Introductory Course on Standard British Pronunciation

Extended Edition

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Вводный фонетический курс английского языка Британский вариант

Расширенное издание

Table of contents:

English consonants.	10
English monophthongs.	10
English centring dipthongs.	11
English rising dipthongs.	11
The vowel /1/ as in KIT.	12
The consonant /t/ as in TIN.	12
The consonant /d/ as in DID.	12
The consonant /n/ as in NIT.	12
The consonant /l/ as in LID.	13
Positional vowel length.	13
Ω Exercise 1. $I / I / I / I / I / I / I / I / I / I $	13
The vowel /i:/ as in FLEECE.	13
Carrolle 2. /iː/	14
	14
The consonant /s/ as in SEA.	14
The consonant /z/ as in Z00.	14
	15
The vowel /e/ as in DRESS.	15
Carrolle State Sta	15
	15
Syllabification.	15
Happy-tensing.	16
Responsible Exercise 7. Syllabification	16
The vowel /æ/ as in TRAP.	16
Carrolle 8. /æ/	17
\bigcap Exercise 9. $/e/-/æ/$	17

	17
Exercise B1. /t/ - /st/	17
☐ The consonant /ʃ/ as in SHE.	18
⊋ Exercise 11. /ʃ/	18
The consonant /p/ as in PEA.	18
Texercise 12. /p/	18
Exercise B2. /p/ - /sp/	19
The consonant /b/ as in BEE.	19
Exercise 13. /b/	19
	19
A Exercise 15. /iː/ - /ɪ/ - /e/ - /æ/	20
\bigcap Exercise B3. $/i$: $/-/i$ / $-/e$ / $-/æ$ /	20
The consonant /m/ as in ME.	20
Texercise 16. /m/	21
∩ Exercise 17. /s/ - /ʃ/	21
	21
🎧 Exercise 19. Two-syllable words	21
🎧 Exercise 20. Sonorant length	22
📖 Intonation: The Low Fall.	22
Rercise 20A. The Low Fall.	22
The vowel /aː/ as in START, BATH or PALM.	23
🞧 Exercise 21. /ɑː/	23
Exercise B4. /i:/ - /1/ - /e/ - /æ/ - /α:/	23
The vowel $/p/$ as in LOT or CLOTH.	23
Sexercise 22. /p/	24
Exercise B5. /α:/ − /p/	24
The vowel /əː/ as in NORTH or FORCE.	24

Exercise 23. /əː/	24
Ω Exercise B6. /οː/ – /ɒ/	25
Exercise B7. [ō̄ː] − [ōː] − [ōː] − [ōː] − [ōː]	25
The consonant /k/ as in KEY.	25
A Exercise 24. /k/	25
Exercise B8. /k/ - /sk/	26
The consonant /g/ as in GEESE.	26
Texercise 25. /g/	26
○ Exercise 26. /g/ – /k/	26
\bigcap Exercise B9. $/æ/ - /a$:/	27
Exercise 27. $a'' - b' -$	27
Ω Exercise 28. $/\alpha$: $/ - /p$ $/ - /p$:	27
Intonation: The Low Rise.	27
Reservise 28A. The Low Rise.	28
The consonant /f/ as in FEEL.	29
Carroise 29. /f/	29
The consonant /v/ as in VAST.	29
Exercise 30. /v/	29
	30
Loss of plosion.	30
♠ Exercise 32. /pt/, /bd/, /kt/, /gd/	30
Syllabic sonorants. Lateral and nasal plosion.	30
Exercise 33. /tl/, /dl/, /kl/, /tn/, /dn/	31
Approximant devoicing.	31
🗣 Exercise B10. [l] – [kl̞]	31
🛼 Exercise B11. [l] – [pl̞]	32
🗣 Exercise B12. [l] – [pl̞] – [spl]	32

The consonant /h/ as in HOT.	32
Exercise 34. /h/	32
Intonation: The High Fall.	32
© Exercise 34A.	33
The vowel $/\Lambda$ as in STRUT.	34
ω Exercise 35. /n/	34
Ω Exercise 36. $/\Lambda/ - /\alpha$:	34
Exercise B13. $/\Lambda/ - /\alpha$:/	35
\bigcirc Exercise 37. $/\Lambda/-/p/$	35
\bigcirc Exercise 38. $/\Lambda/ - /\varpi/$	35
\bigcap Exercise B14. $/\alpha x/ - /\Lambda/ - /\partial x/ - /\nu/$	35
a Exercise B15. $/ix/ - /i/ - /e/ - /æ/ - /αx/ - /Λ/ - /οx/$	36
The consonant $/\theta/$ as in THIN.	36
Ω Exercise 39. θ	37
The consonant /ð/ as in THE.	37
Exercise 40. /ð/	37
\bigcap Exercise 41. $/\theta/-/s/$, $/\delta/-/z/$	37
Ω Exercise 42. $f/-\theta/-s/$	38
The vowel /uː/ as in GOOSE.	38
Exercise 43. /uː/	38
The vowel /v/ as in FOOT.	38
Ω Exercise 44. /υ/	39
Ω Exercise 45. [ūː] – [ŭː], [ʊ̄] – [ŏັ]	39
Exercise B16. [ū̄ː] − [τ̄] − [τ̄] − [τ̄]	39
Ω Exercise 46. /u:/ - /υ/	39
Ω Exercise B17. $u'' - v'$	39
The consonant /j/ as in YES.	40

Exercise 47. /j/	40
Exercise B18. [j] – [ç]	40
The vowel /3:/ as in NURSE.	40
Exercise 48. /3:/	41
(a) Exercise 49. [3ː] – [3ː]	41
$\mathbf{\Omega} \text{ Exercise B19. } / \mathfrak{d} \mathfrak{d} / - / \mathfrak{d} / - / \mathfrak{d} \mathfrak{d} /$	41
Ω Exercise B20. /3:/ - /Λ/	42
Ω Exercise B21. /3:/ - /Λ/	42
a Exercise B22. $/i/ - /e/ - /æ/ - /n/ - /p/ - /u:/$	42
a Exercise B23. $/i : / - /\alpha : / - /$	43
The vowel /ə/ as in lettER or commA.	43
Service 50. /ə/	44
○ Exercise B24. /V:ə/ - /Və/	44
P Exercise B25. /1/ − /ə/	45
Exercise B26. /V:ə/ – /Və/	46
Exercise 49A.	48
The consonant $/r/$ as in READ.	49
Exercise 51. /r/	49
Exercise B27. Linking /r/	49
Exercise B28. /3:r/	50
Ω Exercise 52. /br/, /pr/, /dr/, /tr/, /gr/, /kr/, /fr/, / θ r/	50
The consonant $\frac{1}{3}$ as in VISION.	50
Exercise 53./3/	50
P Exercise B28.5. /∫/ - /ʒ/	51
The consonant ff as in CHEESE.	51
Exercise 54. /tʃ/	51
The consonant $/\widehat{d_3}/$ as in JIM.	51

$\widehat{\mathbf{Q}}$ Exercise 55. $/\widehat{\mathbf{d}_3}$	52
\bigcap Exercise 56. $/\int/-/\widehat{t}\int/$	52
\bigcap Exercise 57. $/t/ - /t \int$	52
Exercise B27. /tʃ/ - /tr/	52
\Rightarrow Exercise B28. $/\widehat{d_3}/-/dr/$	53
The vowel /aɪ/ as in PRICE.	53
Exercise 58. /ai/	53
Exercise 58A.	54
Ω Exercise 59. $\alpha I / - \Lambda I / - \alpha I /$	54
The vowel /aʊ/ as in MOUTH.	54
Exercise 60. /au/	55
Exercise B29. /av/	55
Exercise B30. /aυ/	55
Ω Exercise B31. $/\alpha$ / - $/\alpha$ I/ - $/\alpha$ I/ - $/\alpha$ I/	55
The vowel /19/ as in NEAR.	56
Sexercise 61./19/	56
∩ Exercise 62. /iː/ - / <u>1</u> ∂/	56
Exercise B32. /iː/ - /ɪə/	56
Exercise B33. /iː/ - /ɪə/	57
Exercise B34. /ıər/ - /ır/	57
The vowel /eə/ as in SQUARE.	57
$\mathbf{\Omega}$ Exercise 64. $/e/-/e_{\theta}/-/æ/$	58
Ω Exercise B35. $/e\theta/-/3$! $/-/\alpha$!	58
$\mathbf{\Omega}$ Exercise B36. $/e/-/e\theta/-/3$: $/-/\Lambda/$	58
The consonant $/\eta$ / as in SING.	58
Exercise 65./ŋ/	59
Ω Exercise 66. $/\eta/-/n/$	59

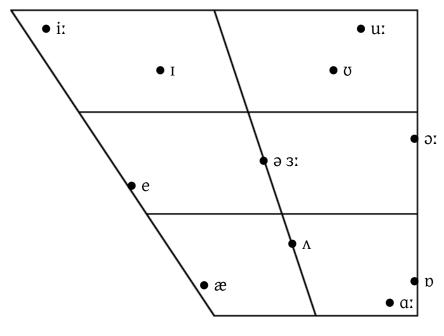
Sexercise 67. /ɪŋ/	59
Sexercise 68. /ŋg/, /ŋ/	59
Sexercise B37./ŋ_ɪt/	60
🛼 Exercise B38. /ŋɪŋ/ – /nɪŋ/	60
🎧 Exercise B39. /ŋiː/ – /niː/	60
The consonant /w/ as in WE.	60
Rercise 69. /w/	61
Rercise 70. /tw/, /kw/, /sw/	61
	61
Language The vowel /υθ/ as in CURE.	62
ດ Exercise 72. /ບອ∕	62
ົດ Exercise B40. / ເອ/ − / eə/ − / ບອ/	62
The vowel /ei/ as in FACE.	63
Sexercise 73. /ei/	63
Exercise B41. /e/ - /eɪ/	63
Serior Serior S	64
The vowel /oi/ as in CHOICE.	64
ດ Exercise 74. /ວ <u>າ</u> /	64
$\mathbf{\Omega}$ Exercise 75. $\frac{1}{2}$ $-\frac{1}{2}$	64
Ω Exercise B43. /aɪ/ – /eɪ/ – /əɪ/	65
Language The vowel /θυ/ as in GOAT.	65
ດ Exercise 76. /ອʊ/	65
ດ Exercise 77. /3ː/, /ວː/, /ວɪ/ - /ອັບ/	66
	66
Ω Exercise 78. /Λ/ − /p/ − /ρː/ − /θυ/	66
🗣 Exercise B45. /ɪ/ - /ə/ - /əʊ/	66
Ω Exercise 79. /iː/ – /3ː/ – /əʊ/, /ɔː/	67

- Exercise B46. /aʊ/ - /əʊ/ - /uː/	67
Exercise B47. /iː/ - /eɪ/ - /aɪ/ - /əɪ/	67
🗣 Exercise B48. /aɪ/ - /eɪ/ - /อɪ/ - /aʊ/ - /əʊ/	68
Exercise B49. /p/ - /b/ - /t/ - /d/ - /k/ - /g/	68
Exercise B50. $/f/ - /\theta/ - /s/ - /J/$	68
Q Exercise B51. /v/ − /ð/ − /z/	69
Q Exercise B52. /s/ - /z/ - /ʃ/ - /ʒ/	69
Exercise B53. /t͡ʃ/ - /tr/ - /d͡ʒ/ - /dr/	69
Exercise B54. /w/ - /l/ - /r/ - /j/ - /h/	70
♀ Exercise B55. /m/ - /n/ - /ŋ/	70
Exercise Ω. Stressed vowels	71

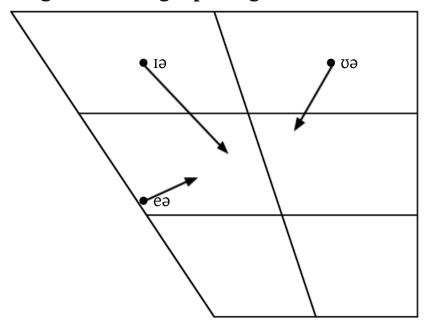
English consonants.

