# omxplayerGUI Manual

# 6th Edition - Version 1.7.5 (c) 2014-2016 by Günter Kreidl

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# 1) Introduction

omxplayerGUI is a program to manage playing all kinds of media with omxplayer in lots of different ways. It's one of the helper programs of the kweb package (Minimal Kiosk Browser), but it can also be used stand-alone. omxplayerGUI also supports extracting videos from websites containing HTML5 video or from all video websites supported by youtube-dl. It uses Python's Tkinter GUI elements, which look a bit simplistic by modern standards, but do not require any other packages to be installed. OmxplayerGUI has been written in Python and then compiled to a binary version using nuitka.

Omxplayer is the most efficient media player for the Raspberry Pi. It's a command line program which is controlled by keyboard commands and can also be controlled from other applications using dbus commands. OmxplayerGUI uses both methods to control omxplayer.

It's important to understand how omxplayer works. It uses the GPU of the Raspberry Pi to decode the video and sends it directly to the video output superimposing it on top of the normal display (of the desktop, for example) in a separate layer. That's one of the reasons, why it's so efficient. Other methods can be used to display the decoded video inside a GUI application, but this requires real time copying of the decoded video into the frame buffer; the webkit3 engine supplied by the Raspberry Pi Foundation (and used by epiphany and kweb3) works this way to play (HTML5) web video inside the browser window. But this method is very inefficient compared to omxplayer's layer method and only works well for low resolutions and limited screen areas.

OmxplayerGUI works differently: It looks like it's playing the video inside a window, but in fact the video area is still running in a screen overlay; you will immediately notice that, if you move another window on top of the video window: the video is shining through. But nevertheless you can move or resize the video window and the video size and position will immediately match the new window size and position without breaking the video playback. You can also hide the video window and let it play on in the background. Full screen and refresh modes (adjusting the video display to the size and frame rate of the video) are of course also supported.

This can only work if omxplayer and the GUI use the same coordinate system and screen size. All kinds of overscan settings will break this, because the frame buffer size (used by the GUI environment) and the real screen size (used by omxplayer) don't match. I'm quite sure, that overscan is not needed in 99.99% of all cases; modifying the settings of your monitor or TV or using custom resolutions (only in rare cases) instead is always a better solution. If you cannot avoid using overscan you will have to use the overscan compensation settings, which have been added in version 1.7.3.

omxplayerGUI is used by kweb(3) to play local or web video of all kinds, but it can also be used stand-alone as a desktop video player. It registers with the desktop environment as a separate media player application and can be opened from the application menu or from the file manager, using its "open" or "open with" commands for all kinds of media

files or playlists. If it is called without any arguments (from the application menu, for example) it will display a simple frontend window. In version 1.7 this frontend has been expanded to help you creating and managing your own playlists.

# 2) Installation and Usage

omxplayerGUI is installed as part of the Minimal Kiosk Browser (kweb) package. A separate installation is not supported any more, because kweb and omxplayerGUI share a common environment (helper programs and global settings). You might think of omxplayerGUI as an application that has two interfaces: kweb(3) and a stand-alone media player interface.

So you have to install kweb even if you are only interested in the media player itself. You don't have to use the browser if you don't want to, but it is at least required to manage omxplayerGUI's rather complex settings.

After installation you will find omxplayerGUI as a new program in your applications menu. From a terminal command line you can run it with:

# omxplayergui [option] [mode] [url] [mimetype]

"option" may be one of these:

"--preset=presetname" or "--config=fullpath",

where "presetname" must be the name of a preset file created with kweb's settings page and "fullpath" must be the full path to a python file (.py), that contains global variables, similar to kwebhelper\_settings.py

"mode" may be either 'av' (or -av) or 'ytdl' (or -ytdl) and url is any valid file path or web url. If no mode is given, 'av' will be used. 'ytdl' is the extraction mode for web video and requires a valid URL to a web page containing web video. omxplayerGUI uses youtube-dl to extract video links from websites like youtube.com and many others. It can also extract HTML5 video links directly.

You can also right click any media (audio, video or playlist) file inside your file manager window to open it with omxplayerGUI.

If no URL argument is given or called from the application menu, omxplayerGUI will start with a simple frontend.

For web video support, you have to install youtube-dl. This is a very powerful Python application which allows you to download web video from a lot of websites (more than 600). omxplayerGUI uses it to extract web video URLs from web pages and feeds those video URLs directly to omxplayer for immediate playback (nothing is downloaded!).

Unfortunately the youtube-dl version from the Raspbian repository is useless, because it cannot be updated. The video websites are constantly changing and youtube-dl has always to adapt to those changes. There are different methods to install and update youtube-dl (and all of them work with omxplayerGUI), but to get the best performance you should use the tools provided by the kweb environment: Open kweb's applications page. At the bottom you'll find a number of youtube-dl tools. Click the "Install (Git)" button to install a recent version from github (if missed that during installation of kweb).

Use the button "Update (Git)" from time to time to get the newest version.

Youtube-dl Tools

Install (Git) Update (Git) Create Binary Start Server (no HLS) Stop Server Open Server

To speed up the use of youtube-dl (access time) version 1.7.0 (and newer) of the kweb package now contains a youtube-dl-application-server. This server can also be started (and closed) from a button on the application page. omxplayerGUI's stand-alone frontend will start the server automatically, if the server is available and not already running.

# 3) omxplayerGUI Frontend

When not used from Minimal Kiosk Browser and started without any arguments, omxplayerGUI will open with a simple frontend:



The interface consists of an entry line (for file paths or URLs), a first row of action buttons, a playlist area and a second row of action buttons to manage playlist content.

If you click the "**Open**" button, a simple file dialogue will appear and you may select any kind of media or playlist file to play. Depending on the kind of file, either omxaudioplayer or omxplayerGUI (the video player) will open and start playing your file(s).

The "Play/Stream" and "Extract" functions require a valid URL or file path, that you have to enter in the text field above. You can use copy & paste for this, by right clicking into the text field and selecting "clear & paste" from the small pop-up menu.

If you have a valid (full) file path or a web link URL pointing to an audio/video file or stream on the internet (or a playlist) entered into the text field, you can play it by clicking on "**Play/Stream**". Depending on the content, either the audio or video player interface will be opened.

If you have entered a URL pointing to a web video page (something like "https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o774LMtfeJY"), you can click the "Extract" button. Youtube-dl will be used to extract the video URL from that link and, if successful, omxplayerGUI will open and start playing the video. You can also use links to web pages containing HTML5 video and then omxplayerGUI will extract the video URLs from such pages and play them.

There's also a special function included to search for videos on youtube.com. If you enter something like:

# ?raspberry pi

into the text entry field and click on "Extract", a search on youtube.com for these key words will be started and after a while (around one minute!), a video window will appear and start playing the first video of the search results. If you stop the video, you will see a playlist with up to 20 search results for "raspberry pi", all of which can be directly played without any further delay. If the last of the search terms is a number, it will be used to set the page number of the youtube search, e.g.

#### ?raspberry pi 3

will result in page3 (videos number 40 - 59) of a youtube search for "raspberry pi."

The "Help" button can be used to open this manual directly from the player.

If you click the "**Edit Settings**" button it, it will open a browser window as root (password may be required) and show the settings page for kwebhelper and omxplayerGUI (see below for details).

Clicking the "Quit" button will close the application, but only if all player windows have been closed.

The lower range of buttons is used for creating and managing playlists:

"Load" will open a file selector and you can select any m3u(8) or pls playlist from your file system. The contents will be shown in the playlist area above.

Clicking "Save List" will let you save a previously created or modified playlist in M3U format.

"Add Files" will open a file selector and you can add one or more media files to your playlist. To select multiple files you have to use the SHIFT and CTRL keys in the usual way.

