Introductory Course on Standard British Pronunciation

Extended Edition

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Вводный фонетический курс английского языка Британский вариант

Расширенное издание

Table of contents:

English consonants.	10
English monophthongs.	10
English centring dipthongs.	11
English rising dipthongs.	11
The vowel /ı/ as in KIT.	12
The consonant /t/ as in TIN.	12
The consonant /d/ as in DID.	12
The consonant /n/ as in NIT.	12
The consonant /l/ as in LID.	13
Positional vowel length.	13
Ω Exercise 1. $I / I / I / I / I / I / I / I / I / I $	13
The vowel /iː/ as in FLEECE.	13
Exercise 2. /iː/	14
	14
The consonant /s/ as in SEA.	14
The consonant /z/ as in ZOO.	14
	15
The vowel /e/ as in DRESS.	15
Exercise 5. /e/	15
	15
Syllabification.	15
Happy-tensing.	16
♠ Exercise 7. Syllabification	16
The vowel /æ/ as in TRAP.	16
Exercise 8. /æ/	17
\bigcirc Exercise 9. $/e/-/æ/$	17

♠ Exercise 10. /t/ - /d/	17
Exercise B1. /t/ - /st/	17
■ The consonant /ʃ/ as in SHE.	18
\(\) Exercise 11. / \ /	18
The consonant /p/ as in PEA.	18
Sercise 12./p/	18
Exercise B2. /p/ - /sp/	19
The consonant /b/ as in BEE.	19
Exercise 13. /b/	19
	19
A Exercise 15. /iː/ - /ɪ/ - /e/ - /æ/	20
Exercise B3. /i:/ − /ɪ/ − /e/ − /æ/	20
The consonant /m/ as in ME.	20
Rercise 16./m/	21
\(\) Exercise 17. /s/ - / \ /	21
	21
🎧 Exercise 19. Two-syllable words	21
🎧 Exercise 20. Sonorant length	22
Intonation: The Low Fall.	22
🎧 Exercise 20A. The Low Fall.	22
The vowel /aː/ as in START, BATH or PALM.	23
A Exercise 21. /aː/	23
A Exercise B4. /iː/ - /ɪ/ - /e/ - /æ/ - /ɑː/	23
The vowel /p/ as in LOT or CLOTH.	23
A Exercise 22. /p/	24
Ω Exercise B5. $/\alpha$: $/ - / p/$	24
The vowel /əː/ as in NORTH or FORCE.	24

Exercise 23. /əː/	24
Ω Exercise B6. /οː/ – /υ/	25
🞧 Exercise B7. [ɔ̄ː] - [ɒ̄] - [ɔ̆ː] - [ɒ̆]	25
The consonant /k/ as in KEY.	25
Exercise 24. /k/	25
Exercise B8. /k/ - /sk/	26
The consonant /g/ as in GEESE.	26
Exercise 25. /g/	26
	26
Ω Exercise B9. $/\alpha$ / – $/\alpha$:/	27
Exercise 27. $ax/ - b/ - ax/ \cdot p/ \cdot t/ \cdot k/ - b/ \cdot d/ \cdot g/$	27
Exercise 28. /α:/ − /ν/ − /ν:/	27
Intonation: The Low Rise.	27
Carroise 28A. The Low Rise.	28
The consonant /f/ as in FEEL.	29
Sexercise 29. /f/	29
The consonant /v/ as in VAST.	29
Sercise 30. /v/	29
	30
Loss of plosion.	30
\(\text{Exercise 32. /pt/, /bd/, /kt/, /gd/} \)	30
📖 Syllabic sonorants. Lateral and nasal plosion.	30
@ Exercise 33. /tl/, /dl/, /kl/, /tn/, /dn/	31
🎧 Exercise B10. Nasal release	31
🎧 Exercise B11. Lateral release	32
Approximant devoicing.	32
🗣 Exercise B12. [l] – [kl̪]	33

🗣 Exercise B13. [l] – [pl]	33
🗣 Exercise B14. [l] – [pl̞] – [spl]	33
The consonant /h/ as in HOT.	33
Sexercise 34. /h/	34
Intonation: The High Fall.	34
Exercise 34A.	34
The vowel $/\Lambda$ as in STRUT.	35
Ω Exercise 35. /Λ/	35
Ω Exercise 36. /Λ/ – /α:/	36
	36
Ω Exercise 37. /Λ/ – /v/	36
\bigcap Exercise 38. $/\Lambda/-/æ/$	36
\bigcap Exercise B16. $/\alpha$: $/-/\Lambda/-/\delta$: $/-/\mathfrak{v}/$	37
• Exercise B17. $/i! / - /i / - /e / - /æ / - /a! / - /h / - /o! /$	37
The consonant $/\theta/$ as in THIN.	38
Ω Exercise 39. θ	38
The consonant /ð/ as in THE.	38
A Exercise 40. /ð/	39
\bigcap Exercise 41. $/\theta/-/s/$, $/\delta/-/z/$	39
Ω Exercise 42. $f/ - \theta/ - s/$	39
The vowel /uː/ as in GOOSE.	39
Sercise 43. /uː/	40
Language The vowel /υ/ as in FOOT.	40
Ω Exercise 44. /υ/	40
Exercise 45. [ūː] − [ŭː], [ʊ̄] − [ŏ̄]	40
⋒ Exercise B18. [ūː] – [ʊ̄] – [ŭː] – [ʊັ]	41
Ω Exercise 46. $ux/ - vy/$	41

Exercise B19. /uː/ − /υ/	41
The consonant /j/ as in YES.	41
Carroise 47. /j/	42
🐤 Exercise B20. [j] – [ç]	42
The vowel /3:/ as in NURSE.	42
Exercise 48. /3:/	43
♠ Exercise 49. [3ː] - [šː]	43
○ Exercise B21. /ɔː/ - /ɒ/ - /ɜː/	43
Ω Exercise B22. /3:/ - /Λ/	44
Ω Exercise B23. /3:/ - /Λ/	44
Ω Exercise B24. $II - IeI -$	44
Ω Exercise B25. /iː/ - /ɑː/ - /oː/ - /uː/ - /ɜː/	45
The vowel /ə/ as in lettER or commA.	45
Exercise 50. /ə/	46
⋒ Exercise B26. /V:ə/ – /Və/	46
Exercise B27. /ı/ – /ə/	47
⋒ Exercise B28. /V:ə/ – /Və/	48
Carroise 49A.	50
The consonant /r/ as in READ.	51
Exercise 51. /r/	51
🗣 Exercise B29. Linking /r/	51
Exercise B30. /3:r/	52
Ω Exercise 52. /br/, /pr/, /dr/, /tr/, /gr/, /kr/, /fr/, /θr/	52
The consonant /3/ as in VISION.	52
Exercise 53./3/	52
P Exercise B31. /∫/ - /ʒ/	53
\mathbb{Z} The consonant $f()$ as in CHEESE.	53

Rercise 54. /tʃ/	53
The consonant $/\widehat{d_3}/$ as in JIM.	53
$\widehat{\mathbf{Q}}$ Exercise 55. $/\widehat{\mathbf{d}_3}/$	54
○ Exercise 56. /ʃ/ - /t͡ʃ/	54
\bigcap Exercise 57. $/t/ - /t \int/$	54
🛼 Exercise B32. /tʃ/ - /tr/	54
♀ Exercise B33. /d͡ʒ/ - /dr/	55
The vowel /aɪ/ as in PRICE.	55
Sercise 58. /aɪ/	55
A Exercise 58A.	56
Ω Exercise 59. $/\alpha$: $/-/\Lambda/-/a$ I/	56
🌉 The vowel /aʊ/ as in MOUTH.	56
Ω Exercise 60. /aʊ/	57
🛼 Exercise B34. /aʊ/	57
🗣 Exercise B35. /aʊ/	57
Ω Exercise B36. $/\alpha$ / - $/\alpha$ I/ - $/\alpha$ U/ - $/\alpha$ I/	57
The vowel /19/ as in NEAR.	58
Sercise 61. /[ə/	58
Ω Exercise 62. /i:/ - / <u>ι</u> ə/	58
Exercise B37. /iː/ - / <u>ɪə</u> /	58
Exercise B38. /iː/ - / <u>ɪə</u> /	59
🞧 Exercise B39. /jər/ - /ır/	59
The vowel /eə/ as in SQUARE.	59
$\mathbf{\Omega}$ Exercise 64. $/e/ - /e_{\theta}/ - /æ/$	60
Ω Exercise B40. /e _θ / - /3:/ - /α:/	60
Ω Exercise B41. $/e/ - /eθ/ - /3:/ - /Λ/$	60
The consonant /ŋ/ as in SING.	60

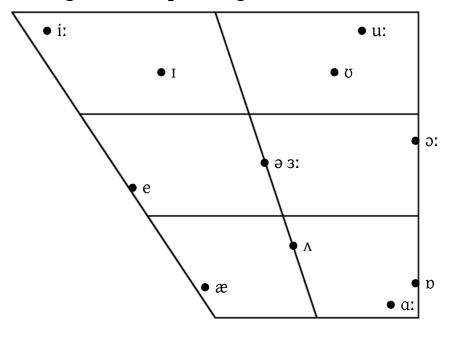
Ω Exercise 65. /ŋ/	61
⋒ Exercise 66. /ŋ/ - /n/	61
Sercise 67./ɪŋ/	61
Sercise 68./ŋg/,/ŋ/	61
🗣 Exercise B42. /ກູ.ɪt/	62
🗣 Exercise B43. /ŋɪŋ/ - /nɪŋ/	62
🎧 Exercise B44. /ŋiː/ – /niː/	62
The consonant /w/ as in WE.	62
Sercise 69. /w/	63
Carroise 70. /tw/, /kw/, /sw/	63
	63
🌉 The vowel /ʊə/ as in CURE.	64
ົດ Exercise 72. /ບອ/	64
ີດ Exercise B45. / ເອ / - / ບອ /	64
The vowel /eɪ/ as in FACE.	65
Sercise 73. /eɪ/	65
Exercise B46. /e/ - /eɪ/	65
• Exercise B47. /e/ - /eə/ - /eɪ/	66
🌉 The vowel /ठा/ as in CHOICE.	66
ົດ Exercise 74. /ວາ/	66
ົດ Exercise 75. /ວː/ − /ຫ/ − /ວɪ/	66
ົດ Exercise B48. /aɪ/ − /eɪ/ − /ວɪ/	67
🌉 The vowel /ອູບ/ as in GOAT.	67
ົດ Exercise 76. /ອັບ/	67
ີດ Exercise 77. /ɜː/, /ວː/, /ວɪ/ - /əʊ/	68
Ω Exercise B49. /aυ/ - /əυ/	68
Ω Exercise 78. /Λ/ − /p/ − /ɔː/ − /əʊ/	68

Exercise B50. $II - Ia / a / a / a / a / a / a / a / a / a $	68
ົດ Exercise 79. /iː/ − /ɜː/ − /ອʊ/, /ɔː/	69
- Exercise B51. /aυ/ - /əυ/ - /uː/	69
🗣 Exercise B52. /iː/ - /eɪ/ - /aɪ/ - /ວɪ/	69
🗣 Exercise B53. /aɪ/ - /eɪ/ - /ວɪ/ - /aʊ/ - /əʊ/	70
Exercise B54. /p/ - /b/ - /t/ - /d/ - /k/ - /g/	70
Exercise B55. $/f/ - /\theta/ - /s/ - /J/$	70
P Exercise B56. /v/ − /ð/ − /z/	71
• Exercise B57. $/s/ - /z/ - /5/ - /3/$	71
Q Exercise B58. /tʃ/ - /tr/ - /d͡ʒ/ - /dr/	71
Exercise B59. /w/ - /l/ - /r/ - /j/ - /h/	72
Q Exercise B60. /m/ - /n/ - /ŋ/	72
\blacksquare Exercise Ω . Stressed vowels	73

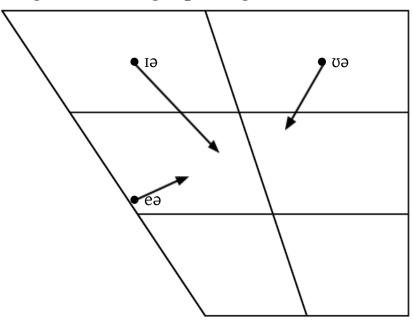
English consonants.