	Bilabial	Labio	odental	Der	ntal	Alve	olar	Postal	veolar	Patalal	Velar	Glottal
Plosive	p b					t	d				k g	
Affricate								t∫	dz			
Nasal	m						n				ŋ	
Fricative		f	V	θ	ð	S	Z	ſ	3			h
Approximant	(w)								r	j	W	
Lateral approximant							1					

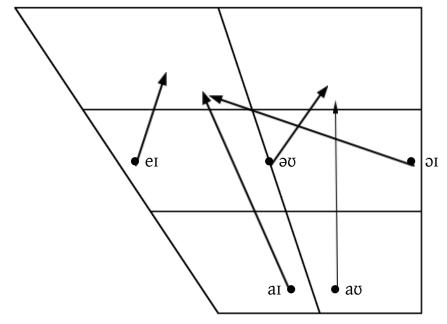
English monophthongs.



English centring dipthongs.



English rising dipthongs.



\square The vowel /1/ as in KIT.

Watch on YouTube

See /1/ on the vowel chart.

/ı/ is a vowel, a monophthong, near-front, near-close, unrounded, lax, checked.

IPA SIL encoding: i=. X-SAMPA encoding: I.

The consonant /t/ as in TIN.

Watch on YouTube

See /t/ on the consonant chart.

/t/ is a consonant, apical-alveolar, plosive, voiceless, fortis. It is an obstruent.

English voiceless consonants are fortis. This means they are pronounced with much more energy than their voiced counterparts. For plosives, this also means that they are aspirated at the beginning of a syllable: $[t^h]$.

\square The consonant d as in DID.

Watch on YouTube

See /d/ on the consonant chart.

/d/ is a consonant, apical-alveolar, plosive, voiced, lenis /ˈliːnɪs/. It is an obstruent.

English voiced consonants are lenis. This means they are pronounced with much less energy than their voiceless counterparts and are frequently devoiced (partially or fully) when not surrounded by vowels or sonorants.

\square The consonant /n/as in NIT.

Watch on YouTube

See /n/ on the consonant chart.

/n/ is a consonant, apical-alveolar, a nasal stop. It is a sonorant.

\square The consonant l as in LID.

Watch on YouTube

See /l/ on the consonant chart.

/l/ is a consonant, apical-alveolar, a lateral approximant. It is a sonorant.

Positional vowel length.

When a vowel or a sonorant is followed by a fortis consonant, it becomes noticeably shorter. This is also known as *pre-fortis clipping*. In phonetic transcription, we will mark long allophones with a *macron* $[\bar{1}]$ and short (clipped) allophones with a *breve* $[\bar{1}]$.

IPA SIL encoding: **@2**, ***. X-SAMPA encoding: **_M**, **_X**.

Listen on Google Drive

lıd	lid	tıl	till
dıd	did	nɪl	nil
tın	tin	līt	lit
dın	din	lıd – lıt	lid – lit

The vowel /iː/ as in FLEECE.

■ Watch on YouTube

See /iː/ on the vowel chart.

/i:/ is a vowel, a monophthong, front, close, unrounded, tense, free.

/iː/ is slightly diphthongoidal in nature. In phonetic transcription it may be more accurately described as [1i].

Sexercise 2. /iː/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

ti:	tea	niːd	need
di:	D	li:d	lead (v.)
ni:	knee	niːl	kneel
li:	lea	diːl	deal
ti:n	teen	ni:d – ni:t	need – neat
di:n	dean	ni:d – ni:t – nit	need – neat – knit

Exercise 3. /1/ - /iː/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

tın – ti:n	tin - teen	dıl – di:l	dill – deal
lın – li:n	Lynn – lean	lıd – lıt	lid – lit
dıd – di:d	did – deed	li:d – lɪd – lɪt	lead – lid – lit
nıl – ni:l	nil – kneel		

The consonant /s/ as in SEA.

Watch on YouTube

See /s/ on the consonant chart.

/s/ is a consonant, apical-alveolar, fricative, voiceless, fortis. It is an obstruent. If a fortis plosive consonant follows /s/ at the beginning of a syllable, it loses its aspiration: till [t^h Il], but still [stil].

- \square The consonant z/as in Z00.
- Watch on YouTube

See /z/ on the consonant chart.

/z/ is a consonant, apical-alveolar, fricative, voiced, lenis. It is an obstruent.

• Exercise 4. /s/ - /z/

Listen on Google Drive

siː	sea	siːt	seat
siːl	seal	sit	sit
ziːl	zeal	ni:z – ni:s	knees – niece
siːd	Seed		

The vowel /e/ as in DRESS.

Watch on YouTube

See /e/ on the vowel chart.

/e/ is a vowel, a monophthong, front, mid, unrounded, lax, checked. *Alternate symbol:* $/\varepsilon$ /.

Sexercise 5. /e/

Listen on Google Drive

ted	Ted	tenz	tens
ded	dead	tens	tense
led	led	end	end
sed	said	sed – set led – let	said – set
zed	Z	led – let	led - let
en	N	ded – det	dead – debt
ten	ten	sez – sens	says – sense

Solution Exercise 6. /1/ - /e/

Listen on Google Drive

dıd – ded	did – dead	sins – sens	since - sense
līd – led	lid – led	tıl – tel	till - tell
tın – ten	tin - ten	līt – let	lit – let

Syllabification.

All English vowels fall into two groups – free and checked. Only the former can be found in open stressed syllables (i.e. syllables that end with a vowel). As such, if

there is a two-syllable word containing a checked vowel in its stressed syllable, then this syllable must be closed (i.e. end with a consonant). The word *easy* will therefore be syllabified as ['iː.zi], the word *city* – as ['sɪt.i].

Word stress is marked by placing a vertical stroke before the start of the stressed syllable: ['sɪtɪ].

IPA SIL encoding: \}. X-SAMPA encoding: \".

Happy-tensing.

The vowel at the end of words like *happy* or *easy* used to be shown in dictionaries as /I/, but recent changes in British pronunciation have led to this vowel being more similar to /i:/. Here, the symbol $\langle i \rangle$ is chosen to represent it.

a Exercise 7. Syllabification

Listen on Google Drive

'iːzi	easy	'lınıt	linnet
'ni:di	needy	'nıtıd	knitted
'siːdi	seedy	'eni	any
'dıti	ditty	'nedi	Neddy
'lıli	Lily	'tedi	Teddy
'sɪsi	sissy	'besi	Bessy
'bızi	busy	'nesi	Nessy

\square The vowel $/\alpha$ as in TRAP.

Watch on YouTube

See $/ \infty /$ on the vowel chart.

/æ/ is a vowel, a monophthong, front, open, unrounded, lax, checked.

Alternate symbol: /a/.

IPA SIL encoding: a<. X-SAMPA encoding: {.

Sexercise 8. /æ/

Listen on Google Drive

dæd	Dad	æd – æt	add - at
læd	lad	æz – æs	as – ass
sæd	sad	lædz	lads
lænd	land	dædz	Dad's
stænd	stand	stændz	stands
æt	at	lændz	lands
sæt	sat	'sændı	sandy
læs	lass	'dædı	Daddy
sæd – sæt	sad – sat	'lætın	Latin

№ Exercise 9. /e/ - /æ/

Listen on Google Drive

sed – sæd	said – sad	lend – lænd	lend – land
ded – dæd	dead – Dad	lendz – lændz	lends – lands
led – læd	led – lad	send – sænd	send – sand
ten – tæn	ten – tan	sendz – sændz	sends – sands
end – ænd	end – and	set – sæt	set - sat

• Exercise 10. /t/ - /d/

Listen on Google Drive

ti:n – di:n	teen – dean	ten – dæn	ten – Dan
tın – dın	tin – din	ded – det	dead – debt
ten – den	ten – den	dæd – sæt	Dad – sat

🗣 Exercise B1. /t/ - /st/

ted – sted	Ted – stead	tæn – stæn	tan – Stan
ti:m – sti:m	team – steam	tæ∫ – stæ∫	Tash – stash
ti:l - sti:l	teal – steal	tıl – stıl	till – still
tæb – stæb	tab – stab	'tedı – 'stedı	Teddy – steady

- \square The consonant / S / as in SHE.
- Watch on YouTube

See /ʃ/ on the consonant chart.

/ʃ/ is a consonant, postalveolar (palato-alveolar), fricative, voiceless, fortis. It is an obstruent.

- **⋒** Exercise 11. /ʃ/
- 🔼 Listen on Google Drive

∫iː	she	næ∫	Nash
∫iːt	sheet	æſ	ash
∫ed	shed	'dıʃız	dishes
∫el	shell	'dæʃız	dashes
dı∫	dish	'dæ∫ız 'næ∫ız	Nash's
sæ∫	sash	'æ∫ız	ashes
læ∫	lash	ˈlæʃɪz	lashes
dæ∫	dash		

- The consonant /p/ as in PEA.
- Watch on YouTube

See /p/ on the consonant chart.

/p/ is a consonant, bilabial, plosive, voiceless, fortis. It is an obstruent.

- Sexercise 12./p/
- Listen on Google Drive

piː	pea	pænz	pans
piːz	peas	pet	pet
pın	pin	pæt	pat
pen	pen	pi:p - tip	peep - tip
pæn	pan	pi:p - tip di:p - dip	deep – dip
pınz	pins	li:p – līp Ji:p – Jīp	leap – lip
penz	pens	∫i:p – ∫ıp	sheep - ship

Exercise B2. /p/ - /sp/

pæm – spæm	Pam – spam	pit – spit	pit – spit
pæt – spæt	pat – spat	pın – spin	pin - spin
pelt – spelt	pelt - spelt	pıl – spıl	pill – spill
pend – spend	pend – spend	'pıni – 'spıni	pinny – spinney
pent – spent	pent – spent		

The consonant /b/ as in BEE.

Watch on YouTube

See /b/ on the consonant chart.

/b/ is a consonant, bilabial, plosive, voiced, lenis. It is an obstruent.

Sexercise 13. /b/

Listen on Google Drive

bi:	bee	bæd	bad
biːd	bead	nıb	nib
biːn	been	eb	ebb
ben	Ben	læb	lab
bel	bell	nıbz	nibs
bed	bed	ebz	ebbs
bet	bet	læbz	labs

•• Exercise 14. /p/ - /b/

pi: – bi:	pea – bee	pæn – bæn	pan – ban
pi:z – bi:z	peas – bees	tıp – nıb	tip – nib
pın – bın	pin – bin	læp – læb	lap – lab
pıt – bıt	pit - bit	tıps – nıbz	tips – nibs
pet – bet	pet - bet	læps – læbz	laps – labs
pen – ben	pen - Ben		

Ω Exercise 15. $i \cdot / - / i / - / e / - / e /$

Listen on Google Drive

di:d - dıd - ded - dæd	deed - did - dead - dad
bi:d – bɪd – bed – bæd	bead – bid – bed – bad
bi:n – bin – ben – bæn	been – bin – Ben – ban
ti:n – tɪn – ten – tæn	teen – tin – ten – tan
bi:t - bit - bet - bæt	beat – bit – bet – bat
pi:t - pit - pet - pæt	peat - pit - pet - pat
si:t - sɪt - set - sæt	seat – sit – set – sat

Ω Exercise B3. $i \cdot / - / i / - / e / - / e /$

🔽 Listen on Google Drive

ixt - It - et - æt	eat - it - ate - at
i:l-l-el-æl	eel – ill – L – Al
li:d – lɪd – led – læd	lead – lid – led – lad
si:t - sit - set - sæt	seat – sit – set – sat
bi:t - bit - bet - bæt	beat – bit – bet – bat
si:d – sıd – sed – sæd	seed – Sid – said – sad
bi:d - bid - bed - bæd	bead - bid - bed - bad
di:n – dɪn – den – dæn	dean – din – den – Dan
bi:n - bin - ben - bæn	bean – bin – Ben – ban
li:s - līsp - les - læs	lease – lisp – less – lass

The consonant /m/ as in ME.

Watch on YouTube

See /m/ on the consonant chart.

/m/ is a consonant, bilabial, a nasal stop. It is a sonorant.

