

# Vuk'uzenzele

Ipapashwe liZiko lezoNxibelelwano nokuSasazwa koLwazi lukaRhulumente (GCIS) English/IsiXhosa EyeNkanga 2022 Ushicilelo 1

## Inkqubo yokuxhotyiswa kwamaxhoba ibuyisela ithemba



Owen Mngadi

**I**Nkqubo yokuXhotyiswa kwamaXhoba ase-Thohoyandou (i-TVEP) izama ukubuyisela ithemba kwinkqubo yobulungisa ngamaphulo ayo angqingqwa ajolise ekuncedeni amaxhoba obundlobongela obusekelwe kwisini (i-GBV) kunye no-dlwengulo ngokuwabonelela ngeenkonzo zeengecebiso ngokwasengqondweni. I-TVEP eyasekwa eLimpopo

kwiminyaka engama-20 eyadlulayo, isebenza kwizibhedlele zase-Tshilidzini naseDonald Fraser phantsi ko-Masipala waseKhaya wase-Thulamela. UMLawuli oBambeleyo u-Fhatuwani Manthada uthi le nkqubo ijolise ekuwusiphuleni kungasali nengcambu umkhwa wokuhlasela ngokwesondo, i-GBV kunye nokuxhatshazwa kwabantwana kubahlali base-Thohoyandou, oku ngenxa

yokuba la matyala axhaphakile kulo mmandla. Uthi kwixesha langaphambili, amanani olwaphulo-mthetho ayebonisa ukuba maninzi amatyala odlwengulo e-Thohoyandou, kodwa i-TVEP yenze imitsi emikhulu ekufundiseni, nasekunqandeni lo mkhuba eluntwini, nasekuboneleleni ngeenkonzo zokucebisa ngokwasengqondweni kwixhoba elisothukileyo. Njengoko ihlabathi liza kube

liqwalasela iphulo leentsuku ezili-16 zokungaxhatshazwa kwabasetyhini nabantwana ukusuka ngomhla wama-25 kweyeNkanga ukuya kowe-10 kweyoMnga, u-Manthada uthi le nkqubo yanelisekile yinkqubela esele yenziwe yokukhuthaza abahlali ukuba baqonde amalungelo abo kwaye baxele nezenzo zolwaphulo-mthetho. “I-TVEP yamkela amaxhoba aphakathi kwama-80 ukuya kwi-100 odushe lwasekhaya nyanga nganye, ngelixa amatyala odlwengulo angama-45 ukuya kuma-50 nawo axelwa ngenyanga,” utsho u-Manthada. Amaziko enkqubo anikezela ngeenkonzo ezahlukeneyo kumaxhoba, kubandakanywa ukufikelela kuncedo lwezomthetho, ukukhuselwa kwamaxhoba kubenzi bobubi, ukujongwa kwamatyala ezinkundleni, iingcebiso kunye nokuxhotyiswa ngophuhliso lwezakhono, ngaloo ndlela ke le nkqubo inika amaxhoba isiqalo esitsha. U-Manthada uthi i-TVEP isebenzisana ngokusondele-

leneyo neNkonzo yesiPolisa yoMzantsi Afrika, iSebe lezeMpilo kunye neSebe loPhuhliso loLuntu ukuthintela ukuphathwa kakubi kwamaxhoba ityeli lesibini xa ekwinkqubo yokuvula ityala. “Kumatyala odlwengulo, abasebenzi bezempilo kunye namapolisa beza kumaziko e-TVEP ukuzakunceda amaxhoba ukuba avule amatyala olwaphulo-mthetho avulele abophuli-mthetho kwaye baphinde babonelele ngeenkonzo zoluleko ngokwasengqondweni,” utshilo. I-TVEP ihlalisa amaxhoba ukuya kutsho kwiintsuku ezili-14, nangona kunjalo, ulungiselelo linokwandiswa kwiimeko ezibandakanya usapho lonke okanye abantwana. “Sinomanyano lokuxhobisa, oluqhuba iingxoxo zoluntu kwaye lufundise abantu ngamalungelo abo. Sinceda abahlali abangaphezu kwesigidi abasuka e-Thohoyandou

