Bayesian inference of an individual-based mutualistic network 12 07

Net 12_07

```
library(BayesianNetworks)
library(network.tools)
library(tidyverse)
theme_set(theme_minimal())
options(mc.cores = 4)
```

Data

Load dataset and sampling effort per individual plant:

chr (4): ind, neigh_inter, neigh_intra, fruit_color

dbl (3): crop, se_obs_h, seeds_per_fruit

```
web <- readr::read_csv(here::here("data/nets_raw", paste0(params$net, "_int.csv"))) |>
  arrange(ind)
## Rows: 2 Columns: 3
## -- Column specification -
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (1): ind
## dbl (2): Pycnonotus_cafer, Pycnonotus_luteolus
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
mat <- as.matrix(web[, -1])</pre>
mat <- apply(mat, c(1,2), as.integer)</pre>
rownames(mat) <- web$ind</pre>
# create numeric vector of sampling effort for each plant with names = plant id
effort <- readr::read_csv(here::here("data/nets_attr", paste0(params$net, "_attr.csv"))) |>
  select(ind, starts_with("se_")) |>
  filter(ind %in% web$ind) |>
 arrange(ind)
## Rows: 2 Columns: 7
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
```

```
##
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
## If there is only one column with sampling effort, use it:
if (!net %in% c("10 01", "15 01", "18 01", "18 02", "20 01", "21 01", "21 02")) {
  effort <- effort |>
    pull(starts_with("se_"), name = "ind")
}
# Otherwise, select sampling effort column in some specific nets:
if (net == "10_01") {
  effort <- effort |>
    mutate(se_cam_days = se_cam_h/24) |>
    pull(se_cam_days, name = "ind")
}
if (net == "15 01") {
  effort <- effort |>
    pull(se_cam_days, name = "ind")
}
if (net %in% c("18_01", "18_02", "20_01")) {
  effort <- effort |>
    mutate(se bc months = se bc days/30) |>
    pull(se_bc_months, name = "ind")
}
if (net %in% c("21_01", "21_02")) {
  effort <- effort |>
    pull(se_obs_h, name = "ind")
}
## Some nets may require adjusting of the count data or effort values
## Insert that here eg.
# if (params$net == "01_01") {
# mat <- round(mat/10)
  mat \leftarrow apply(mat, c(1,2), as.integer)
# }
stopifnot(identical(length(effort), nrow(mat)))
stopifnot(identical(names(effort), rownames(mat)))
summary(as.numeric(mat))
##
      Min. 1st Qu. Median
                              Mean 3rd Qu.
                                              Max.
           0.00
                      0.50
                              1.25
                                    1.75
                                              4.00
##
      0.00
if (max(mat) > 500) {
  stop("More than 500 counts in some cell(s)")
}
summary(effort)
```

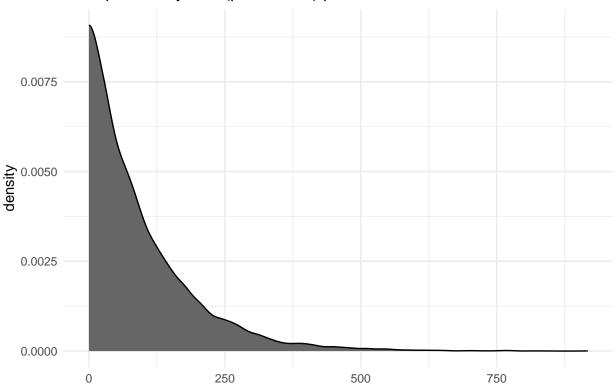
```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

if (max(effort) > 500) {
    stop("Sampling effort > 500 for some plants")
}
```

Bayesian inference of network structure

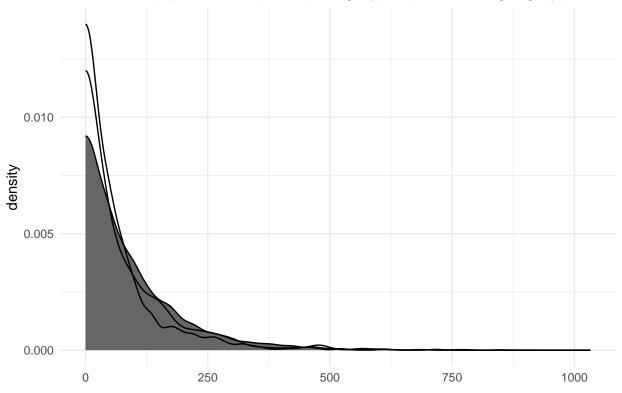
```
dt <- prepare_data(mat, sampl.eff = effort)
plot_prior(params$beta)</pre>
```

