
DOCUMENTATION OF SOCIAL NETWORK PROJECT

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1 Introduction

This project aims to build a social network with JSP and MySQL.

1.1 Main Features

- *Compulsory:*
 - Sign up & in
 - Search for contacts & Post status and reply
 - 30 secs refreshment
- *Optional:*
 - Email address regex check
 - Ajax
 - Add Google's reCaptcha¹ validation
 - Two-step friends

1.2 Components

- Apache, Tomcat, Apache-Tomcat-Connector
- MySQL, MySQL Connector/J (JDBC)

Visit our project site at [Database Course Project](#).

2 Environment

This project is hosted on Amazon Linux AMI server provided by AWS. To build the environment for running our website, we took steps as below.

1. install OpenJDK-1.8.0
2. install and configure Apache (httpd) & Tomcat

¹Completely Automated Public Turing test to tell Computers and Humans Apart

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3. link Apache and Tomcat with Apache Tomcat Connector ²
 4. install MySQL³ and prepare MySQL connector/J in WEB-INF/lib

Note: Our project has been hosted at GitHub. Visit our project at <https://github.com/PKU-2017-Database/Social-Network>.

3 Data Structure

3.1 Entity-Relationship Diagram

Here is an English version of ER Diagram redrawn by L^AT_EX.

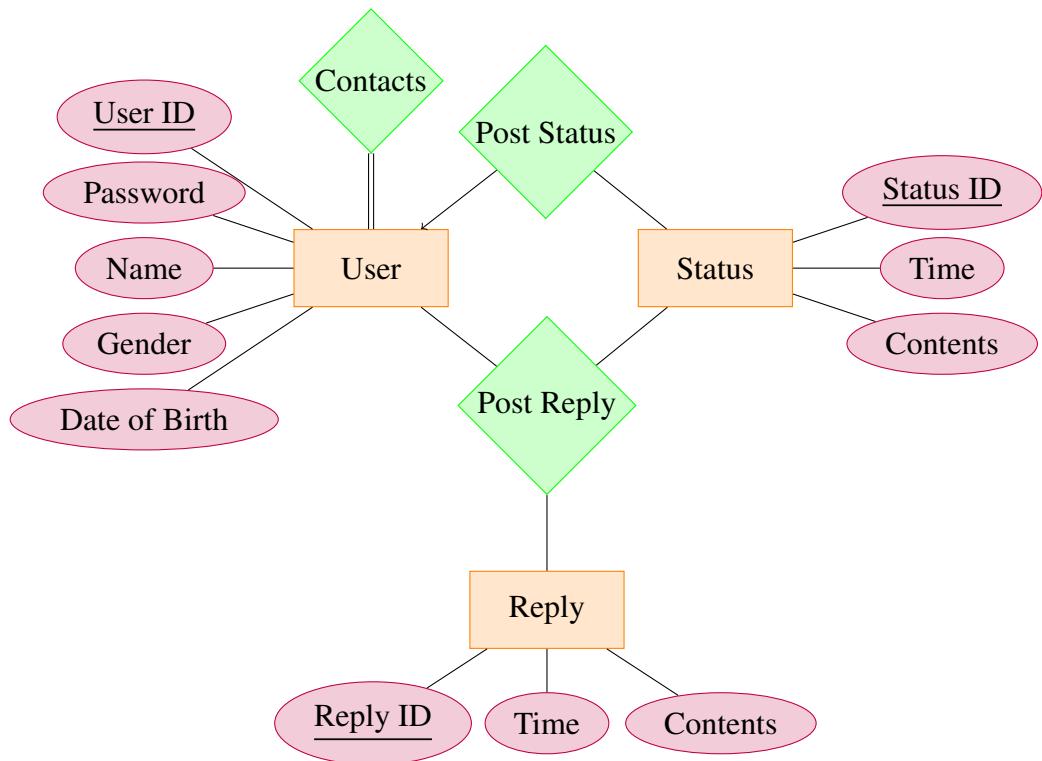


Figure 1: Entity-Relationship Diagram

3.2 MySQL Table

According to the above ER Diagram, we've designed MySQL tables as below.

²This makes it possible to run static web pages on Apache and dynamic ones on Tomcat.

³MySQL is case insensitive for Windows and Mac OS, but that's not true for Linux.

