Bayesian inference of an individual-based mutualistic network
01_01

Net 01_01

```r
library(BayesianNetworks)
library(network.tools)
library(tidyverse)
theme_set(theme_minimal())
options(mc.cores = 4)
```

Data

Load dataset and sampling effort per individual plant:

```r
web <- readr::read_csv(here::here("data/nets_raw", paste0(params$net, "_int.csv"))) |>
  arrange(ind)
```

```
## Rows: 40 Columns: 28
## -- Column specification ---------------------------------------------------------------
## Delimiter: ","
## dbl (28): ind, Chloris_chloris, Cyanistes_caeruleus, Erithacus_rubecula, Hippolais_polyglotta, Lusci
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```r
mat <- as.matrix(web[, -1])
mat <- apply(mat, c(1,2), as.integer)
rownames(mat) <- web$ind


# create numeric vector of sampling effort for each plant with names = plant id
effort <- readr::read_csv(here::here("data/nets_attr", paste0(params$net, "_attr.csv"))) |>
  select(ind, starts_with("se_")) |>
  filter(ind %in% web$ind) |>
  arrange(ind)
```

```
## Rows: 40 Columns: 15
## -- Column specification ---------------------------------------------------------------
## Delimiter: ","
## chr  (2): fruit_type, fruit_color
## dbl (13): ind, canopy_cover_m2, height_cm, crop, x, y, fruit_d1_mm, fruit_d2_mm, fruit_mass_mg, seeds
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```r
## If there is only one column with sampling effort, use it:
if (!net %in% c("01_01", "01_02", "02_01", "02_02", "02_03", "10_01", "11_01",
                "15_01", "18_01", "18_02", "20_01", "21_01", "21_02")) {
  effort <- effort |>
    pull(starts_with("se_"), name = "ind")
}

# Otherwise, select sampling effort column in some specific nets:
if (net == "10_01") {
  effort <- effort |>
    mutate(se_cam_days = se_cam_h/24) |>
    pull(se_cam_days, name = "ind")
}

if (net == "11_01") {
  effort <- effort |>
    mutate(se_cam_months = se_cam_days/30) |>
    pull(se_cam_months, name = "ind")
}

if (net == "15_01") {
  effort <- effort |>