	Bilabia	.1	Labio	dental	Dei	ntal	Alve	olar	Postal	veolar	Patalal	Velar	Glottal
Plosive	p b)					t	d				k g	
Affricate									t∫	dz			
Nasal	n	1						n				ŋ	
Fricative			f	V	θ	ð	S	Z	S	3			h
Approximant	(w	v)								r	j	W	
Lateral approximant								1					

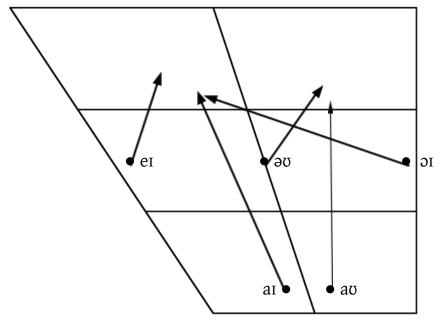
English monophthongs.



English centring dipthongs.



English rising dipthongs.



\square The vowel /1/ as in KIT.

Watch on YouTube

See /1/ on the vowel chart.

/ı/ is a vowel, a monophthong, near-front, near-close, unrounded, lax, checked.

IPA SIL encoding: i=. X-SAMPA encoding: I.

The consonant /t/ as in TIN.

Watch on YouTube

See /t/ on the consonant chart.

/t/ is a consonant, apical-alveolar, plosive, voiceless, fortis. It is an obstruent.

English voiceless consonants are fortis. This means they are pronounced with much more energy than their voiced counterparts. For plosives, this also means that they are aspirated at the beginning of a syllable: $[t^h]$.

\square The consonant d as in DID.

Watch on YouTube

See /d/ on the consonant chart.

/d/ is a consonant, apical-alveolar, plosive, voiced, lenis /ˈliːnɪs/. It is an obstruent.

English voiced consonants are lenis. This means they are pronounced with much less energy than their voiceless counterparts and are frequently devoiced (partially or fully) when not surrounded by vowels or sonorants.

\square The consonant /n/as in NIT.

Watch on YouTube

See /n/ on the consonant chart.

/n/ is a consonant, apical-alveolar, a nasal stop. It is a sonorant.

\square The consonant l as in LID.

Watch on YouTube

See /l/ on the consonant chart.

/l/ is a consonant, apical-alveolar, a lateral approximant. It is a sonorant.

Positional vowel length.

When a vowel or a sonorant is followed by a fortis consonant, it becomes noticeably shorter. This is also known as *pre-fortis clipping*. In phonetic transcription, we will mark long allophones with a *macron* $[\bar{1}]$ and short (clipped) allophones with a *breve* $[\check{1}]$.

IPA SIL encoding: **@2**, ***. X-SAMPA encoding: **_M**, **_X**.

Ω Exercise 1. 1/1, 1/1, 1/1, 1/1, 1/1, 1/1, 1/1

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

lıd	lid	tıl	till
dıd	did	nıl	nil
tın	tin	līt	lit
dın	din	lıd – lıt	lid - lit

The vowel /iː/ as in FLEECE.

Watch on YouTube

See /iː/ on the vowel chart.

/i:/ is a vowel, a monophthong, front, close, unrounded, tense, free.

/iː/ is slightly diphthongoidal in nature. In phonetic transcription it may be more accurately described as [1i].

Exercise 2. /iː/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

ti:	tea	ni:d	need
di:	D	li:d	lead (v.)
ni:	knee	niːl	kneel
li:	lea	diːl	deal
ti:n	teen	ni:d – ni:t	need – neat
di:n	dean	ni:d – ni:t – nit	need – neat – knit

○ Exercise 3. /1/ - /iː/

Listen on Google Drive

tın – ti:n	tin - teen	dıl – di:l	dill – deal
lın – li:n	Lynn – lean	lıd – lıt	lid - lit
dıd – di:d	did - deed	li:d – lɪd – lɪt	lead – lid – lit
nıl – ni:l	nil – kneel		

The consonant /s/ as in SEA.

Watch on YouTube

See /s/ on the consonant chart.

/s/ is a consonant, apical-alveolar, fricative, voiceless, fortis. It is an obstruent. If a fortis plosive consonant follows /s/ at the beginning of a syllable, it loses its aspiration: till [t^h Il], but still [stil].

- The consonant /z/ as in ZOO.
- Watch on YouTube

See /z/ on the consonant chart.

/z/ is a consonant, apical-alveolar, fricative, voiced, lenis. It is an obstruent.

○ Exercise 4. /s/ - /z/

Listen on Google Drive

siː	sea	si:t	seat
siːl	seal	sıt	sit
zi:l	zeal	ni:z – ni:s	knees – niece
siːd	Seed		

The vowel /e/ as in DRESS.

■ Watch on YouTube

See /e/ on the vowel chart.

/e/ is a vowel, a monophthong, front, mid, unrounded, lax, checked. *Alternate symbol:* $/\varepsilon$ /.

Exercise 5. /e/

Listen on Google Drive

ted	Ted	tenz	tens
ded	dead	tens	tense
led	led	end	end
sed	said	sed – set	said – set
zed	Z	sed – set led – let	led – let
en	N	ded – det	dead – debt
ten	ten	sez – sens	says – sense

○ Exercise 6. /1/ - /e/

Listen on Google Drive

dıd – ded	did – dead	sins – sens	since - sense
lıd – led	lid – led	tıl – tel	till - tell
tın – ten	tin - ten	lıt – let	lit – let

Syllabification.

All English vowels fall into two groups – free and checked. Only the former can be found in open stressed syllables (i.e. syllables that end with a vowel). As such, if

there is a two-syllable word containing a checked vowel in its stressed syllable, then this syllable must be closed (i.e. end with a consonant). The word *easy* will therefore be syllabified as ['i:.zi], the word *city* – as ['sɪt.i].

Word stress is marked by placing a vertical stroke before the start of the stressed syllable: ['sɪtɪ].

IPA SIL encoding: \}. X-SAMPA encoding: \".

Happy-tensing.

The vowel at the end of words like *happy* or *easy* used to be shown in dictionaries as /i/, but recent changes in British pronunciation have led to this vowel being more similar to /i:/. Here, the symbol $\langle i \rangle$ is chosen to represent it. However, in a purely phonemic transcription one should represent it as /i:/: *easy* /'i:zi:/.

? Exercise 7. Syllabification

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

'iːzi	easy	'lınıt	linnet
'niːdi	needy	'nıtıd	knitted
'siːdi	seedy	'eni	any
'dıti	ditty	'nedi	Neddy
'lɪli	Lily	'tedi	Teddy
'sısi	sissy	' b esi	Bessy
' b ızi	busy	'nesi	Nessy

\square The vowel $/\alpha$ as in TRAP.

Watch on YouTube

See /æ/ on the vowel chart.

/æ/ is a vowel, a monophthong, front, open, unrounded, lax, checked.

Alternate symbol: /a/.

IPA SIL encoding: a<. X-SAMPA encoding: {.

Sercise 8. /æ/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

dæd	Dad	æd – æt	add - at
læd	lad	æz – æs	as – ass
sæd	sad	lædz	lads
lænd	land	dædz	Dad's
stænd	stand	stændz	stands
æt	at	lændz	lands
sæt	sat	'sændi	sandy
læs	lass	'dædi	Daddy
sæd – sæt	sad – sat	'lætın	Latin

№ Exercise 9. /e/ - /æ/

Listen on Google Drive

sed – sæd	said – sad	lend – lænd	lend – land
ded – dæd	dead – Dad	lendz – lændz	lends – lands
led – læd	led – lad	send – sænd	send – sand
ten – tæn	ten – tan	sendz – sændz	sends – sands
end – ænd	end – and	set – sæt	set - sat

• Exercise 10. /t/ - /d/

Listen on Google Drive

tiːn – diːn	teen – dean	ten – dæn	ten – Dan
tın – dın	tin – din	ded – det	dead – debt
ten – den	ten – den	dæd – sæt	Dad – sat

🗣 Exercise B1. /t/ - /st/

ted – sted	Ted – stead	tæn – stæn	tan – Stan
ti:n – sti:n	teen – Steen	tæ∫ – stæ∫	Tash – stash
tiːl – stiːl	teal – steal	tıl – stıl	till - still
tæb - stæb	tab – stab	'tedi – 'stedi	Teddy – steady

\square The consonant / S / as in SHE.

Watch on YouTube

See /ʃ/ on the consonant chart.

/ʃ/ is a consonant, postalveolar (palato-alveolar), fricative, voiceless, fortis. It is an obstruent.

Sexercise 11./ʃ/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

∫iː	she	næ∫	Nash
∫iːt	sheet	æ∫	ash
∫ed	shed	'dıʃız	dishes
∫el	shell	'dæʃɪz	dashes
dı∫	dish	'næ∫ız	Nash's
sæ∫	sash	'æ∫ız	ashes
læ∫	lash	'læ∫ız	lashes
dæ∫	dash		

The consonant /p/ as in PEA.

Watch on YouTube

See /p/ on the consonant chart.

/p/ is a consonant, bilabial, plosive, voiceless, fortis. It is an obstruent.

Sexercise 12./p/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

pi:	pea	pænz	pans
piːz	peas	pet	pet
pın	pin	pæt	pat
pen	pen	pi:p - tip	peep - tip
pæn	pan	di:p - dıp	deep – dip
pınz	pins	li:p – līp	leap – lip
penz	pens	pi:p - tıp di:p - dıp li:p - lıp ʃi:p - ʃɪp	sheep - ship

🗣 Exercise B2. /p/ - /sp/

pæn – spæn	pan – span	pıt – spıt	pit – spit
pæt – spæt	pat – spat	pın – spin	pin - spin
pelt – spelt	pelt – spelt	pıl – spıl	pill – spill
pend – spend	pend – spend	'pıni – 'spıni	pinny – spinney
pent – spent	pent – spent		

The consonant /b/ as in BEE.

Watch on YouTube

See /b/ on the consonant chart.

/b/ is a consonant, bilabial, plosive, voiced, lenis. It is an obstruent.

Sercise 13./b/

Listen on Google Drive

bi:	bee	bæd	bad
biːd	bead	bæd nīb	nib
biːn	been	eb	ebb
ben	Ben	læb nībz	lab
bel	bell	nıbz	nibs
bed	bed	ebz	ebbs
bet	bet	læbz	labs

• Exercise 14. /p/ - /b/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

pi: - bi:	pea – bee	pæn – bæn	pan – ban
pi:z - bi:z	peas – bees	tıp – nıb	tip – nib
pın – bın	pin – bin	læp – læb	lap – lab
pıt – bıt	pit - bit	tīps – nībz	tips – nibs
pet – bet	pet – bet	læps – læbz	laps – labs
pen – ben	pen – Ben		

Ω Exercise 15. /i:/ - /I/ - /e/ - /æ/

Listen on Google Drive

di:d - dɪd - ded - dæd	deed - did - dead - dad
bi:d – bid – bed – bæd	bead – bid – bed – bad
bi:n – bɪn – ben – bæn	been – bin – Ben – ban
ti:n – tɪn – ten – tæn	teen – tin – ten – tan
bi:t - bit - bet - bæt	beat – bit – bet – bat
pi:t - pit - pet - pæt	peat - pit - pet - pat
siːt – sɪt – set – sæt	seat – sit – set – sat

\bigcap Exercise B3. /i: / - /i / - /e / - /æ /

🔽 Listen on Google Drive

i:t - It - et - æt	eat – it – ate – at
i:l-Il-el-æl	eel – ill – L – Al
li:d – lɪd – led – læd	lead – lid – led – lad
si:t - sit - set - sæt	seat – sit – set – sat
bi:t - bit - bet - bæt	beat – bit – bet – bat
si:d – sıd – sed – sæd	seed – Sid – said – sad
bi:d – bid – bed – bæd	bead - bid - bed - bad
di:n – dɪn – den – dæn	dean – din – den – Dan
bi:n – bɪn – ben – bæn	bean – bin – Ben – ban
li:s - līsp - les - læs	lease – lisp – less – lass

The consonant /m/ as in ME.

Watch on YouTube

See /m/ on the consonant chart.

/m/ is a consonant, bilabial, a nasal stop. It is a sonorant.

Sexercise 16./m/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

miː	me	di:m	deem
mi:l	meal	siːm	seem
miːt	meet	dım	dim
mıd	mid	temz	Thames!
mes	mess	sæm	Sam
me∫	mesh	læm	lamb
mæs	mass	læmz	lambs

? Exercise 17. /s/ − /ʃ/

Listen on Google Drive

siː – ∫iː	see - she	sın – ∫ın	sin – shin
siːt – ∫iːt	seat – sheet	selz – ∫elz	sells - shells
sıp –∫ıp	sip - ship	mes – me∫	mess - mesh

• Exercise 18. /s/ - /z/

Listen on Google Drive

piːs – piːz	peace - peas	sed – zed	said – Z
siːl – ziːl	seal – zeal	æs – æz	ass - as
sip – zip	sip – zip		

Two-syllable words

Listen on Google Drive

'sıti	city	'eni	any
'bızi	busy	'meni	many
'pıti	pity	'tedi	Teddy
'sɪli	silly	'mæsız	masses
'lɪli	Lily	'æ∫ız	ashes
'mınıt	minute	ˈlæʃɪz	lashes
'lının	linen	'dædi	Daddy
'dıʃız	dishes		

Exercise 20. Sonorant length

Listen on Google Drive

ın – ınz	inn - inns	læmz – læmps	lambs – lamps
bın – bınz	bin - bins	bıld – bılt	build - built
pın – pınz	pin - pins	spīld – spīlt	spilled – spilt
ten – tenz	ten - tens	smeld – smelt	smelled – smelt
tel – telz	tell – tells	send – sent	send – sent
sınz – sıns	sins - since	lend – lent	lend – lent
tenz – tens	tens - tense	tend – tent	tend – tent
penz – pens	pens - pence		

Intonation: The Low Fall.