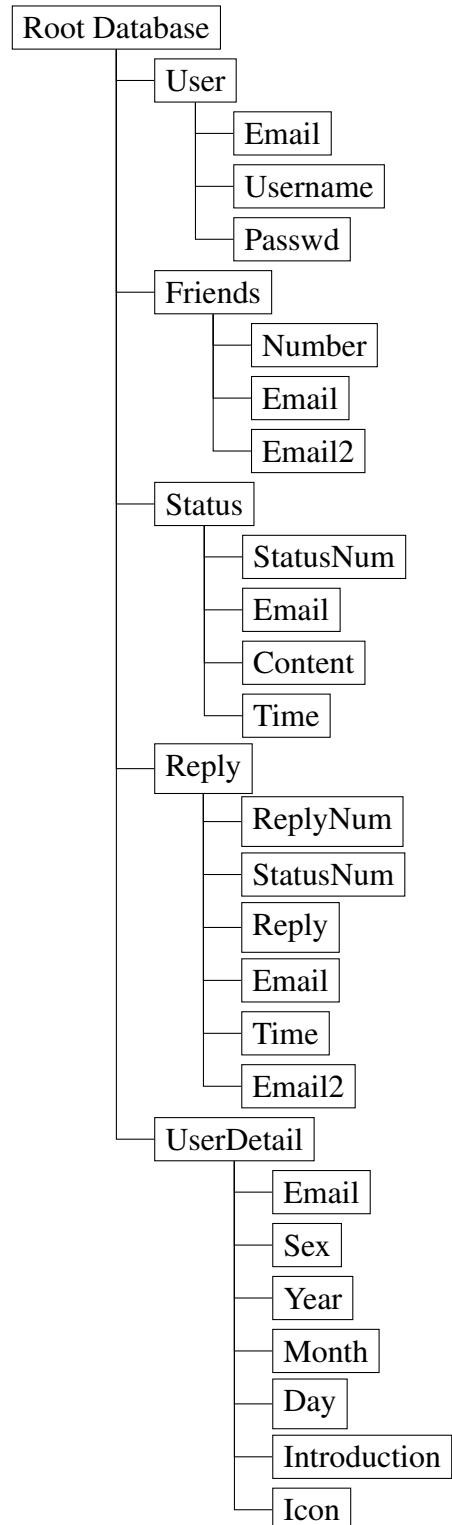


Figure 2: MySQL Table Structure

Details about tables and attributes:

- User - deal with signing up & in
 - Email: primary key to identify users in registration and log-in
 - Username: nickname, which can be edited after registration
 - Passwd: password to validate a user
- Friends - record friend relationships
 - Number: auto-increment primary key for identification
 - Email: follower's email
 - Email2: followee's email
- Status - store posted statuses
 - StatusNum: auto-increment primary key for identification
 - Email: poster's email
 - Content: posted contents
 - Time: posting time
- Reply - store posted replies to status
 - ReplyNum: auto-increment primary key for identification
 - StatusNum: replied status number
 - Reply: reply contents
 - Email: replier's email
 - Time: replying time
 - Email2: repliee's email
- UserDetail - store user details
 - Email: primary & foreign key pointing to User.Email
 - Sex: user's sex
 - Year: user's year of birth
 - Month: user's month of birth

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- Day: user's day of birth
 - Introduction: simple introduction to the user
 - Icon: user's avatar

4 Division of Labor

Our group members:

Name	Student ID	Mobile	Email
He Yan	1400015464	15910670278	heyuan@pku.edu.cn
Sun Meng	1500012867	15010189739	1400017665@pku.edu.cn
Wu Chuchuan	1500062802	18811788416	wuchuchuan@pku.edu.cn

Table 1: Group Members

Division of labor:

- He Yan: add reCaptcha & add 2-step friend & write documentation
- Sun Meng: design of website appearance (CSS & image resources)
- Wu Chuchuan: website framework & database statement implementation

5 Kernel Codes

5.1 Google reCaptcha

```

1 <div class="g-recaptcha" data-sitekey="..."></div> // Client side
2 /* Server side, send post request to Google to verify */
3 String gRecaptchaResponse = request.getParameter("g-recaptcha-response");
4 String url = "https://www.google.com/recaptcha/api/siteverify";
5 String secret = "..."; // key for reCaptcha validation
6 boolean check = true; // whether reCaptcha passed
7 if (!(gRecaptchaResponse == null || "" .equals(gRecaptchaResponse))) {
8     try {
9         URL obj = new URL(url);
10        HttpsURLConnection con =
11             (HttpsURLConnection) obj.openConnection();