Liqhubeka kwiphepha lesi-2



**SASSA encourages non-smart phone owners not to choose EFT payment method**

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**HLALAY UKHUSELEKILE**

GONYA UKUZE USINDISE UMZANTSI AFRIKA

NOOBAMBISWANO SINGAYIVISA INTSHOLONGWANE I-CORONA



**Toilet paper business leaves man blushing with pride**

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**Ukufunda uVuk'uzenzele khuphela i-GOVAPP kwi:**



Khangela u- SA Government kwi Google playstore okanye kwi-appstore

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## Liqhubeka lisuka kwiphepha loku-1

nakwiindawo ezisingqongileyo. Sikwazile ukubuyisela ithemba kwinkqubo yobulungisa nokulawulwa kolwaphulo-mthetho ngenxa yobudlelwane bethu namapolisa,” utshilo.

I-TVEP ikwadale amathuba engqesho kubantu abangama-44 abasebenza kumasebe awohlukeneyo afana nelezemali, alabasebenzi kunye novavanyo.

Nangona le nkqubo ifumana inkxaso-mali ye-R90 000 rhoqo ngekota kwiSebe loPhuhliso lweNtla-

lo lase-Limpopo, i-TVEP yachatshazelwa yi-COVID-19 njengoko abaxhasi ngezi-mali baye barhoxa, nto leyo echaphazela kakubi iinkqubo zokusebenza zalo mbutho.

Kodwa ke nangona kunjalo, iNgxowa-mali yokuSabela uBundlobongela obuSekwe kwiSini nokuBulawa kwabaseTyhini (i-GBVF), eyaphehlelelwa nguMongameli u-Cyril Ramaphosa ngamaZwe lamaZwe ngamaZwe lamaKhosikazi oMzantsi Afrika kunye namahlakani asekuhlaleni ayincedile kakhulu le nkqubo.

I-TVEP yayiphakathi

kweqela lokuqala lemibutho elwa ne-GBVF, ukufumana inkxaso-mali.

Ngesixa-mali se-R128 lezigidi esathi saqokelelwa ngeminikelo esuka kwicandelo labucala, ingxowa-mali yamacandelo amaninzi, iNgxowa-mali ye-GBVF iza kunceda kwaye ixhase ukuphunyezwa kwesiCwangukciso-qhinga seSizwe se-GBVF.

I-TVEP yabelwe i-R250 000 kulo nyaka umiyo kwaye iza kufumana enye inkxaso-mali ngo-2023.

U-Manthada uthi le nkxaso-mali yenze ukuba i-TVEP ikwazi ukufikelela kumaxhoba amaninzi kwaye igcine lo

mbutho usebenza.


U-Murendeni Vhengani (26) olixhoba elasindayo emva kokuhlangulwa yi-TVEP kwiqabane lakhe elalimxhaphaza. Uchithe iinyanga ezingama-46 nentombi yakhe eneminyaka emine ubudala kweli ziko.

Eli ziko limncedile ukuba amvulele amatyala lo wayesakuba liqabane lakhe kwaye wafaka nomyalelo wokhuseleko. Ityala lisachotshelwe.

“Bandamkela ngezandla ezishushu emva kweminyaka emininzi yokubandezeleka. Kwaye ndaziva ndikhuselekile. Ndiye ndaphinda ndazithemba kwakhona,” utshilo.

Ushlalo weNgxowa-mali ye-GBVF, uGq Judy Dlamini, uthe isaqwalaselwa inkxaso-mali yemibutho eyi-108 ezicelo zayo ziphumeleleyo.