When the Low Fall intonation is used, the voice falls from a medium to a very low pitch. It is often used in *statements* to make them sound definite and complete.

Exercise 20A. The Low Fall.

```
('wpt iz jo: neim ||)
                                             ('What is your name? ||)
                                             Pete. ||
pirt |
bil |
                                             Bill. |
ted |
                                             Ted. ||
pæt ||
                                             ,Pat. ||
sæm ∥
                                             Sam. ||
                                             ('What is your name? ||)
('wpt iz jo: neim ||)
\bɪli ||
                                             Billy. |
                                             Teddy. ||
tedi ∥
sæmi ∥
                                             Sammy. ||
lızi ∥
                                             Lizzy. ||
_debi ∥
                                             Debbie. ||
```

\square The vowel α : as in START, BATH or PALM.

Watch on YouTube

See /a:/ on the vowel chart.

/aː/ is a vowel, a monophthong, back, open, unrounded, tense, free.

IPA SIL encoding: **a=:**. *X-SAMPA encoding:* **A:**.

Sexercise 21. /aː/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

par	par	laːd	lard
baː	bar	paːst	past
ta:	tar	la:st	last
baːn	barn	'pa:ti	party
paːt	part	'da:bi	Derby!

Ω Exercise B4. $i \cdot (-1) - e - \infty - \alpha$

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

li:d – lid – led – læd – la:d lead – lid – led – lad – lard bi:n – bin – bæn – ba:n bean – bin – Ben – barn

'bi:di – 'piti – 'peti – 'pæti – 'pa:ti beady – pity – petty – patty – party

\square The vowel /p/ as in LOT or CLOTH.

Watch on YouTube

See /p/ on the vowel chart.

/p/ is a vowel, a monophthong, back, open, rounded, lax, checked.

IPA SIL encoding: **o=**. X-SAMPA encoding: **Q**.

Sexercise 22./p/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

ppt	pot	spd	sod
∫ɒt	shot	'bɒdi	body
lpt	lot	'bɒbi	Bobby
npt	not	'tɒmi	Tommy
dad	Bob	'pɒti	potty
dpt	dot	'iqqq'	рорру
sport	snot		

Ω Exercise B5. /α:/ - /υ/

Listen on Google Drive

pa:t - ppt	part – pot	∫a:p – ∫pp	sharp – shop
da:t - dpt	dart – dot	ba:m – bpm	balm – bomb
la:st – løst	last – lost	na:d – npd	knarred – nod
da:n – dɒn	darn – don	'paːti – 'pɒti	party – potty
ba:n – bpn	barn – Bonn	'paːtɪd - 'pɒtɪd	parted – potted

The vowel /oː/ as in NORTH or FORCE.

■ Watch on YouTube

See /ɔː/ on the vowel chart.

/ɔ:/ is a vowel, a monophthong, back, mid, rounded, tense, free.

IPA SIL encoding: **o<**. X-SAMPA encoding: **0**.

Exercise 23./əː/

Listen on Google Drive

po:t	port	sort	sort
sno:t	snort	də:	door
lə:d	lord	'nəːti	naughty
də:n	dawn	'stəːmi	stormy
SOI	saw	'təːni	tawny
sto:	store		

(a) Exercise B6. /oː/ - /p/

Listen on Google Drive

ozz – pz	oars – Oz	po:nd - pond	pawned – pond
ba – bic	awed – odd	∫ə:n – ∫ɒn	Sean – shone
po:l – pol	Paul – Poll	∫o:t – ∫ot	short – shot
sə:d – spd	sword – sod	'spo:ti – 'spɒti	sporty – spotty

\bigcap Exercise B7. $\left[\bar{\mathfrak{o}}\right] - \left[\bar{\mathfrak{o}}\right] - \left[\check{\mathfrak{o}}\right] - \left[\check{\mathfrak{o}}\right]$

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

```
o:d - pd - o:t - pptawed - odd - ought - optpo:d - ppd - po:t - pptpoured - pod - port - potso:d - spd - so:t - spftsawed - sod - sought - softfo:d - ppd - po:t - pptsawed - sod - sought - softfo:d - ppd - po:t - pptshored - shod - short - shotfo:d - ppd - po:t - pptshored - shod - short - shotfo:d - ppd - pptgnawed - nod - naught - knot
```

The consonant /k/ as in KEY.

Watch on YouTube

See /k/ on the consonant chart.

/k/ is a consonant, velar, plosive, voiceless, fortis. It is an obstruent.

Resercise 24. /k/

Listen on Google Drive

ki:z	keys	piːk sɪk	peak
kık	kick	sık	sick
kent	Kent	nek	neck
kæt	cat	bæk	back
ka:m	calm	daːk	dark
kə:d	cord	kəːk	cork
kpd	cod	spk	sock

Exercise B8. /k/ - /sk/

ki:z – ski:z	keys – skis	kɒn – skɒn	con – scone [!]
kıl – skıl	kill – skill	kpt – skpt	cot – Scott
kæb – skæb	cab - scab	kə: - skə:	core – score
kæt – skæt	cat – scat	kəin – skəin	corn – scorn
ka: – ska:	car – scar		campy – scampy
ka:p - ska:p	carp – scarp	'kæti – 'skæti	catty – scatty

The consonant /g/ as in GEESE.

Watch on YouTube

See /g/ on the consonant chart.

/g/ is a consonant, velar, plosive, voiced, lenis. It is an obstruent.

Alternate symbol: /g/.

IPA SIL encoding: g<. X-SAMPA encoding: g.

Sexercise 25./g/

Listen on Google Drive

giːs	geese	liːg	league
gıld	gild	bıg	big
get	get	leg	leg
gæmp	gamp	bæg	bag
gaːdz	guards	dpg	dog
gəːz	gauze	'gɪdi	giddy
gpd	God	'gɪni	guinea

\(\text{\text{}}\) Exercise 26. /g/ - /k/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

ga:d – ka:d	guard – card	pıg – pık	pig – pick
gæp – kæp	дар – сар	bæg – bæk	bag – back
gpd – kpd	God – cod	læg – læk	lag – lack

Ω Exercise B9. $/\alpha$ / – $/\alpha$:/

Listen on Google Drive

bæn – ba:n	ban – barn	'pæti – 'paːti	patty – party
pæk – pa:k	pack - park	'gælık – 'ga:lık	Gallic – garlic
bæk - ba:k	back - bark	'pætıd – 'pa:tıd	patted – parted
ænt – a:nt	ant – aren't		

Exercise 27. $(\alpha x/ - / b) / - (a x/ - / b) / (b / b)$

Listen on Google Drive

ga:b - ka:p	garb - carp	dɒg – dɒk	dog – dock
ka:d – ka:t	card – cart	gpd – gpt	God – got
baːd – paːt	bard – part	kəːd – kəːt	cord – court
qam – dam	тов - тор	sord – sort	sword – sought
pod – pot	pod – pot		

\bigcap Exercise 28. $/\alpha$: $/ - /\nu$ $/ - /\nu$:

Listen on Google Drive

pa:t - po:t - pot	part - port - pot
ka:t – ko:t – kot	cart – caught – cot
sta:k – sto:k – stok	stark – stork – stock
ka:d – kɔ:d – kɒd	card – cord – cod
sma:t - spo:t- spot	smart – sport – spot
la:st – lɒst	last – lost
ba:ks – bpks	barks – box
ka:p - kpp	carp – cop

Intonation: The Low Rise.

When the Low Rise intonation is used, the voice rises from a low to a medium pitch. It is often used in statements to indicate they are incomplete. It is also used in *general* (yes-no) questions.

Texercise 28A. The Low Rise. (wptav ju: gpt ||) ('What've you got? ||) pinz Pins, | penz | pens, | pænz pans, | ppts | pots. ('wptəv juz gpt ||) ('What've you got? ||) Geese, girs pigz pigs, | kæts | _cats, | |dpgz| _dogs | læmz || lambs. || ('wpt wpz it laik ||) ('What was it like? ||) _siː | Sea, | sænd sand, | paimz palms, | pælz || pals. | ('wpt dəsi: lok laik ||) ('What does she look like? ||) slim | Slim, | blond blonde, | nixt | neat. || ('wpt dəz hi: lok laık ||) ('What does he look like? ||) big | Big, | to:1 tall, [da:k || dark. || ('wpt wil ju: du: ||) ('What will you do? ||) sli:p Sleep, | i:t| eat, [tə:k talk, [.la:f|| laugh. || ('wpt did ju: du: ||) ('What did you do? ||)

```
      _slept |
      _Slept, |

      _et¹ |
      _ate, |

      _to:kt |
      _talked, |

      _la:ft ||
      _laughed. ||

      ¹Note: the speaker says /eɪt/
```

The consonant /f/ as in FEEL.

Watch on YouTube

See /f/ on the consonant chart.

/f/ is a consonant, labio-dental, fricative, voiceless, fortis. It is an obstruent.

Exercise 29. /f/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

fi:l	feel	'fıftı	fifty
fīl	fill	'fıftı bi:f	fifty beef
fed	fed	ıf stıf def left ka:f	if
fæn	fan	stɪf	stiff deaf
fæt	fat	def	deaf
fa:st	fast forty	left	left
'fəːtɪ	forty	ka:f	calf

The consonant /v/ as in VAST.

Watch on YouTube

See /v/ on the consonant chart.

/v/ is a consonant, labio-dental, fricative, voiced, lenis. It is an obstruent.

Exercise 30. /v/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

viːl	veal	li:v	leave
vest	vest	gıv	give
væn	van	SIV	sieve!
va:st	vast	'vıvıd	vivid
vaːz	vase	'velvit	velvet

Ω Exercise 31. v/-f/

Listen on Google Drive

viːl – fiːl	veal – feel	gıv – klıf	give – cliff
væt – fæt	vat – fat	ka:v – ka:f	carve – calf
va:st - fa:st	vast – fast	sta:v - sta:f	starve – staff
li:v – li:f	leave – leaf		

Loss of plosion.

When a plosive is followed by another plosive, it often loses its plosion (the release of the stop). The consonant is then said to have *no audible release*. In phonetic transcription, it may be marked as follows: *apt* [æp¬t].

IPA SIL encoding:]]]. X-SAMPA encoding: _}.

• Exercise 32. /pt/, /bd/, /kt/, /gd/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

æpt	apt	fækt	fact
kept	kept	pıkt	picked
tıpt	tipped	aːskt	asked
spbd	sobbed	begd	begged
ebd	ebbed	lægd	lagged
ækt	act		

Note: the speaker does not display loss of plosion in this exercise.

Syllabic sonorants. Lateral and nasal plosion.

The *nucleus* (the centre) of the syllable is not necessarily a vowel. If the syllable is unstressed, the sonorants /l/ and /n/ may take that role. If the preceding consonant is /t/ or /d/, then the tip of the tongue does not lose contact with the alveolar ridge between the plosive and the sonorant, resulting in *lateral* or *nasal plosion* respectively. In phonetic transcription, syllabic consonants are marked with a vertical stroke below: *kitten* ['kɪtn̩].

IPA SIL encoding: \$. *X-SAMPA encoding:* =.

@ Exercise 33. /tl/, /dl/, /kl/, /tn/, /dn/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

'lıtl	little	'gaːdn¹	garden
'setl	settle	'lesn	lesson
'mɪdl	middle	'ıznt	isn't
'metl	metal	'dıdnt	didn't
'kætl	cattle	'mɪtnz	mittens
'pıklz	pickles	'kıtnz	kittens
'mɪtn¹	mitten	'pætnz¹	patterns
'kıtn¹	kitten	'ga:dnz¹	gardens

¹Note: the speaker does not use syllabic sonorants in these words.