```

```

12     con.setRequestMethod("POST");
13     con.setDoOutput(true);
14
15     String postParams =
16         "secret=" + secret + "&response=" + gRecaptchaResponse;
17     DataOutputStream wr =
18         new DataOutputStream(con.getOutputStream());
19     wr.writeBytes(postParams);
20     wr.flush();
21     wr.close();
22
23     BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(
24         new InputStreamReader(con.getInputStream()));
25     String inputLine;
26     StringBuffer rsps = new StringBuffer();
27     while ((inputLine = in.readLine()) != null) {
28         rsps.append(inputLine);
29     }
30     in.close();
31
32     JsonReader jsonReader = Json.createReader(
33         new StringReader(rsps.toString()));
34     JsonObject jsonObject = jsonReader.readObject();
35     jsonReader.close();
36     check=jsonObject.getBoolean("success");
37 } catch(Exception e) {
38     e.printStackTrace();
39 }
40 }
41 ...
42 if (check) { // only if reCaptcha verification passed
43     ...
44 }
```

5.2 Two-step friends

```

1 HashSet<String> frd1 = new HashSet<String>();    // one-step friends
2 /* select friends of own */
3 sq1 = "SELECT * FROM
        'working'.'friends' ' as a,

```

```

5      'working '.'user' as b,
6      'working '.'userdetail' as c
7 WHERE
8      a.email2 = c.email
9      and a.email2 = b.email
10     and a.email = '"' + email + '"';
11     // email variable stores its own
12     // email String
13
14 rs = stmt.executeQuery(sql);      // get result set
15 while (rs.next()) {
16     frd1.add(rs.getString("email2"));    // store 1-step friends in frd1
17 }
18 ... // output 1-step friends
19
20 HashMap<String , HashSet<String>> frd2 =
21     new HashMap<String , HashSet<String>>(); // two-step friends
22 for (String frd : frd1) {    // for each 1-step friend
23     /* get the friends of 1-step friends */
24     sql = "SELECT * FROM
25         'working '.'friends' as a,
26         'working '.'user' as b,
27         'working '.'userdetail' as c
28 WHERE
29             a.email2 = c.email
30             and a.email2 = b.email
31             and a.email = '"' + frd + '"';
32
33     rs = stmt.executeQuery(sql);
34
35     /* NOTE that a 2-step friend may have multiple intermediaries */
36     while (rs.next()) {
37         String frd2eml = rs.getString("email2");    // 2-step friend email
38         if (!frd2.containsKey(frd2eml)) // if new, create a new entry
39             frd2.put(frd2eml, new HashSet<String>());
40         frd2.get(frd2eml).add(frd); // add intermediary to record set
41     }
42     frd2.keySet().removeAll(frd1); // exclude 1-step friends
43     frd2.keySet().remove(email);   // exclude itself
44 ... // output 2-step friends