Sexercise 16./m/

Listen on Google Drive

miː	me	di:m	deem
miːl	meal	siːm	seem
miːt	meet	dım	dim
mıd	mid	temz	Thames
mes	mess	sæm	Sam
me∫	mesh	læm	lamb
mæs	mass	læmz	lambs

\(\) Exercise 17. /s/ - /∫/

Listen on Google Drive

siː –∫iː	see - she	sın – ∫ın	sin – shin
siːt – ∫iːt	seat – sheet	selz – ∫elz	sells – shells
sıp –∫ıp	sip - ship	mes – me∫	mess - mesh

Listen on Google Drive

piːs – piːz	peace - peas	sed – zed	said – Z
siːl – ziːl	seal – zeal	æs – æz	ass - as
sip – zip	sip – zip		

Two-syllable words

'sıti	city	'eni	any
'bızi	busy	'meni	many
'pıti	pity	'tedi	Teddy
'sıli	silly	'mæsız	masses
'lɪli	Lily	'æ∫ız	ashes
'mınıt	minute	ˈlæʃız	lashes
'lının	linen	'dædi	Daddy
'dıʃız	dishes		

Exercise 20. Sonorant length

Listen on Google Drive

ın – ınz	inn - inns	læmz – læmps	lambs – lamps
bın – bınz	bin – bins	bild – bilt	build - built
pın – pınz	pin – pins	spild – spilt	spilled – spilt
ten – tenz	ten - tens	smeld – smelt	smelled – smelt
tel – telz	tell - tells	send – sent	send – sent
sinz – sins	sins - since	lend – lent	lend – lent
tenz – tens	tens - tense	tend – tent	tend – tent
penz – pens	pens - pence		

Intonation: The Low Fall.

When the Low Fall intonation is used, the voice falls from a medium to a very low pitch. It is often used in *statements* to make them sound definite and complete.

Exercise 20A. The Low Fall.

```
('wpt iz jo: neim ||)
                                             ('What is your name? ||)
pi:t |
                                             Pete. |
                                             Bill. |
\bil ||
ted |
                                             Ted. ||
pæt ||
                                             ,Pat. ||
sæm ∥
                                             Sam. ||
                                             ('What is your name? ||)
('wpt iz jo: neim ||)
\bili ||
                                             Billy. |
tedi |
                                             Teddy. ||
sæmi ||
                                             Sammy. |
lizi ||
                                             Lizzy. ||
_debi ||
                                              Debbie. ||
```

- \square The vowel α : as in START, BATH or PALM.
- Watch on YouTube

See /a:/ on the vowel chart.

/aː/ is a vowel, a monophthong, back, open, unrounded, tense, free.

IPA SIL encoding: **a=:**. *X-SAMPA encoding:* **A:**.

- Sexercise 21. /aː/
- 🔼 Listen on Google Drive

par	par	la:d	lard
ba:	bar	paːst	past
ta:	tar	la:st	last
bain	barn	'pa:ti	party
pa:t	part	'da:bi	Derby

- Exercise B4. /i!/ /i/ /e/ /æ/ /a!/
- 🔽 Listen on Google Drive

li:d – lid – led – læd – la:d lead – lid – led – lad – lard bi:n – bin – ben – bæn – ba:n bean – bin – Ben – barn

'biːdɪ – 'pɪtɪ – 'petɪ – 'pætɪ – 'pɑːtɪ beady – pity – petty – patty – party

- \square The vowel /p/ as in LOT or CLOTH.
- Watch on YouTube

See /p/ on the vowel chart.

/p/ is a vowel, a monophthong, back, open, rounded, lax, checked.

IPA SIL encoding: **o=**. X-SAMPA encoding: **Q**.

Sexercise 22./p/

Listen on Google Drive

ppt	pot	spd	sod
∫ɒt	shot	'bɒdi	body
lpt	lot	'bɒbi	Bobby
npt	not	'tɒmi	Тотту
dad	Bob	'pɒti	potty
dpt	dot	'pppi	рорру
snnt	snot		

○ Exercise B5. /aː/ - /v/

Listen on Google Drive

pa:t - ppt	part – pot	∫a:p – ∫pp	sharp – shop
da:t - dpt	dart – dot	ba:m – bpm	balm – bomb
la:st – lɒst	last – lost	na:d – npd	knarred – nod
da:n – dɒn	darn – don	'paːti – 'pɒti	party – potty
ba:n – bɒn	barn – Bonn	'paːtɪd - 'pɒtɪd	parted – potted

The vowel /oː/ as in NORTH or FORCE.

Watch on YouTube

See /ɔː/ on the vowel chart.

/ɔː/ is a vowel, a monophthong, back, mid, rounded, tense, free.

IPA SIL encoding: **o<**. X-SAMPA encoding: **0**.

Sexercise 23./əː/

po:t	port	sort	sort
sno:t	snort	də:	door
lə:d	lord	'nəːti	naughty
də:n	dawn	'stəːmi	stormy
SOI	saw	'təːni	tawny
sto:	store		

Ω Exercise B6. /ο:/ - /p/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

ozz – pz	oars – Oz	po:nd - pond	pawned – pond
ba – bic	awed – odd	∫ə:n – ∫ɒn	Sean – shone
po:l – pol	Paul – Poll	∫o:t – ∫ot	short – shot
səːd – spd	sword – sod	'spo:ti – 'spɒti	sporty – spotty

\bigcap Exercise B7. $\left[\bar{\mathfrak{o}}\right] - \left[\bar{\mathfrak{o}}\right] - \left[\check{\mathfrak{o}}\right] - \left[\check{\mathfrak{o}}\right]$

Listen on Google Drive

\square The consonant /k/ as in KEY.

Watch on YouTube

See /k/ on the consonant chart.

/k/ is a consonant, velar, plosive, voiceless, fortis. It is an obstruent.

Resercise 24. /k/

ki:z	keys	piːk	peak
kık	kick	sık	sick
kent	Kent	nek	neck
kæt	cat	bæk	back
ka:m	calm	daːk	dark
kəːd	cord	kəːk	cork
kpd	cod	spk	sock

Exercise B8. /k/ - /sk/

kiːz – skiːz	keys - skis	kɒn – skɒn	con - scone
kıl – skıl	kill – skill	kɒt – skɒt	cot – Scott
kæb - skæb	cab - scab	kə: - skə:	core – score
kæt – skæt	cat – scat	kə:n – skə:n	corn – scorn
ka: – ska:	car - scar	'kæmpi – 'skæmpi	campy – scampy
ka:p – ska:p	carp – scarp	'kæti – 'skæti	catty – scatty

The consonant /g/ as in GEESE.

Watch on YouTube

See /g/ on the consonant chart.

/g/ is a consonant, velar, plosive, voiced, lenis. It is an obstruent.

Alternate symbol: /g/.

IPA SIL encoding: g<. X-SAMPA encoding: g.

Sexercise 25./g/

Listen on Google Drive

giːs	geese	li:g	league
gıld	gild	big	big
get	get	leg	leg
gæmp	gamp	bæg	bag
ga:dz	guards	dɒg	dog
gəːz	gauze	'gɪdi	giddy
gpd	God	ˈgɪni	guinea

• Exercise 26. /g/ - /k/

gaːd – kaːd	guard – card	pīg – pīk	pig – pick
gæp – kæp	дар - сар	bæg – bæk	bag – back
gpd – kpd	God – cod	læg – læk	lag – lack

Ω Exercise B9. $/\alpha$ / – $/\alpha$:/

Listen on Google Drive

ł	oæn – ba:n	ban – barn	'pæti – 'paːti	patty – party
ŀ	pæk – pa:k	pack – park	'gælık – 'ga:lık	Gallic – garlic
ł	oæk – baːk	back – bark	'pætıd – 'pa:tıd	patted – parted
6	ent – a:nt	ant – aren't		

Listen on Google Drive

ga:b - ka:p	garb – carp	dpg – dpk	dog – dock
ka:d – ka:t	card – cart	gpd – gpt	God – got
ba:d - pa:t	bard – part	kə:d – kə:t	cord – court
qam – dam	mob - mop	sord – sort	sword – sought
pad – pat	pod - pot		

\bigcap Exercise 28. $/\alpha$: $/ - /\nu$ / $- /\nu$:

Listen on Google Drive

pa:t - po:t - pot	part – port – pot
ka:t - kə:t - kɒt	cart – caught – cot
sta:k – sto:k – stok	stark – stork – stock
ka:d – kə:d – kəd	card – cord – cod
sma:t - spo:t- spot	smart – sport – spot
la:st – lɒst	last – lost
ba:ks – bvks	barks – box
ka:p - kpp	carp – cop

Intonation: The Low Rise.

When the Low Rise intonation is used, the voice rises from a low to a medium pitch. It is often used in statements to indicate they are incomplete. It is also used in *general* (yes-no) questions.

A Exercise 28A. The Low Rise. ('wptəv ju: gpt ||) ('What've you got? ||) pinz Pins, | penz | pens, | pans, | pænz ppts | pots. ('wptəv juz gpt ||) ('What've you got? ||) Geese, girs pigz pigs, | kæts | _cats, | _dpgz | _dogs | læmz || lambs. || ('wpt wpz it laik ||) ('What was it like? ||) Sea, | si: sænd sand, | .pa:mz palms, | pælz || pals. | ('wpt dəsi: lok laik ||) ('What does she look like? ||) slim | Slim, | blond blonde, | nixt | neat. || ('wpt dəz hi: lok laık ||) ('What does he look like? ||) big | Big, | _to:l | tall, [da:k || dark. || ('wpt wil ju: du: ||) ('What will you do? ||) sli:p Sleep, | i:t| eat, [tə:k _talk, | .la:f|| laugh. || ('wpt did ju: du: ||) ('What did you do? ||)

slept |
Slept, |

et¹ |
ate, |

to:kt |
talked, |

la:ft ||
laughed. ||

Note: the speaker says /eɪt/

The consonant /f/ as in FEEL.

Watch on YouTube

See /f/ on the consonant chart.

/f/ is a consonant, labio-dental, fricative, voiceless, fortis. It is an obstruent.

Sexercise 29. /f/

Listen on Google Drive

fi:l	feel	'fıftı	fifty
fīl	fill	biːf	beef
fed	fed	ıf	if
fæn	fan	stıf	stiff
fæt	fat	def	deaf
fa:st	fast	left	left
'fə:tı	forty	ka:f	calf

The consonant /v/ as in VAST.

Watch on YouTube

See /v/ on the consonant chart.

/v/ is a consonant, labio-dental, fricative, voiced, lenis. It is an obstruent.

Exercise 30. /v/

vi:l	veal	liːv	leave
vest	vest	gıv	give
væn	van	SIV	sieve
va:st	vast	'vivid	vivid
vaːz	vase	'velvit	velvet

Ω Exercise 31. v/-f/

Listen on Google Drive

viːl – fiːl	veal – feel	gıv – klıf	give – cliff
væt – fæt	vat – fat	ka:v – ka:f	calve – calf
va:st - fa:st	vast – fast	sta:v - sta:f	starve – staff
li:v – li:f	leave – leaf		

Loss of plosion.

When a plosive is followed by another plosive, it often loses its plosion (the release of the stop). The consonant is then said to have *no audible release*. In phonetic transcription, it may be marked as follows: *apt* [æp¬t].

IPA SIL encoding:]]]. X-SAMPA encoding: _}.

♠ Exercise 32. /pt/, /bd/, /kt/, /gd/

🔽 Listen on Google Drive

æpt	apt	fækt	fact
kept	kept	pıkt	picked
tɪpt	tipped	aːskt	asked
spbd	sobbed	begd	begged
ebd	ebbed	lægd	lagged
ækt	act		

Syllabic sonorants. Lateral and nasal plosion.

The *nucleus* (the centre) of the syllable is not necessarily a vowel. If the syllable is unstressed, the sonorants /l/ and /n/ may take that role. If the preceding consonant is /t/ or /d/, then the tip of the tongue does not lose contact with the alveolar ridge between the plosive and the sonorant, resulting in *lateral* or *nasal* plosion respectively. In phonetic transcription, syllabic consonants are marked with a vertical stroke below: *kitten* ['kɪtn̩].

IPA SIL encoding: \$. *X-SAMPA encoding:* =.

@ Exercise 33. /tl/, /dl/, /kl/, /tn/, /dn/

Listen on Google Drive

'lıtl	little	'gaːdn	garden
'setl	settle	'lesn	lesson
'mɪdl	middle	'ıznt	isn't
'metl	metal	'dıdnt	didn't
'kætl	cattle	'mɪtnz	mittens
'pıklz	pickles	'kıtnz	kittens
'mɪtn	mitten	'pætnz	patterns
'kıtn	kitten	'ga:dnz	gardens

Approximant devoicing.

