

# Pollution Detection System

## User Manual

PLA25

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**Pollution Detection System**

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# 1 Introduction

## 1.1 Who are we?

We are a group of students who go by the name of PLA25. We are currently studying at the Amsterdam University of Applied Sciences. Our group consists of software engineering and technical computing students.

## 1.2 Our product

The Pollution Detection System (PDS) is a web-based application that provides information about the pollution on earth. Both light pollution and air pollution are being monitored using this system.

The system uses so called "sensorhubs". Sensorhubs are a combination of multiple sensors inside of a box. These sensorhubs can be placed in a specific area to measure the pollution. These measurements can be monitored using the PDS website. This can be done by using the website's main feature, the map.

The system uses sensors that can be placed in a specific area to measure the pollution. These measurements can be monitored using the PDS website. This can be done by using the website's main feature, the map.

## **2 How to Set-up the system**

### **2.1 Step 1: Clone the repository and install the dependencies**

Step 1 can be done in two different ways.

Method 1:

In your terminal:

```
git clone https://github.com/PLA25/Website.git  
cd Website/Source  
npm install
```

Method 2:

Download the zip file from [here](<https://github.com/PLA25/Website/archive/master.zip>), extract the files and open the folder Website-master/Source.

Open your terminal on the location of the folder and run the following command:

```
npm install
```

### **2.2 Step 2: Configure the system**

Open your terminal in the Website/Source folder (or use the terminal you just used) and run the following command:

```
npm start
```

Wait for the server to start and visit localhost:3000 or YOUR-DOMAIN-OR-IP:3000 in your web browser.

Fill in all the information on the page and press the SAVE CONFIG button.  
Your Planet key can be found on the planet.com website, for more information about how to find your API key visit <https://support.planet.com/hc/en-us/articles/212318178-What-is-my-API-key->

Now wait for the server to reboot and press the Click Me! button.

### **2.3 Step 3: Configure the database**

This will happen automatically when you start-up the system for the first time.

Yep, it's that easy!

If you ever lose access to the system, just delete the config document from the database and the default users will be back in the system.

## **2.4 Step 4: Starting the system**

In the web browser login using the credentials (Table 1).

Table 1: Credentials		
Username	Password	About
admin	admin	This is the admin account!
user	user	This is the default user.

## **2.5 Step 5: Security**

Change the admin and user Password in the My Account panel!

## 3 The website

### 3.1 The login and logout.

The login page is simple, use your username and password to login to the website. The website uses a role system, which means there are two roles a user of the website can be. You're either an admin or a user.

1. Use the upper input field for your username.
2. Use the lower one for your password.
3. Finally, click the "login" button.

After completing these steps you are being redirected to the homepage.

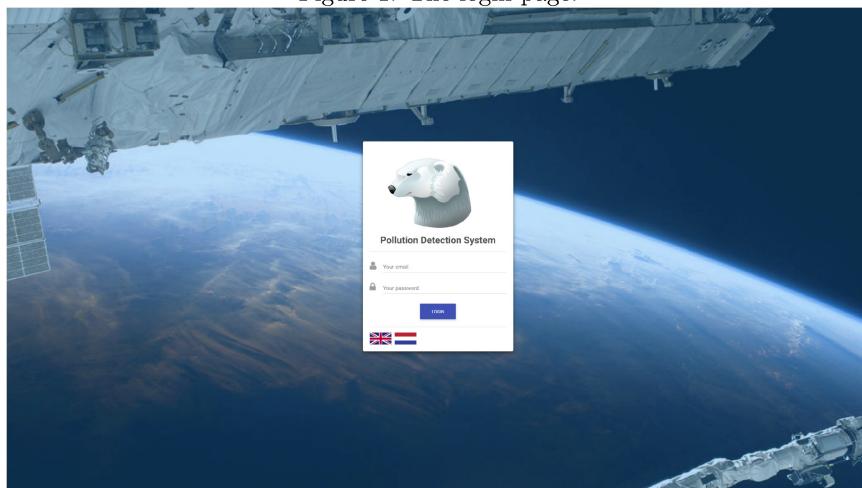
On the top of this website there is a navigation bar, which is used to visit the several available pages. These pages include: the home page the map page and the admin page. The latter is only shown if the current user is an admin.

If you want to log out, simply click the logout button at the very end of the navigation bar (see figure 2).

The login page contains buttons to switch between the languages Dutch and English (see figure 1).

All other pages also have these buttons in their dropdown menu(see figure 2).

Figure 1: The login page.

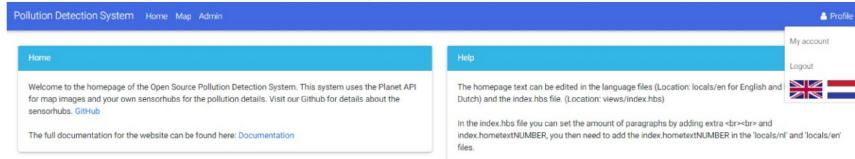


### 3.2 The homepage.

Once the user has logged in to the website the user will be redirected to the home page of our website. On the home page the user will see a navigation bar at the top of the web page. On the navigation bar there will be several buttons. These buttons vary per user depending if the user is a admin or a user.