```

6 Website Preview

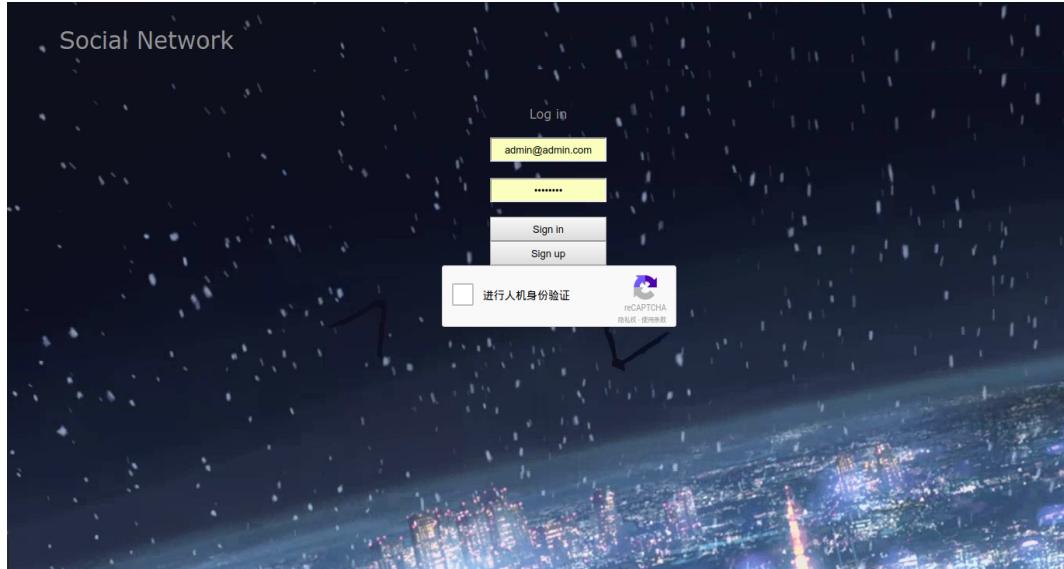


Figure 3: Log-in Interface

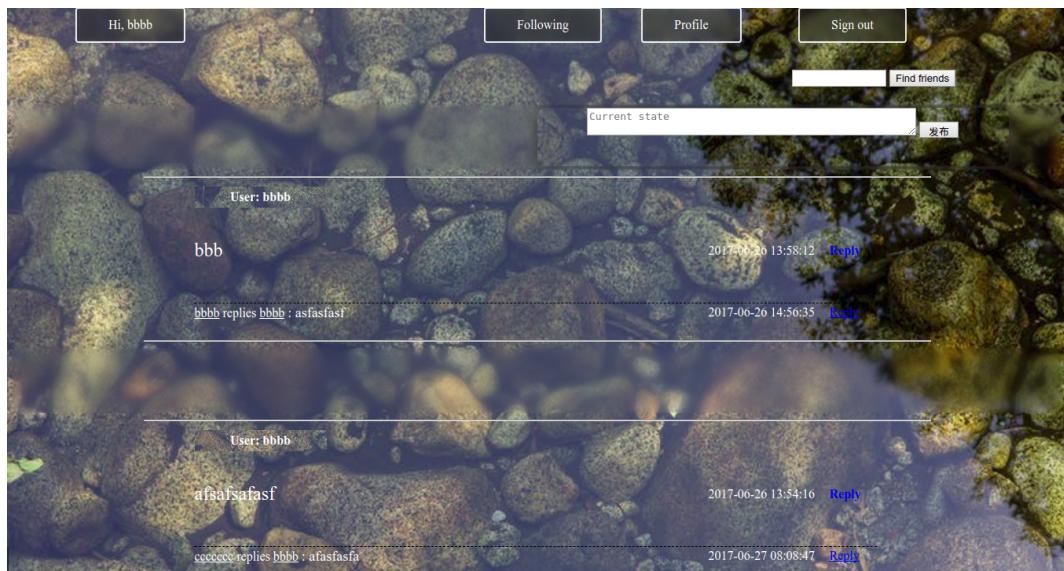


Figure 4: User Homepage

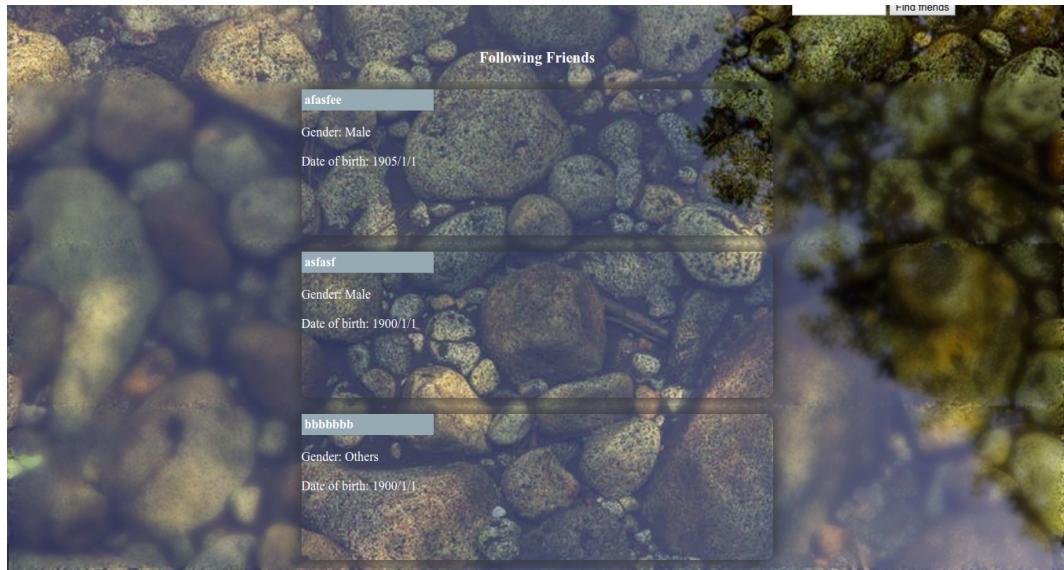


Figure 5: Following (1)