Ingcaciso emalunga nomjikelelo olandelayo wokufaka izicelo kungekudala iza kufumaneka kwiziko lewebhusayithi yeNkxaso-mali ye-GBVF ku:

<https://gbvf.org.za/> 

Ukufikelela kwi-TVEP, qhagamshelana noManthada ku: **064 771 5264** okanye i-imeyile ku: [atj@tvep.org.za](mailto:atj@tvep.org.za).

# Ukufakwa kwezicelo ze-NSFAS ka-2023 kuvuliwe

**U**kufakwa kwesicelo senkxaso-mali yonyaka ka-2023, yeNkqubo yeSizwe yoNcedo lwezeMali (i-NSFAS) sele kuvuliwe.

UMphathiswa weMfundo ePhakamileyo, iNzululwazi nokuSungula Izinto Ezintsha, uGq Blade Nzimande, wenze esi sibhengezo ngethuba ebethetha noonondaba, kutsha nje.

UMphathiswa uNzimande uthi kugqitywe kwelo kuba kulo unyaka umjikelo wezicelo uvulwe kwangethuba, kungafani nonyaka ophelileyo, ukuze kunikwe abo baza kuba ngabafaki-zicelo ixesha elanelayo lokungenisa izicelo zabo kunye namaxwebhu athunye-lwa nezicelo.

Enika ingxelo ehlaziyiweyo ngenkxaso-mali ye-NSFAS yonyaka wokufunda ka-2022, uMphathiswa uNzimande uthi uhlahlo lwabiwo-mali oluzibhiliyoni ezingama-R43 lwabelwa esi sikimu ngelokulungiselela iimali zokufunda zabaxhamli, eziquka ukutya nesibonelelo sokuhamba, kunye nezixhobo zokufunda.

Uthi zizicelo ezingama-985 672 ezifunyenweyo, zekwathi ezingama-140 636 zona zangaphumeleli.

Kwizicelo ezifunyenweyo,

zingama-739 526 izicelo ezavunywa okwethutyana ngelixa kusalindwe ukubhalisa kumaziko ngamaziko.

“Uninzi lwabafaki-zicelo abangaphumelelanga basilela ukunika ubungqina obaneleyo obuxhasa izicelo zabo; ngenxa yokuba bayegqitha kumda wokufaneleka ukufumana inkxaso-mali; mhlawumbi umceli sele efumene elona nqanaba liphezulu lesiqinisekiso esixhaswa ngu-NSFAS okanye ukungahambelani namakhondo emfundo yecandelo leekholeji ze-TVET,” ucacise watsho uMphathiswa uNzimande.

Ngokweenkcukacha ezikwiwebhusayithi ye-NSFAS, ukusukela kunyaka wezifundo ka-2021, i-NSFAS ayisaboneleli ngenkxaso-mali yezifundo zabasele benezidanga. Oku kuquka isetifikethi sasemva kwesidanga, i-diploma yasemva kwesidanga sokuqala, izidanga ze-honours, i-masters kunye nezidanga ze-PhD.

Oku kuthetha ukuba eyona mfundo ikwinqanaba eliphezulu exhaswa ngemali yale nkqubo la-NSFAS yeyesidanga se-Bachelor's Degree.

## Ukuphucula inkqubo

## yokufaka izicelo

Ngelinge lokuphucula inkqubo yokufakwa kwezicelo kunye nokwenza izinto lula kwabo baza kube befaka izicelo, uMphathiswa uNzimande uthi kulo nyaka, i-NSFAS iphumeze izinto eziliqela eziphucule le nkqubo ngelokuqinisekisa ukuba ukufaka isicelo akunawo amagingxi-gingxi.

Uthi inkqubo ye-NSFAS yokufaka izicelo nge-intanethi yenziwe ngokutsha ukuze isebenziseke ngakumbi kwaye isondele nakwamanye amaqonga aqhelekileyo kwabo bafaka izicelo afana no-WhatsApp, i-Twitter, i-Facebook no-Instagram.