If a fortis plosive (i.e. an aspirated one) is followed by an approximant such as /l/, then it may cause that approximant to lose its voicing and become *devoiced*. Fortis fricatives can also cause devoicing, but to a lesser degree. Devoicing is also weaker if the plosive is preceded by /s/. In phonetic transcription, voiceless sonorants are marked with a circle below: *clean* [kli:n].

IPA SIL encoding: %. X-SAMPA encoding: **_0**.

🛼 Exercise B10. [l] - [kl̥]

li:n - kli:n lean - clean lık – klık lick - click lenz – klenz lens – cleanse læmp - klæmp lamp - clamp la:k – kla:k lark – clerk lpg - klpg log - clog lə:d - klə:d lord - clawed 'lə:tn - 'klə:tn Laughton - Claughton

📭 Exercise B11. [l] - [pl̥]

li: - pli:lea - plealæk - plæklack - plaquelip - pliplip - pliplot - plotled - pledled - pled'lini - 'pliniLinnhe - Pliny

🗣 Exercise B12. [l] - [pl̞] - [spl]

læt - plæt - splætlat - plat - splatlæ∫ - plæ∫ - splæ∫lash - plash - splashlɒt - plot - splotlot - plot - Splott

The consonant /h/ as in HOT.

Watch on YouTube

See /h/ on the consonant chart.

/h/ is a consonant, glottal, fricative, voiceless. It is an obstruent.

/h/ cannot occur at the end of a syllable.

Exercise 34. /h/

Listen on Google Drive

i: - hi:	E - he	hed	head
i:l - hi:l	eel - heel	hel	hell
ız – hız	is – his	held	held
en – hen	N – hen	haːd	hard
ænd – hænd	and – hand	hə:n	horn
his	hiss	hɒt	hot
hīt	hit		

Intonation: The High Fall.

When the High Fall intonation is used, the voice falls from a high to a very low pitch. It is often used in statements to make them sound definite and complete, but not as heavy as with the Low Fall. It is also used in *commands* and *special* (wh-) questions.

Exercise 34A. ('wptiz 'ðis ||) ('What is 'this? ||) hız ha:t | hız hi:l his heart, | His heel, | hiz hois hız hen his hen, | his horse, | hız hænd his hand, | hız hpg || his hog. | hız hæt | his hat, | ('wpt səl ar du: ||) ('What shall I do? ||) `fi:d him || `Feed him. || `get it || `Get it. || `si: him || `See him. || `bæn ıt || `Ban it. || `ki:p it || `paːs it || `Pass it. || `Keep it. || `li:v it || `Leave it. || `lɒk ıt || `Lock it. || fors it | `Force it. || `si: It | `See it. || ('wpt did hi: / si: du: ||) ('What did he/she_do? ||) hi: / si: `ti:zd him || He/She `teased him. || hi: / si: `tipt him || He/She `tipped him. || hi: / si: 'begd him || He/She 'begged him. || hi: / si: `robd him | He/She `robbed him. || hi: / si: `a:skt him || He/She`asked him. || hi: / so: him | He/She`saw him. || hi: / si: `pıkt ıt || He/She`picked it. || hi: / si: kept it | He/She `kept it. || hi: / si: `left It || He/She`left it. || hi: / si: `pætɪd ɪt || He/She`patted it. || hi: / si: 'pætɪd hɪz 'hed || He/She 'patted his `head. || hi: / si: 'pætɪd hɪz 'hænd || He/She 'patted his `hand. || hi: / si: 'pætɪd hɪz `hə:s || He/She 'patted his `horse. ||

\square The vowel $/\Lambda$ as in STRUT.

Watch on YouTube

See $/\Lambda/$ on the vowel chart.

 $/\Lambda/$ is a vowel, a monophthong, central (*mixed*), near-open, unrounded, lax, checked.

Alternate symbol: /e/.

IPA SIL encoding: **u**>. X-SAMPA encoding: **V**.

Sexercise 35. /n/

Listen on Google Drive

kлb	cub	dлg – dлk kлd – kлt	dug – duck
длп	gun	knd – knt	cud - cut
dΛl	dull	'mʌni	money
dлn	done	'hʌni	honey
клр	cup	'stʌdi	study
knt	cut	'dʌsti	dusty
dʌst	dust	'stʌfi	stuffy
dлk	duck	'fʌni	funny
кль – клр	cub - cup		

\bigcap Exercise 36. $/\Lambda/ - /\alpha$:/

kлp – ka:p	cup – carp	dʌn – daːn	done – darn
bnd – ba:d	bud – bard	lnk – la:k	luck – lark
kʌd – kaːd	cud – card	hлт – ha:m	hum – harm

🛼 Exercise B13. /٨/ – /αː/

'fʌsi	fussy	'ga:dn	garden
'st _{\(\Lambda\)} fi	stuffy	'haːdli	hardly
'stʌdi	study	'laːki – 'lʌki	larky – lucky
'hʌni	honey	'paːti – 'pʌti	party - putty
'naːsti	nasty	'la:stɪd – 'lʌstɪd	lasted – lusted
'ka:sl	castle	'ka:mli – 'kʌmli	calmly – comely

\bigcap Exercise 37. $/\Lambda/ - /\mathfrak{p}/$

Listen on Google Drive

knt – kpt	cut – cot	nnt – npt	nut – not
knd – kpd	cud – cod	dnst – dpt	dust - dot
pnk – ppk	puck - pock	lak – løk	luck – lock
stnk – stok	stuck – stock	gnn – gpn	gun – gone
fand – fond	fund – fond		

\bigcap Exercise 38. $/\Lambda/ - /æ/$

Listen on Google Drive

kлt – kæt	cut - cat	рлk – pæk	puck - pack
bлd – bæd	bud – bad	stnk – stæk	stuck – stack
dʌn – dæn	done – Dan	bлk – bæk	buck – back
lʌk – læk	luck – lack	fʌn – fæn	fun – fan
ham – hæm	hum – ham		

Ω Exercise B14. /α:/ - /Λ/ - /ο:/ - /υ/

ka:d – k∧d – kə:d – kɒd	card – cud – cord – cod
ka:t - knt - ko:t - kvt	cart – cut – caught – cot
ba:n - bnn - bo:n - bon	barn – bun – born – Bonn
ba:m - bam - bə:l - bpm	balm – bum – ball – bomb
'ha:lı – 'hʌnɪ – 'hə:nɪ – 'hɒlɪ	Harley - honey - horny - holly
'ha:tı – 'nʌtı – 'hə:tı – 'hɒtlı	hearty – nutty – haughty – hotly

Solution Exercise B15. /ix/ - /i/ - /e/ - /æ/ - /ax/ - /n/ - /ox/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

In the consonant θ as in THIN.

■ Watch on YouTube

See $/\theta$ / on the consonant chart.

 $/\theta/$ is a consonant, apical-dental (or laminal-dental), fricative, voiceless, fortis. It is an obstruent.

IPA SIL encoding: t=. X-SAMPA encoding: T.

If /t/, /d/, /l/ or /n/ are followed by a dental consonant, they will become dental as well: tenth $[t^h e n \theta]$.

IPA SIL encoding: **{** . *X-SAMPA encoding:* **_d**.

Ω Exercise 39. θ

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

θi:f	thief	smīθ	smith
θ ın	thin	deθ	death
θ ık	thick	tenθ	tenth
θο:t	thought	fə:θ	forth
θ Λ m	thumb	ρα:θ	path
ti:θ	teeth	klυθ	cloth

The consonant /ð/ as in THE.

Watch on YouTube

See /ð/ on the consonant chart.

 $/\eth/$ is a consonant, apical-dental (or laminal-dental), fricative, voiced, lenis. It is an obstruent.

IPA SIL encoding: d=. X-SAMPA encoding: D.

Sexercise 40./ð/

Listen on Google Drive

ðir¹	the	siːð	seethe
ðiːz	these	ði:z – θi:m	these - theme
ðis	this	ðis – 'θisl	this - thistle
ðæt	that		

¹Note: the speaker says /ðə/

\bigcap Exercise 41. $/\theta/-/s/$, $/\delta/-/z/$

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

θiːm – siːm	theme – seem	'θımbl – 'sımbl	thimble – symbol
θık – sık	thick - sick	tiːð – tiːz	teethe – tease
θin – sin	thin – sin	siːð – siːz	seethe – seize
θ nm – snm	thumb – some		

Ω Exercise 42. $f/-\theta/-s/$

Listen on Google Drive

 $fin - \theta in - sin$ finn - thin - sin find - mis find -

\square The vowel /u:/ as in GOOSE.

■ Watch on YouTube

See /uː/ on the vowel chart.

/uː/ is a vowel, a monophthong, near-back, close, rounded, tense, free.

In phonetic transcription, /uː/ can be more accurately described as [vu] or [uː], which reflects its fronted and potentially diphthongoidal quality.

Sexercise 43. /uː/

Listen on Google Drive

du:	do	luːz	lose
muːv	move	tuː	too
fuːd	food	muːn	moon
bu:n	boon	buːt	boot
ku:	c00	guːs	goose
hu:	who	huːz	whose

\square The vowel /v/ as in FOOT.

Watch on YouTube

See /v/ on the vowel chart.

/v/ is a vowel, a monophthong, near-back, near-close, rounded, lax, checked. *IPA SIL encoding:* u<. *X-SAMPA encoding:* U.

Ω Exercise 44. /υ/

Listen on Google Drive

bʊk	book	ſʊk	shook
gvd	good	pot	put
∫ʊd	should	fot	foot
lʊk	look	bʊ∫	bush
kʊk	cook	hʊk	hook

a Exercise 45. [ūː] – [ŭː], [ʊ̄] – [ʊັ]

Listen on Google Drive

∫uː – ∫uːt	shoe – shoot	gud – put	good – put
lu:z – lu:s	lose – loose	∫od – ∫ok	should – shook
furd – burt	food – boot		

🎧 Exercise B16. [ūː] - [ʊ̄] - [ŭː] - [ʊັ]

Listen on Google Drive

tu:z – stod – tu:t – tok	twos – stood – toot – took
ku:d – kvd – ku:t – pvt	cooed – could – coot – put
ſu:d – ſod – ſu:t – ſok	shooed – should – shoot – shook
hu:vz – hodz – hu:ps – ops	hooves - hoods - hoops - oops

Ω Exercise 46. /uː/ – /υ/

Listen on Google Drive

puːl – pʊl	pool – pull	gu:s – bʊ∫	goose – bush
fuːd – gʊd	food – good	fu:l – fol	fool – full
lu:p – lʊk	loop – look	mu:s – pos	moose – puss

ω Exercise B17. /uː/ - /υ/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

'luːsi – 'pʊsi	Lucy – pussy	ˈfuːlɪʃ – ˈbʊlɪʃ	foolish – bullish
ˈsuːʃi – ˈpʊʃi	sushi – pushy	ˈkruːʃl – ˈbʊʃl	crucial – bushel
'guːfi – 'gʊdi	goofy – goody	'huːdɪd – 'hʊdɪd	who did – hooded

The consonant /j/ as in YES.

Watch on YouTube

See /j/ on the consonant chart.

/j/ is a consonant, palatal, an approximant. It is a sonorant.

The sequence /hj/ is often pronounced as a voiceless palatal fricative $[\varsigma]$.

Sexercise 47./j/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

ji:ld	yield	juː	you
jel	yell	fjuː	few
jes	yes	'djuːti	duty
jet	yet	'bjuːti	beauty
jaːd	yard	sjuːt	suit
jəːn	yawn	kjuː	queue

🛼 Exercise B18. [j] – [ç]

The vowel /3:/ as in NURSE.

Watch on YouTube

See /3:/ on the vowel chart.

/3:/ is a vowel, a monophthong, central (mixed), mid, unrounded, tense, free.

IPA SIL encoding: **e>:**. *X-SAMPA encoding:* **3:**.

