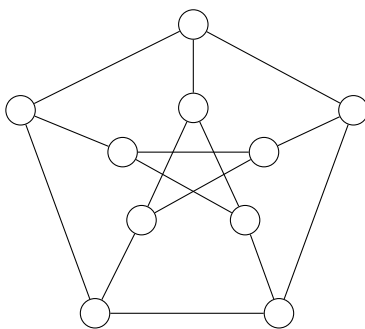
(a)



(b)

6. REVIEW: Coloring

Show that the following graph is 3-colorable and that this is the smallest number of colors needed to color it. Do so by explaining why it is not two colorable and then giving a three coloring.



7. REVIEW: Distributing Objects into Bins

For each of the following identify whether the objects/bins are indistinguishable or distinguishable. Then solve the problem.

- (a) How many ways are there to distribute hands of 5 cards to each of four players from the standard deck of 52 cards?
- (b) How many ways are there to put four different employees into three indistinguishable offices, when each office can contain any number of employees?
- (c) How many ways are there to pack six copies of the same book into four identical boxes, where a box can contain as many as six books?

8. REVIEW: Horses

How many ways are there for a horse race with three horses to finish if ties are possible?

[Note: Two or three horses may tie.]

9. REVIEW: More Poker Hands

- (a) Find the probability that a hand of five cards in poker contains at least 2 Aces.
- (b) Find the probability a hand of five cards in poker has exactly one of every face card (Jack, Queen, King).

10. REVIEW: Predicting Success

An electronics company is planning to introduce a new camera phone. The company commissions a marketing report for each new product that predicts either the success or the failure of the product. Of new products introduced by the company, 60% have been successes. Furthermore, 70% of their successful products were predicted to be successes, while 40% of failed products were predicted to be successes. Find the probability that this new camera phone will be successful if its success has been predicted.

11. REVIEW: Hat Check Problem

Each of n customers gives a hat to a hat-check person at a restaurant. The hat-check person gives the hats back to the customers in a random order. What is the expected number of customers who get back their own hat?