🎧 Exercise B10. Nasal release

Listen on Google Drive

'iːtn	eaten	'glædn	gladden
'bi:tn	beaten	gaːˈskædn	Garscadden
saːˈpiːdn	Sarpedon	'gaːtn	Garton
ım'pi:dns	impedance	'sma:tn	smarten
'mɪtn	mitten	'pa:dn	pardon
'kıtn	kitten	'va:dn	Varden
'sıdnz	Siddons	'ʃɒtn	Shotton
'lıdn	Liddon	'tɒtn	Totton
'ketn	Ketton	'kɒtn	cotton
tı'betn	Tibetan	'mɒdn	modern
'dedn	deaden	'nɔːtn	Norton
'ledn	leaden	ım'pə:tns	importance
'stætn	Staten	ˈɔːdn	Auden
'fætn	fatten	dıs'kə:dns	discordance

♠ Exercise B11. Lateral release				
Listen on Google	Listen on Google Drive			
'biːtl	beetle	si'ætl	Seattle	
ˈfiːtl	fetal	'pædl	paddle	
'ni:dl	needle	skı'dædl	skedaddle	
'pi:dl	pedal (adj.)	'ba:tl	Bartle	
bı'lıtl	belittle	'staːtl	startle	
'vıtl	victual [!]	'bɒtl	bottle	
'fɪdl	fiddle	'glɒtl	glottal	
'tɪdlz	Tiddles	'tɒdl	toddle	
'netl	nettle	'mɒdl	model	
'∫tetl	shtetl	'mɔːtl	mortal	
'medl	medal	'po:tl	portal	
'pedl	pedal (n.)	'kə:dl	chordal	
'bætlz	battles	'də:dl	dawdle	

Approximant devoicing.

If a fortis plosive (i.e. an aspirated one) is followed by an approximant such as /l/, then it may cause that approximant to lose its voicing and become *devoiced*. Fortis fricatives can also cause devoicing, but to a lesser degree. Devoicing is also weaker if the plosive is preceded by /s/. In phonetic transcription, voiceless sonorants are marked with a circle below: *clean* [kli:n].

IPA SIL encoding: %. X-SAMPA encoding: _0.

k Exercise B12. [l] – [kl̥]

li:n - kli:n lean – clean lık - klık lick - click lenz – klenz lens – cleanse læmp - klæmp lamp - clamp lark - clerk! la:k – kla:k lpg – klpg log – clog lə:d - klə:d lord - clawed

'ləːtn – 'kləːtn Laughton - Claughton

🕞 Exercise B13. [l] – [pl̥]

læk – plæk li: - pli: lea - plea lack - plaque lpt – plpt lıp – plıp lip - plip lot - plot 'lıni – 'plıni led - pled led – pled Linnhe - Pliny

📭 Exercise B14. [l] – [pl̥] – [spl]

læt - plæt - splæt lat - plat - splat læs-plæs-splæs lash - plash - splash lpt - plpt - splpt lot - plot - Splott

\square The consonant /h/ as in HOT.

Watch on YouTube

See /h/ on the consonant chart.

/h/ is a consonant, glottal, fricative, voiceless. It is an obstruent.

/h/ cannot occur at the end of a syllable.

Sexercise 34. /h/

🔽 Listen on Google Drive

i: - hi:	E – he	hed	head
iːl – hiːl	eel - heel	hel	hell
ız – hız	is - his	held	held
en – hen	N – hen	haːd	hard
ænd – hænd	and – hand	hə:n	horn
hīs	hiss	hpt	hot
hɪt	hit		

Intonation: The High Fall.

When the High Fall intonation is used, the voice falls from a high to a very low pitch. It is often used in statements to make them sound definite and complete, but not as heavy as with the Low Fall. It is also used in *commands* and *special* (wh-) questions.

Exercise 34A.

('wɒtɪz `ðis)	('What is `this?)		
hız hi:l	His _heel,	hız _ha:t	his _heart,
hız hen	his _hen,	hız _ho:s	his _horse,
hız hænd	his _hand,	hız hɒg	his hog.
hız hæt	his _hat,		
('wɒt ʃəl aɪ ˌduː)	('What shall I do?)		
`fi:d hɪm	`Feed him.	`get ɪt	`Get it.
`si: hɪm	`See him.	`bæn ıt	`Ban it.
`kiːp ɪt	`Keep it.	`paːs ɪt	`Pass it.
`li:v ıt	`Leave it.	`lɒk ɪt	`Lock it.
`siː ɪt	`See it.	`fo:s it	`Force it.
('wɒt dɪd hiː / ʃiː ˌdu	ı:)	('What did he/she do	?)
hi:/ʃiː`ti:zd hɪm		He/She `teased him.	
hi:/ʃi:`tɪpt hɪm		He/She `tipped him.	

hi: / si: 'begd hɪm	He/She`begged him.
hi: / si: `rvbd hɪm	He/She`robbed him.
hi: / si: `a:skt hɪm	He/She`asked him.
hi: / ʃi: `sə: hɪm	He/She`saw him.
hi: / si: `pıkt ıt	He/She`picked it.
hi: / si: `kept ıt	He/She`kept it.
hi: / si: `left ıt	He/She`left it.
hi: / si: `pætɪd ɪt	He/She`patted it.
hi: / ʃi: ˈpætɪd hɪz `hed	He/She 'patted his `head.
hi: / si: 'pætɪd hɪz `hænd	He/She 'patted his `hand.
hi: / si: 'pætɪd hɪz `hə:s	He/She 'patted his `horse.

\square The vowel $/\Lambda/$ as in STRUT.

Watch on YouTube

See $/\Lambda$ on the vowel chart.

 $/\Lambda/$ is a vowel, a monophthong, central (*mixed*), near-open, unrounded, lax, checked.

Alternate symbol: /e/.

IPA SIL encoding: u>. X-SAMPA encoding: V.

Ω Exercise 35. /Λ/

Listen on Google Drive

kлb	cub	dлg – dлk kлd – kлt	dug – duck
gʌn	gun	kлd – kлt	cud - cut
dΛl	dull	'mʌni	money
dлn	done	'hʌni	honey
kлр	сир	'stʌdi	study
kʌt	cut	'dʌsti	dusty
dʌst	dust	ˈstʌfi	stuffy
dΛk	duck	ˈfʌni	funny
кль – клр	cub - cup		

Ω Exercise 36. $/\Lambda$ – $/\alpha$:/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

kлp – ka:p	cup - carp	dnn – da:n	done – darn
bnd – ba:d	bud – bard	lnk – la:k	luck – lark
knd – ka:d	cud – card	hʌm – haːm	hum – harm

🛼 Exercise B15. /αː/ - /ʌ/

'laːki – 'lʌki	larky – lucky	ˈhaːtn – ˈhʌtn	hearten – Hutton
'paːti – 'pʌti	party – putty	'kaːpl – 'kʌpl	carpal – couple
'la:stɪd – 'lʌstɪd	lasted – lusted	'baːbl – 'bʌbl	barbel – bubble
'ka:mli – 'kʌmli	calmly – comely	'ka:sn – 'kлsn	Carson – Cusson

Ω Exercise 37. /Λ/ - /υ/

Listen on Google Drive

knt – kpt	cut – cot	nnt – npt	nut – not
knd – kpd	cud - cod	dʌst – dɒt	dust – dot
pnk – ppk	puck - pock	lnk – løk	luck – lock
stak – stok	stuck – stock	gʌn – gɒn	gun – gone
fʌnd – fɒnd	fund – fond		

\bigcap Exercise 38. $/\Lambda/ - /æ/$

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

kлt – kæt	cut - cat	рлk – pæk	puck – pack
bлd – bæd	bud - bad	stʌk – stæk	stuck – stack
dʌn – dæn	done – Dan	bлk – bæk	buck – back
lʌk – læk	luck – lack	fʌn – fæn	fun – fan
hʌm – hæm	hum – ham		

\bigcap Exercise B16. $/\alpha$: $/ - /\Lambda / - /\sigma$: $/ - /\sigma /$

Listen on Google Drive

ka:d - kad - ko:d - kod

ka:t - kat - ko:t - kot

ba:n - ban - bo:n - bon

ba:m - ban - bo:l - bom

balm - bum - ball - bomb

'ha:li - 'hani - 'ho:ni - 'hotli

hearty - nutty - haughty - hotly

ດີ Exercise B17. /iː/ − /ɪ/ − /e/ − /æ/ − /ɑː/ − /ʌ/ − /ɔː/

🔽 Listen on Google Drive

mi:l - mɪl - mel - mæl meal – mill – Mel – Mall – - ma:l - mлm - mə:l - marl - mum - mall li:d - lid - led - læd lead - lid - lead - lad -- laid - lag - laid - lard - lug - lord ti:n - tɪn - ten - tæn teen – tin – ten – tan – - tain - tan - tain - tarn - ton - torn bi:n - bin - ben - bæn bean – bin – Ben – ban – - baın - ban - bəin - barn - bun - born seed - Sid - said - sad siːd – sɪd – sed – sæd – - said - said - said - Sard - suds - sword bi:d - bid - bed - bæd bead - bid - bed - bad -- baid - baid - baid - bard - bud - board hi:t - hit - et - hæt heat - hit - ate - hat -- hart - hart - ort- heart - hut - ought

\square The consonant $/\theta$ / as in THIN.

Watch on YouTube

See $/\theta$ / on the consonant chart.

 $/\theta/$ is a consonant, apical-dental (or laminal-dental), fricative, voiceless, fortis. It is an obstruent.

IPA SIL encoding: t=. X-SAMPA encoding: T.

If /t/, /d/, /l/ or /n/ are followed by a dental consonant, they will become dental as well: tenth $[t^h e n \theta]$.

IPA SIL encoding: { . X-SAMPA encoding: _d.

Ω Exercise 39. θ

Listen on Google Drive

θ i:f	thief	smιθ	smith
θ ın	thin	deθ	death
θ ık	thick	tenθ	tenth
θο:t	thought	fɔ:θ	forth
θ Λ m	thumb	ρα:θ	path
ti:θ	teeth	klpθ	cloth

\square The consonant $/\delta/$ as in THE.

Watch on YouTube

See /ð/ on the consonant chart.

 $/\eth/$ is a consonant, apical-dental (or laminal-dental), fricative, voiced, lenis. It is an obstruent.

IPA SIL encoding: d=. X-SAMPA encoding: D.

Exercise 40./ð/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

ðir¹	the	siːð	seethe
ðiːz	these	ði:z – θi:m	these – theme
ðis	this	ðıs – 'θısl	this – thistle
ðæt	that		

¹Note: the speaker says /ðə/

Ω Exercise 41. $\theta/-/s/$, $\delta/-/z/$

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

θiːm – siːm	theme - seem	'θımbl – 'sımbl	thimble - symbol
θık – sık	thick - sick	ti:ð - ti:z	teethe – tease
θın – sın	thin – sin	siːð – siːz	seethe – seize
θ Λ m – s Λ m	thumb – some		

Ω Exercise 42. $f/-\theta/-s/$

Listen on Google Drive

$$\begin{array}{lll} fin-\theta in-sin & \textit{Finn-thin-sin} & \textit{mif-mi}\theta-\textit{mis} & \textit{miff-myth-miss} \\ fi:d-\theta i:m-si:m & \textit{feed-theme-seem} & \textit{def-de}\theta-\textit{desk} & \textit{deaf-death-desk} \end{array}$$

The vowel /uː/ as in GOOSE.

Watch on YouTube

See /uː/ on the vowel chart.

/uː/ is a vowel, a monophthong, near-back, close, rounded, tense, free.

In phonetic transcription, /uː/ can be more accurately described as [vu] or [u:], which reflects its fronted and potentially diphthongoidal quality.

Exercise 43. /uː/

Listen on Google Drive

du:	do	lu:z	lose
muːv	move	tu:	too
fuːd	food	muːn	moon
bu:n	boon	buːt	boot
kuː	<i>c</i> 00	guːs	goose
huː	who	huːz	whose

\square The vowel $/\sigma/$ as in FOOT.

Watch on YouTube

See $/\sigma$ on the vowel chart.

/v/ is a vowel, a monophthong, near-back, near-close, rounded, lax, checked. *IPA SIL encoding:* u<. *X-SAMPA encoding:* U.