S Exercise 48. /3:/

Listen on Google Drive

θз:d	third	kз:s	curse
з:θ	earth	ls:n	learn
k3:l	curl	'3:li	early
gзːl	girl	's:nɪst	earnest
hз:d	heard	'pɜːfɪkt	perfect
рз:1	pearl	'p3:sn	person
bз:d	bird		

Exercise 49. [3x] - [3x]

Listen on Google Drive

hɜːd – hɜːt	heard – hurt	f3: - f3:z - f3:st	fir - firs - first
bɜːd – ∫ɜːt	bird – shirt	k3: – k3:d – k3:t	cur – curd – curt
tɜːnd – bɜːnt	turned – burnt	b3: - b3:nz - b3:nt	burr – burns – burnt

○ Exercise B19. /oː/ - /ɒ/ - /ɜː/

🔽 Listen on Google Drive

o:z - pz - 3:z	oars – Oz – errs
l:e - lab - l:e	all – doll – earl
po:t - ppt - p3:t	port - pot - pert
fo:t - fot - fa:t	short - shot - shirt
to:n - tom - to:n	torn - Tom - turn
spo:t – spot – spo:t	sport – spot – spurt
sto:k – støk – t3:k	stork – stock – Turk
hə:d - hbd - ha:d	horde – hod – heard
bo:n – bon – b3:n	born - Bonn - burn
po:d - pod - po:d	pored – pod – purred
pə:z – bı'kɒz – pɜ:z	pause – because – purrs
'təːki – 'stɒki – 'tɜːki	talky – stocky – turkey
'mə:sl – 'mɒsi – 'mɜ:si	Morsel - mossy - mercy
'mɔːtl – 'mɒtl – 'mɜːtl	mortal – mottle – myrtle

Ω Exercise B20. /3:/ - /Λ/

Listen on Google Drive

ha:b - hab	herb – hub	f3:n – f1n	fern – fun
θαιd – θΛd	third - thud	∫3ːt – ∫∧t	shirt - shut
f3:z - fAz	furs - fuzz	рз:k – рлk	perk - puck
skɜːl – skʌl	skirl – skull	hз:t – hʌt	hurt – hut
θ 3:m – θ Λ m	therm – thumb		

○ Exercise B21. /3:/ - /∧/

🔽 Listen on Google Drive

ldad' – ld:ed'	burble - bubble	ˈsɜːtn – ˈsʌtn	certain – Sutton
'hɜːdl – 'hʌdl	hurdle – huddle	'pзːti – 'pʌti	purty – puttee
'sɜːkl – 'sʌkl	circle – suckle	ˈsɜːli – ˈsʌli	surly – sully
'bɜːtn – 'bʌtn	Burton – button	ˈbɜːdi – ˈbʌdi	birdie – buddy
m3:tn ¹ - m^tn ¹	Merton – mutton	'gз:ni – 'gʌni	gurney – gunny

¹Note: the speakers pronounce these words with /ən/ instead of syllabic /n/

Solution Exercise B22. /I/ - /e/ - /æ/ - /n/ - /p/ - /ux/

Listen on Google Drive

tın – ten – tæn –	tin – ten – tan –
– tʌn – tɒm – tuːm	– ton – Tom – tomb
dın – den – dæn –	din – den – Dan –
– dʌn – dɒn – duːm	- done - Don - doom
tıl – tel – æl –	till – tell – Al –
$-d\Lambda l - t\mathfrak{v}l^1 - tu:l$	– dull – toll – tool
bın – ben – bæn –	bin – Ben – ban –
– bʌn – bɒn – bu:n	– bun – Bonn – boon
'kıtn – 'ketl – 'kætl –	kitten – kettle – cattle –
– ˈkʌpl – ˈkɒtn – ˈkjuːpɪd	– couple – cotton – cupid
'sımpl – 'templ – 'æmpl –	simple – temple – ample –
– 'hʌmbl – 'hɒstl – 'ruːbl	– humble – hostel – rouble
¹ Note: this pronunciation of toll is non-standard	d. /təʊl/ is preferred.

(a) Exercise B23. /ix/ - /ax/ - /ax/ - /ux/ - /3x/

Listen on Google Drive

\square The vowel $/ \theta / as$ in lettER or commA.

Watch on YouTube

See $/\theta/$ on the vowel chart.

/ə/ is a vowel, a monophthong, central (mixed), mid, unrounded, lax, free.

IPA SIL encoding: e=. X-SAMPA encoding: @.

/ə/ is often called schwa /ʃwɑː/. It is more open at the end of a word, close to / Λ /. It almost always occurs only in unstressed syllables.

Sercise 50. /ə/

Listen on Google Drive

'bɪtə	bitter	'mænə	manner
'betə	better	əˈgen	again
'letə	letter	əˈkɜː	occur
'sıstə	sister	əˈbjuːz	abuse
['] mʌðə	mother	ə'bəːd	aboard
'faːðə	father	əˈfəːd	afford
ˈʃʊgə	sugar	ə'fa:	afar
'leðə	leather	əˈsjuːm	assume
['] gæðə	gather	kən'dʌkt¹	conduct (v.)
'bʌtə	butter	kə'nekt	connect
'∫∧də	shudder	kən'tınju:	continue
'bɜːnə	burner		

¹Note: the speaker says /ˈkɒndʌkt/

S Exercise B24. /V:...ə/ - /V...ə/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

ˈkɔːlə – ˈkɒlə	caller – collar
'fa:stə – 'festə	faster – fester
'ba:tə – 'bʌtə	barter – butter
'biːtə – 'bɪtə	beater – bitter
'li:də – 'lædə	leader – ladder
ˈfɑːðə – ˈmʌðə	father – mother
'paːlə – 'pʊlə	parlor – puller
'maːstə – 'mʌstə	master – muster
ˈfɜːðə – ˈfeðə	further - feather
'spiːkə – 'pɪkə	speaker - picker
ˈʃuːtə – ˈʃʌtə	shooter – shutter
'dɔːtə – 'dɒtə	daughter – dotter
'bɔːdə – 'bʊdə	boarder – Buddha

'hjuːmə – 'hʌmə humour - hummer 'maːstəd – 'mʌstəd mastered - mustard 'liːtə – 'lɪtə litre – litter 'səːnə – 'sınə sauna – sinner 'la:ftə - 'lnvd(h)ə laughter - loved her 👇 Exercise B25. /ɪ/ - /ə/ a. /ɪd/ - /əd/ 'bætid - 'bætəd batted - battered bə:did - bə:dəd boarded - bordered 'flætid - 'flætəd flatted - flattered 'fə:ltid - 'fə:ltəd faulted - faltered 'sentid - 'sentəd scented - centered 'hjuːmɪd – 'hjuːməd humid - humoured

tended - tendered

meted - metered

b. /ız/ - /əz/

'tendid - 'tendəd

'miːtɪd - 'miːtəd

'bɒksız – 'bɒksəz boxes - boxers 'kɜːsɪz – 'kɜːsəz curses - cursors ˈflæʃız – ˈflæʃəz flashes - flashers 'pʊʃɪz – 'pʊʃəz pushes - pushers 'juːzɪz – 'juːzəz uses (v.) - users 'bʌzız – 'bʌzəz buzzes - buzzers 'klenzız – 'klenzəz cleanses - cleansers 'da:nsız – 'da:nsəz dances - dancers

○ Exercise B26. /V:...ə/ - /V...ə/

a./iː/-/ɪ/

Listen on Google Drive

'biːtə – 'bɪtə	beater – bitter	'hiːlə – ˈkɪlə	healer – killer
'hiːtə – 'hɪtə	heater – hitter	'viːlə – 'vɪlə	velar – villa
'stiːlə – 'stɪlə	stealer – stiller	'liːtə – 'lɪtə	litre – litter
'sli:pə – 'slıpə	sleeper – slipper	ˈfiːldə – ˈfɪldə	fielder – filled her

b./æ/-/aː/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

'pæstə – 'paːstə	pasta – pastor	'hæmə – 'haːmə	hammer – Harmer
'sætə – 'saːtə	satyr – sartor	'lædə – 'laːdə	ladder – larder
'mætə – 'maːtə	matter – martyr	'lændə – 'la:ndə	lander – Lahnda
'bætə – 'baːtə	batter – barter	'sægə – 'saːgə	saggar – saga
1 1 1 1			

c. $/\alpha x/ - /\Lambda/$

Listen on Google Drive

'la:və – 'lʌvə	lava – lover	'maːstə – 'mʌstə	master – muster
'kaːvə – 'kʌvə	carver – cover	'daːnə – 'dʌnə	darner – dunner
ˈkɑːtə – ˈkʌtə	carter – cutter	'maːtə – 'mʌtə	martyr – mutter
'ka:mə – 'kлmə	calmer – comer	'gaːnə – 'gʌnə	Ghana – gunner
'staːtə – 'stʌtə	starter – stutter		

d. /n/ - /əː/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

ˈkʌlə – ˈkɔːlə	colour – caller	ˈʃʌtə – ˈʃɔːtə	shutter – shorter
'kʌvə – 'kəːnə	cover - corner	'ʌdə – 'əːdə	udder – order
'∧ðə – 'ə:θə	other – author		

$e./\alpha I/-/p/$ 🔼 Listen on Google Drive 'faːstə – 'fɒstə 'maːkə – 'mɒkə faster – foster marker – mocker 'ka:pə - 'kppə 'faːðə - 'bpðə father - bother carper - copper 'ka:mə – 'kpmə 'aːskə – 'ɒskə calmer - comma ask her – Oscar $f./\sigma I/-/\sigma I$ Listen on Google Drive 'əːdə - 'pdə 'həːlə - 'hɒlə order – odder hauler - holler 'kəːlə – 'kɒlə caller - collar 'kɔːmə – 'kɒmə korma – comma 'fəːstə - 'fɒstə Forster – foster 'lɔːkə - 'lɒkə Lorca – locker 'hoːdə - 'hɒdə ˈpɔːtə – ˈpɒtə hoarder – Hodder porter - potter g. /uː/ - /ʊ/ Listen on Google Drive 'kuːlə - 'fʊlə 'skuːnə – 'sʊnə cooler - fuller schooner - Sunnah ˈluːzə – ˈlʊkə loser – looker 'kuːgə – ˈʃʊgə cougar - sugar 'huːtə – 'fʊtə ˈfjuːʃə - ˈpʊʃə fuchsia - pusher hooter – footer h. /sː/ - /e/ 🔼 Listen on Google Drive 'nɜːvə – 'nevə 'bɜːgə – 'begə burger - beggar Nerva – never ˈfɜːðə - ˈfeðə further - feather 'laːkə – 'lekə lurker - lekker ˈtɜːnə – ˈtenə 'hɜːlə - 'helə hurler - Heller turner - tenner 'mɜːsə – 'mesə mercer - Messer ˈsːmə – ˈemə Irma - Emma i. $/\Lambda/-/3I/$ Listen on Google Drive 'bʌkə – 'bɜːkə 'stʌnə – 'stɜːnə bucker - burka stunner - sterna 'stʌtə - 'stɜːtə 'bʌmə – 'bɜːmə bummer – Burma stutter - stertor ˈkʌlə - ˈkɜːlə colour - curler 'sʌfə - 'sɜːfə suffer - surfer 'mʌmə – 'mɜːmə 'qʌtə – 'qɜːtə mummer - murmur gutter - Goethe

Exercise 49A.

```
'hiː hæz ˌiːlz ||
                                                'He has eels. ||
                                                'He has hands. |
'hi: hæz hændz ||
'hi: hæz hæts ||
                                                'He has hats. ||
'hiː hæz kaːz ||
                                                'He has cars. ||
'hiː hæz həːsɪz ||
                                                'He has horses. ||
'hiː hæz hpbɪz ||
                                                'He has hobbies. |
hi: hæz manı
                                                'He has money. |
'hiː hæz tuː ||
                                                'He has two. ||
'hiː hæz boks ||
                                                'He has books. ||
'hiː hæz kɜːlz ||
                                                'He has curls. ||
'hiː / siː həz `piːld ɪt ||
                                                'He/She has `peeled it. |
'hiː / siː həz `hɪt ɪm ||
                                                'He/She has `hit him. ||
'hiː / siː həz `held ɪt ||
                                                'He/She has `held it. ||
'hiː / siː həz `aːskt hə ||
                                                'He/She has `asked her. ||
'hiː / siː həz `fəːst hɪm ||
                                                'He/She has `forced him. ||
'hiː / siː həz `lɒst ɪt ||
                                                'He/She has `lost it. ||
'hiː / ʃiː həz `dʌn ɪt ||
                                                'He/She has `done it. ||
'hiː / siː həz `fuːld hɪm ||
                                                'He/She has `fooled it. ||
'hiː / siː həz 'bʊkt ɪt ||
                                                'He/She has `booked it. ||
'hiː / siː həz `bɜːnt ɪt ||
                                                'He/She has `burnt it. ||
'hiː / siː hæz ən siːl ||
                                                'He/She has an eel. ||
'hiː / siː hæz ə shen ||
                                                'He/She has a hen. ||
'hiː / siː hæz ə shæt ||
                                                'He/She has a hat. ||
'hi: / si: hæz ə ka: ||
                                                'He/She has a car. ||
'hiː / siː hæz ə shəːs ||
                                                'He/She has a horse. ||
'hi: / si: hæz ə dog |
                                                'He/She has a dog. ||
hi:/si: hæzə dak
                                                'He/She has a duck. ||
'hi: / si: hæz ə gu:s ||
                                                'He/She has a goose. ||
'hiː / siː hæz ə pus ||
                                                'He/She has a puss. ||
'hiː / ʃiː hæz ə ˌkɜːl ||
                                                'He/She has a curl. ||
```

\square The consonant /r/ as in READ.