    mutate(se_cam_months = se_cam_days/30) |>
    pull(se_cam_months, name = "ind")
}

if (net %in% c("18_01", "18_02", "20_01")) {
  effort <- effort |>
    mutate(se_bc_months = se_bc_days/30) |>
    pull(se_bc_months, name = "ind")
}

if (net %in% c("21_01", "21_02")) {
  effort <- effort |>
    pull(se_obs_h, name = "ind")
}

# For Pistacia and Juniperus, use constant sampling effort
if (net %in% c("01_01", "01_02", "02_01", "02_02", "02_03")) {
  effort <- rep(10, nrow(mat))
  names(effort) <- web$ind
}

## Some nets may require adjusting of the count data or effort values
if (net %in% c("02_01")) {
  mat <- mat/10   # divide counts by 10 to make modelling feasible
  mat[mat > 0 & mat < 1] <- 1   # don't miss rare counts
  mat <- round(mat)
  mat <- apply(mat, c(1,2), as.integer)
}

stopifnot(identical(length(effort), nrow(mat)))
stopifnot(identical(names(effort), rownames(mat)))
```

```r
# summary(mat)
summary(as.numeric(mat))
```

```
##    Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
##     0.0     0.0     0.0   153.2    33.0  6611.0
```

```r
# if (max(mat) > 1000) {
#   stop("More than 1000 counts in some cell(s)")
# }

summary(effort)
```

```
##    Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
##      10      10      10      10      10      10
```

```r
if (max(effort) > 500) {
  stop("Sampling effort > 500 for some plants")
}
```
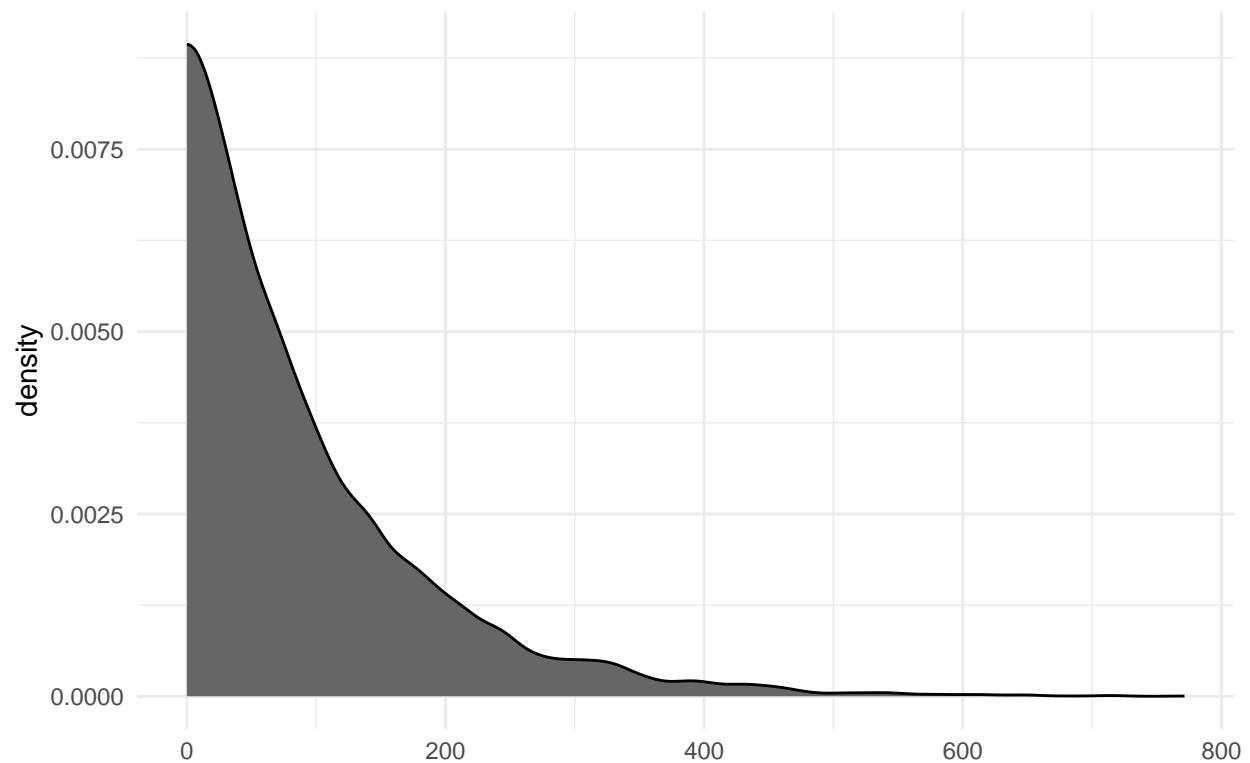
Bayesian inference of network structure

```r
dt <- prepare_data(mat, sampl.eff = effort)

beta <- params$beta

plot_prior(beta)
```

Prior probability for r (preference) parameter with beta = 0.01


```r
fit <- fit_model(dt,
                 refresh = 0,
                 beta = beta,
                 model = params$model,
                 # max_treedepth = 15,
                 # init = function() list(r = runif(1, 0, 20000)),
                 iter_warmup = params$iter,
                 iter_sampling = params$iter,
                 thin = 4 * params$iter / 1000)
```