Sexercise 44. /υ/

Listen on Google Drive

bʊk	book	ſʊk	shook
gvd	good	pot	put
∫vd	should	fot	foot
lʊk	look	bʊ∫	bush
kʊk	cook	hʊk	hook

$\mathbf{\Omega}$ Exercise 45. $[\bar{\mathbf{u}}_1] - [\bar{\mathbf{u}}_1], [\bar{\mathbf{v}}] - [\bar{\mathbf{v}}]$

∫uː – ∫uːt	shoe - shoot	god – pot	good – put
lu:z – lu:s	lose – loose	∫vd – ∫vk	should – shook
fuːd – buːt	food - boot		

⋒ Exercise B18. [ūː] – [ʊ̄] – [ŭː] – [ʊັ]

Listen on Google Drive

 $\int u d - \int u$

Ω Exercise 46. /uː/ – /υ/

Listen on Google Drive

pu:l – pʊl	pool – pull	gu:s – bʊ∫	goose – bush
fuːd – gʊd	food - good	fu:l – fol	fool – full
lu:p – lʊk	loop – look	mu:s – pos	moose – puss

🞧 Exercise B19. /uː/ - /υ/

Listen on Google Drive

'luːsi – 'pʊsi	Lucy – pussy	ˈfuːlɪʃ – ˈbʊlɪʃ	foolish - bullish
ˈsuːʃi – ˈpʊʃi	sushi – pushy	ˈkruːʃl – ˈbʊʃl	crucial – bushel
'guːfi – 'gʊdi	goofy – goody	'huːdɪd – 'hʊdɪd	who did – hooded

The consonant /j/ as in YES.

■ Watch on YouTube

See /j/ on the consonant chart.

/j/ is a consonant, palatal, an approximant. It is a sonorant.

The sequence /hj/ is often pronounced as a voiceless palatal fricative $[\varsigma]$.

Sexercise 47./j/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

jiːld	yield	juː	you
jel	yell	fju:	few
jes	yes	'djuːti	duty
jet	yet	'bjuːti	beauty
jaːd	yard	sju:t	suit
jə:n	yawn	kjuː	queue

🗣 Exercise B20. [j] – [ç]

hjuːn	Huhne	juːl – pjuːl	Yule – pule
'hjuːɪt	Hewett	juːs – pjuːs	use (n.) – puce
'hjuːsn	Hewson	juː – kjuː	yew - queue
'hjuːɪʃ	Huish	juːt – kjuːt	Ute - cute
'hjuːmɪd	humid	juːd – fjuːd	you'd – feud
ju: – hju:	you – hue	juːz – fjuːz	yews – fuse
juːz – hjuːz	use (v.) – hues		

The vowel /3:/ as in NURSE.

Watch on YouTube

See /3:/ on the vowel chart.

/3:/ is a vowel, a monophthong, central (mixed), mid, unrounded, tense, free.

IPA SIL encoding: **e>:**. *X-SAMPA encoding:* **3:**.

Sexercise 48./31/

Listen on Google Drive

θз:d	third	kɜːs	curse
3:θ	earth	lɜːn	learn
kɜːl	curl	'3ːli	early
gɜ:l	girl	'ɜːnɪst	earnest
h3:d	heard	ˈpɜːfɪkt	perfect
рз:1	pearl	ˈpɜːsn	person
ps:q	bird		

Exercise 49. [3x] - [3x]

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

hɜːd – hɜːt	heard – hurt	f3: - f3:z - f3:st	fir - firs - first
bɜːd – ∫ɜːt	bird – shirt	k3: – k3:d – k3:t	cur – curd – curt
tɜːnd – bɜːnt	turned – burnt	bs: - bs:nz - bs:nt	burr – burns – burnt

○ Exercise B21. /ɔː/ - /ɒ/ - /ɜː/

2:z - 2:c	oars – Oz – errs
l:e - lab - l:e	all – doll – earl
po:t - ppt - p3:t	port – pot – pert
fort - fot - fart	short - shot - shirt
tə:n – tpm – t3:n	torn – Tom – turn
spo:t - spot - spo:t	sport – spot – spurt
sto:k – stpk – t3:k	stork – stock – Turk
hə:d – h¤d – hɜ:d	horde – hod – heard
bə:n – bə:n	born – Bonn – burn
po:d – pod – p3:d	pored – pod – purred
pə:z – bɪˈkɒz – pɜ:z	pause – because – purrs
'tə:ki – 'stɒki – 'tɜ:ki	talky – stocky – turkey
'mə:sl – 'mɒsi – 'mɜ:si	Morsel – mossy – mercy
'mɔ:tl – 'mɒtl – 'mɜ:tl	mortal – mottle – myrtle

○ Exercise B22. /3:/ - /∧/

Listen on Google Drive

ha:b - hvp	herb - hub	fɜːn – fʌn	fern – fun
θ3:d – θΛd	third – thud	∫3ːt – ∫∧t	shirt - shut
f3:z - fAz	furs - fuzz	рз:k – рлk	perk - puck
skɜːl – skʌl	skirl - skull	hз:t – hʌt	hurt – hut
θ_{3} :m – θ_{A} m	therm – thumb		

№ Exercise B23. /3:/ - /∧/

Listen on Google Drive

'bɜːbl – 'bʌbl	burble - bubble	ˈsɜːtn – ˈsʌtn	certain – Sutton
ˈhɜːdl – ˈhʌdl	hurdle – huddle	'pз:ti – 'pʌti	purty – puttee
'sɜːkl – 'sʌkl	circle – suckle	ˈsɜːli – ˈsʌli	surly – sully
'bɜːtn – 'bʌtn	Burton – button	ˈbɜːdi – ˈbʌdi	birdie – buddy
m3:tn ¹ - m1	Merton – mutton	'gзːni	gurney – gunny

¹Note: the speakers pronounce these words with /ən/ instead of syllabic /n/

• Exercise B24. /I/ - /e/ - /æ/ - /n/ - /p/ - /ux/

tın – ten – tæn –	tin - ten - tan -
– tʌn – tɒm – tuːm	– ton – Tom – tomb
dın – den – dæn –	din – den – Dan –
– dлn – dvn – du:m	– done – Don – doom
tıl – tel – æl –	till – tell – Al –
– dʌl – tɒl¹ – tu:l	– dull – toll – tool
bın – ben – bæn –	bin – Ben – ban –
– bлn – bpn – bu:n	– bun – Bonn – boon
'kıtn – 'ketl – 'kætl –	kitten – kettle – cattle –
– 'kʌpl – 'kɒtn – 'kju:pɪd	– couple – cotton – cupid
'sımpl – 'templ – 'æmpl –	simple – temple – ample –
– 'hʌmbl – 'hɒstl – 'ruːbl	– humble – hostel – rouble
$^{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$ Note: this pronunciation of $toll$ is non-standard, / ta	ool/ is preferred.

\bigcap Exercise B25. $/ix/ - /\alpha x/ - /\alpha x/ - /ux/ - /3x/$

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

\square The vowel $/ \theta / as$ in lettER or commA.

Watch on YouTube

See /ə/ on the vowel chart.

/ə/ is a vowel, a monophthong, central (mixed), mid, unrounded, lax, free.

IPA SIL encoding: e=. X-SAMPA encoding: @.

/ə/ is often called schwa /ʃwɑː/. It is more open at the end of a word, close to / Λ /. It almost always occurs only in unstressed syllables.

Sexercise 50./ə/

Listen on Google Drive

'bɪtə	bitter	'mænə	manner
'betə	better	ə ['] gen	again
'letə	letter	əˈkɜː	occur
'sıstə	sister	əˈbjuːz	abuse
['] mʌðə	mother	ə'bəːd	aboard
'faːðə	father	əˈfəːd	afford
ˈʃʊgə	sugar	ə'faː	afar
'leðə	leather	ə ['] sjuːm	assume
['] gæðə	gather	kən'dʌkt¹	conduct (v.)
'bʌtə	butter	kə'nekt	connect
'∫∧də	shudder	kən'tınju:	continue
'bɜːnə	burner		

¹Note: the speaker says /ˈkɒndʌkt/

S Exercise B26. /V:...ə/ - /V...ə/

ˈkɔːlə – ˈkɒlə	caller – collar
'fa:stə – 'festə	faster – fester
'baːtə – 'bʌtə	barter – butter
'biːtə – 'bɪtə	beater – bitter
'liːdə – 'lædə	leader – ladder
ˈfɑːðə – ˈmʌðə	father – mother
'paːlə – 'pʊlə	parlor – puller
'maːstə – 'mʌstə	master – muster
ˈfɜːðə – ˈfeðə	further – feather
'spi:kə – 'pıkə	speaker – picker
ˈʃuːtə – ˈʃʌtə	shooter – shutter
'do:tə – 'dɒtə	daughter – dotter
'boːdə – 'bʊdə	boarder – Buddha

'hjuːmə – 'hʌmə	humour – hummer
'maːstəd – 'mʌstəd	mastered – mustard
'liːtə – 'lɪtə	litre – litter
'səːnə – 'sɪnə	sauna – sinner
ˈlɑːftə – ˈlʌvd(h)ə	laughter – loved her
Exercise B27. /1/ - /ə/	
a./ɪd/-/əd/	
'bætıd – 'bætəd	batted – battered
'bəːdɪd – 'bəːdəd	boarded – bordered
'flætid – 'flætəd	flatted – flattered
'fɔ:ltɪd – 'fɔ:ltəd	faulted – faltered
'sentɪd – 'sentəd	scented – centered
'hju:mɪd – 'hju:məd	humid – humoured
'tendīd – 'tendəd	tended – tendered
'mi:tɪd – 'mi:təd	meted – metered
b./ɪz/ - /əz/	
'bɒksɪz – 'bɒksəz	boxes – boxers
ˈkɜːsɪz – ˈkɜːsəz	curses – cursors
ˈflæʃız – ˈflæʃəz	flashes – flashers
ˈpʊʃɪz – ˈpʊʃəz	pushes – pushers
'juːzɪz – 'juːzəz	uses (v.) – users
'bʌzɪz – 'bʌzəz	buzzes – buzzers
'klenzız – 'klenzəz	cleanses – cleansers
'da:nsız – 'da:nsəz	dances – dancers

○ Exercise B28. /V:...ə/ - /V...ə/

a./iː/-/ɪ/

Listen on Google Drive

'biːtə – 'bɪtə	beater – bitter	'hiːlə – ˈkɪlə	healer – killer
'hiːtə – 'hɪtə	heater – hitter	'viːlə – 'vɪlə	velar – villa
'stiːlə – 'stɪlə	stealer – stiller	'liːtə – 'lɪtə	litre – litter
'sliːpə – 'slɪpə	sleeper – slipper	ˈfiːldə – ˈfɪldə	fielder – filled her

b. /æ/ - /aː/

Listen on Google Drive

'pæstə – 'paːstə	pasta – pastor	'hæmə – 'ha:mə	hammer – Harmer
'sætə – 'saːtə	satyr – sartor	'lædə – 'laːdə	ladder – larder
'mætə – 'maːtə	matter – martyr	'lændə – 'la:ndə	lander – Lahnda
'bætə – 'baːtə	batter – barter	'sægə – 'saːgə	saggar – saga

c. /aː/ - /n/

Listen on Google Drive

'la:və – 'lʌvə	lava – lover	'maːstə – 'mʌstə	master – muster
'kaːvə – 'kʌvə	carver – cover	'da:nə – 'dлnə	darner – dunner
'ka:tə – 'kʌtə	carter – cutter	'maːtə – 'mʌtə	martyr – mutter
'ka:mə – 'kлmə	calmer – comer	'gaːnə – 'gʌnə	Ghana – gunner
'staːtə – 'stʌtə	starter – stutter		

d. /ʌ/ - /əː/

ˈkʌlə – ˈkɔːlə	colour – caller	ˈʃʌtə – ˈʃɔːtə	shutter – shorter
'kʌvə – 'kɔːnə	cover – corner	'ndə – 'əːdə	udder – order
'λðə – 'ɔːθə	other – author		

1 1 1 1			
e. /aː/ - /ɒ/			
Listen on Google D	rive		
'faːstə – 'fɒstə	faster – foster	'maːkə – 'mɒkə	marker – mocker
'faːðə – 'bɒðə	father – bother	'kaːpə – 'kɒpə	carper - copper
'ka:mə – 'kɒmə	calmer – comma	'aːskə – 'ɒskə	ask her – Oscar
f. /əː/ - /ɒ/			
Listen on Google Di	rive		
'o'də – 'bdə	order - odder	'hɔːlə – 'hɒlə	hauler – holler
ˈkɔːlə – ˈkɒlə	caller – collar	'kə:mə – 'kɒmə	korma - comma
'fɔːstə – 'fɒstə	Forster – foster	ˈlɔːkə – ˈlɒkə	Lorca – locker
'həːdə – 'hɒdə	hoarder – Hodder	'pɔːtə – 'pɒtə	porter – potter
g. /uː/ - /ʊ/			
Listen on Google D	rive		
'kuːlə – 'fʊlə	cooler – fuller	'skuːnə – 'sʊnə	schooner – Sunnah
'luːzə – 'lʊkə	loser – looker	'kuːgə – '∫ʊgə	cougar – sugar
'huːtə – 'fʊtə	hooter – footer	ˈfjuːʃə – ˈpʊʃə	fuchsia – pusher
h./ɜː/-/e/			
Listen on Google D	rive		
ˈbɜːgə – ˈbegə	burger – beggar	'nɜːvə – 'nevə	Nerva – never
ˈfɜːðə – ˈfeðə	further – feather	ˈlɜːkə – ˈlekə	lurker – lekker
'hɜːlə – 'helə	hurler – Heller	'tɜːnə – 'tenə	turner – tenner
'mɜːsə – 'mesə	mercer - Messer	ˈɜːmə – ˈemə	Irma – Emma
i. /ʌ/ - /ɜː/			
Listen on Google Di	rive		
'bʌkə – 'bзːkə	bucker – burka	ˈstʌnə – ˈstɜːnə	stunner - sterna
'bʌmə – 'bɜːmə	bummer – Burma	ˈstʌtə – ˈstɜːtə	stutter – stertor
ˈkʌlə – ˈkɜːlə	colour - curler	'sʌfə – 'sɜːfə	suffer – surfer
'mʌmə – 'mɜːmə	mummer - murmur	'gʌtə – 'gɜːtə	gutter – Goethe