Watch on YouTube

See /r/ on the consonant chart.

/r/ is a consonant, postalveolar (*cacuminal*), an approximant. It is a sonorant. Alternate symbol: / a/.

/r/ cannot occur before a consonant or a pause. In the sequences /tr/ and /dr/ the plosives become postalveolar (retracted) [t] and [d] respectively.

Sexercise 51. /r/

🔽 Listen on Google Drive

riːd	read	ˈruːlə	ruler
red	red	'veri	very
ræt	rat	'mæri	marry
rnn	run	'sevrəl	several
rnf	rough	kə'rekt	correct
rpd	rod	rı'membə	remember
'riːdə	reader		

Exercise B27. Linking /r/

bar - bar it clə: - 'clə:r ıt	ba: - 'ba:r_it	claw – claw_it
par - par_it dro: - 'dro:r_it	pa: - 'pa:r_it	draw – draw_it
pore – pore_it sə: – 'sə:r_ıt	pə: - 'pə:r_it	saw – saw_it
for – for it rı'stə: – rı'stə:rə	fə: - 'fə:r_it	restore – restorer
floor – floor_it ə'də: – ə'də:rə	flə: – 'flə:rjit	adore – adorer
blur - blur_it Ik'splə: - 1k'splə:rə	bls: - 'bls:r_it	explore - explorer
stir - stir_it dı'f3: - dı'f3:rə	sta: - 'sta:r_it	defer - deferrer
pore - pore it for - for it floor - floor it blur - blur it so: - 'so:r it r1'sto: - r1'sto:rə ə'do: - ə'do:rə ik'splo: - ik'splo:rə	po: - 'po:r_it fo: - 'fo:r_it flo: - 'flo:r_it bls: - 'bls:r_it	saw – saw it restore – restor adore – adorer explore – explo

Exercise B28./3:r/

Listen on Google Drive

'blɜːri	blurry	ˈfɜːri – ˈferi	furry – ferry
'stɜːrə	stirrer	'3ːrə – 'erə – 'ɔːrə	öre – error – aura
dı'fɜːrə	deferrer	'bɜːri – 'beri –	burry – bury –
'kɜːrɪ∫	currish	- 'bʌri	– Burry

Ω Exercise 52. /br/, /pr/, /dr/, /tr/, /gr/, /kr/, /fr/, /θr/

Listen on Google Drive

bred - pres	bread – press	fru:t	fruit
dri:m – tri:	dream – tree	θred	thread
'brītī∫ – 'prīti	British – pretty	θri:	three
dres – trend	dress - trend	θræ∫	thrash
gri:d – kri:d	greed - creed	frpg	frog

The consonant /3/ as in VISION.

Watch on YouTube

See /3/ on the consonant chart.

/ʒ/ is a consonant, postalveolar (palato-alveolar), fricative, voiced, lenis. It is an obstruent.

IPA SIL encoding: **z**=. *X-SAMPA encoding:* **Z**.

• Exercise 53. /3/

Listen on Google Drive

ruːʒ	rouge	dı'sızn	decision
'тезә	measure	kən'klu:ʒn	conclusion
'leʒə	leisure	kə'lıʒn	collision
'vızn	vision	ın'tru:ʒn	intrusion

🗣 Exercise B28.5. /∫/ - /ʒ/

lu:∫ – lu:ʒ	louche – luge	əˈluːʃn – əˈluːʒn	Aleutian – allusion
ru:∫ – ru:ʒ	ruche – rouge	kənˈfjuːʃn –	Confucian –
∫i:d – ʒi:d	she'd – Gide	– kənˈfjuːʒn	- confusion
ˈæʃə – ˈæʒə	Asher – azure		

The consonant f as in CHEESE.

Watch on YouTube

See f on the consonant chart.

ff is a consonant, postalveolar (palato-alveolar), affricate, voiceless, fortis. It is an obstruent.

IPA SIL encoding: t#&s=. X-SAMPA encoding: tS.

The tie bar in affricates may be omitted.

\bigcap Exercise 54. f

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

t͡ʃi:z	cheese	र्गिउःर्गि	church
tses	chess	ixts	each
tJæp	chap	ˈtiːt͡ʃə	teacher
tsu:z	choose	ˈtemprɪt͡ʃə	temperature
tsə:k	chalk	'lıtrıt͡ʃə	literature

- The consonant $/\widehat{d_3}/$ as in JIM.
- Watch on YouTube

See $/\overline{dz}/$ on the consonant chart.

 $/\widehat{dz}/$ is a consonant, postalveolar (palato-alveolar), affricate, voiced, lenis. It is an obstruent.

IPA SIL encoding: d#&z=. X-SAMPA encoding: dZ.

$\widehat{\mathbf{Q}}$ Exercise 55. $/\widehat{\mathbf{d}_3}$

Listen on Google Drive

jeep	'd33:k1	jerky
Jim	'dzestsə	gesture
jest	'd͡ʒentli	gently
jam		village
German	'kʌrɪd͡ʒ	courage
journey		
	Jim jest jam German	Jim 'd͡ʒest͡ʃə jest 'd͡ʒentli jam 'vɪlɪd͡ʒ German 'kʌrɪd͡ʒ

⋒ Exercise 56. /ʃ/ - /t͡ʃ/

Listen on Google Drive

∫iːp – t͡ʃiːp	sheep – cheap	Spp - tspp	shop - chop
∫iːt – t͡ʃiːt	sheet – cheat	ˈʃætə – ˈt͡ʃætə	shatter – chatter
∫ın – t͡∫ın	shin - chin	'Seri – 'tseri	sherry – cherry
∫ıp – t͡ʃɪp	ship - chip		

\bigcap Exercise 57. $/t/ - /t \int$

Listen on Google Drive

tın – Î Jin	tin - chin	to:k – tso:k	talk – chalk
tæp – t͡ʃæp	tap – chap	kæt − kæt∫	cat – catch
test – t͡ʃest	test - chest	biːt − biːt͡ʃ	beat – beach
tu:z – tsu:z	twos - choose	mæt − mæt∫	mat – match

Exercise B27. /t͡ʃ/ - /tr/

fsi: - tri:	chi – tree	tspmp – tromp	chomp – tromp
fsip – trip	chip – trip	tsλk – trλk	chuck - truck
tsek – trek	check – trek	fji:tid – 'tri:tid	cheated – treated
tjæmp – træmp	champ – tramp	ˈt͡ʃekə – ˈtrekə	checker – trekker
fja:ns – tra:ns	chance – trance	ˈt͡ʃʌkl – ˈtrʌkl	chuckle – truckle

Exercise B28. /d͡ʒ/ - /dr/

 \widehat{dz} ıl – drıl \widehat{dz} u: – dru:Jew – drew \widehat{dz} es – dres \widehat{dz} ng – drngjug – drug \widehat{dz} æb – dræbjab – drab' \widehat{dz} a:və – 'dra:vəJava – Drava

 \widehat{dz} o: – dro: jaw – draw

The vowel /ai/ as in PRICE.

Watch on YouTube

See /ai/ on the vowel chart.

/ai/ is a vowel, a diphthong; with a front-retracted, open, unrounded nucleus and a glide to a near-front, near-close, unrounded position; free. It is a closing diphthong.

Alternate symbol: /aɪ/.

IPA SIL encoding: ai=. X-SAMPA encoding: aI.

The tie bar in diphthongs may be omitted or replaced with a 'non-syllabic' diacritic below the glide: /aɪ/.

Sexercise 58. /ai/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

maı	my	laıf	life
laı	lie	kaıt	kite
aız	eyes	baıd – baıt	bide - bite
baid	bide	aiz – ais	eyes - ice
taım	time	traib - paip	tribe – pipe
taɪt	tight	faıv – faıf	five - fife
haıt	height	'faɪnə	finer
laık	like	'naɪsə	nicer
paık	pike	'paɪlət	pilot
parp	pipe	'laɪsəns	license
mais	mice		

Exercise 58A.

```
('What've you got? ||)
(wptav jur qpt ||)
ai hæv ə pin | ə pen |
                                              'I have a .pin, | a .pen, |
          ə pæn | ənd ə ppt ||
                                                         a pan, | and a pot. ||
ai hæv ə peni | ə tapəns |
                                              'I have a penny, | a twopence, |
              ənd ə bʌtn ||
                                                            and a button. ||
ai hæv ən æpl | ə fferi |
                                              'I have an _apple, | a _cherry, |
        ə melən | ənd ə kærət ||
                                                       a melon, | and a carrot. ||
('wptə juː `riːdɪŋ ||)
                                              ('What're you `reading? ||)
hætsiz | kætsiz | mætsiz |
                                              Hatches, | catches, | matches, |
             ən dı`spætsız ||
                                                           and di`spatches. ||
                                              ('What is she `like? ||)
('wptiz si: `laik ||)
priti meri ən sili
                                              Pretty, | merry, | and silly. ||
('wpt dəz hi: 'lok laık nav ||)
                                              ('What does he `look like now? ||)
_bigə | _to:lə | _fætə | ən _ritsə ||
                                              Bigger, | taller, | fatter, | and richer. ||
```

\bigcap Exercise 59. $/\alpha$: $/ - /\Lambda / - /\alpha$ I

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

ka:t-kat-kait cart-cut-kite pa:k-pak-paik park-puck-pike ha:t-hat-hait heart-hut-height ka:v-kaf-laif carve-cuff-life

The vowel /aυ/ as in MOUTH.

Watch on YouTube

See /av/ on the vowel chart.

/av/ is a vowel, a diphthong; with a front-retracted, open, unrounded nucleus and a glide to a near-back, near-close, rounded position; free. It is a closing diphthong.

Alternate symbol: /av/.

IPA SIL encoding: au<. X-SAMPA encoding: aU.

ດ Exercise 60. /aʊ/

Listen on Google Drive

nav	now	haʊs	house
haʊ	how	таυθ	mouth
kaʊ	cow	baʊ - ə'baʊt	bough – about
vaʊ	vow	hav – havs	how – house
tavn	town	nav – stavt	now – stout
paund	pound	favnd – mavnt	found – mount
avt	out		

Exercise B29. /av/

'kaonti	county	ə'mavnt	amount
'baʊndləs	boundless	prə'favnd	profound
'mavntın	mountain	kəm'pavnd	compound
ə'kavnt	account		

Exercise B30. /av/

bau – baud – baut	bow – bowed – bout
rav – ravnd – ravt	row – round – rout
kav – kavd – kavnt	cow – cowed – count
plav – plavd – lavs	plough – ploughed – louse
hav – havnd – havs	how – hound – house

Ω Exercise B31. $/\alpha$ / – $/\alpha$ I/ – $/\alpha$ U/ – $/\alpha$ I/

🔽 Listen on Google Drive

læd – laid – lavd – laid	lad – lied – loud – lard
dæn – dain – davn – da:n	Dan – dine – down – darn
spæt – spait – spait – spait	spat - spite - spout - Spart
mæs – mais – maos – ma:st	mass – mice – mouse – mast
'bækə - 'baɪkə - 'baʊkə - 'baːkə	backer – biker – Bowker – Barker
'hædn – 'haɪdn – 'haʊdn – 'hɑːdn	Haddon – Haydn – Howden – harden
'ælət - 'aɪlət - 'aʊlət - 'ɑːlət	Allott – islet – owlet – Arlott

The vowel /19/ as in NEAR.