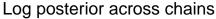
Prior probability for r (preference) parameter with beta = 0.01

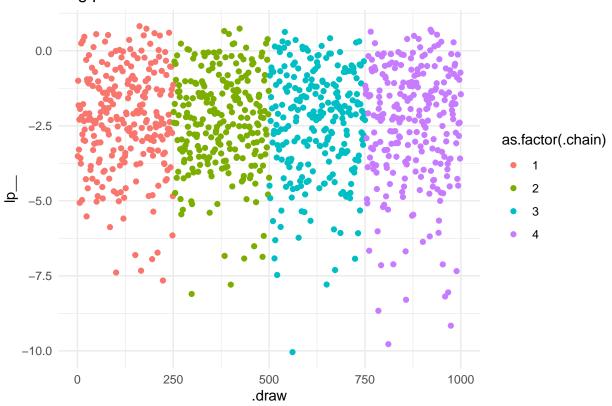


```
## Running MCMC with 4 parallel chains...
##
## Chain 4 finished in 0.4 seconds.
## Chain 1 finished in 0.5 seconds.
## Chain 2 finished in 0.5 seconds.
## Chain 3 finished in 0.5 seconds.
## All 4 chains finished successfully.
## Mean chain execution time: 0.5 seconds.
## Total execution time: 0.6 seconds.
get_seed(fit)
## [1] 994447150
check_model(fit, data = dt)
## Processing csv files: C:/Users/frodr/AppData/Local/Temp/RtmpkDNfRE/varying_preferences-202406241427-
## Checking sampler transitions treedepth.
## Treedepth satisfactory for all transitions.
## Checking sampler transitions for divergences.
## No divergent transitions found.
##
## Checking E-BFMI - sampler transitions HMC potential energy.
## E-BFMI satisfactory.
## Effective sample size satisfactory.
## Split R-hat values satisfactory all parameters.
##
## Processing complete, no problems detected.
```









Posteriors

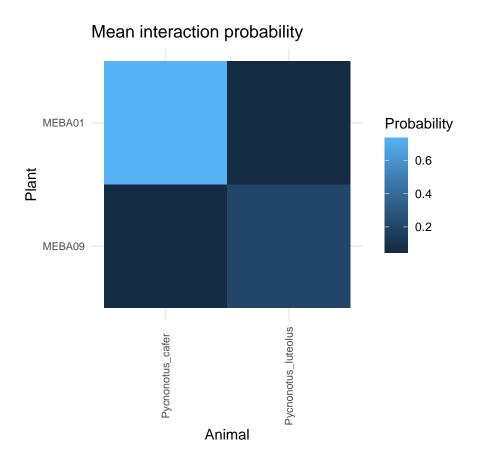
Get posterior distributions:

```
post <- get_posterior(fit, dt)
head(post)</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 11
## # Groups:
              Animal, Plant [4]
                     .chain .iteration .draw connectance preference plant.abund animal.abund int.pr
    Plant Animal
     <chr> <chr>
                         <int>
                                     <int> <int>
                                                       <dbl>
                                                                  <dbl>
                                                                              <dbl>
                                                                                           <dbl>
                                                                  12.4
                                                                             0.266
## 1 MEBA01 Pycnonotus_~
                                         1
                                                       0.150
                                                                                           0.447 9.97e-
                             1
## 2 MEBA09 Pycnonotus_~
                             1
                                         1
                                              1
                                                       0.150
                                                                  12.4
                                                                             0.734
                                                                                           0.447 5.01e-
## 3 MEBA01 Pycnonotus_~
                             1
                                         1
                                              1
                                                       0.150
                                                                  1.49
                                                                             0.266
                                                                                           0.553 1.02e-
## 4 MEBA09 Pycnonotus_~
                                         1
                                              1
                                                       0.150
                                                                  1.49
                                                                             0.734
                                                                                           0.553 1.16e-
                             1
## 5 MEBA01 Pycnonotus_~
                                         2
                                              2
                             1
                                                       0.532
                                                                 129.
                                                                             0.0506
                                                                                           0.382 1
## 6 MEBA09 Pycnonotus_~
                                                       0.532
                                                                 129.
                                                                                           0.382 2.43e-
                                                                             0.949
```