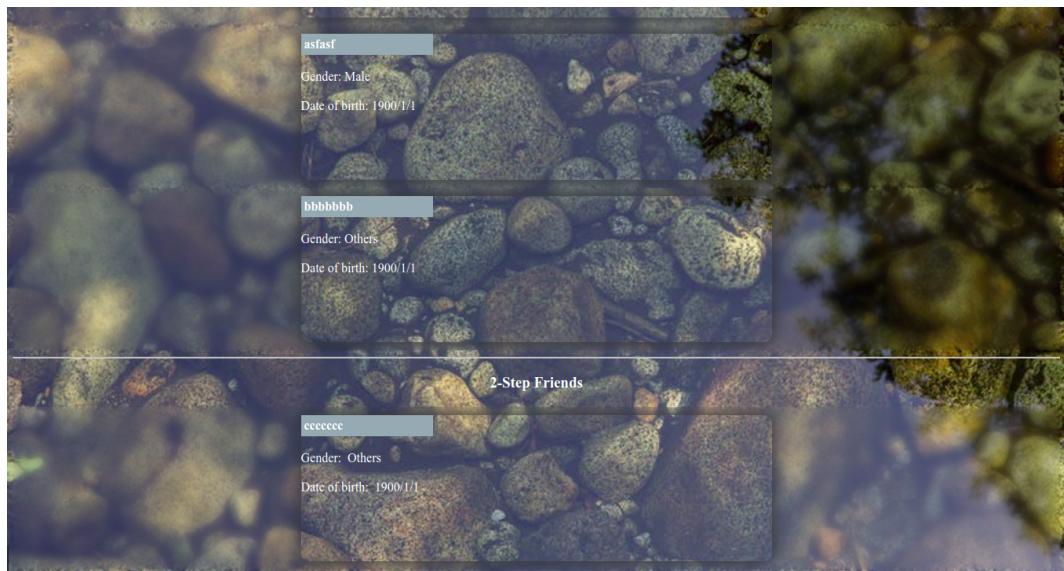


Figure 6: Following (2)

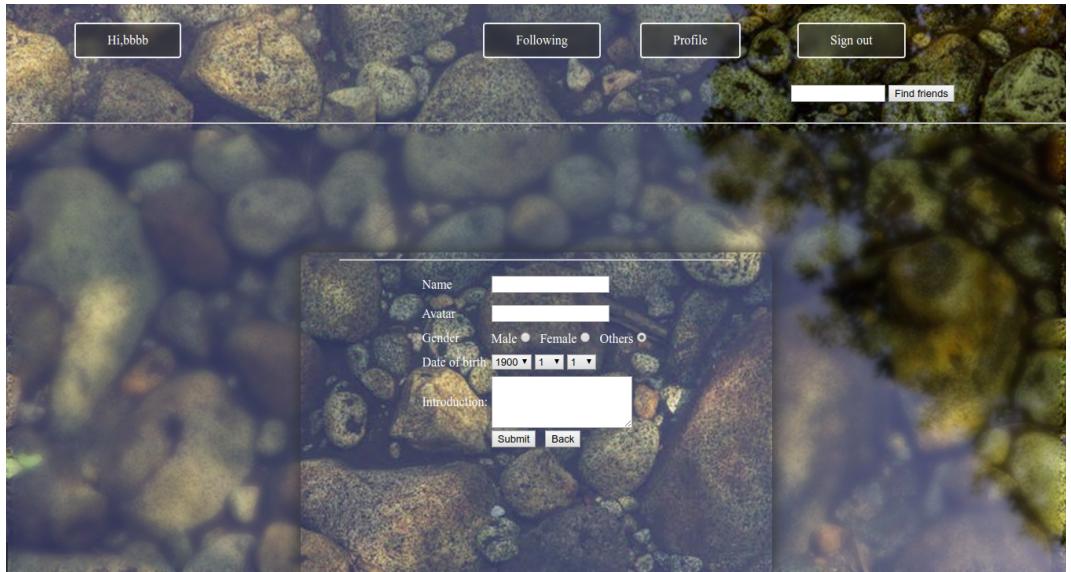


Figure 7: Profile

7 References

- Guidebook, installers and demo provided at course.pku.edu.cn
- \LaTeX template provided by [Overleaf](https://www.overleaf.com)
- [mysql-connector-java-5.1.42-bin.jar](https://dev.mysql.com/doc/connector-j/5.1/en/connector-j-5.1.42-bin.jar)
- [javax.json-api-1.1.jar](https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/com.google.code.gson/gson/1.1.2)