“Inkqubo yesicelo ngokwayo yenziwe lula kwaye imibuzo ebuzwayo kulula ukuba uluntu luyiqonde. Ukongezelela, abafaki-zicelo ngoku bangakwazi ukuma bayeke phakathi ze baphinde baqhubeke kwakhona kwixesha elizayo ngaphandle kokuphinda baqalise phantsi, nekuyinto eyayingakwazi ukwenzeka kwixesha langaphambili, utshilo.

“Ngaphezulu kolu phuculo, i-NSFAS iphuhlise iindlela ezongezelelekileyo zokufaka izicelo ukulungiselela abafaki-

zicelo abasuka kwiimvelaphi ezahlukeneyo, kananjalo siyibeke engqondweni into yokuba uninzi lwabo baza kube befaka izicelo ngabantu abatsha abayaziyo indlela yokwenza izinto kumaqonga edijithali,” kongeza uMphathiswa uNzimande.

Amajelo amatsha aquka i-Mobile App, i-USSD kunye ne-WhatsApp, apho umntu anokufaka isicelo senkxaso-mali ye-NSFAS, kwaye alandelele ubume besicelo kunye nokurhoxiswa kwezicelo phakathi kwezinye izinto. Le ndlela ibiqhele ukwenzeka kuqonga lewebhusayithi.

Ngaphezu koko, ukuze kuqinisekiswa ukuba akukho mfaki-sicelo ushiyeka ngaphandle, uMphathiswa uNzimande uthi i-NSFAS iza kuqalisa iphulo lokufikelela ebantwini, ngelokuqinisekisa ukuba abantu abangafikeleliyo kwizixhobo zobuchwepheshe ezibenza bakwazi ukufaka izicelo kwi-intanethi banikwa izixhobo eziyimfuneko kunye nenkxaso yokufaka izicelo.

## Ufikelela njani kwi-bhasari ye-NSFAS

Ukulungele ukufumana ibhasari ye-NSFAS ukuba ungummi

waseMzantsi Afrika oceba ukufunda ngo-2023 okanye sele ufunda kwiyunivesithi karhulumente okanye kwikholeji ye-TVET kwaye uyahlangabezana nezi mfundo zilandelayo:

- Ningabamkeli bezibonelelo ze-SASSA.
  - Umvuzo wekhaya lakho xa udityanisiwe awukho ngaphezulu kwe-R350 000 ngonyaka.
  - Ukuba ungumntu ophila nokukhubazeka, umvuzo wekhaya lakho udityanisiwe akufanele ube ngaphezu kwama-R600 000 ngonyaka.
  - Ukuba ungumfundi oqale izifundo zaseyunivesithi phambi kuka-2018 kwaye umvuzo wekhaya lakho awukho ngaphezulu kwe-R122 000 ngonyaka.
- Ixesha lesicelo liza kuvalwa ngomhla wama-31 kweyo-Mqungu 2023.

– **SAnews.gov.za**

Ndwendwela iwebhusayithi ye-NSFAS ku: [www.nsfas.org.za](http://www.nsfas.org.za) ngolwazi oluthe vetshe olumalunga namaxwebhu afunekayo axhasa isicelo kunye nenkqubo yesicelo.



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# Isigidi somsebenzi kunye namathuba okuziphilisa, kwaye sisaqhuba nezibalo



**K**wisithuba esingaphantsi nje kweminyaka emibini egqithileyo, sasungula iNkqubo kaMongameli yoVuselelo lweNgqesho ngelokudala imisebenzi kunye nokuxhasa iindlela zokuphila njengenxalenye yokuxhasa ukuvuselelwa koqoqosho emva kobhubhani we-COVID-19.

INkqubo kaMongameli yoVuselelo lweNgqesho isanda kufikelela kwinqanaba lesigidi sabathathi-nxaxheba nabaxhamli ukususela oko yathi yasungulwa.