On the home page itself the user will see a short welcome message as well. In the welcome message we introduce the user to our website and explain the features we have on our website. The home page also contains links to our blog, GitHub and more information for help.

Figure 2: The homepage with an opened dropdown menu.



### 3.3 The map page

This page is the primary feature of our product; the map. This map consists of data gathered by our sensor hubs. On the left you can see a smaller box called "Options", where you can filter out certain types data and view details about them. On the right you can see a larger called "Map", which is our interactive map that derives its display from what is selected in the Options menu.

#### Searching for a specific location

Want to find out the pollution of a specific location? See figure 2 and follow these steps:

1. Click on the search bar in the Options menu.
2. Type in your desired location.
3. (optional) Click on a suggestion that meets your criteria.
4. (optional) Zoom in or out.

Figure 3: Search bar.



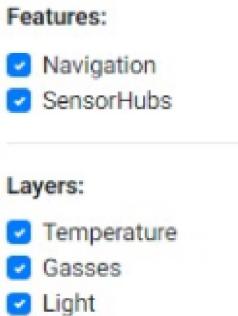
The search bar can also search with coordinates instead of names. It's not possible to search outside of the Netherlands.

#### Filtering out map layers

Do you think there's too much information on the map? It's possible to filter specific layers out. See the figure below and follow these steps:

1. Go to the Features and Layers part of the Options menu.
2. Click on Navigation if you want to show/hide the roads on the map.
3. Click on SensorHubs if you want to show/hide the sensor hubs on the map.
4. Click on Temperature if you want to show/hide the temperature data on the map.
5. Click on Gasses if you want to show/hide the gas pollution data on the map.
6. Click on Light if you want to show/hide the light pollution data on the map.

Figure 4: Features and layers.



These layers are stacked on top of each other. The Planet API layer is the base layer that's always present. The features and layers in the Options menu are all displayed or hidden based on the user's choice. This gives you the maximum amount of choice over how you want to view our data.

#### **Viewing data from the past**

Want to find out about data from the past? See the figure below and follow these steps:

1. Go to the Timeline part of the Options menu.
2. (option 1) Click on the selector and select how far you want to go back.
3. (option 2) Drag the timeline bar to how far you wish to go back.

Figure 5: Timeline.



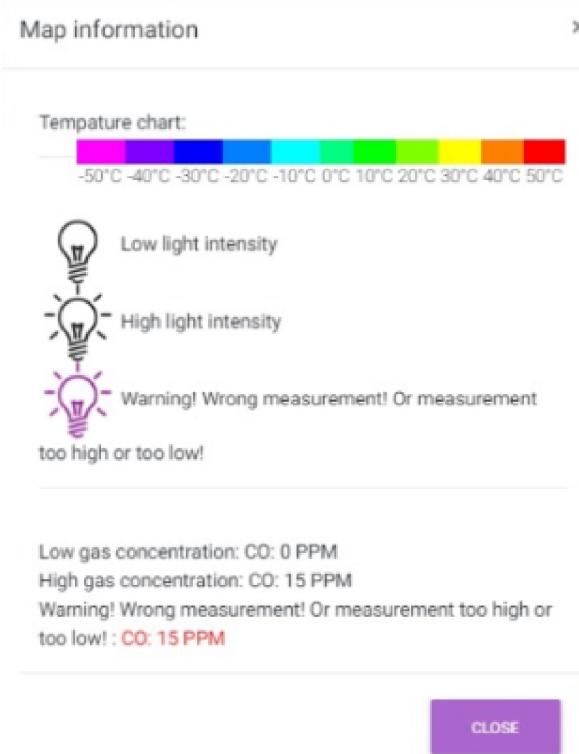
As you can see, the Timeline part also displays the current selected date and time. The format is MM/DD/YYYY @ HH. Since we don't save data more often than once an hour, there's only the hour number displayed.

### Help with reading the map data

Don't know what the displayed data on the map means? See the figure below and follow these steps:

1. Click on the Map Information button in the Options menu.
2. Pinpoint the type of pollution you want to know about and read the instructions.

Figure 6: Map information.



The map information also covers abnormal measurements of data, in case that occurs.

### **Viewing the averages of the last 24 hours of a sensor hub location**

By following the steps and the figure below, you are able to see the averages of the last 24 hours of a sensor hub location.

1. Click on the desired sensor hub in the Map panel.
2. Graphs of temperature, light and gas averages of the last 24 hours show up.
3. (optional) Scroll down if you'd like to see the light or gas averages.