When you click the "**Folder**" button, you can select a directory containing media files. Media files from sub-directories of all levels will also be included.

The "**Delete**" button will let you delete one or more selected entries from your playlist. Multiple entries can be selected by drawing the mouse with the left mouse button held down or by using the SHIFT and CTRL key in the usual way.

Click "**Play All**" to open your complete playlist in a player window and start playing. Depending on the content it will open an omxaudioplayer (audio only) or an omxplayerGUI (video or mixed content) window.

To play a single file from your playlist simply double click its name entry.

# 4) omxaudioplayer

If you open an audio file or a playlist (m3u and pls) containing only audio files or streams, omxplayerGUI will be opened in audio mode as "omxaudioplayer". All files will be shown in a playlist.

104-Battlelines.flac
105-Camino Royale.flac
106-The Court Of The Crimso 107-Horizons.flac
108-Walking Away From Rainb 109-Heat Of The Moment.flac 201-In that Quiet Earth.flac 202-Vampyre With A Healty A



# Buttons and their keyboard controls:

**Play/Pause** – Space, p, Return or Keypad Enter: will play the currently selected song, or pause or resume playing, when it is already playing.

**Stop** – ESC or q: will stop playing a song.

**Backward** - ←: Jump backwards by about 10 seconds.

**Forward** - →: Jump forward by about 10 seconds.

**Previous** – ↑: If a song is playing and selected, stop it and play the previous song in the list. If a song is playing and you have selected another song, jump to that song and play it. If no song is playing, select the previous song and play it.

**Next**  $- \downarrow$ : If a song is playing and selected, stop it and play the next song in the list. If a song is playing and you have selected another song, jump to that song and play it. If no song is playing, select the next song and play it.

**Volume control**: move the slider to change the volume between -60 and +12 db. You can also click into the grey areas besides the slider to change the volume by 3 db, or use the '-' and '+' keys (also on the numeric keypad).

The keyboard commands are very similar to those used by omxplayer, except for the Up and Down arrow keys, which are not used for jumping ahead or backwards by 10 minutes, but for playing the previous or next song.

# Functions inside the playlist window:

If you select another song, while a song is playing, it will be played when the current song is finished or when you click on the Previous or Next button. If you double click another song than the currently selected one, it will be played (and a currently playing song will be stopped). If you double click the currently playing song, it will be stopped.

# 5) omxplayerGUI – the Video Player Window

# a) Understanding the Two Different Modes

Depending on a setting in kwebhelper\_settings.py (edited via kweb's settings page), two different modes can be used.

freeze\_window = False = extended mode, or

freeze\_window = True = simple mode

In simple mode (without using dbus commands) a video window is "frozen" to the screen while a video is playing. The video window cannot be moved, resized or minimized until the video has been stopped. The use of simple mode is shown in the title bar of the window with an extension: "(f)" (= frozen).

In extended mode the video window can be moved, resized or minimized while a video is playing. The video area will be adjusted as soon as your moving or resizing action is finished. While the window is minimized (hidden), the video will be invisible but play on and you will still hear the sound.

Note: Using the simple mode is not recommended any more. It was a workaround for older omxplayer versions at the time omxplayerGUI was first published.

Even in extended mode, the video window is "frozen" for a few seconds at the beginning (shown in the title bar) and some controls are disabled, while the program checks, if seeking in the video is possible and if its duration is known. If seeking is not possible, the window remains in the frozen state. If a duration cannot be found, the seek bar remains disabled. It's also possible to toggle between both modes at run time with a keyboard command ALT+u (if video has been stopped).

Some videos (especially rtmp://, rtsp:// and mmsh:// streams) will always be played in frozen or simple mode, if they do not support seeking.

You can play more than one video at the same time. I've managed to play up to 4 videos at the same time, 3 SD video and one 720p video TV stream, or even 6 SD videos. This shows how powerful the GPU of the Raspberry Pi is. If you play more than one video and pause one of them, the sound will get lost on all videos. You have to pause and start again each video to get the sound back (this may change with newer versions of omxplayer, see issue <a href="https://github.com/popcornmix/omxplayer/issues/184">https://github.com/popcornmix/omxplayer/issues/184</a>).

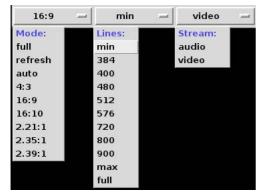
It's also possible to play one video on top of another one using different layers (see keyboard commands below). If multiple video windows are opened from the frontend window, they are layered automatically. This way it's very easy to create a PIP (picture in picture) effect.

# b) Using the Interface



When running in video mode, the GUI window has two lines of control elements at the bottom. The first line is the same as within an omxaudioplayer window (see above for details). The second line contains three menu buttons and another slider, which will be explained in detail here. In simple mode, you can only change these settings when no video is running; in extended mode most of these settings are available while a video is being played.

It's also possible, to hide these controls completely (and use only keyboard commands to control the player window). This can be toggled at run time with ALT+h. You can start the player in this mode by setting "hide controls" to "True" (see below)



before you start a video.

The "Mode:" menu contains the following choices: full - play video full screen without any window elements

**refresh** - play video full screen without any window elements with omxplayer's -r option to change screen resolution and frequency

Both of these options only have an effect, when no video is playing. You have to select full screen mode,

Note: It's always possible to switch into a "simulated" full screen mode while a video is playing using two keyboard commands: ALT+h (to hide the controls), followed by ALT+f (to go to full screen). Both are toggle commands and by applying them again you'll return to window mode.

**auto** – If you select this mode before starting a video, the program will try to get information about the aspect ratio of the video and set the window size or the play area inside the current window accordingly. How this is done, depends on the value of "get\_DAR" in the settings. By default, this is set to false and omxplayerGUI will try to get the aspect information when the video starts playing (using dbus communication).

If get\_DAR is set to true, omxplayerGUI will try to get the information before the video is started. This will take another two or three seconds, before the video starts - with large avi files even more.

If the video has been started in one of the other numbered modes, auto detection of the aspect ratio always runs in the background and will be available after a short while; so you can switch to auto mode when the selected mode doesn't fit.

#### 4:3, 16:9, 16:10, 2.21:1, 2.35:1, 2.39:1

All these options define the ratio of width to height of a video manually. In extended mode, you can change these settings while a video is running. In simple mode only when a video has been stopped or not started yet. If none of these ratios seems to be right, choose auto mode (in extended mode you can also change this at run time).

Note: It depends on the omxplayerGUI settings if those modes stretch both the video area and the video window or just the window to match the video size. There's a "trueaspect" preset available, which will tell omxplayer to always use the correct video aspect (inside the window), independent of the window size (letterbox mode). This requires an omxplayer version from 2016.

The "Lines:" menu contains a number of settings that define the height of the video area, ranging from "min" (minimal height, see below) then some numbers like this: 320,384,432,480,512,576,720,800,900 to max (maximize window) and full (full screen without window title bar, but controls at the bottom)

The "min" size depends on the font height used for the interface, defined on the settings page. The smallest height is 288 lines, when the font height is set to the minimal value of 10 (points). In all other cases it's font height\*28. The numbers following "min" depend on the min value and on the size of your screen. In extended mode you can change the height of the video at run time and the video area will be resized immediately. It's also possible to resize the video window manually by dragging the corner of the window.

The "Stream:" menu contains only two options, "video" and "audio". It can only be changed if the player has been stopped. In some cases omxplayerGUI cannot decide if a stream link provides audio (e. g. web radio) or video. You can select whether the player should handle such streams as audio or video streams. It's not really important in most cases, as omxplayer will handle it by itself, but you can avoid getting a black screen (when full or refresh mode has been selected) when you just want to listen to a web radio stream.