Le mpumelelo isisiphumo seenzame zentsebenziswano kurhulumente wonke nakuluntu ngokubanzi, kuba ndakanywa icandelo labucala, imibutho esekwe kuluntu kunye nabanye abathathi-nxaxheba abaninzi.

Le nkqubo inegalelo ekudalweni kwemisebenzi ngelixa uqoqosho luthatha ixesha ukuvuka nokudala imisebenzi ngokomlinganiselo esiwudingayo.

Njengoko sithe gqolo sicenga ukukhula koqoqosho ukuze sinikezele ngemisebenzi endilisekileyo nezinzileyo nekwinqanaba eliphezulu kakhulu, sizakube siqhubeka nokwakhela phezu kwempumelelo yeNkqubo yoVuselelo

lweNgqesho kaMongameli kwaye sandise namaphiko okufikelela kwayo le nkqubo. Kusafuneka kakhulu ukuxhasa iindlela zokubuyela kwakhona kwemisebenzi, kuba kaloku imisebenzi iyakwazi ukuphucula uqoqosho ngeendlela ezibalulekileyo.

Kwimeko apho ukungabikho kwamava omsebenzi kungumqobo omkhulu ome phambi kwamathuba okufumana umsebenzi, ezi nkqubo zibonelela ngamava omsebenzi akumgangatho ophezulu.

Kweyona nkqubo inkulu exhaswa lolu vuselelo, umzekelo, baphantse babe ngama-600 000 abantu abatsha abafakwe njengabancedisi beetitshala kwizikolo ezingaphezu kwama-22 000 kwii-mbombo zonke zelizwe. Abaphathi bezikolo, ootitshala nabanye abathathi-nxaxheba bonke bayavumelana ukuba igalelo labancedisi beetitshala liyiphuculile imeko yemfundo ezikolweni.

Abantu abaninzi abazisebenzayo bazibhaq sele iphazamisekile indlela yabo yokuphila ngenxa yalo bhubhani. Icandelo lobugcisa lachaphazeleka kakubi kakhulu. Kweli candelo ke, abantu banikwa inkxaso ukuze bakwazi ukuzidalela imi-

sebenzi kunye neyabanye abantu. Ngoku iifilimu, umculo kunye nemidlalo eveliswayo eqongeni iya-kwazi ukwenza ingeniso eyongezelelekileyo esuka eku-thengisweni kwamalungelo, amatikiti kunye neentlawulo. Konke oku kube negalelo ekukhuleni kweli candelo.

**L**e Nkqubo kaMongameli yoVuselelo lweNgqesho likwaxhase nokuphila kwabantu okuzinzileyo. Ngaphezulu kwe-140 000 yamafama alima ukutya afumene iivawutsha zemveliso uwanceda ukuba aqalise kwakhona, kwaye andise imveliso emva kokuba ephazanyiswe yi-COVID-19.

Omnye wabaxhamli abanjalo nguPhindile Ngcoya (36) wase-Richmond KwaZulu-Natal. Ungomnye wamalungu alishumi omasibambisane wokufama kosapho, uthi ivawutsha ayifumeneyo yanceda lo masibambisane omtsha ukuba uphinde uphile kwakhona kwaye ubenengeniso.

Le Nkqubo kaMongameli yoVuselelo lweNgqesho ikwaxhasa abafundi abaphumelele imfundo yezidanga, ibonelela ngamathuba engqesho kubongi, abathweswe izidanga zesayensi, amagcisa kunye nabanye ke. Zidyunivesithi ezingamashumi amabini anesithandathu ezincedisela ekufumaneleni imisebenzi abafundi abaphumeleleyo nabangaphangeliyo kwimisebenzi ehambelana noko bakufundeleyo.