Rercise 49A. 'hiː hæz ˌiːlz || 'He has eels. || 'He has hands. | 'hi: hæz hændz || 'hiː hæz hæts || 'He has hats. || 'hiː hæz kaːz || 'He has cars. || hi: hæz ho:siz 'He has horses. || 'hiː hæz hpbɪz || 'He has hobbies. || 'He has money. | 'hiː hæz mʌnɪ || 'hiː hæz tuː || 'He has two. | 'hiː hæz boks || 'He has books. || 'hiː hæz kɜːlz || 'He has curls. || 'hiː / siː həz `piːld ɪt || 'He/She has `peeled it. || 'hiː / siː həz `hɪt ɪm || 'He/She has `hit him. || 'hiː / siː həz `held ɪt || 'He/She has `held it. || 'hiː / siː həz `aːskt hə || 'He/She has `asked her. || 'hiː / siː həz `fəːst hɪm || 'He/She has `forced him. || 'hiː / (iː həz `lɒst ɪt || 'He/She has `lost it. || 'hiː / siː həz `dʌn ɪt || 'He/She has `done it. || 'hiː / siː həz `fuːld hɪm || 'He/She has `fooled it. || 'hiː / siː həz 'bʊkt ɪt | 'He/She has `booked it. || hi: / si: həz ba:nt ıt | 'He/She has `burnt it. || 'hiː / siː hæz ən siːl || 'He/She has an eel. || 'hiː / siː hæz ə hen || 'He/She has a hen. || 'hiː / siː hæz ə shæt || 'He/She has a hat. || 'hi: / si: hæz ə ka: || 'He/She has a car. || 'hiː / siː hæz ə shəːs || 'He/She has a horse. || 'hiː / siː hæz ə dɒg || 'He/She has a dog. || 'hi: / si: hæz ə dak | 'He/She has a duck. || 'hiː / siː hæz ə sguːs || 'He/She has a goose. || 'hiː / siː hæz ə pus || 'He/She has a puss. || 'hi: / si: hæz ə ks:l || 'He/She has a curl. ||

\square The consonant /r/ as in READ.

Watch on YouTube

See /r/ on the consonant chart.

/r/ cannot occur before a consonant or a pause. In the sequences /tr/ and /dr/ the plosives become postalveolar (retracted) [t] and [d] respectively.

Sexercise 51. /r/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

ri:d	read	ˈruːlə	ruler
red	red	'veri	very
ræt	rat	'mæri	marry
rnn	run	'sevrəl	several
rnf	rough	kə'rekt	correct
rpd	rod	rı'membə	remember
'riːdə	reader		

Exercise B29. Linking /r/

ba: - 'ba:r_it	bar – barʻit	clə: - 'clə:r_it	claw – claw_it
pa: - 'pa:r_it	par - par_it	drə: – 'drə:rjit	draw - draw_it
po: - 'po:r_it	pore – pore_it	sər – 'sərrjit	saw – saw_it
fo: - 'fo:r_it	for – for it	rı'stə: – rı'stə:rə	restore – restorer
flə: – 'flə:rjit	floor - floor_it	ə'də: – ə'də:rə	adore – adorer
bls: - 'bls:rjit	blur - blur_it	ık'splə: – ık'splə:rə	explore - explorer
sta: - 'sta:r_it	stir – stir_it	dı'fɜː – dı'fɜːrə	defer - deferrer

Exercise B30./3:r/

Listen on Google Drive

'blɜːri	blurry	ˈfɜːri – ˈferi	furry – ferry
'stɜːrə	stirrer	'3ːrə – 'erə – 'ɔːrə	öre – error – aura
dı'fɜːrə	deferrer	'bɜːri – 'beri –	burry – bury –
'kɜːrɪ∫	currish	- 'bʌri	– Burry

Ω Exercise 52. /br/, /pr/, /dr/, /tr/, /gr/, /kr/, /fr/, /θr/

Listen on Google Drive

bred - pres	bread – press	fru:t	fruit
dri:m – tri:	dream – tree	θred	thread
'brītī∫ – 'prīti	British – pretty	θri:	three
dres – trend	dress – trend	θræ∫	thrash
gri:d – kri:d	greed - creed	frɒg	frog

The consonant /3/ as in VISION.

Watch on YouTube

See /3/ on the consonant chart.

/ʒ/ is a consonant, postalveolar (palato-alveolar), fricative, voiced, lenis. It is an obstruent.

IPA SIL encoding: **z**=. *X-SAMPA encoding:* **Z**.

• Exercise 53. /3/

ruːʒ	rouge	dı'sızn	decision
'тезә	measure	kən'klu:ʒn	conclusion
'leʒə	leisure	kə'lıʒn	collision
'vızn	vision	ın'tru:ʒn	intrusion

P Exercise B31. /∫/ - /ʒ/

luːʃ – luːʒ	louche – luge	əˈluːʃn – əˈluːʒn	Aleutian – allusion
ruːʃ – ruːʒ	ruche – rouge	kənˈfjuːʃn –	Confucian –
∫i:d – ʒi:d	she'd – Gide	- kən'fju:ʒn	- confusion
ˈæʃə – ˈæʒə	Asher – azure		

The consonant f as in CHEESE.

Watch on YouTube

See /f on the consonant chart.

ff is a consonant, postalveolar (palato-alveolar), affricate, voiceless, fortis. It is an obstruent.

IPA SIL encoding: t#&s=. X-SAMPA encoding: tS.

The tie bar in affricates may be omitted.

\bigcap Exercise 54. /t \int /

🔽 Listen on Google Drive

t͡ʃiːz	cheese	र्गिउःर्गि	church
tses	chess	ixts	each
tJæp	chap	ˈtiːt͡ʃə	teacher
tsu:z	choose	ˈtemprɪt͡ʃə	temperature
t so:k	chalk	'lıtrıt͡ʃə	literature

- The consonant $/\widehat{d_3}/$ as in JIM.
- Watch on YouTube

See $/\overline{dz}$ / on the consonant chart.

 $/\widehat{dz}/$ is a consonant, postalveolar (palato-alveolar), affricate, voiced, lenis. It is an obstruent.

IPA SIL encoding: d#&z=. X-SAMPA encoding: dZ.

$\widehat{\mathbf{Q}}$ Exercise 55. $/\widehat{\mathbf{d}_3}$

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

d 3i:p	јеер	' व ेंद्रअ:kा	jerky
d͡ʒɪm	Jim	'dzestJə	gesture
dzest	jest	'd͡zentli	gently
dzæm	jam	'vılıd3	village
'd͡ʒɜːmən	German	'kʌrɪd͡ʒ	courage
'dัฐระทเ	journey		

? Exercise 56. /∫/ - /t͡ʃ/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

∫i:p – t͡ʃi:p	sheep – cheap	Spp - tspp	shop - chop
∫iːt – t͡ʃiːt	sheet – cheat	'ʃætə – 't͡ʃætə	shatter – chatter
∫ın – t͡∫ın	shin - chin	'Seri – 'tseri	sherry – cherry
ſıp − t͡ʃɪp	ship – chip		

$\mathbf{\Omega}$ Exercise 57. $/t/ - /t \mathbf{J}/$

Listen on Google Drive

tın – t sin	tin – chin	to:k – tso:k	talk - chalk
tæp − t͡ʃæp	tap – chap	kæt − kæt∫	cat – catch
test – t͡ʃest	test - chest	biːt – biːt͡ʃ	beat – beach
tu:z – tsu:z	twos – choose	mæt – mæts	mat – match

Exercise B32. /tʃ/ - /tr/

fsi: - tri:	chi – tree	tsomp – tromp	chomp – tromp
fsip – trip	chip – trip	tsλk – trλk	chuck – truck
tsek – trek	check - trek	ˈt͡ʃiːtɪd – ˈtriːtɪd	cheated – treated
tsæmp – træmp	champ – tramp	ˈt͡ʃekə – ˈtrekə	checker – trekker
ffa:ns – tra:ns	chance – trance	ˈt͡ʃʌkl – ˈtrʌkl	chuckle – truckle

🗣 Exercise B33. /d͡ʒ/ - /dr/

\widehat{dz} ıl – drıl	Jill – drill	$\widehat{dz}uz - druz$	Jew – drew
\widehat{dz} es – dres	Jess – dress	dzng – drng	jug – drug
dzæb – dræb	jab - drab	'dza:və – 'dra:və	Java – Drava
\widehat{dz} ə: – drə:	jaw – draw		

The vowel /ai/ as in PRICE.

Watch on YouTube

See /ai/ on the vowel chart.

/ai/ is a vowel, a diphthong; with a front-retracted, open, unrounded nucleus and a glide to a near-front, near-close, unrounded position; free. It is a closing diphthong.

Alternate symbol: /aɪ/.

IPA SIL encoding: ai=. X-SAMPA encoding: aI.

The tie bar in diphthongs may be omitted or replaced with a 'non-syllabic' diacritic below the glide: /aɪ/.

Sercise 58. /ai/

mai	my	laıf	life
laı	lie	kaıt	kite
aız	eyes	baıd – baıt	bide - bite
bard	bide	aiz – ais	eyes - ice
taım	time	traib – paip	tribe - pipe
taɪt	tight	faıv – faıf	five - fife
hart	height	'faınə	finer
laık	like	'naɪsə	nicer
paık	pike	'paɪlət	pilot
рагр	pipe	'laɪsəns	license
mais	mice		

Exercise 58A.

```
('What've you got? ||)
(wptav jur qpt ||)
ai hæv ə pin ə pen
                                              'I have a pin, | a pen, |
          ə pæn | ənd ə ppt ||
                                                         a pan, | and a pot. ||
                                              'I have a penny, | a twopence, |
ai hæv ə peni | ə tʌpəns |
              ənd ə bʌtn ||
                                                            and a button. ||
aı hæv ən æpl | ə fferi |
                                              'I have an _apple, | a _cherry, |
        ə melən | ənd ə kærət ||
                                                       a melon, | and a carrot. ||
('wptə juː `riːdɪŋ ||)
                                              ('What're you `reading? ||)
hætsiz | kætsiz | mætsiz |
                                              Hatches, | catches, | matches, |
             ən dı`spætsız ||
                                                           and di`spatches. ||
                                              ('What is she `like? ||)
('wptiz si: `laik ||)
.priti | meri | ən sili ||
                                              Pretty, | merry, | and silly. ||
('wpt dəz hi: 'lok laık nav ||)
                                              ('What does he 'look like now? ||)
_bigə | _to:lə | _fætə | ən _ritsə ||
                                              Bigger, | taller, | fatter, | and richer. ||
```

\bigcap Exercise 59. $/\alpha$: $/ - /\Lambda / - /\alpha$ I

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

ka:t - kAt - kait cart - cut - kite pa:k - pAk - paik park - puck - pike ha:t - hAt - hait heart - hut - height ka:v - kAf - laif carve - cuff - life

The vowel /aυ/ as in MOUTH.

Watch on YouTube

See /av/ on the vowel chart.

/av/ is a vowel, a diphthong; with a front-retracted, open, unrounded nucleus and a glide to a near-back, near-close, rounded position; free. It is a closing diphthong.

Alternate symbol: /av/.

IPA SIL encoding: au<. X-SAMPA encoding: aU.