If the player window is large or near the bottom of the screen, the menu list will pop up upwards and would be hidden behind the video area if a video is running. To avoid this, the video is set to half transparent for 2 seconds when you click any of the menu buttons. You can also control all these menus from the keyboard (see below for details).

**The video position slider**: before you start a video you can set the starting position (between 0 and 180 minutes, in steps of 3 seconds). In extended mode you can also set the video position at run time, but only if seeking in the file or stream is possible and a

duration is known. This will be available a few seconds after starting the video, and it will also be limited to the real duration of the video.

The video position slider display units are minutes with seconds as decimal value (0.05 matches 3 seconds).

Note: The slider position is not updated to the actual video position while a video is running. This would require a rather heavy communication between omxplayer and omxplayerGUI and I've decided against it; I prefer things to be fast and snappy and using as few resources as possible.

# c) Keyboard Control

omxplayerGUI (and also omxaudioplayer) supports all keyboard commands of omxplayer with two exceptions:

The Up and Down arrow keys are used for playlist control (go to next or previous song or video in the playlist) instead for large jumps (600 seconds) forward or backward. You have to use PageUp and PageDown instead (or "," and ".").

For some commands omxplayerGUI supports additional options:

Space bar, 'p', Return and Enter on the numeric pad all play/pause a video

'+' and '-' can also be used from the numeric keypad for sound volume control.

Appendix A contains a list of all keyboard commands including a comparison between omxplayer and omxplayerGUI.

# omxplayerGUI supports its own special command set using the left ALT key in combination with the following keys:

- **c,q** close player (also in omxaudioplayer)
- **m** toggle Lines: mode between max and min (or toggle between maximize and unmaximize in audio player mode).
- ${f f}$  toggle Lines: mode between full and max (or toggle between full screen and window in audio player mode).
- **0** ... **9**: select Lines: mode between "min" (0) and largest number. Depending on the number of available options, the larger numbers all may have the same effect.
- '+' and '-' move through aspect ratios forward or backward (between 'auto' and '2.39:1')
- a .set ascpect ratio to 'auto'
- **u** toggle between simple and extended mode (visible in title bar where an '(f)' is added for simple mode). Only possible when no video is playing.
- **s** save playlist as m3u file (also in omxaudioplayer).
- **h** hide / show all control elements at the bottom .
- ${f r}$  reload video information (seekable, duration, aspect ratio) toggling the method used at the same time. When video is not playing, it toggles the get\_DAR settings value.
- ${\bf k}$  the kill switch: sometimes omxplayer hangs and does not return. This command sends a killall command to all omxplayer.bin instances and also to all send-dbus instances.

**NumPad+** and **NumPad-** or **PageUp** and **PageDown** - Set the video layer (default and minimum = 0) to a higher or lower value; this will allow overlays. Layer numbers > 0 will be shown in the title bar. Only possible when no video is playing.

If you stop playing a video file, the omxplayerGUI window will switch to playlist view. Handling the playlist is done exactly the same way as in omxaudioplayer (see above).

# d) Windowless Mode

omxplayerGUI can also play videos in a windowless mode (depending on special settings, see below). In this case a terminal (xterm) will be started, to blank and fill the whole screen and give keyboard control and then play videos full screen with omxplayer. This is the old mode used by Minimal Kiosk Browser up to version 1.4. This mode is not used from the standalone frontend.

The main use is for developers of embedded applications with kweb. They can also run media without starting a terminal first (but then there are no keyboard controls available). This can be used in digital signage applications, for example, to run music in the background or to overlay video to certain areas of a web page (with especially set up presets).

There's a preset installed for the windowless method named "nogui".

# 6) omxplayerGUI Settings

omxplayerGUI can be fine tuned in many ways using a web interface (settings page) in Minimal Kiosk Browser (kweb). omxplayerGUI shares its global settings with other utilities from the kweb environment. When editing the properties of omxplayerGUI you can simply ignore these additional settings.

The omxplayerGUI front end can open this settings page by calling kweb with a special configuration (as root for easier editing).

You can also call this page from inside kweb, either from its menu page, the control panel or by entering ":s" in the URL entry line. See the kweb manual for details.

# a) Choosing Presets



On top of the web page, you'll see a few buttons with "presets", which can be chosen with a mouse click. After selecting a preset, you have to reload the web page to see, which options have been set. Seven presets are predefined: "default" (default settings), "analogaudio" (same as default but using line audio output instead of HDMI audio), "nogui" (windowless mode), "trueaspect" (use letterbox aspect-mode inside windows), "overlay" (to be used in embedded applications), "webplayer" (to use the web media frontend of the youtube-dl server) and "remoteplayer" (to use the remote web frontend of the youtube-dl server). You'll see later, how you can create your own presets.

# b) List of All Options Used by omxplayerGUI

The following list will show all settings for omxplayerGUI in the same way as they are shown in the web interface. Each option can be edited and saved separately. The number of settings options may be rather overwhelming for a beginner, but many of them are only of interest for a developer of embedded applications. The following options may be useful for a normal user:

Interface (all): fontname, fontheight

Interface (audio player): maxlines, lwidth

Interface (video player): videoheight, screenmode, videomode

Common player options: defaultaudiovolume, autoplay, autofinish

If you need to send special options to omxplayer, you can enter them in 4 different places:

omxoptions (video player)

omxaudiooptions (audio player)

omx\_livetv\_options (video player, special settings for live TV streams)
youtube\_omxoptions (video player, used for web video)

Options for omxplayer to be used when playing omxoptions: Enter one element per line!	You can add most of the options of omxplayer, but some are filtered out in window mode.	
	save	For options requiring arguments, the argument must be entered on a separate line!
Options for omxplayer to be used when playing omxaudiooptions: Enter one element per line		You can add most of the options of omxplayer, but some are filtered out in window mode.
	save	For options requiring arguments, the argument must be entered on a separate line!
Special options for watching live tv streams (omx_livetv_options: Enter one element per large)		You can add most of the options of omxplayer, but some are filtered out in window mode.  For options requiring arguments, the argument must be entered on a
save		separate line!
Add the start of your live tv stream links to th	is list to enable	Example: If you have a live TV streamer running on
live_tv: Enter one element per line!		http://192.168.0.1:9080 add this (partial) URL to the list.
	save	For all URLs starting with this partial URL omx_livetv_options (previou setting) will be used instead of normal omxoptions.

given to play.	t omxplayer will be	Kweb sends mimetypes of all
mimetypes: Enter one element per line!		media URLs to omxplayerGUI. If you add certain mimetypes here, only those will be accepted.
	save	Only useful for developers of embedded applications!
If omxplayerGUI is not used omxplayer is terminal (xterm) to clear the screen and g control.  Set the following to "False" to use omxplay without starting a terminal first (if omxpl used)  omxplayer_in_terminal_for_video: Trusave	get full keyboard yer for video ayerGUI is not	Only useful for developers of embedded applications!
Set the following to "False" to use omxplay without starting a terminal first (if omxau used)  omxplayer_in_terminal_for_audio: Truster  save	idioplayer is not	Only useful for developers of embedded applications!
The following list will be used, to detect as in m3u playlists  audioextensions: Enter one element per  mp3 aac flac wav		If you are using audio file formats (extensions), which are not in this list, you can add them here.
wma cda		

How unknown streams should be handled, must be either 'video' or 'audio' This is also used as default setting for the video player window's "Stream:" menu. save video streammode: If streammode is set to "video", the following list will be used for checking for video files videoextensions: Enter one element per line! asf avi mpg mp4 If you are using video file mpeg formats (extensions), which m2v are not in this list, you can m1v add them here. vob divx xvid mov m4v save m2p mkv If the following is set to "True" VLC will be used to play audio Optionally kweb can use VLC (if installed) to play audio files and playlists (audio only) files and playlists containing only audio streams. save Will be ignored by the **useVLC:** ○True **●**False standalone player frontend! If this is set to "False", kweb omxplayerGUI AUDIO & VIDEO OPTIONS will use the old method of Play audio files or playlists that contain only audio files in running omxplayer without omxaudioplayer a GUI for audio. Will be ignored by the save standalone player frontend! **useAudioplayer:** ●True ○False If this is set to "False", kweb Use GUI for playing videos

save

**useVideoplayer: ⊙**True ○False

will use the old method of running omxplayer without

standalone player frontend!

a GUI for audio.