ISebe lezeNzululwazi nokuSungulwa Kwezinto Ezintsha livelise uluhlu lweenkqubo zenzululwazi ezenzelwe abahlali, ezifana ne-Duzi uMngeni Conservation Trust, esele iqeshe ulutsha

lwasekuhlaleni njenge-*Enviro-Champs* ukuze luxhobise uluntu ngolwazi lokubuyisela kwisimo sangaphambili imithombo yamanzi yasekuhlaleni. Enye inkqubo yeli sebe inceda oosomashishini ekuphuhliseni izindululo zokucela ukushishina kuqoqosho oluvelisa imveliso ekhupha umoya ococekileyo.

Inkqubo zokuqeshwa koluntu nazo zinempembelelo entle ngqo kuluntu kuba zidala umsebenzi ukuze kulungelwe abantu bonke. Ngokubhekisele kule Nkqubo kaMongameli yoVuselelo lweNgqesho, singabandakanya ukuphucula ukufunda ezikolweni, ukuphuculwa kwamatyotyombe, ukuxhasa amakhoba obundlobongela obusekelwe kwisini, ukulondolozwa kwendalo kunye nokusungulwa kwezinto ezintsha kusetyenziswa inkunkuma ehlaziyiweyo.

INkqubo kaMongameli yoVuselelo lweNgqesho yaphehlelelwa ukuphendula kwingxaki yentswela-ngqesho eye yenziwa nzulu linxeba lobhubhani we-COVID-19. Nangona ubhubhane sele uthomalele, kodwa yona intswela-ngqesho isekwiqondo eliphezulu.

Ingeniso efunyenwe kwii-nkqubo zikaMongameli zoVuselelo lweNgqesho ibe yinkuthazo kuqoqosho lwamashishini amancinane nakumashishini angekho sikweni nakuqoqosho lwasekhaya nakwilizwe liphela. Oku kungokuba kaloku abancedisi beetitshala abaqeshwe eMgunkundlovu imivuzo yabo bayichitha kwalapha eMgunkundlovu. Kananjalo kuyafana nakwi-Putsonderwater.

Endaweni 'yokugqithiselwa' imali iphinde inikwe ngqo

izandla zoluntu oluyidinga kakhulu. Ithi ke lento imali ke ijikeleza kwalapha ekuhlaleni kwaye 'yonyusa' uqoqosho ngokubanzi.

Yiyo loo nto le nkqubo siyibiza ngokuba yinkuthazo, kuba uqoqosho luphela luxhamla kunye noluntu ngokubanzi.

Ngale Nkqubo yoVuselelo lweNgqesho kaMongameli, siye savula amandla ombane, ukuzinikela, ubuchule bokuyila, ukusungula izinto ezintsha kunye namathuba. Kule nkqubo ke sakha uluntu olusebenzayo.

Bangaphezu kwesigidi abantu abaye baxhamla ngokuthe ngqo. Abantu abaninzi ingakumbi, kwiintsapho kunye noluntu lwabo baxhamlileyo, baye baziva impembelelo ezintle zenkuthazo nohlumo zale nkqubo.

Umsebenzi wethu ngoku kukwandisa kunye nokwenza nzulu impembelelo entle yalo msebenzi.

Ngenxa yale Nkqubo kaMongameli yoVuselelo lweNgqesho, ngoku sinamakhulu amawaka abantu abanamava omsebenzi abalulekileyo. Uninzi lwaba bantu kulula ukubafumana ngokungena kwiqonga le-SAYouth.mobi.

Simemelela oosomashishini ukuba baqeshe olu lutsha lunamava omsebenzi abasanda kuwafumana njengoko luphuma kwezi nkqubo.

Kwakuba abaqeshi bebone le Nkqubo kaMongameli yokuvuselela uqoqosho nokukhulisa imisebenzi bayibona njengendawo yokufumana italente eselula, siya kukwazi ukuqonda nokubona amandla apheleleyo eli nyathelo litsha nelinempumelelo engaka.