```
## Running MCMC with 4 parallel chains...
##
## Chain 2 finished in 157.0 seconds.
## Chain 3 finished in 160.7 seconds.
## Chain 1 finished in 163.7 seconds.
## Chain 4 finished in 164.4 seconds.
##
## All 4 chains finished successfully.
## Mean chain execution time: 161.5 seconds.
## Total execution time: 164.6 seconds.
```

```r
get_seed(fit)
```

```
## [1] 809668541
```

```
check_model(fit, data = dt)
```

```
## Processing csv files: C:/Users/frodr/AppData/Local/Temp/RtmpeGAdzs/varying_preferences-202406251309-
##
## Checking sampler transitions treedepth.
## Treedepth satisfactory for all transitions.
##
## Checking sampler transitions for divergences.
## No divergent transitions found.
##
## Checking E-BFMI - sampler transitions HMC potential energy.
## E-BFMI satisfactory.
##
## Effective sample size satisfactory.
##
## Split R-hat values satisfactory all parameters.
##
## Processing complete, no problems detected.
```

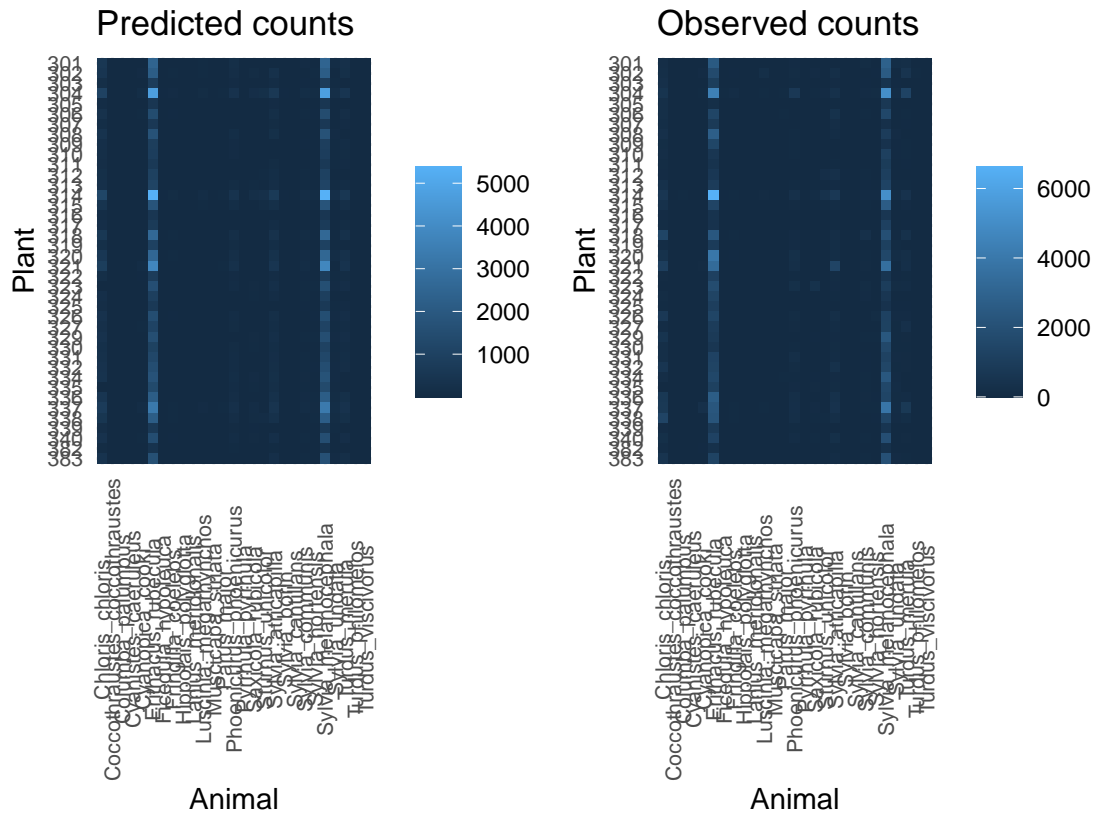Preference (r) parameter: prior (dark grey) vs posterior (light grey) distrib

Log posterior across chains
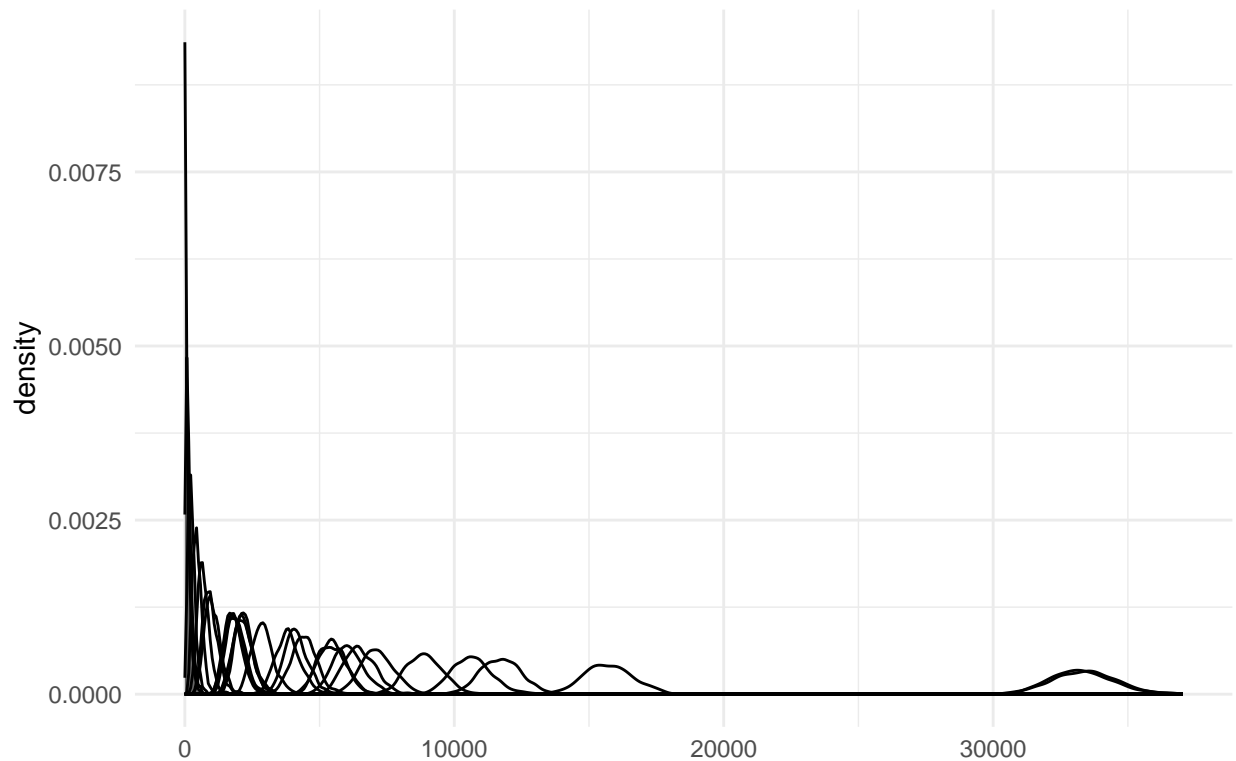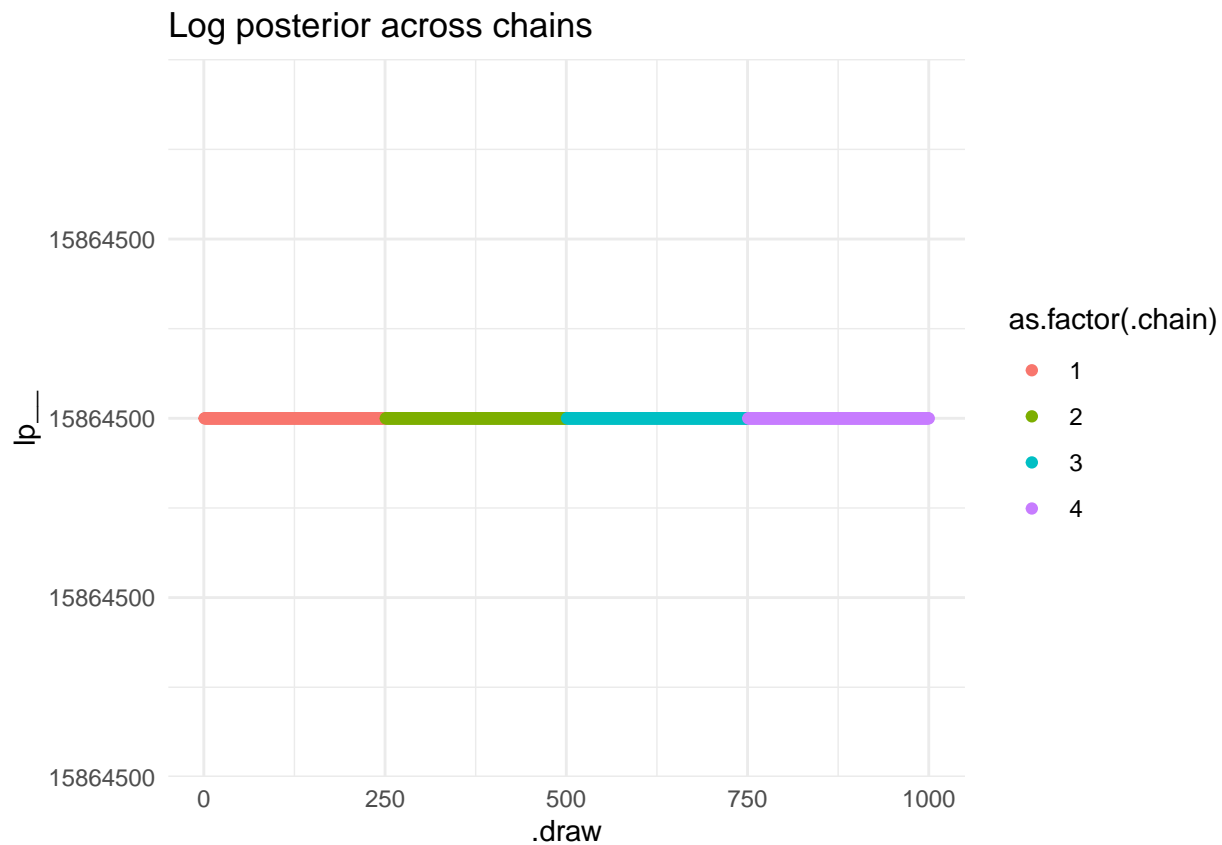