Will be ignored by the

Volume setting when starting omxplayerGUI ranging from -20 to 4 ( -60 to +12 db)  defaultaudiovolume:   save	This value will be used for audio and video player windows.
Start playing the first (or only) file automatically  save  autoplay: ©True ○False	
Close the GUI if the last (or only) file has been played to the end	
autofinish: True OFalse	This closes a player window, not the standalone frontend
Interface settings for omxaudioplayer and omxplayerGUI (video) The font to be used for playlist and buttons	You should only use a font that is available on your system!
fontname: SansSerif save	
Font size between 10 and 22, will also determine the size of the GUI window:	
fontheight: save	
Number of entries displayed in playlist window, between 5 and 25:	This defines the visible vertical size of a playlist in an omxaudioplayer window
maxlines: 8	_

Width of the window, value between 40 and 80, defines the minimum number of characters of the song name displayed in the songlist (usually much more are shown!), not used for video mode.

This defines the visible horizontal size of a playlist in an omxaudioplayer window.

video illode	
lwidth: 40	=
Minimal height of video area (also depends on fontheight!), 288 or more:	This defines the minimal vertical size of a video player window.
videoheight: 288	
Default 'Lines:' mode, must be one of those: 'min','max', 'full'	=
screenmode: save	
Default video mode: set this to 'full' or 'refresh' for full screen, to 'auto' (for automatic detection of the aspect ration) or to one of these: '4:3','16:9','16:10','2.21:1','2.35:1','2.39:1' to play in a window (you can also add one additional value here):	
videomode: save	

Set the following to "True" for simple mode (no window resizing, moving etc. while playing video); must be set to "True" for older omxplayer versions

save

Should not be used any more, but may be required if you use a very old version of omxplayer.

**freeze\_window:** OTrue **©**False

If True, get video information using a second omxplayer (duration, seekable, aspect process instead of using dbus. ratio) using a second Starting the player in auto mode may be slower. instance of omxplayer, Not recommended on a single core Raspberry Pi. either in the background or before video is started (in save auto mode). Modified in **get\_DAR:** ○True **●**False version 1.7.5. If the following is set to "True", all control elements are This setting only applies to video player windows. hidden (can be enabled later on with ALT+h) save **hide\_controls:** ○True **●**False ONLINE VIDEO OPTIONS Options for pages containing video, either HTML5 video tags or all websites supported by youtube-dl. If html5 video tags include more than one source format, select the preferred one here. save .mp4 preferred\_html5\_video\_format: Choose whether HTML5 URL extraction is tried first and HTML5 video URL extraction is faster, but only works for youtube-dl extraction afterwards or vice versa. certain pages. save **html5\_first:** ○True **●**False Additional youtube-dl options, e. g. selecting a resolution or file format youtube\_dl\_options: Enter one element per line! You should only change the best default setting if you really know, what you are doing, or web video might stop working

Get video information

save

Special omxplayer options for web video  youtube_omxoptions: Enter one element per	You can add most of the options of omxplayer, but some are filtered out in window mode.	
	save	For options requiring arguments, the argument must be entered on a separate line!
Use youtube-dl-server, if possible; also require from the frontend	Using the youtube-dl-server speeds up access to web video streams by about 2-3 seconds.	
use_ytdl_server: ●True ○False		Set this to "False", if you don't use omxplayerGUI for web video (or rarely) to spare resources.
Port on which youtube-dl-server is running. You should only change this, if the port is used application.	l by another	spure resources.
ytdl_server_port: 9192 save		
Host name or IP of youtube-dl-server. Only change this, if you want to use one serve clients. If not 'localhost', this will also prevent autosta frontend	,	
ytdl_server_host: localhost s	ave	
Format string to be used by youtube-dl-server missing audio, you might change this to: best[protocol!=?m3u8][protocol!=?m3u8_nativ	Only change this, if you know what you are doing!	
ytdl_server_format: best save		

# c) Additional Options Added in Version 1.7.3

In version 1.7.3 a few more settings options have been added. The first group is only used by the youtube-dl-server to manage the web interface for your local media collection.

The youtube-dl-server can also be used as web interface for local media with the following options  Enter as many "name=path" entries like "Video=/home/pi/video" into the following area  player_directories: Enter one element per line in the form value1=value2			Important Note: both name (value1) and path (value2) entries may not contain spaces or non-standard (ASCII) characters! If your main media opriate symbolic links and use	
directories do not match these conditions, you have to create appr these instead of the real path.				
The web player interface can be styled using CSS files. Enter the name of a CSS file like 'player1.css' The CSS file must be placed in /usr/local/share/kweb			If no style name is given, a built- in style sheet will ne used.	
player_css: player1.css	save			in oryte oneer war ne about
To enable the remote control inter This only works in overlay mode (o enable_remote: pTrue oFalse	check the manual f	3		See the next chapter for details.

The next two options are applied to omxplayerGUI and can be used to compensate a possible offset between the video window and the omxplayer overlay, when you cannot avoid using overscan.

# Overscan compensation If you cannot avoid using overscan settings (not recommended), the video area may become displaced. You can use the following settings for compensation. Check your config.txt for the right values. Positive values will move the video area to the right side, negative values to the left x\_offset: Positive values will move the video area downwards, negative values upwards y\_offset: Save

#### d) Creating Presets

After editing a number of options you can save the complete actual settings as a preset, which can later be loaded with a simple mouse click.

ou may save the currents settings as a nan fter loading a preset, you should reload this	
Save Preset Name: mypreset	Load Preset: default nogui trueaspec
Delete Preset Name: mypreset	

To save a preset, enter a name and click "Save Preset". To overwrite it again later with different settings, simply use the same name. To delete a preset, enter its name and click "Delete Preset".

To load a preset, simply click on the button with its name. Reload the page afterwards to see the active settings. This function is also available at the top of the settings page.

Note: It's highly recommended to save your own settings as named presets, because otherwise your settings will be lost when upgrading the kweb package.

It's important to understand, what happens, when you click a preset button. There is one global settings file (kwebhelper\_settings.py) which is used by some components of the kweb environment (including omxplayerGUI and ytdl\_server.py). If you click a preset button, the content of the global settings file is replaced by the content of the preset file. And the settings page file is updated to match the current settings (it still needs a reload in kweb to show the current values).

Both omxplayerGUI and the Youtube-DL-Server can use different settings (other than the global ones), if started from the command line or a script with appropriate options:

omxplayergui --preset=... (name of the preset)

ytdl\_server.py -t=.. (name of the preset)

bgstart\_ytdl\_server.sh -t=.. (name of the preset)

# 7) Playing Web Video in High Quality

# a) Introduction

No web browser on the Raspberry Pi can display web video in high resolution inside the browser window. On a Raspberry Pi 3 (but not on older models) kweb, Midory and chromium-browser can display 360p video in perfect quality and 720p video (cinema mode on youtube.com) in decent quality. Kweb3 and epiphany offer a much better performance using HW acceleration and can be used on all Pi models, but unfortunately the webkit3 engine is rather buggy and the browsers will sooner or later crash. You will get a much better performance and viewing pleasure if you use omxplayerGUI instead to watch web video. This can be done in different ways;

1) From the standalone-interface: Paste the URL of the web page (something like "https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IX5WoVn10") into the entry field and click the "Extract" button. A few seconds later a video window will open and play the video in perfect quality.

