

Homework 2

R Crash Course (20 points)

Due Date: Monday Feb 8 at 11:59 pm

Instruction:

- This HW must be done in **Rmarkdown!**
- Please submit both the .rmd and the Microsoft word files.
- Please do not submit PDF files or image formats! the TAs are going to give you feedback in your word document.
- All the HW assignments are individual work. However, I highly encourage you to discuss it with your group members.
- Late homework assignments will not be accepted under any circumstances.
- The answer key will be uploaded here a couple of days after the due date.

Question 1 Replicate the following vector of numbers using `seq()` function and call it **v1**.

```
[1] 1 5 9 13 17
```

Question 2 (I) Replicate the following matrix in R and call it A.

```
      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5]  
[1,]    20    21    22    23    24  
[2,]    25    26    27    28    29  
[3,]    30    31    32    33    34  
[4,]    35    36    37    38    39
```

(II) Rename the columns as A,B,C,D, and E.

```
      A B C D E  
[1,] 20 21 22 23 24  
[2,] 25 26 27 28 29  
[3,] 30 31 32 33 34  
[4,] 35 36 37 38 39
```

(III) Extract the following matrix from A and call it B.

	B	D
[1,]	26	28
[2,]	36	38

(IV) Find the transpose of matrix B.

	[,1]	[,2]
B	26	36
D	28	38

(V) Find the inverse of Matrix B, and call it B_{inverse}.

	[,1]	[,2]
B	-1.9	1.4
D	1.8	-1.3

(VI) Multiply B and B_{inverse}. What is the name of the new matrix?

Question 3 (I) Assign the dataframe *mtcars* from the built-in datasets in R to a new dataframe and call it **df**. Show the first 10 rows of your dataframes:

	mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat	wt	qsec	vs	am	gear	carb
Mazda RX4	21.0	6	160.0	110	3.90	2.620	16.46	0	1	4	4
Mazda RX4 Wag	21.0	6	160.0	110	3.90	2.875	17.02	0	1	4	4
Datsun 710	22.8	4	108.0	93	3.85	2.320	18.61	1	1	4	1
Hornet 4 Drive	21.4	6	258.0	110	3.08	3.215	19.44	1	0	3	1
Hornet Sportabout	18.7	8	360.0	175	3.15	3.440	17.02	0	0	3	2
Valiant	18.1	6	225.0	105	2.76	3.460	20.22	1	0	3	1
Duster 360	14.3	8	360.0	245	3.21	3.570	15.84	0	0	3	4
Merc 240D	24.4	4	146.7	62	3.69	3.190	20.00	1	0	4	2
Merc 230	22.8	4	140.8	95	3.92	3.150	22.90	1	0	4	2
Merc 280	19.2	6	167.6	123	3.92	3.440	18.30	1	0	4	4

For the following questions, you must call the *dplyr* package first and then use the functions *select*, *filter*, *mutate* and *arrange* when appropriate

(II) Make a new dataframe based on *df* and call it *df1*. Show the first 5 rows of **df1**.

	cyl	hp	wt	vs	am	gear	mpg
Datsun 710	4	93	2.320	1	1	4	22.8
Merc 240D	4	62	3.190	1	0	4	24.4
Merc 230	4	95	3.150	1	0	4	22.8
Fiat 128	4	66	2.200	1	1	4	32.4
Honda Civic	4	52	1.615	1	1	4	30.4

(III) In **df1** make a new column called **gpm**. Show the first 5 rows again.

	cyl	hp	wt	vs	am	gear	mpg	gpm
1	4	93	2.320	1	1	4	22.8	0.044
2	4	62	3.190	1	0	4	24.4	0.041
3	4	95	3.150	1	0	4	22.8	0.044
4	4	66	2.200	1	1	4	32.4	0.031
5	4	52	1.615	1	1	4	30.4	0.033

(IV) Show the structure of **df1**.

```
'data.frame': 32 obs. of 8 variables:
 $ cyl : num 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 ...
 $ hp : num 93 62 95 66 52 65 97 66 91 113 ...
 $ wt : num 2.32 3.19 3.15 2.2 1.61 ...
 $ vs : num 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 ...
 $ am : num 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 ...
 $ gear: num 4 4 4 4 4 4 3 4 5 5 ...
 $ mpg : num 22.8 24.4 22.8 32.4 30.4 33.9 21.5 27.3 26 30.4 ...
 $ gpm : num 0.044 0.041 0.044 0.031 0.033 0.029 0.047 0.037 0.038 0.033 ...
```

(V) Change the type of the following variables (**vs**, **am**, **cyl**, **gear**) from **num** to **factor**. Show the structure of **df1** again.

```
'data.frame': 32 obs. of 8 variables:
 $ cyl : Factor w/ 3 levels "4","6","8": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ hp : num 93 62 95 66 52 65 97 66 91 113 ...
 $ wt : num 2.32 3.19 3.15 2.2 1.61 ...
 $ vs : Factor w/ 2 levels "0","1": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 ...
 $ am : Factor w/ 2 levels "Automatic","Mannual": 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 ...
 $ gear: Factor w/ 3 levels "3","4","5": 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 3 3 ...
 $ mpg : num 22.8 24.4 22.8 32.4 30.4 33.9 21.5 27.3 26 30.4 ...
 $ gpm : num 0.044 0.041 0.044 0.031 0.033 0.029 0.047 0.037 0.038 0.033 ...
```

Computer Exercises from Wooldridge Textbook Ch1.

Question 4 The data set in *ALCOHOL* contains information on a sample of men in the United States. Two key variables are self-reported employment status and alcohol abuse (along with many other variables). The variables *employ* and *abuse* are both binary, or indicator, variables: they take on only the values zero and one.

Hint 1: To answer this question, you should use *table()* and *prop.table()* functions.

Hint 2: Unemployment rate is defined as $Unemploymentrate = \frac{unemployed}{unemployed+employed}$.

Hint 3: For unemployment rate, you only need to work with the status variable from the dataset. We do not include the "out of workforce" in the denominator..

- (I) What is percentage of the men in the sample report abusing alcohol?
- (II) What is the employment rate?
- (III) Consider the group of men who abuse alcohol. What is the employment rate?
- (IV) What is the employment rate for the group of men who do not abuse alcohol?
- (V) Discuss the difference in your answers to parts (III) and (IV). Does this allow you to conclude that alcohol abuse causes unemployment?