Posteriors

Get posterior distributions:

```
post <- get_posterior(fit, dt)

head(post)
```
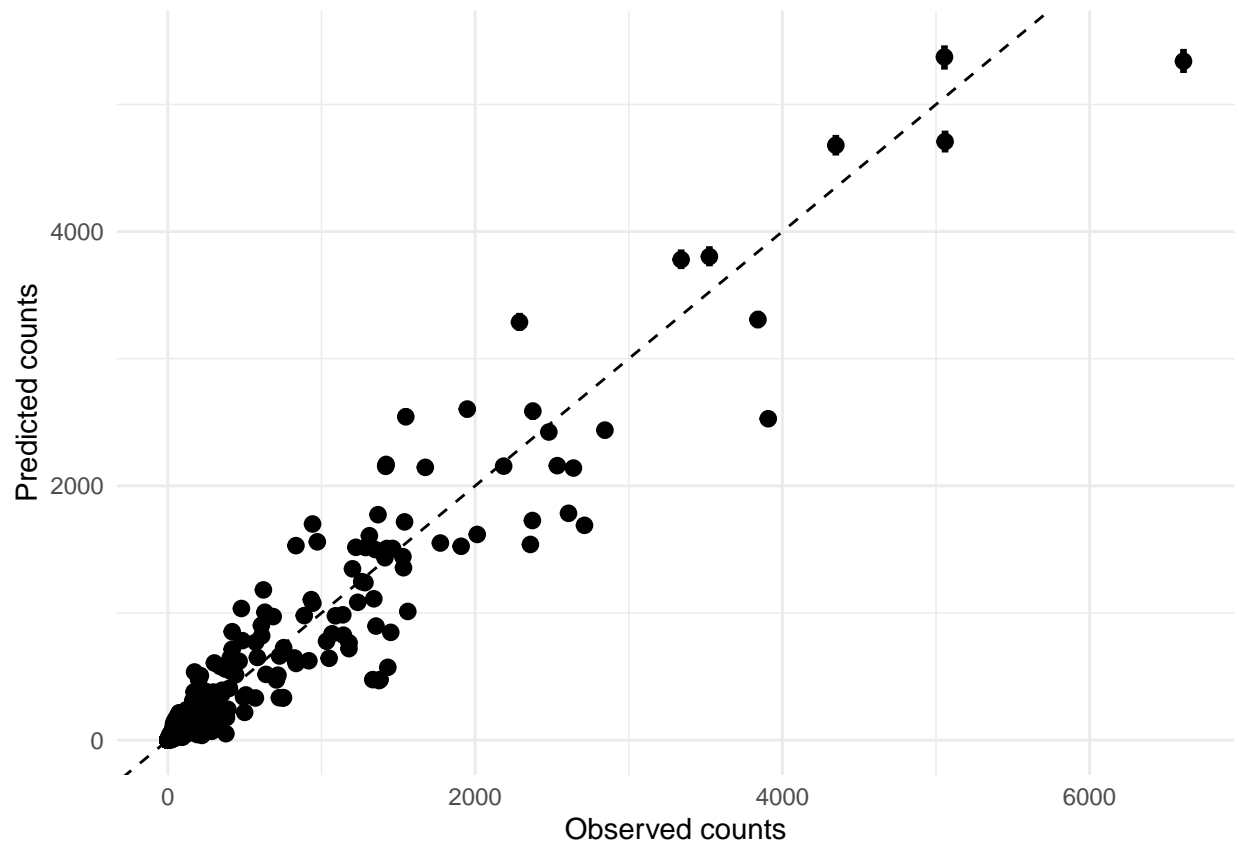
```
## # A tibble: 6 x 11
## # Groups:   Animal, Plant [6]
##   Plant Animal       .chain .iteration .draw connectance preference plant.abund animal.abund int.pr
##   <chr> <chr>         <int>      <int> <int>       <dbl>      <dbl>       <dbl>        <dbl>     <db
## 1 301   Chloris_chlo~     1          1     1       0.465     15405.      0.0380       0.0909
## 2 302   Chloris_chlo~     1          1     1       0.465     15405.      