# 2) From the command line with:

omxplayergui ytdl "https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IX5WoVn10"

#### 3) From a web browser:

kweb and kweb3 have this function built in: navigate to the web page and click the "Play" button.

Chromium-Browser: You need kusti8's rpi-youtube extension, which adds something similar to chromium like kweb's "Play" button. You will find the details in this forum thread:

https://www.raspberrypi.org/forums/viewtopic.php?f=63&t=121195

Iceweasel / Firefox: I've written a user script that adds a similar functionality to Firefox. You will find all the details in this forum thread:

https://www.raspberrypi.org/forums/viewtopic.php?f=66&t=147484

#### b) About Youtube-DL

omxplayerGUI uses youtube-dl to fetch the video URL (and it's title) from a web page containing the video. Youtube-dl is a great hacking tool written in Python and available for every platform. In the beginning it could be used to download videos from youtube.com (hence its name). Meanwhile it supports more than 600 video websites (a full list of supported sites: <a href="http://rg3.github.io/youtube-dl/supportedsites.html">http://rg3.github.io/youtube-dl/supportedsites.html</a> ).

omxplayerGUI doesn't download anything. It just uses youtube-dl to get the video URL and plays the video from the online stream, similar to a web browser.

The video websites are changing all the time and youtube-dl has to adapt to these changes. It will only continue to work if you update it from time to time. Therefore the version from the Raspbian repository is completely useless because it cannot update itself and will receive no updates from the Debian maintainers. If you have installed it for some reason, the first thing you should do is to remove it immediately (using "sudo dpkg -r youtube-dl"). There are three different methods to install a working version of youtube-dl:

# 1) Download the compressed version

youtube-dl is distributed as compressed version which contains all its (600+) modules in text form and will work on any platform (if Python is installed). It can update itself ("sudo youtube-dl -U"). Using it on the Raspberry Pi is not recommended for two reasons: It's very slow to start (unpacking and converting its 600+ modules takes a lot of time) and the youtube-dl-server (described in the next chapter) will not work with it. If you prefer to use it, copy it to /usr/bin (not to /usr/local/bin as described on the download page), because that might break other installations. Download page: <a href="http://rg3.github.io/youtube-dl/download.html">http://rg3.github.io/youtube-dl/download.html</a>

# 2) Installing the Python module package version using pip

Running
sudo pip install youtube-dl
will install youtube-dl as a Python module package and create a start script in
/usr/local/bin for command line use. To update it, run
sudo pip install --upgrade youtube-dl
from time to time.

This versions starts almost twice as fast as the compressed version (because of precompiled .pyc modules) and can also be used to run the youtube-dl-server.

# 3) Installing from github

This is the preferred method for omxplayerGUI and will install the bleeding edge version. During installation of the kweb package, you will be asked if you want to install this version. If you missed that, run kweb, go to "Applications" and click "Install (git)". To update it, click the button "Update (git)".

youtube-dl will be installed into a directory in the root of your user directory and a symbolic link will be created in /usr/bin for command line use.

This versions starts almost twice as fast as the compressed version (because of precompiled .pyc modules) and can also be used to run the youtube-dl-server.

Note: The github version and the Python module version can coexist in a friendly way. omxplayerGUI will prefer the github version. Command line use will prefer the Python module version.

# c) Using the Youtube-DL-Server

The youtube-dl-server is an additional tool to speed up playing web videos. The idea behind it is quite simple: start youtube-dl only once instead of each time you want to watch web video. Using it reduces the time from clicking the "Play" button in kweb to watching the video to 2 or 3 seconds (the first video may take a little bit longer to start). It's very useful if you want to watch multiple web videos.

The server can also be used as a simple but effective web frontend to your local media collection. This application will be explaned in chapter 8.

For developers of embedded applications, especially for kiosk and digital signage applications, the server also provides some useful functions. These functions are explained in chapter 9.

# Starting the youtube-dl-server

- 1) Running the omxplayer frontend will start the server automatically. It will be closed, when you close the frontend.
- 2) From kweb(3): Go to "Aplications". Click "Start Server" at the bottom. The server will run inside a terminal. Use "Stop Server" from the Applications page to stop it again.

```
3) From the command line:ytdl_server.py [options]Or to run it quietly in the background:
```

bgstart\_ytdl\_server.sh [options] &

To stop it you can call the following URL from any browser:

A command line argument to stop it cleanly:

wget -0 /dev/null http://localhost:9192/stop

You can also add a button to kweb's application page which will start the server in the background. On the "Applications" page select "edit". Kweb's text editor will open. Scroll to the bottom of the text and add:

```
Start Server (hidden) = bgstart_ytdl_server.sh
```

If you have created your own preset (e. .g "myplayer") which you want to use, you can add instead:

```
Start Server (hidden) = bgstart_ytdl_server.sh -t = myplayer
Then click "Save & Create" and reload the Applications page to see your new button.
```

4) With chromium-browser and kusti8's rpi-youtube extension: you don't have to do anything. The extension will start the server automatically when called for the first time and will stop it again a short while after closing the browser.

If you run multiple Raspberry Pis on your network, it is possible to run the youtube-dl-server only on one computer and use it from all your Raspberry Pis. On the client machines replace "localhost" by the IP of the Raspberry Pi running the server in 'ytdl\_server\_host' on the settings page.

# 8) Using the Youtube-DL-Server as Frontend for Your Media Collection

# a) Introduction

The main use of the youtube-dl-server is to provide a fast method for extracting web video addresses. As such it is used and controlled by omxplayerGUI. But it can also work in another way, controlling omxplayerGUI to play media content of any kind. In fact, this method is used by my Firefox user script which adds omxplayerGUI support to this browser. Version 1.7.2 added tools for developpers of embedded applications (see chapter 9).

In version 1.7.3 new functions have been added to the server which allow an extended use as a web frontend to your media collection from kweb or any other web browser. You can browse your media files, play any media file just by clicking on it and create playlists on the fly (ordered or shuffled, containing just the files from one directory or from all sub-directories). And all this is fast and snappy, doesn't need any database and is always up tp date.

With a special set of options you can also use it to remotely control your media from another computer (smartphone, tablet).

The next two chapters will show you step by step how you can use these function.

# b) Tutorial: Creating a Player Interface

Start kweb, click on "Settings" and on the settings page select the "webplayer" preset button. Reload the page (to see the actual new settings, best using the right click menu) and scroll down to the bottom. The multiline text field "player\_directories" has one default entry, which is not very usefull, just for demonstration purposes: "Pi=/home/pi". Replace it with a number of "name=path" pairs, each one on a separate line, like "Video=/home/pi/Video" etc., pointing to the root of your media directories.

Note: Both the name and the path entry may not contain any spaces or nonstandard (ASCII) characters. If your media paths contain spaces or special characters create symbolic links pointing to them, e.g. from a terminal: ln -s "/home/pi/My nicest movies" nicemovies and use them instead of the real directory names. This restriction applies only to the names and paths of these settings. Directory or file names inside your directories are not restricted in any way.

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like this (I've mounted a number of network drives in /media):

If you have added all your media Video=/media/Volume7/Video directories, click the "save"

My own player\_directories look player\_directories: Enter one element per line in the form value1=value2 TV5=/home/pi/TV TV4=/media/Volume5/TV4 TV1=/media/Volume7/TV1 TV2=/media/Volume8 Recordings=/home/pi/tvrecord Audio=/media/Volume7/Audio

save

button. This is all it needs but we do one more thing. At the bottom add a name for a new preset, e. g. "myplayer" and click "Save Preset". This is something you always should do, if you have applied your own settings options. The default presets will be overwritten with each program update and you might loose your work if you don't save it as your private preset.