Watch on YouTube

See /19/ on the vowel chart.

/1ə/ is a vowel, a diphthong; with a near-front, near-close, unrounded nucleus and a glide to a central (*mixed*), mid, unrounded position; free. It is a centring diphthong.

IPA SIL encoding: i=e=. X-SAMPA encoding: I@.

Sexercise 61./19/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

hıə	here	aı'dıə	idea
bıəd	beard	ə'pıərəns	appearance
tıə	tear (n.)	ık'spıərıəns	experience
rıəl	real	ріә – ріәs	peer - pierce
piəs	pierce	fiə – fiəs	fear – fierce
fiəs	fierce		

• Exercise 62. /iː/ - /ɪə/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

mi: - mɪə	me - mere	biːd – bɪəd	bead – beard
fi: – fiə	fee - fear	ti: – tɪə	tea – tear (n.)
pi: – pɪəs	pea – pierce		

• Exercise B32. /iː/ - /ɪə/

əˈpiːz – əˈpɪəz	appease – appears	ˈmiːʃəm – ˈmɪəʃəm	Measham –
			meerschaum
ın'di:d – ın'dıəd	indeed – endeared	'piːsɪz – 'pɪəsɪz	pieces - pierces
kəˈriːn – kəˈrɪən	careen – Korean	ˈtiːnɪ – ˈtɪənɪ	teeny – Tierney
'bi:dɪd – 'bɪədɪd	beaded – bearded	'θiːtə – 'θɪətə	theta – theater
		'	

Exercise B33. /iː/ - /ɪə/

bi:d - biəd - bid bead - beard - bid vizz – viəz – viz V's - veers - viz

kə'ri:n – kə'rɪən – kə'rɪn careen - Korean - Corinne 'tiːni – 'tɪəni – 'tɪni teeny - Tierney - tinny

🞧 Exercise B34. /ıər/ - /ır/

Listen on Google Drive

'mıərə – 'mırə 'siəriəs – 'siriəs Meara – mirror serious - Sirius 'tıəri – 'tıri 'pıəri – 'pıri Peary - Pirie teary - Tyrie

The vowel /eə/ as in SQUARE.

Watch on YouTube

See /eə/ on the vowel chart.

/eə/ is a vowel, a diphthong; with a front, mid, unrounded nucleus and a (slight) glide to a central (mixed), mid, unrounded position; free. It is a centring diphthong.

Alternate symbols: $\langle \varepsilon \rangle$, $\langle \varepsilon \rangle$.

IPA SIL encoding: ee=. X-SAMPA encoding: e@.

/eə/ is very close to being a monopthong; the glide is very slight.

Rercise 63./eə/

Listen on Google Drive

teə	tear (v.)	tıə – teə	tear (n.) – tear (v.)
peə	pear	klıə – dı'kleə	clear – declare
keə	care	'rıəli – 'reəli	really – rarely
deə	dare	t∫eəz	chairs
ðeə	there	skeəs	scarce
dıə – deə	dear – dare	'meəri	Mary
fıə – feə	fear - fare	'peərənts	parents
ріә – реә	peer - pear	'veəriəs	various

⋒ Exercise 64. /e/ - /eə/ - /æ/

Listen on Google Drive

pet - pea - pæt pet - pair - pat ðen - ðea - ðæt then - there - that den – deə – dæd den – dare – Dad 'veri – 'veəri – 'kæri very - vary - carry 'meri – 'meəri – 'mæri merry - Mary - marry

🞧 Exercise B35. /eə/ - /ɜː/ - /ɑː/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

feə – fa: – fa: fair - fur - far seed - sid - said shared - sherd - shard beən – ba:n – ba:n bairn - burn - barn tlea - tla: - tla: chair - chirr - char

🎧 Exercise B36. /e/ - /eə/ - /ɜː/ - /ʌ/

Listen on Google Drive

bed - beəd - baid - bad bed - bared - bird - bud fez – ðeəz – faːz – fʌz fez – theirs – firs – fuzz ben – beən – bз:n – bлn Ben – bairn – burn – bun hed - head - haid - had head - haired - heard - hud ges – skeəs – ka:s – kas quess - scarce - curse - cuss Tlesa - 'seasa - 'ps:sa - 'prnsa Cheshire - Saoirse - Persia - Prussia

'feri – 'feəri – 'fɜːri – 'hʌri ferry – fairy – furry – hurry

\square The consonant $/\eta$ as in SING.

Watch on YouTube

See $/\eta$ on the consonant chart.

 $/\eta$ / is a consonant, velar, a nasal stop. It is a sonorant.

IPA SIL encoding: n>. X-SAMPA encoding: N.

 $/\eta$ / cannot occur at the beginning of a syllable.

Sexercise 65./ŋ/

Listen on Google Drive

klıŋk – klıŋ	clink – cling	θιη	thing
kıŋk – kıŋ	kink – king	jлŋ	young
θ ıŋk – θ ıŋ	think - thing	lɒŋ	long
stīŋk – stīŋ	stink - sting	tʌŋ	tongue
sıŋk – sıŋ	sink – sing	rıŋ	ring
siŋ	sing	stɪŋ	sting

a Exercise 66. /ŋ/ - /n/

Listen on Google Drive

sin – sin	sing - sin	ræŋ – ræn	rang – ran
siŋz – sinz	sings - sins	รกๆ – รกท	sung – son
riŋz – rins	rings – rinse	tʌŋ – tʌn	tongue - ton
pæŋ – pæn	pang – pan	θιη – θιη	thing – thin

Sexercise 67./in/

Listen on Google Drive

ˈriːdɪŋ	reading	'liːvɪŋ	leaving
'raıtıŋ	writing	'lıvıŋ	living
'draɪvɪŋ	driving	'keərıŋ	caring
'kʊkɪŋ	cooking	'kæriīŋ	carrying
'pʊtɪŋ	putting	'stʌdiɪŋ	studying

S Exercise 68. /ŋg/, /ŋ/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

'fɪŋgə	finger	leŋθ	length
'lɒŋgə	longer	'sɪŋə	singer
'læŋgwəd͡ʒ	language	'siŋiŋ	singing
lʌŋz	lungs	'hæŋə	hanger

Exercise B37. /ŋ‿ɪt/			
ˈbrɪŋ_it	bring it	ˈsɪŋ‿ɪt	sing it
ˈflɪŋ‿ɪt	fling it	ˈsprɪŋৣıt	spring it
ˈpɪŋ‿ɪt	ping it	ˈstɪŋৣıt	sting it
ˈrɪŋ‿ɪt	wring it		
Exercise B38.	/ŋɪŋ/ – /nɪŋ/		
'bæŋɪŋ – 'bænɪŋ	banging – banning	່ piŋiŋ – ˈpiniŋ	pinging - pinning
'dɒŋɪŋ – 'dɒnɪŋ	donging – donning	'siŋiŋ – 'siniŋ	singing - sinning
'dıŋıŋ – 'dınıŋ	dinging – dinning	ˈtɪŋɪŋ – ˈtɪnɪŋ	tinging - tinning
'dภุฏ – 'dภุฏ	dunging – dunning	_	
Sexercise B39.	/ŋiː/ – /niː/		
Listen on Google D	rive		
'pɒŋi – 'bɒni	pongy – Bonnie	'tæŋi – 'dæni	tangy – Danny
'θιŋi – 'fɪni	thingie – Finney	ˈt͡ʃæŋi – ˈfræni	Changi – Frannie
'stıŋi – 'spıni	stingy – spinney		

The consonant /w/ as in WE.

Watch on YouTube

See /w/ on the consonant chart.

/w/ is a consonant, labial-velar (a double articulation), an approximant. It is a sonorant.

/w/ cannot occur at the end of a syllable.

Sexercise 69. /w/

Listen on Google Drive

wuː	woo	'wəːtə	water
wod	wood	ˈwɪljəm	William
wə:d	ward	wз:d	word
wɒt	what	w3:k	work
wæks	wax	wɜːm	worm
wen	when	w3:ld	world
wit	wit	W3IS	worse
wi:d	weed	wз:θ	worth
wai	why	ˈwɜːʃɪp	worship

Sexercise 70. /tw/, /kw/, /sw/

Listen on Google Drive

twinz	twins	kwestĴən	question
'twitə	twitter	swi:t	sweet
twais	twice	swet	sweat
kwik	quick	swits	switch
kwait	quite	swift	swift

○ Exercise 71. /w/ - /v/

Listen on Google Drive

west – vest	west - vest	went – vent	went – vent
W3IS - V3IS	worse - verse	wet – vet	wet - vet
wi:l - vi:l	wheel – veal	'wıspə – 'vızıt	whisper – visit
wain – vain	wine – vine		

In the vowel /υə/ as in CURE.

Watch on YouTube

See /və/ on the vowel chart.

/və/ is a vowel, a diphthong; with a near-back, near-close, rounded nucleus and a glide to a central (*mixed*), mid, unrounded position; free. It is a centring diphthong.

IPA SIL encoding: u < e = . X-SAMPA encoding: U@.

/və/ is being replaced with /ɔː/ in many words, especially common ones.

ດ Exercise 72. /ບອ/

Listen on Google Drive

pʊə¹	poor	sı'kjvəriti	security
mʊə	moor	'kjʊərɪəs	curious
tʊə	tour	'fjʊərɪəs	furious
d͡ʒʊəl	jewel	∫uː – ∫ʊə¹ tuː – tʊə	shoe – sure
flvənt	fluent	tu: – tʊə	two - tour
kjʊə¹	cure	kju: – kjʊə¹	queue - cure
pjʊə¹	pure	pju: – pjʊə¹	pew – pure

 $^{^{1}}$ Note: the speaker says these words with /ɔː/ instead of /və/

⋒ Exercise B40. /ເອ/ - /eອ/ - /ບອ/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

tiə – teə – tvə tear (n.) – tear (v.) – tour mıə – meə – mvə mere – mare – moor bıə – beə – bvə beer – bear – boor spıə – speə – spvə spear – spare – spoor siərə – 'seərə – 'svərə sera – Sarah – sura speaker says /spo:/

The vowel /ei/ as in FACE.

Watch on YouTube

See /ei/ on the vowel chart.

/eɪ/ is a vowel, a diphthong; with a front, mid, unrounded nucleus and a glide to a near-front, near-close, unrounded position; free. It is a closing diphthong.

IPA SIL encoding: ei=. X-SAMPA encoding: eI.

Sercise 73. /ei/

Listen on Google Drive

dei	day	breik	break
sei	say	seiv – seif	save – safe
neim	name	reiz – reis	rays - race
reın	rain	weid – weit	wade – wait
beid	bade	pleig – leik	plague – lake
teɪp	tape	eidz – eits	age – H
keīt	Kate	deı – beə	day – bare
weist	waste	теі – теә	may – mare
keīp	саре	wei – weə	way - wear
tseindz	change	peɪd – peəd	paid – paired
reındz	range		

Exercise B41./e/ - /eɪ/

bred – breid	bread - braid	tses – tseis	chess – chase
$ed\overline{3} - eid\overline{3}$	edge – age	ə'bet – ə'beɪt	abet – abate
wed – weid	wed – Wade	'westə – 'weistə	wester – waster
wed3 - weid3	wedge – wage	'spest - 'spesst	special – spatial
ben – bein	Ben – bane	'fetl – 'feɪtl	fettle – fatal
pent – peint	pent - paint	'stretn – 'streitn	Stretton –
best – beist	best – based		– straighten
$e\widehat{t}\widehat{\int} - e\widehat{\imath}\widehat{t}\widehat{\int}$	etch - H	'edzīŋ – 'eidzīŋ	edging – aging
$se\theta - sei\theta$	Seth – saithe	'betɪŋ – 'beɪtɪŋ	betting – bating

Exercise B42. /e/ - /eə/ - /eɪ/

ed - eəd - eid Ed - aired - aid

sed - sead - seid shed - shared - shade

dez – deəz – deiz Des - dares - days

fez – feaz – feiz fez - fares - phase

ben - bean - bein Ben – bairn – bane

ken – keən – kein Ken - cairn - cane

The vowel /əɪ/ as in CHOICE.