Mean edge probability:

```
plot_interaction_prob(post)
```

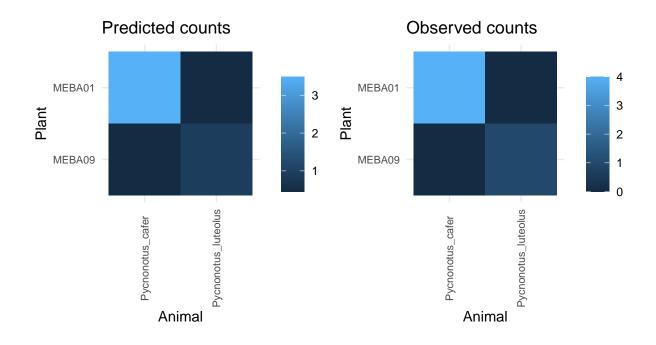


Generate predicted visits for each pairwise interaction

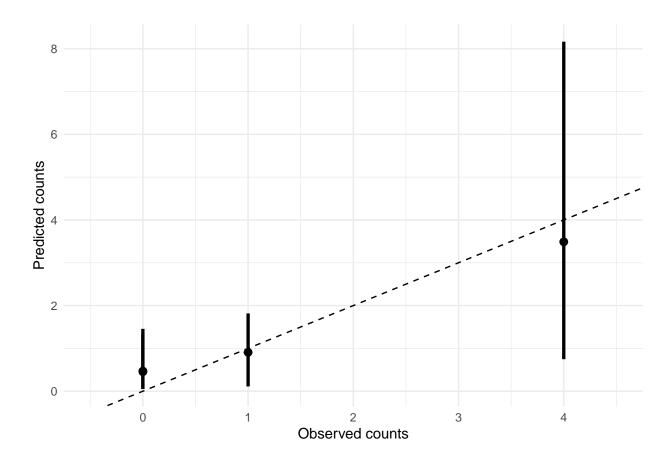
```
post.counts <- predict_counts(fit, dt)</pre>
```

Compare observed and predicted visits by the model:

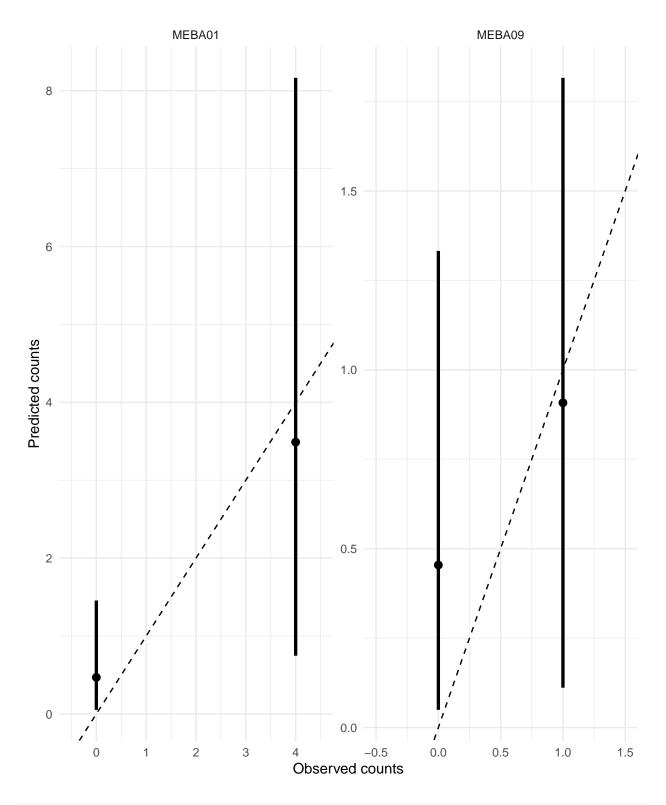
```
p <- plot_counts_pred(post.counts, sort = FALSE)
o <- plot_counts_obs(mat, sort = FALSE, zero.na = FALSE)
library(patchwork)
p + o</pre>
```



plot_counts_pred_obs(post.counts, dt)



plot_counts_pred_obs(post.counts, dt, byplant = TRUE, scales = "free")



saveRDS(post.counts, here::here(paste0("data/nets_post/", params\$net, "_post_counts.rds")))