Now we are ready to test it.

Go to the "Applications" page, click on "Start Server" (it will run in a terminal for now) and then click on "Open Server". On my system (with the above settings) the start page looks like shown in the image. The top line contains the links to the media directories. Click one of them to start browsing your media collection.

Local Med Web Video Enter Video V

Extract & Pla

Direct Video V

Play

Stop Server



Home / TV1 / TV Serien 1 / Eine Frau an der Front Media
Eine Frau an der Front S01E01 16.04.07 20-15 arte 45.mkv
Eine Frau an der Front S01E02 16.04.07 21-00 arte 45.mkv
Eine Frau an der Front S01E03 16.04.07 21-45 arte 55.mkv
Eine Frau an der Front S01E04 16.04.07 22-40 arte 50.mkv
Eine Frau an der Front S01E05 16.04.14 20-15 arte 55.mkv
Eine Frau an der Front S01E06 16.04.14 21-10 arte 55.mkv
Eine Frau an der Front S01E07 16.04.14 22-05 arte 55.mkv
Play: Files
Shuffle: Files

The top line is used for navigation. Clicking the "Home" link will bring you back to the start page.

The "Media" section contains all audio and video files found in the current directory. Clicking on a file name will immediately start

omxplayerGUI and play the file. Clicking on "Play: Files" will create a playlist of all files and send it to omxplayerGUI. The "Shuffle: Files" command will do the same, but the files will be played in a random order (usefull for large audio collections).

The page may contains up to three sections: "Directories", "Media" and "Playlists".

Home / Audio / Music / 4-Musical Highlights in Lossless

Quality / Others / Comus / 1970 - First Utterance

Directories

Artwork

Media

01-Diana.flac

02-The Herald.flac

03-Drip Drip.flac

04-Song To Comus.flac

05-The Bite.flac

06-Bitten.flac

07-The Prisoner.flac

Play: Files Recursive

Shuffle: Files Recursive

Playlists

Comus - First Utterance.m3u

Clicking on "Recursive" will create a playlist of the files in the current folder and in all sub-folders (ordered or shuffled).

If you click on a media file or use one of the playlist functions, omxplayerGUI (or its audioplayer) will open and start playing the file(s). The web interface will show a simple "Playing" page



showing the title of the file or the root folder name of the playlist. Clicking the "Go Back" button will bring you back to the last page.

You can change the look of the web interface by applying a different style. On the "Settings" page you can enter a style sheet (colour scheme, font sizes) to be used by the player. The kweb package already contains a number of CSS files which you can use. You will find them in "/usr/local/share/kweb". You can also create your own styles: start with an existing style sheet and modify colours and font sizes.

Although kweb is best suited to use the web interface, any other browser can also be used. If you want to use the playlist functions, you have to make sure that playlist files (of type m3u) will be opened by omxplayerGUI. I've successfully tested Firefox and Chromium. But there is one disadvantage: all m3u playlists are saved to the downloads folder which will be cluttered with playlist files after a while. By using kweb as frontend you can avoid this.

# c) Tutorial: Creating a Remotely Controlled Media Player

The web interface we created in the last chapter is for use on the same Raspberry Pi which we use to play the media. In this chapter we will show you how you can use the youtube-dl-server to create a remotely controlled media player. Remotely controlled means using a web browser on a different computer (another Raspberry Pi or a smartphone or tablet).

In this mode omxplayerGUI runs omxplayer always in full screen mode, similar to its command line use. But you don't (and can't) control the player using keyboard commands, as you would do from the command line. The server will let you control it from the remote web interface instead.

We follow the same steps as in the last chapter, but this time we start with the preset "remoteplayer". We save our settings as a new preset, e. g. "myremote" and start the server with this preset:

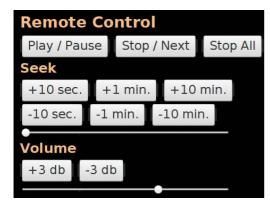
bgstart\_ytdl\_server.sh -t=myremote

Now we connect to the Raspberry Pi running the server from another computer with any kind of browser (from your smartpone's browser, for example)

http://IP:9192/

where "IP" must be the local IP of the Raspberry Pi running the server.

We get the same kind of interface to browse our media collection as described in the last chapter. But once you start playing something, the playing page will look differently. It has an additional control sections with a few buttons and two sliders.



**Play / Pause:** use it to pause the playback and to start it again.

**Stop** / **Next:** Stop playback of the current media file. If you are playing the content of a playlist, the next element will start playing,

**Stop All:** Use this button (only) if you want to stop playback of a whole playlist.

#### Seek section:

6 buttons to jump forward or backward by 10 seconds, 1 minute or 10 minutes. The slider lets you directly jump to any position in the media file.

#### Volume controls:

Two buttons to increase or decrease the volume by 3 db, exactly like omxplayer's '+' and '-' keyboard controls.

The slider lets you set the absolute volume between 0 (muted) and 1.5. The default position is 1.0.

Note: Both kinds of volume controls are not completely compatible with each other. Omxplayer seems to rember the +/- 3db jumps and ignores the last absolute setting when you use the buttons.

You can leave the playing page any time while you are playing something, but before you start playing something else, you should first stop the currently playing media. You can always come back to the media controls page by using the button "Media Control" on the start page of the server (click "Home" to get there).

Note: It's also possible to play any kind of web video from the remote web interface by using the forms on the start page of the server. Just copy or drag the URL of a web video page into the text field and click "Extract & Play". File paths to local media or URLs to direct web streams can be entered into the second form and started by clicking the "Play" button.

omxplayerGUI needs XORG (because it is basically a GUI program), but we don't want to start the whole Desktop environment just to run a remotely controlled media player. In the last part of this tutorial I will show you how you can create a remotely controlled standalone media player application. This could be a media player connected to your TV or a pure audio player connected to your audio amplifier. The first thing you should do is to set your Raspberri Pi to boot to the command line (with auto-login) using raspi-config. We won't mangle around with the Desktop settings and you can still go to the Desktop by running "startx".

For the media player we need some kind of background or opening screen or wallpaper. From the command line run:

#### feh --bg-fill /path/to/wallpaper.png

You have to use the correct path to your image (png or jpg).

Now we create a start script. Inside your home folder (pi) run:

nano kremote

This will open an empty new text file. Enter the following:

#!/bin/bash

eval \$(cat ~/.fehbg)

bgstart\_ytdl\_server.sh -t=myremote

#sudo shutdown -h now

Save it with CTRL-o and close the editor with CTRL-x.

This assumes that your remote player preset is named "myremote". The last line is commented out and can later be used to automatically shut down your Raspberry Pi when you close the player.

We have to make the file executable:

chmod +x kremote

Now we can test our application. From the command line run:

xinit ./kremote

You will see the wallpaper or opening screen of your remote player application. Now connect to it from another computer's (smartphone or tablet) browser, as described above, and test your player by navigating and starting video or audio files.

When you click "Stop Server" on the start page of your player, the application will close and return to the command line.

If that's all runnig well we can now modify our system to boot into the player and to shut down your Raspberry Pi if you close the player. Run

sudo nano /etc/X/Xwrapper.conf

If the last line reads:

allowed users=console

change it to

allowed\_users=anybody

and save the file (CTRL-o).

Now open another file:

sudo nano /etc/rc.local

Just before the last line ("exit 0") enter the following lines:

sleep 10

su -l pi -c "xinit ./kremote"

and save the file.