0.0337       0.0909
## 3 303   Chloris_chlo~     1          1     1       0.465     15405.      0.0118       0.0909
## 4 304   Chloris_chlo~     1          1     1       0.465     15405.      0.0741       0.0909
## 5 305   Chloris_chlo~     1          1     1       0.465     15405.      0.00820      0.0909
## 6 306   Chloris_chlo~     1          1     1       0.465     15405.      0.0223       0.0909
```

Mean edge probability:

```
plot_interaction_prob(post)
```

Mean interaction probability

Generate predicted visits for each pairwise interaction

```r
post.counts <- predict_counts(fit, dt)
```

Compare observed and predicted visits by the model:

```r
p <- plot_counts_pred(post.counts, sort = FALSE)
o <- plot_counts_obs(mat, sort = FALSE, zero.na = FALSE)
library(patchwork)
p + o
```

Predicted counts
Observed counts

```
plot_counts_pred_obs(post.counts, dt)
```

```
plot_counts_pred_obs(post.counts, dt, byplant = TRUE, scales = "free")
```
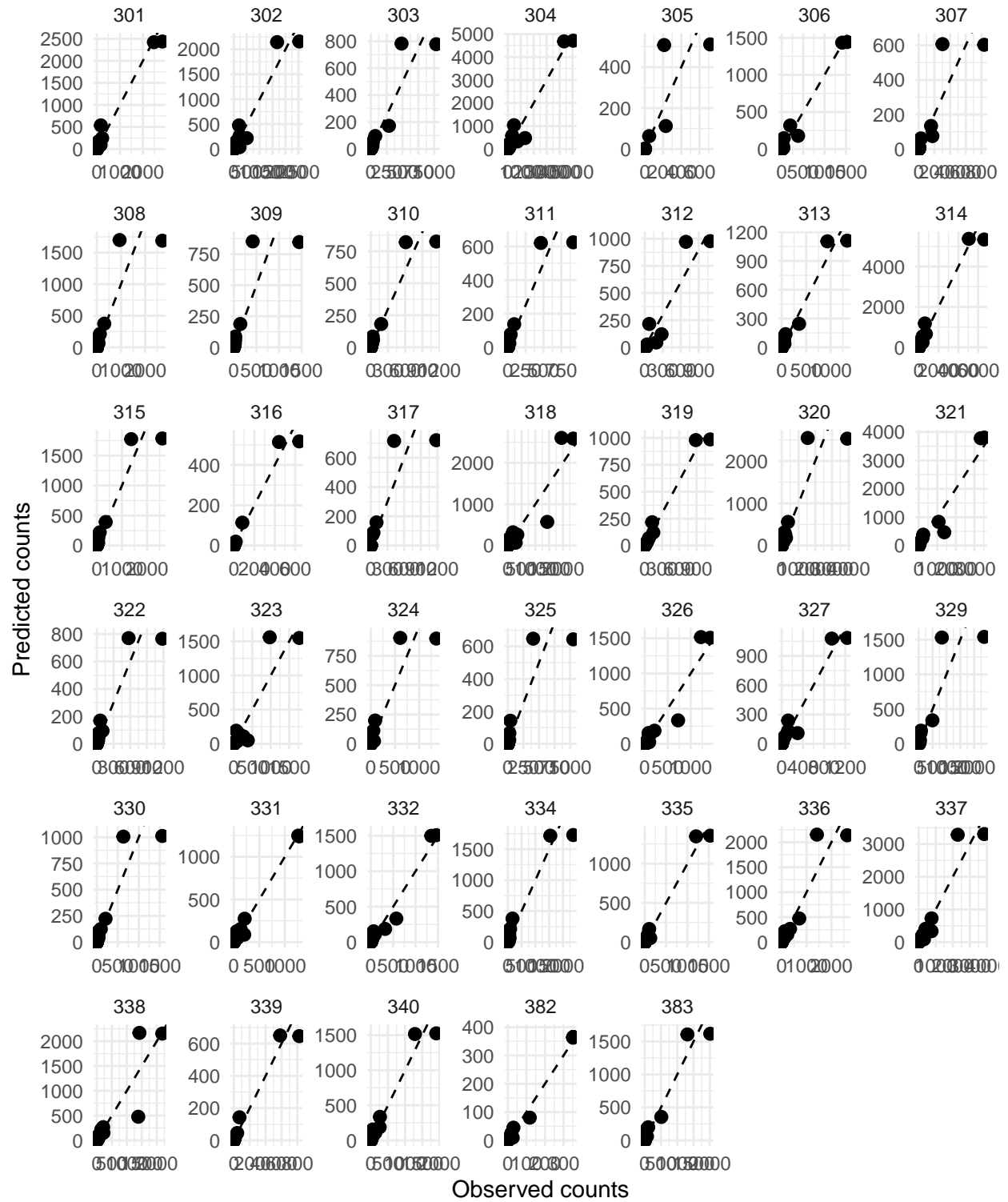
```r
saveRDS(post.counts, here::here(paste0("data/nets_post/", params$net, "_post_counts.rds")))
```