Sexercise 60. /au/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

nav	now	haʊs	house
haʊ	how	таυθ	mouth
kav	cow	baʊ - ə'baʊt	bough – about
vav	vow	hav – havs	how – house
taʊn	town	nav – stavt	now - stout
paund	pound	favnd – mavnt	found - mount
aut	out		

•

Exercise B34. /au/

'kavntı	county	ə'mavnt	amount
'bavndləs	boundless	prə'favnd	profound
'maontin	mountain	kəm'pavnd	compound
ə'kavnt	account		

🗣 Exercise B35. /aʊ/

bav – bavd – bavt	bow - bowed - bout
rav – ravnd – ravt	row – round – rout
kav – kavd – kavnt	cow – cowed – count
plav – plavd – lavs	plough – ploughed – louse
hav – havnd – havs	how – hound – house

Ω Exercise B36. $/\alpha/ - /\alpha I/ - /\alpha U/ - /\alpha I/$

læd – laɪd – laʊd – laːd	lad – lied – loud – lard
dæn – daın – davn – da:n	Dan – dine – down – darn
spæt – spart – spart – spart	spat – spite – spout – Spart
mæs – mais – mavs – ma:st	mass – mice – mouse – mast
'bækə - 'baɪkə - 'baʊkə - 'bɑːkə	backer – biker – Bowker – Barker
'hædn – 'haɪdn – 'haʊdn – 'hɑːdn	Haddon – Haydn – Howden – harden
'ælət – 'aılət – 'avlət – 'a:lət	Allott – islet – owlet – Arlott

The vowel /19/ as in NEAR.

Watch on YouTube

See /19/ on the vowel chart.

/1ə/ is a vowel, a diphthong; with a near-front, near-close, unrounded nucleus and a glide to a central (*mixed*), mid, unrounded position; free. It is a centring diphthong.

IPA SIL encoding: i=e=. X-SAMPA encoding: I@.

Sexercise 61./19/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

hıə	here	aı'dıə	idea
bıəd	beard	ə'pıərəns	appearance
tıə	tear (n.)	ık'spıərıəns	experience
rıəl	real	ріә – ріәѕ	peer - pierce
pıəs	pierce	fiə – fiəs	fear – fierce
fiəs	fierce		

Solution Exercise 62. /iː/ - /ɪə/

Listen on Google Drive

mi: - mɪə	me - mere	biːd – bɪəd	bead – beard
fi: – fiə	fee - fear	tiː – tɪə	tea - tear (n.)
piː – pɪəs	pea – pierce		

🗣 Exercise В37. /iː/ - /jə/

əˈpiːz – əˈpɪəz	appease - appears	ˈmiːʃəm – ˈmɪəʃəm	Measham –
			meerschaum
ın'di:d – ın'dıəd	indeed – endeared	'piːsɪz – 'pɪəsɪz	pieces - pierces
kə'ri:n – kə'rıən	careen – Korean	ˈtiːnɪ – ˈtɪənɪ	teeny – Tierney
'bi:dɪd – 'bɪədɪd	beaded – bearded	'θiːtə – ˈθɪətə	theta – theater

] Exercise B38. /iː/ - /ɪə/

bi:d - bɪəd - bɪd bead - beard - bid vizz - viəz - viz V's - veers - viz

kə'ri:n – kə'rɪən – kə'rɪn careen - Korean - Corinne 'ti:ni – 'tɪəni – 'tɪni teeny - Tierney - tinny

🎧 Exercise B39. /ıər/ - /ır/

Listen on Google Drive

'mıərə – 'mırə 'siəriəs – 'siriəs Meara – mirror serious - Sirius 'tıəri – 'tıri 'pıəri – 'pıri Peary - Pirie teary - Tyrie

The vowel /eə/ as in SQUARE.

Watch on YouTube

See /eə/ on the vowel chart.

/eə/ is a vowel, a diphthong; with a front, mid, unrounded nucleus and a (slight) glide to a central (mixed), mid, unrounded position; free. It is a centring diphthong.

Alternate symbols: $\langle \varepsilon \rangle$, $\langle \varepsilon \rangle$.

IPA SIL encoding: ee=. X-SAMPA encoding: e@.

/eə/ is very close to being a monopthong; the glide is very slight.

Rercise 63./eə/

teə	tear (v.)	tıə – teə	tear (n.) – tear (v.)
peə	pear	klıə – dı'kleə	clear – declare
keə	care	'rıəli – 'reəli	really – rarely
deə	dare	t͡ʃeəz	chairs
ðeə	there	skeəs	scarce
dıə – deə	dear – dare	'meəri	Mary
fıə – feə	fear – fare	'peərənts	parents
ріә – реә	peer - pear	'veəriəs	various

⋒ Exercise 64. /e/ - /eə/ - /æ/

Listen on Google Drive

pet – peə – pæt

ðen – ðeə – ðæt

den – deə – dæd

'veri – 'veəri – 'kæri

'meri – 'meəri – 'mæri

pet – pair – pat

then – there – that

den – dare – Dad

very – vary – carry

merry – Mary – marry

⋒ Exercise B40. /eə/ - /ɜː/ - /ɑː/

🔽 Listen on Google Drive

feə – fɜ: – fɑ: fair – fur – far feəd – ʃɜ:d – ʃɑ:d shared – sherd – shard beən – bɜ:n – bɑ:n bairn – burn – barn $\widehat{\mathsf{tfe}}$ ə – $\widehat{\mathsf{tfs}}$: chair – chirr – char

Ω Exercise B41. /e/ - /eə/ - /3ː/ - /Λ/

Listen on Google Drive

bed – beəd – b3:d – bAd

fez – ðeəz – f3:z – fAz

ben – beən – b3:n – bAn

hed – heəd – h3:d – hAd

ges – skeəs – k3:s – kAs

'tʃeʃə – 'seəʃə – 'p3:ʃə – 'prʌʃə

'feri – 'feəri – 'f3:ri – 'hAri

bed – bared – bird – bud

fez – theirs – firs – fuzz

Ben – bairn – burn – bun

head – haired – heard – hud

guess – scarce – curse – cuss

Cheshire – Saoirse – Persia – Prussia

ferry – fairy – furry – hurry

The consonant $/\eta$ as in SING.

Watch on YouTube

See $/\eta$ on the consonant chart.

/ŋ/ is a consonant, velar, a nasal stop. It is a sonorant.

IPA SIL encoding: n>. X-SAMPA encoding: N.

 $/\eta$ / cannot occur at the beginning of a syllable.

Sexercise 65./ŋ/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

klıŋk – klıŋ	clink - cling	θιŋ	thing
kıŋk – kıŋ	kink – king	jʌŋ	young
θ ıŋk – θ ıŋ	think - thing	lɒŋ	long
stīŋk – stīŋ	stink - sting	tʌŋ	tongue
sıŋk – sıŋ	sink – sing	rīŋ	ring
sīŋ	sing	stɪŋ	sting

○ Exercise 66. /ŋ/ - /n/

Listen on Google Drive

sin – sin	sing - sin	ræŋ – ræn	rang – ran
sinz – sinz	sings - sins	รกๆ – รกท	sung – son
rıŋz – rıns	rings – rinse	tʌŋ – tʌn	tongue - ton
pæŋ – pæn	pang – pan	θιη – θιη	thing - thin

Sexercise 67./in/

Listen on Google Drive

ˈriːdɪŋ	reading	ˈliːvɪŋ	leaving
'raıtıŋ	writing	'lıvıŋ	living
'draɪvɪŋ	driving	'keəriŋ	caring
'kʊkɪŋ	cooking	'kæriīŋ	carrying
'pʊtɪŋ	putting	'stʌdiɪŋ	studying

? Exercise 68. /ŋg/, /ŋ/

ˈfɪŋgə	finger	leŋθ	length
'lɒŋgə	longer	ˈsɪŋə	singer
'læŋgwəd͡ʒ	language	່ 'sɪŋɪŋ	singing
lʌŋz	lungs	ˈhæŋə	hanger

Sercise B42. /ŋ‿ɪt/			
'brɪŋ‿ɪt	bring it	ˈsɪŋ‿ɪt	sing it
ˈflɪŋ‿ɪt	fling it	ˈsprɪŋৣıt	spring it
'pɪŋ‿ɪt	ping it	ˈstɪŋ‿ɪt	sting it
'rɪŋ‿ɪt	wring it		
Exercise B43.	/ŋɪŋ/ – /nɪŋ/		
'bæŋɪŋ – 'bænɪŋ	banging – banning	ˈpɪŋɪŋ – ˈpɪnɪŋ	pinging - pinning
'dɒŋɪŋ – 'dɒnɪŋ	donging – donning	'sıŋıŋ – 'sınıŋ	singing - sinning
'dıŋıŋ – 'dınıŋ	dinging – dinning	ˈtɪŋɪŋ – ˈtɪnɪŋ	tinging - tinning
'dภฎเๆ – 'dภทเๆ	dunging – dunning	_	
Sexercise B44.	/ŋiː/ - /niː/		
Listen on Google D	rive		
'pɒŋi – 'bɒni	pongy – Bonnie	'tæŋi – 'dæni	tangy – Danny
'θıŋi – 'fıni	thingie – Finney	ˈt͡ʃæŋi – ˈfræni	Changi – Frannie
'stıŋi – 'spıni	stingy - spinney		

The consonant /w/ as in WE.

Watch on YouTube

See /w/ on the consonant chart.

/w/ is a consonant, labial-velar (a double articulation), an approximant. It is a sonorant.

/w/ cannot occur at the end of a syllable.

Sexercise 69. /w/

Listen on Google Drive

wu:	woo	'wɔːtə	water
wod	wood	'wɪljəm	William
word	ward	wз:d	word
wat	what	w3:k	work
wæks	wax	wɜːm	worm
wen	when	w3:ld	world
wit	wit	w3:s	worse
wi:d	weed	wз:θ	worth
wai	why	wɜːʃɪp	worship

Sercise 70. /tw/, /kw/, /sw/

Listen on Google Drive

twinz	twins	kwest͡ʃən	question
'twitə	twitter	swiːt	sweet
twais	twice	swet	sweat
kwik	quick	swits	switch
kwait	quite	swift	swift

○ Exercise 71. /w/ - /v/

west – vest	west - vest	went – vent	went – vent
W3IS - V3IS	worse - verse	wet – vet	wet - vet
wi:l - vi:l	wheel – veal	'wıspə – 'vızıt	whisper – visit
wain – vain	wine – vine		

The vowel /υə/ as in CURE.

Watch on YouTube

See /və/ on the vowel chart.

/və/ is a vowel, a diphthong; with a near-back, near-close, rounded nucleus and a glide to a central (*mixed*), mid, unrounded position; free. It is a centring diphthong.

IPA SIL encoding: u < e = . X-SAMPA encoding: U@.

/v = /v = /v = 1 is being replaced with /v = /v = 1 in many words, especially common ones.

🎧 Exercise 72. /ບອ/

Listen on Google Drive

pvə¹	poor	sı'kjvəriti	security
mʊə	moor	'kjʊərɪəs	curious
tʊə	tour	'fjʊərɪəs	furious
d͡ʒʊəl	jewel	∫uː – ∫ʊə¹	shoe – sure
floənt	fluent	tu: - tvə	two - tour
kjʊə¹	cure	kju: – kjʊə¹	queue - cure
pjʊə¹	pure	pju: – pjʊə¹	pew - pure

¹Note: the speaker says these words with /ɔː/ instead of /ʊə/

ດ Exercise B45. /ເອ/ - /eອ/ - /ບອ/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

tiə – teə – tvə tear (n.) – tear (v.) – tour miə – meə – mvə mere – mare – moor biə – beə – bvə beer – bear – boor spiə – speə – spvə¹ spear – spare – spoor 'siərə – 'seərə – 'svərə sera – Sarah – sura ¹Note: the speaker says /spɔ:/

The vowel /ei/ as in FACE.

Watch on YouTube

See /ei/ on the vowel chart.

/eɪ/ is a vowel, a diphthong; with a front, mid, unrounded nucleus and a glide to a near-front, near-close, unrounded position; free. It is a closing diphthong.

IPA SIL encoding: ei=. X-SAMPA encoding: eI.

Sercise 73. /ei/

🔽 Listen on Google Drive

deı	day	breik	break
sei	say	seiv – seif	save – safe
neim	name	reiz – reis	rays – race
rein	rain	weid – weit	wade – wait
beid	bade	pleig – leik	plague – lake
teɪp	tape	eid͡ʒ − eit͡∫	age – H
keit	Kate	deı – beə	day – bare
weist	waste	теі – теә	may – mare
keīp	саре	wei – weə	way - wear
tseindz	change	peīd – peəd	paid – paired
reɪnd͡ʒ	range		

Exercise B46. /e/ - /eɪ/

bred – breid	bread – braid	tses – tseis	chess – chase
$ed\overline{3} - eid\overline{3}$	edge – age	ə'bet – ə'beɪt	abet – abate
wed – weid	wed – Wade	'westə – 'weistə	wester – waster
wed3 - weid3	wedge – wage	'spest - 'spesst	special - spatial
ben – bein	Ben – bane	'fetl – 'feɪtl	fettle – fatal
pent – peint	pent - paint	'stretn – 'streitn	Stretton -
best – beist	best – based		– straighten
et∫ – eɪt∫	etch - H	'edzīŋ - 'eidzīŋ	edging – aging
$se\theta - sei\theta$	Seth – saithe	'betɪŋ – 'beɪtɪŋ	betting – bating

Exercise B47. /e/ - /eə/ - /eɪ/

ed – eəd – eıd Ed - aired - aid

sed - sead - seid shed - shared - shade

dez – deəz – deiz Des - dares - days

fez – feaz – feiz fez - fares - phase

ben - bean - bein Ben – bairn – bane

ken – keən – kein Ken - cairn - cane

The vowel /oi/ as in CHOICE.