If you now reboot your Raspberry Pi, it should boot directly into your player screen. When you close the server, it will return to the command line. To enable automatic shut down, remove the leading "#" from the last line of your "kremote" script.

You can turn any Raspberry Pi into a network controlled media player. It doesn't have to be a Raspberry Pi 2 or 3. It just needs a network connection and access to some media (mounted network shares or a USB HDD).

# 9) Developers Section

# a) Introduction

If you are using the Raspberry Pi for digital signage or kiosk applications and need to include video, the Raspberry Pi will soon come to its limits. On a Raspberry Pi 3 (but not on older models) kweb (and also some other browsers) can play 360p video in good quaility, but when playing larger resolutions (or in larger screen areas) it will start lagging. Theoretically you could use kweb3 or epiphany with HW accelerated video, but the underlying engine is so buggy, that your application will sooner or later crash.

A better solution is to use omxplayerGUI in overlay mode instead of using HTML5 video inside your applications. Version 1.7.2 has added a number of features which let you include and control web video from your applications in a very flexible way and in any quality up to 1080p. And it will run on any Raspberry Pi because it doesn't need much CPU power.

Note: Most of the methods described here will work in any browser, not just in kweb or kweb3.

# b) Playing Media in Overlay Mode

Using special settings omxplayerGUI will run video in overlay mode without any GUI and without opening a terminal first (as with the "nogui" preset). Version 1.7.2 comes with a new preset named "overlay". Choosing it on kweb's "Settings" page will set the following options:

```
omxplayer_in_terminal_for_video=False
omxplayer_in_terminal_for_audio=False
useAudioplayer=False
useVideoplayer=False
```

By default video will run in full screen. To restrict it to a certain screen area, add ——win

```
x1, y1, x2, y2
```

to omxoptions. The video will run in the area defined by x1,y1 (upper left edge) and x2,y2 (lower right edge).

A button to start the video might look like this:

```
<a href=URL><button>Play Video</button></a>
```

URL must point to a video stream or file.

To start a video automatically when the page loads, add a small invisible iframe like this: <iframe src="URL" width="0" height="0" name="video"></iframe>

Now this isn't very flexible for different reasons:

- 1) It will only work in kweb(3)
- 2) Video will always run in the same the area defined in the preset.
- 3) You have no way of controlling the video (stopping it, for example).

But this is just the beginning. Version 1.7.2 adds many advanced features. So let's go on.

# c) Using Special Playlists

For directly accessible video files or streams this method uses extended m3u playlist files. Usually such a playlist format looks like this:

#EXTM3U
#EXTINF:-1,Video Title
URL or file path

Instead of "-1" you can use the length of the video in seconds.

For this special purpose we use the video title information field for something else: #EXTM3U #EXTINF:-1, omxoptions=--win; 200, 140, 1800, 1040 http://distribution.bbb3d.renderfarming.net/video/mp4/bbb\_sunflower\_1080p\_60fps\_normal.mp4

The title is replaced by "omxoptions=" followed by a number of omxplayer options, separated by semicolons. In this case we use the "--win" option with a set of values to play the video in a 1600x900 size, with the upper left edge at 200,140 (x,y). Loading this m3u playlist from a link, button or an iframe (auto-start), will play the Big Buck Bunny video in the defined area.

You can use any omxplayer options; it's possible to use layering for PiP (picture in picture) effects, or using half transparent videos, setting the volume or start position etc.

There's one special option, which you can add, which does not belong to omxplayer: "stop", e. g.

#EXTINF:-1, omxoptions=--win; 200, 140, 1800, 1040; stop

This will stop any running video, before starting the new one. This way you can create buttons to play different videos and an already running video will be replaced by the new one. It's also possible to use the stop command alone like this:

#EXTM3U
#EXTINF:-1,omxoptions=stop
dummy.mp4

This way you can easily create a "stop video" button.

To start video automatically when the page loads, add a small invisible iframe: <iframe src="paylist1.m3u" width="0" height="0" name="video"></iframe>
The src attribute must point to the playlist.

A button to start a second video may be created like this:

<a href="playlist2.m3u" target="video""><button>Video 2</button></a>

Note: This method works in any browser if you can set it to open m3u playlists with omxplayerGUI. I've successfully tested it with Firefox and Chromium-Browser.

Now we can overlay video in any screen area and we also have a method to stop the video. But much more is possible if we use the youtube-dl-server (on the local machine).

# d) Using the Youtube-DL-Server

If the youtube-dl-server is running on the client machine we can use it for a much finer controlled display of web video and also embed web video from youtube.com or other video websites.

Note: For this method you must always use small, invisible iframes, not direct links.

Instead of using m3u playlist files we now use URLs pointing to the youtube-dl-server using some of its special commands. To play the Big Buck Bunny video when the page starts, we can add an iframe like this:

```
<iframe src="http://localhost:9192/dplay?
url=http://distribution.bbb3d.renderfarming.net/video/mp4/bbb_sunflowe
r_1080p_60fps_normal.mp4&omxoptions=--win;200,140,1800,1040;stop"
width="0" height="0" name="video"></iframe>
We can add buttons (links) to our web page, which play other videos (in different screen
areas, if you like). They should use the iframe as target:
<a href="http://localhost:9192/dplay?url=URL&omxoptions=--
win;620,140,1900,860;stop" target="video""><button>Video
2</button></a>
URL must point to another video stream.
```

We can also add videos from youtube.com, vimeo.com or many other websites using the "play" command instead of the "dplay" (direct play) command:

```
<a href="http://localhost:9192/play?
url=https://player.vimeo.com/video/91631396&omxoptions=--
win;300,140,1900,1040;stop" target="video""><button>Vimeo</button></a>
```

Of course you can also set the "src" attribute of the iframe from a Javascript function.

# e) Controlling Web Video

The youtube-dl-server provides one more command which gives us fine-grained control over any kind of media we are playing with the overlay method:

http://localhost:9192/omxcmd?cmd=...&value=...&dbusadr =...

value and dbusadr are optional. Some commands need a value, some don't.

These URLs send commands to omxplayer via dbus. If you have more than one instance of omxplayer running you can control them separately by using different dbus addresses. The default address is "dbusadr=org.mpris.MediaPlayer2.omxplayer" (you do not have to use it in your commands). If you want to use your own, you must use this name and add something to it, e.g. "dbusadr=org.mpris.MediaPlayer2.omxplayer1". You must also add it to the omxoptions like this, when starting the video:

--dbus name;org.mpris.MediaPlayer2.omxplayer1

To use the command interface, we should add a second invisible iframe to our web page: <iframe src="empty.html" width="0" height="0" name="command"></iframe> An empty HTML page named "empty.html" must be available on your server.

Now we can control the web video using buttons, forms or sliders. Here's a simple example of a Play/Pause button:

```
<a href="http://localhost:9192/omxcmd?cmd=pause"
target="command""><button>Play / Pause</button></a>
```

# Supported Commands:

```
Commands not requiring a value:
'position', 'canseek', 'duration', 'aspect', 'pause', 'stop',
'hidevideo', 'unhidevideo', 'volumeup', 'volumedown',
'togglesubtitles', 'hidesubtitles', 'showsubtitles'

Commands requiring a (single) value:
'volume': 0 ... 1.5 (floating point)
'seek': relative jump forward or backward (negativ) in microseconds.
'setposition': go to position (in microseconds)
'setalpha': transparency 0-255

Commands requiring 4 values, which must be send as value=v1,v2,v3,v4
'setvideopos': set display area, value=x1,y1,x2,y2
'setvideocroppos': set crop area, value=x1,y1,x2,y2
```

There's one more special command, which is not a dbus command at all, but is translated into a a setpos command after checking the duration:

```
'moveto' followed by a percentage value between 0 and 99.9, e. g. /omxcmd?cmd=moveto&value=50 (move to the middle of the video).
```

Each command returns something in text/plain format. Usually you will hide that from the user (invisible iframe), but you can use the results in Javascript AJAX calls.