Watch on YouTube

See /oi/ on the vowel chart.

/oɪ/ is a vowel, a diphthong; with a back, mid, rounded nucleus and a glide to a near-front, near-close, unrounded position; free. It is a closing diphthong.

IPA SIL encoding: 0 < i = . X-SAMPA encoding: 0I.

Exercise 74. /əɪ/

Listen on Google Drive

bəi	boy	vəis	voice
təi	toy	tsois	choice
kəin	coin	dzoint	joint
nəız	noise	point	point
tail	toil		

ດ Exercise 75. /ວː/ - /ɒ/ - /ວຸເ/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

16d - pad - 16d bore - bog - boy kə: - kod - kəin core - cod - coin

kais – bbs – tsais course - boss - choice

ləid – lət – ləinz lord - lot - loins

 $nor\theta - nord - norz$ north - nod - noise

ດ Exercise B43. /aɪ/ − /eɪ/ − /ວɪ/

🔽 Listen on Google Drive

plai – plei – plai ply - play - ploy baı – bei – bəi buy - bay - boy fail - feil - foil file – fail – foil \widehat{dz} aın – \widehat{dz} eın – \widehat{dz} əın Jain - Jane - join haist - heist - hoist heist - haste - hoist paint - peint - point pint - paint - point 'baisn - 'beisn - 'boisn bison – basin – Boyson 'laıtə – 'leıtə – 'ləıtə lighter – later – loiter 'paintə – 'peintə – 'pointə pinta - painter - pointer

The vowel /əʊ/ as in GOAT.

Watch on YouTube

See /əʊ/ on the vowel chart.

/əʊ/ is a vowel, a diphthong; with a central (*mixed*), mid, unrounded nucleus and a glide to a near-front, near-back, rounded position; free. It is a closing diphthong.

IPA SIL encoding: e=u<. X-SAMPA encoding: @U.

🎧 Exercise 76. /ອບ/

Listen on Google Drive

		1,	1
SƏÜ	SO	hอซp	hope
ทอช	no	məʊst	most
gəʊ	go	rəʊp	rope
həʊl	hole	ˈpɪləʊ	pillow
həʊm	home	'feləʊ	fellow
kəʊl	coal	'∫æləʊ	shallow
əʊk	oak	ˈfəʊtəʊ	photo
bəʊt	boat	həʊˈtel	hotel
kəʊp	cope	əʊ'eɪsɪs	oasis

ດ Exercise 77. /3ː/, /ɔː/, /ɔɪ/ - /əʊ/

Listen on Google Drive

fa: - fau	fir - foe	bə:ld – bəvld	bald – bold
ร:ท – อชท	earn – own	pəːz – pəʊz	pause - pose
gɜːl – gəʊl	girl - goal	ทอเz – ทอซz	noise - nose
θ 06 – θ 15	earth – oath	təi – təv	toy - tow
รอ: – รอช	saw - so	bəɪ – bəʊ	boy – bow

ດ Exercise B44. /aʊ/ − /əʊ/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

nav – nəv	now – know	kaʊt͡ʃ - kəʊt͡ʃ	couch – coach
wav – wəv	wow - woe	raυθ – rəυθ	Routh - wroth
vav – vəvt	vow – vote	'ravdi - 'rəvdi	rowdy – roadie
tavn – təvn	town – tone	'daʊnə – 'dəʊnə	downer – donor
haʊz – həʊz	house (v.) – hose	'aʊtn – 'əʊtn	Oughton – oaten

ົດ Exercise 78. /ʌ/ − /ɒ/ − /ວː/ − /ອັບ/

Listen on Google Drive

kʌt – kɒt – kə:t – kəʊt	cut – cot – caught – coat
knd – kɒd – kə:d – kəʊd	cud – cod – cord – code
рлk – pɒk – pɔ:k – pəʊk	puck – pock – pork – poke
stʌk – stɒk – stəːk – stəʊk	stuck – stock – stork – stoke

🗣 Exercise B45. /ɪ/ - /ə/ - /əʊ/

'hærıd – 'hærəd – 'hærəvd	harried – Harrod – harrowed
'bʌrɪ – 'bʌrə – 'bʌrəʊ	Burry – borough – burrow
'kleərı – 'kleərə – 'kleərəv	clary – Clara – Claro
'fræŋkı – 'fræŋkə – 'fræŋkəʊ	Frankie – franker – Franco
d^2 u:dı – d^2 u:də – d^2 u:dəv	Judy – Judah – judo
'pi:kı – 'pi:kə – 'pi:kəʊ	peaky – Peaker – pekoe
'wıədı – 'wıədə – 'wıədəv	weirdie – weirder – weirdo
'sอบlı – 'sอบlə – 'sอบlอบ	Soley – solar – solo

ົດ Exercise 79. /iː/ − /ɜː/ − /əʊ/, /ɔː/

Listen on Google Drive

 si: - s3: - s30
 see - sir - s0

 fi:st - f3:st - f5:st
 feast - first - forced

 bi:n - b3:n - b5:n
 bean - burn - born

 wi:k - w3:k - w5:k
 week - work - walk

 wi:d - w3:d - w5:d
 weed - word - ward

👇 Exercise B46. /aʊ/ - /əʊ/ - /uː/

wauz – wəuz – wuːz wows - woes - woos scowled - scold - schooled skavld – skavld – skurld ravθ - ravθ - ruxθRouth - wroth - Ruth pavtl - pavtl - pu:tl pouch - poach - pooch 'ravın – 'rəvın – 'ru:ın rowing - rowing - ruing 'raustid – 'rəustid – 'ruːstid rousted - roasted - roosted 'raʊdi – 'rəʊdi – 'ruːdi rowdy – roadie – Rudy 'kaʊlɪŋ – 'kəʊlɪŋ – 'kuːlɪŋ cowling - coaling - cooling

| Exercise B47. /iː/ - /eɪ/ - /aɪ/ - /əɪ/

si: - sei - sai - sai see – say – sigh – soy pli: - plei - plai - ploi plea - play - ply - ploy pi:z - peiz - paiz - poiz peas - pays - pies - poise tri: - trei - trai - trai tree - tray - try - Troy $d\hat{z}$ i:n - $d\hat{z}$ ein - $d\hat{z}$ ain - $d\hat{z}$ oin gene - Jane - Jain - join ki:ts - keits - kaits - koits Keats - cates - kites - quoits 'liːtə - 'leɪtə - 'laɪtə - 'lɔɪtə litre - later - lighter - loiter 'fiːlɪŋ - 'feɪlɪŋ - 'faɪlɪŋ - 'fəɪlɪŋ feeling - failing - filing - foiling

Exercise B48. /aɪ/ - /eɪ/ - /əɪ/ - /aʊ/ - /əʊ/

kaı – keı – kəı – kav – kəv laı – leı – ləı – lav – ləv faild - feild - foild - fauld - fould baın – bein – bəin – baun – bəun ə'laı – ə'leı – ə'ləı – ə'lav – hə'ləv daıt - deit - doit - davt - dovt rais - reis - rais - raus - raus 'kaıli – 'keıli – 'kəıli – 'kavli – 'kəvli

chi – K – coy – cow – co lie – lay – Loy – Lao – low filed – failed – foiled – fouled – fold bine – bane – Boyne – Bown – bone ally (v.) - allay - alloy - allow - hello dight - date - doit - doubt - dote rice - race - Royce - Rous - Rhos! *Kylie – Cayley – coyly – Cowley – coley*

Exercise B49. /p/ - /b/ - /t/ - /d/ - /k/ - /g/

pəv – bəv – təv – dəv – kəv – gəv piə – biə – tiə – diə – kiə – giə p3:n – b3:n – t3:n – d3:n – k3:n – g3:n paiz – baiz – taiz – daiz – kaiz – gaiz pru: – bru: – tru: – dru: – kru: – gru: hpp - hpb - hpt - hpd - hpk - hpg məvp – məvb – məvt – - məvd - məvk - məvq 'luːpə - 'luːbə - 'luːtə -- 'luːdə - 'luːkə - 'luːgə Poe – bow – toe – dough – co – go pier - beer - tier - deer - Keir - gear Pearn – burn – turn – Dearne – kern – girn pies - buys - ties - dyes - chis - quise Prue – brew – true – drew – crew – grew hop – hob – hot – hod – hock – hog mope – mobe – moat – – mode – moke – Moogⁱ looper – Luba – looter – - lewder - lucre - Luger

k Exercise B50. /f/ - /θ/ - /s/ - /ʃ/

fai – θai – sai – sai $fort - \theta ort - sort - fort$ fəʊl – θəʊl – səʊl – ʃəʊl $fsid - \theta sid - ssid - ssid$ $f \approx \eta - \theta \approx \eta - s \approx \eta - s \approx \eta$ 'fiərə – 'θiərə – 'siərə – 'ʃiərə $seif - sei\theta - seis - seif$ $lixf - lix\theta - lixs - lix$

phi - thigh - sigh - shy fought - thought - sort - short foal – thole – sole – shoal furred - third - surd - sherd fang – thang – sang – Shang fearer - Thera - sera - sheerer safe – saithe – Sayce – seiche leaf – Leith – lease – leash

Exercise B51. /v/ - /ð/ - /z/

vi: - ði: - zi:

vəu – ðəu – zəun

ven – ðen – zen

væt - ðæt - zæk

bri:v – bri:ð – bri:z

kləvv - kləvð - kləvz

laıv – laıð – laız

'meivə – 'meiðə – 'meizə

V – thee – zee

voe - though - zone

Venn - then - Zen

vat - that - Zack

breve - breathe - breeze

clove - clothe - close

live - lithe - lies

Mayor - Mather - maser

≥ Exercise B52. /s/ - /z/ - /ʃ/ - /ʒ/

luːs – luːz – luːʃ – luːʒ

ru:s - ru:z - ru:\(- ru:\(\)

'lısn – 'prızn – 'mısn – 'vızn

'luːsn – 'suːzn – 'kruːʃn – 'fjuːʒn

'liːsə – 'pliːzə – 'riːʃə – 'siːʒə

'presə – 'prezı – 'preʃə – 'pleʒə

loose – lose – louche – luge

russe – ruse – ruche – rouge

listen - prison - mission - vision

loosen - Suzan - crucian - fusion

Lisa – pleaser – Rhaetia – seizure

presa - prezzie - pressure - pleasure

Exercise B53. ff/ - tr/ - dg/ - dr/

fsu: - tru: - dzu: - dru:

 \widehat{t} sides – trið – d \widehat{d} sið – drið

tsein – trein – dzein – drein

tjæm – træm – dzæm – dræm

fsil - tril - dzil - dril

tses - tres - dzes - dres

ffnnk - trank - dzank - drank

chew - true - Iew - drew

cheer – Trier – jeer – drear

chain - train - Jane - drain

Cham – tram – jam – dram

chill - trill - Jill - drill

chess – tress – Jess – dress

chunk – trunk – junk – drunk

≽ Exercise B54. /w/ - /l/ - /r/ - /j/ - /h/

wu: - lu: - ru: - ju: - hu: wəv – ləv – rəv – jəv – həv wav – lav – rav – jav – hav wiə – liə – riə – jiə – hiə wen – len – ren – jen – hen word – lord – rord – jord – hord wæk – læk – ræk – jæk – hæk wpt - lpt - rpt - jpt - hpt

woo - loo - rue - yew - who woe - low - row - yo - ho wow - Lao - row - yow - how we're - leer - rear - year - here when - Len - wren - yen - hen ward – lord – roared – yawed – hoard whack - lack - rack - yak - hack what - lot - rot - yacht - hot



≽ Exercise B55. /m/ - /n/ - /ŋ/

bpm - bpn - bpn $t_{\Lambda}m - t_{\Lambda}n - t_{\Lambda}n$ wimz – winz – winz hæmd - hænd - hænd 'sıməz – 'sınəz – 'sıŋəz 'damın – 'danın – 'danın 'læmtən – 'læntən – 'læŋtən 'kpmbəv – 'kpndəv – 'kpngəv

bomb - Bonn - bong tum - ton - tongue whims - wins - wings hammed - hand - hanged simmers - sinners - singers dumbing - dunning - dunging Lambton – lantern – Langton combo - condo - Congo

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Exercise Ω. Stressed vowels