Watch on YouTube

See /oi/ on the vowel chart.

/oɪ/ is a vowel, a diphthong; with a back, mid, rounded nucleus and a glide to a near-front, near-close, unrounded position; free. It is a closing diphthong.

IPA SIL encoding: 0 < i = . X-SAMPA encoding: 0I.

Exercise 74. /əɪ/

Listen on Google Drive

bəi	boy	vəis	voice
təi	toy	tsois dzoint	choice
kəin	coin	d3oint	joint
nəız	noise	pəint	point
təil	toil		

ດ Exercise 75. /ວː/ − /ɒ/ − /ວɪ/

bə: – bɒg – bəi	bore – bog – boy
kə: – kɒd – kəın	core – cod – coin
kə:s – bɒs – tsəis	course - boss - choice
lə:d – lɒt – ləɪnz	lord – lot – loins
no:θ – npd – noiz	north – nod – noise

🎧 Exercise B48. /aɪ/ - /eɪ/ - /ວɪ/

Listen on Google Drive

plai – plei – plai ply - play - ploy baı – bei – bəi buy - bay - boy fail - feil - foil file - fail - foil \widehat{dz} aın – \widehat{dz} eın – \widehat{dz} əın Jain - Jane - join haist - heist - hoist heist - haste - hoist paint - peint - point pint - paint - point 'baisn - 'beisn - 'boisn bison – basin – Boyson 'laıtə – 'leıtə – 'ləıtə lighter – later – loiter 'paintə – 'peintə – 'pointə pinta – painter – pointer

The vowel /əʊ/ as in GOAT.

Watch on YouTube

See /əʊ/ on the vowel chart.

/əʊ/ is a vowel, a diphthong; with a central (*mixed*), mid, unrounded nucleus and a glide to a near-front, near-back, rounded position; free. It is a closing diphthong.

IPA SIL encoding: e=u<. X-SAMPA encoding: @U.

🎧 Exercise 76. /əʊ/

səʊ	SO	həʊp	hope
ทอช	no	məʊst	most
gəʊ	go	rəʊp	rope
həvl	hole	'pɪləʊ	pillow
həʊm	home	'feləʊ	fellow
kəʊl	coal	'∫æləʊ	shallow
əʊk	oak	່ງæləʊ ່fəʊtəʊ	photo
bəʊt	boat	həʊˈtel	hotel
kəʊp	cope	əʊˈeɪsɪs	oasis

ດ Exercise 77. /ɜː/, /ɔː/, /ວɪ/ - /əʊ/

Listen on Google Drive

fs: – fəʊ	fir - foe	bə:ld – bəʊld	bald – bold
3:n – อ _ั บก	earn – own	pəːz – pəʊz	pause - pose
gɜːl – gəʊl	girl – goal	nəız – nəʊz	noise - nose
$\theta \sigma = \theta \varepsilon$	earth – oath	tər – təv	toy - tow
รอ: – รอช	saw - so	bəı – bəʊ	boy – bow

ດ Exercise B49. /aʊ/ − /əʊ/

Listen on Google Drive

nav – nəv	now – know	kavts - kəvts	couch – coach
wav – wəv	wow - woe	raυθ – rəυθ	Routh – wroth
vav - vəvt	vow - vote	'ravdi - 'rəvdi	rowdy – roadie
taʊn – təʊn	town – tone	'daʊnə – 'dəʊnə	downer – donor
haʊz – həʊz	house (v.) – hose	'aʊtn – 'əʊtn	Oughton – oaten

Ω Exercise 78. /Λ/ − /p/ − /ɔː/ − /əʊ/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

kʌt – kɒt – kə:t – kəʊt	cut – cot – caught – coat
knd – kɒd – kə:d – kəʊd	cud – cod – cord – code
рлk – pɒk – pɔ:k – pəʊk	puck – pock – pork – poke
stʌk – stɒk – stəːk – stəʊk	stuck – stock – stork – stoke

🗣 Exercise B50. /ɪ/ - /ə/ - /ອບ/

'hærıd – 'hærəd – 'hærəvd	harried – Harrod – harrowed
'barı – 'barə – 'barəu	Burry – borough – burrow
'kleərı – 'kleərə – 'kleərəʊ	clary – Clara – Claro
'fræŋkı – 'fræŋkə – 'fræŋkəʊ	Frankie – franker – Franco
\overline{d} 3u:dı – \overline{d} 3u:də – \overline{d} 3u:dəv	Judy – Judah – judo
'pi:kı – 'pi:kə – 'pi:kəʊ	peaky - Peaker - pekoe
'wıədı – 'wıədə – 'wıədəʊ	weirdie – weirder – weirdo
'səvlı – 'səvlə – 'səvləv	Soley – solar – solo

Ω Exercise 79. /iː/ - /3ː/ - /əʊ/, /ɔː/

🔼 Listen on Google Drive

 si: - s3: - səv
 see - sir - so

 fi:st - f3:st - f5:st
 feast - first - forced

 bi:n - b3:n - b5:n
 bean - burn - born

 wi:k - w3:k - w5:k
 week - work - walk

 wi:d - w3:d - w5:d
 weed - word - ward

👇 Exercise B51. /aʊ/ - /əʊ/ - /uː/

wauz - wəuz - wu:z wows - woes - woos scowled - scold - schooled skavld – skavld – skurld ravθ - ravθ - ruxθRouth - wroth - Ruth pavtl - pavtl - pu:tl pouch - poach - pooch 'ravın – 'rəvın – 'ru:ın rowing - rowing - ruing 'raustid – 'rəustid – 'ruːstid rousted - roasted - roosted 'raʊdi – 'rəʊdi – 'ruːdi rowdy - roadie - Rudy 'kavlın – 'kəvlın – 'ku:lın cowling - coaling - cooling

Exercise B52. /iː/ - /eɪ/ - /aɪ/ - /əɪ/

si: - sei - sai - sai see – say – sigh – soy pli: - plei - plai - ploi plea - play - ply - ploy pi:z - peiz - paiz - poiz peas - pays - pies - poise tri: - trei - trai - trai tree - tray - try - Troy $d\hat{z}$ i:n - $d\hat{z}$ ein - $d\hat{z}$ ain - $d\hat{z}$ oin gene – Jane – Jain – join ki:ts - keits - kaits - koits Keats - cates - kites - quoits 'liːtə - 'leɪtə - 'laɪtə - 'ləɪtə litre – later – lighter – loiter 'fiːlɪŋ - 'feɪlɪŋ - 'faɪlɪŋ - 'fəɪlɪŋ feeling - failing - filing - foiling

Exercise B53. /aɪ/ - /eɪ/ - /əɪ/ - /aʊ/ - /əʊ/

kaı – keı – kəı – kav – kəv laı – leı – ləı – lav – ləv faild - feild - foild - fauld - fould baın – bein – bəin – baun – bəun ə'laı – ə'leı – ə'ləı – ə'lav – hə'ləv daıt - deit - doit - davt - dəvt rais - reis - rais - raus - raus

'kaıli – 'keıli – 'kəıli – 'kavli – 'kəvli

chi – K – coy – cow – co lie – lay – Loy – Lao – low filed - failed - foiled - fouled - fold bine - bane - Boyne - Bown - bone ally(v.) - allay - alloy - allow - hellodight - date - doit - doubt - dote rice - race - Royce - Rous - Rhos! Kylie - Cayley - coyly - Cowley - coley

Exercise B54. /p/ - /b/ - /t/ - /d/ - /k/ - /g/

pəv – bəv – təv – dəv – kəv – gəv piə – biə – tiə – diə – kiə – giə ps:n - bs:n - ts:n - ds:n - ks:n - gs:n paiz – baiz – taiz – daiz – kaiz – gaiz pru: – bru: – tru: – dru: – kru: – gru: hpp - hpb - hpt - hpd - hpk - hpg məvp - məvb - məvt -- məvd - məvk - məvq 'luːpə – 'luːbə – 'luːtə – - 'luːdə - 'luːkə - 'luːgə Poe – bow – toe – dough – co – go pier - beer - tier - deer - Keir - gear Pearn - burn - turn - Dearne - kern - girn pies - buys - ties - dyes - chis - quise Prue – brew – true – drew – crew – grew hop - hob - hot - hod - hock - hog mope – mobe – moat – - mode - moke - Moog! looper – Luba – looter – - lewder - lucre - Luger

Exercise B55. /f/ - /θ/ - /s/ - /ʃ/

fai – θai – sai – sai $fort - \theta ort - sort - fort$ fəʊl - θəʊl - səʊl - ʃəʊl $f3:d - \theta3:d - s3:d - s3:d$ $f \approx \eta - \theta \approx \eta - s \approx \eta - s \approx \eta$ 'fiərə – 'θiərə – 'siərə – 'ſiərə $seif - sei\theta - seis - seif$ $li:f - li:\theta - li:s - li:$

phi - thigh - sigh - shy fought - thought - sort - short foal - thole - sole - shoal furred - third - surd - sherd fang - thang - sang - Shang fearer - Thera - sera - sheerer safe - saithe - Sayce - seiche leaf - Leith - lease - leash

Exercise B56. /v/ - /ð/ - /z/

vi: - ði: - zi: V – thee – zee

voe - though - zone vəʊ - ðəʊ - zəʊn

Venn - then - Zen ven – ðen – zen

væt - ðæt - zæk vat - that - Zack

bri:v – bri:ð – bri:z breve - breathe - breeze

kləvv - kləvð - kləvz clove - clothe - close

laıv – laıð – laız live - lithe - lies

'meivə – 'meiðə – 'meizə Mayor - Mather - maser



Exercise B57. /s/ - /z/ - /∫/ - /ʒ/

lu:s - lu:z - lu:\(- lu:\(\) loose – lose – louche – luge

ru:s - ru:z - ru:\(- ru:\(\) russe - ruse - ruche - rouge

'lısn – 'prızn – 'mıʃn – 'vızn listen - prison - mission - vision

'luːsn – 'suːzn – 'kruːʃn – 'fjuːʒn loosen - Suzan - crucian - fusion

'liːsə – 'pliːzə – 'riːʃə – 'siːʒə Lisa – pleaser – Rhaetia – seizure

'presə – 'prezı – 'preʃə – 'pleʒə presa - prezzie - pressure - pleasure

hoExercise B58. /tfolls/ – /tr/ – /dhoz/ – /dr/

flu: - tru: - dzu: - dru: chew - true - Iew - drew

 \widehat{t} sides – trið – d \widehat{d} siðe – drið cheer – Trier – jeer – drear

 \widehat{t} fein – trein – \widehat{d} gein – drein chain – train – Jane – drain

tjæm – træm – dzæm – dræm Cham - tram - jam - dram

fsil - tril - dzil - dril chill - trill - Jill - drill

tses - tres - dzes - dres chess – tress – Jess – dress

tsnyk – trnyk – dznyk – drnyk chunk – trunk – junk – drunk

≽ Exercise B59. /w/ - /l/ - /r/ - /j/ - /h/

wu: - lu: - ru: - ju: - hu: wəv – ləv – rəv – jəv – həv wav – lav – rav – jav – hav wiə – liə – riə – jiə – hiə wen – len – ren – jen – hen word – lord – rord – jord – hord wæk – læk – ræk – jæk – hæk

woo - loo - rue - yew - who woe - low - row - yo - ho wow - Lao - row - yow - how we're - leer - rear - year - here when - Len - wren - yen - hen ward - lord - roared - yawed - hoard whack - lack - rack - yak - hack what - lot - rot - yacht - hot



🗦 Exercise B60. /m/ - /n/ - /ŋ/

bpm - bpn - bpn $t_{\Lambda}m - t_{\Lambda}n - t_{\Lambda}n$ wimz – winz – winz hæmd - hænd - hænd 'sıməz – 'sınəz – 'sıŋəz 'damın – 'danın – 'danın 'læmtən – 'læntən – 'læŋtən 'kpmbəv – 'kpndəv – 'kpŋgəv

wpt - lpt - rpt - jpt - hpt

bomb - Bonn - bong tum - ton - tongue whims - wins - wings hammed - hand - hanged simmers - sinners - singers dumbing - dunning - dunging Lambton – lantern – Langton combo - condo - Congo

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Exercise Ω. Stressed vowels