If no omxplayer instance is running, "no player" is returned.

If executing the command returns an error, 'error' is sent as result.

If the command doesn't return a value, "ok"is sent back, otherwise the return value of the command, e.g.

'duration' will return the duration of the video in microseconds.

Here are two more examples creating sliders for volume control and video position. This requires a little bit of Javascript:

```
<script type="text/javascript">
function setvol(val) {
  document.getElementsByName("command")[0].src =
   "http://localhost:9192/omxcmd?cmd=volume&value="+val;
}
function moveto(val) {
  document.getElementsByName("command")[0].src =
   "http://localhost:9192/omxcmd?cmd=moveto&value="+val;
}
</script>
The slider code looks like this:
Vol: <input type="range" min="0.0" max="1.5" value="1" step="0.125"
  onchange="setvol(this.value)">
Pos: <input type="range" min="0" max="99" value="0" step ="0.2"
  onchange="moveto(this.value)">
```

Note: All the methods described in chapter 8 c) to 8 e) can be combined together in one web page and should work with any browser, not just kweb.

I have created a small test page that shows all methods in action. Select the "overlay" preset, start the youtube-dl-server and go to <a href="http:steinerdatenbank.de/software/vtest.html">http:steinerdatenbank.de/software/vtest.html</a> (enable Javascript in kweb).

You can also download the example package (web page and playlists) from <a href="http:steinerdatenbank.de/software/overlayexamples.zip">http:steinerdatenbank.de/software/overlayexamples.zip</a>

This should give you enough ideas how to implement these features into your own application.

# Appendix A: Keyboard commands

# Special omxplayerGUI Keyboard Controls

Key	Mode	Action
ALT c, q	any	quit player
ALT k	playing	kill omxplayer instance, when blocking
ALT m	any	toggle window between max and min
ALT f	any	toggle window between full and max
ALT 0	any	window min size
ALT 19	any	other window sizes
ALT s	playlist	save playlist
ALT u	playlist	toggle between simple (f) and extended mode
ALT h	any	hide / show controls
ALT a	any	set "Mode:" (aspect ratio) to "auto"
ALT r	any	Toggle get_DAR and reload video information if video is running.
ALT KP+, PgUp	playlist	layer number + 1
ALT KP-, PgDown	playlist	layer number - 1
ALT +	any	next Mode: (aspect ratio)
ALT -	any	previous Mode: (aspect ratio)

# omxplayerGUI Keyboard Controls (Play Mode)

omxplayerGUI uses almost the same keyboards commands as omxplayer

omxplayer		Action
1	1	decrease speed
2	2	increase speed
<	<	rewind
>	>	fast forward
Z	Z	show info
j	j	previous audio stream
k	k	next audio stream
i	i	previous chapter
0	0	next chapter
n	n	previous subtitle stream
m	m	next subtitle stream
S	S	toggle subtitles
d	d	decrease subtitle delay (- 250 ms)
f	f	increase subtitle delay (+ 250 ms)
q	q, Esc	exit omxplayer
p, space	p, space, Return, Enter	pause/resume
-	-, KP-	decrease volume
+, =	+, KP+	increase volume
left arrow	left arrow	seek -30 seconds
right arrow	right arrow	seek +30 seconds
down arrow	PgDown, ","	seek -600 seconds
up arrow	PgUp, .	seek +600 seconds
	up arrow	previous playlist item
	down arrow	next playlist item

# **Appendix B: List of Youtube-DL-Server Commands**

By the default the youtube-dl-server runs on port 9192 and an be called with: http://localhost:9192/

The following commands are supported:

# '/', '/index', 'index.html':

Shows a simple we page where you can enter a video web page address or a file path or stream URL (in the second form) and play the video with omxplayerGUI. If you have added player directories to your settings it will show a navigation bar on top.

#### /run

Returns "ok" as text/plain

#### /stop

displays a short message as and stops the server

#### /stopall

kills all running omxplayer.bin and omxplayerGUI instances and returns "OK" as text/plain.

#### /info?url=URL

URL must point to a video website. Returns the title of the video (if available) and its URL, separated by a newline character as text/plain. If the URL points to a youtube channel, playlist or search result, multiple titles and video URLs are returned.

#### /redir?url=URL

URL must point to a video website. Returns a redirect (302) message pointing to the web video stream. This can be used to play web video with the video player built into browsers.

# /play?url=URL&omxoptions=

URL must point to a video website. 'omxoptions' is optional and may contain any number of omxplayer options and arguments separated by a ';' and one additional command = 'stop'. This plays the web video from the website given by URL in omxplayerGUI. 'omxoptions' are only used in overlay mode. Returns a simple web page containing "Playing: ..." and a "Go Back" button as text/html. In remote control mode this page includes buttons and sliders to control the video.

#### /dplay?url=URL&omxoptions=

URL must directly point to a video URL (e. g. http://myserver/video.mp4). 'omxoptions' is optional and may contain any number of omxplayer options and arguments separated by a ';' and one additional command = 'stop'. This plays the web video from URL in omxplayerGUI. 'omxoptions' are only used in overlay mode. Returns a simple web page containing "Playing: ..." and a "Go Back" button as text/html. In remote control mode this page includes buttons and sliders to control the video.

# /omxcmd?cmd=...&value=...&dbusadr =...

'value' and 'dbusadr' are optional. Sends a dbus command to omxplayer (if it is running). Returns a short message as text/plain. For a full list of possible commands and return values see chapter 8e.

# '/empty' or '/empty.html'

returns a very simple empty web page as text/html, which can be used as default "src" attribute of a hidden iframe.

#### /control

Returns the "Playing" page with "Media Control" instead of "Playing: ....". This is used by the remote player interface to access the media control elements at any time.

Note: The last two commands require a PATH argument that has to be built in a special way. It may not start with a "/" and the first part must be a name defined in "player\_directories", optionally followed by sub-directories (divided by slashes). This prevents the player interface from accessing files or directories outside of the defined media paths.

# /dir?path=

followed by a PATH argument constructed as explained above. Returns a directory page as text/html showing sub-directories, media files and playlists and a navigation bar on top.

# /playlist?path=PATH&mode=MODE&name=pl.m3u

The PATH argument must be constructed as explained above.

"MODE" my be one of the following:

o = ordered, files from the current path only

s = shuffled, files from the current path only

or = ordered, files from the current path and any sub-directory

sr = shuffled, files from the current path and any sub-directory

If "&mode=..." is missing, mode "o" is used.

"&name=pl.m3u" is optional and used by the internal system. Don't use any other "name" argument.

Returns an m3u playlist (if any media files are found) as audio/x-mpegurl.

# **Appendix C: Additional Codecs**

Omxplayer can only play video supported by the GPU hardware. On a default system this includes H263, H264 and MP4 codecs.

An extended version of the Raspberry Pi firmware supports more codecs, which run as software on the GPU: MJPEG, OGV, VP6, VP8

To enable these codecs, you have to add start\_x=1
to /boot/config.txt

To use omxplayer(GUI) with MPEG2 encoded video (DVD, most SD TV streams) or with typical Windows video formats, you have buy and enable the additional coded licences from the Raspberry Pi Foundation (MPEG2 and VC1).

With all these codecs enabled, omxplayerGUI will play almost any kind of video file or stream.

The new H265 codec format is not supported.

# **Appendix D: Known Problems**

If started with hidden controls and the controls are enabled later on, switching between video aspects may not work if the window is manually resized to the smallest possible size (which is too small in this case). Select the 'min' value from the "Lines:" menu in this case.