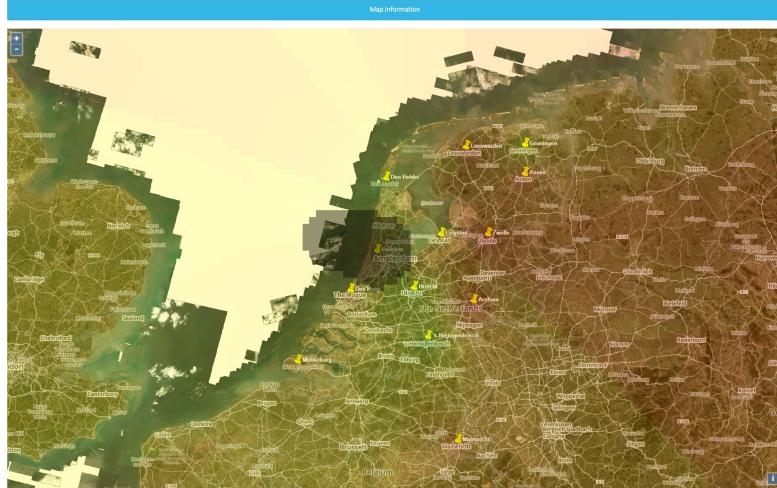
Figure 7: Sensor hub pop-up.



### 3.3.1 The heatmap

If you want to see the temperature measured by the sensor hubs, this is the right option. The heatmap shows a representation of the temperature, using colors scaling from bright pink (cold) to red (warm). The colors are displayed on the map as a layer over the standard map.

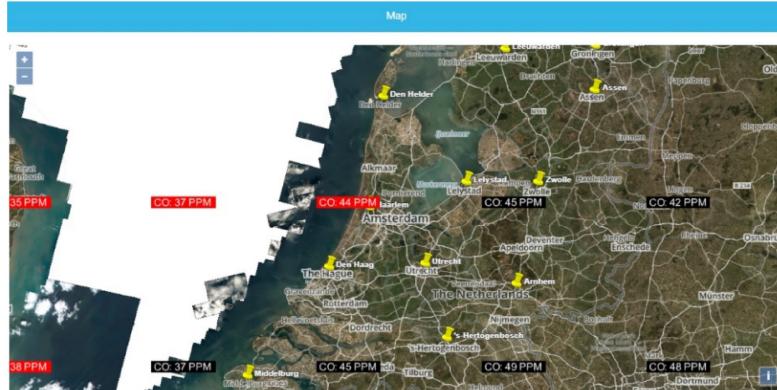
Figure 8: Navigation, SensorHubs and Temperature.



### 3.3.2 The gas map

The gas map shows the amount of gas that is found on a specific location. The specific location will show the values given of the gas. On the map you will see a number which corresponds to an amount of pollution in the air due to gas.

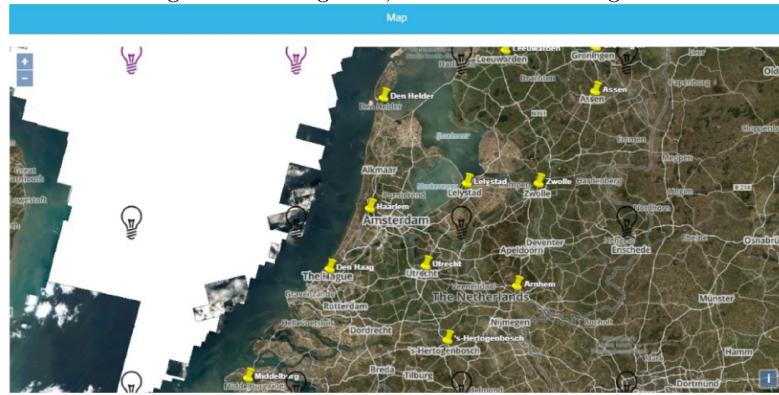
Figure 9: Navigation, SensorHubs and Gasses.



### 3.3.3 The light map

The light map shows the amount of light pollution at a specific location. The light pollution is shown by a lamp icon. The lamp icon has lines above the lamp itself. This is used as our scale. So if the lamp icon has 0 lines it means there isn't any pollution. But if there are 7 lines above the lamp icon it means that there is a lot of pollution going on in the area.

Figure 10: Navigation, SensorHubs and Light.



### 3.4 The account page

The account page is used to view the information about your own account.

The following information can be found on this page:

- Name (Here you can see your name)
- Email (Here you can see your email address)
- Admin (Here you can see if your an system admin)
- Password (This is hidden)

Figure 11: Account page

A screenshot of a web page titled "Account Info". The page displays the following information:  
Name: PDS Admin  
Email: admin  
Admin: Yes  
Password: Hidden  
Below the information is a blue button labeled "EDIT PROFILE".

#### 3.4.1 Edit Profile

If you press the Edit Profile button on the account page (above figure) you get to the Edit Profile page where you can edit your own profile.

You can edit the following account details:

- Your account name. (Fill in your account name and press save changes)
- Your account password. (Fill in your current password and your new password. After this press change password)

See the figure below for more information.

Figure 12: Edit account page

A screenshot of a web page titled "Edit account page". The page has two tabs: "Change Name" and "Change Password".  
The "Change Name" tab contains fields for "Name PDS Admin", "Email Admin", and "Admin Yes", with a "Save changes" button.  
The "Change Password" tab contains fields for "Old Password", "New Password", "Repeat Password", and "Change Password", with a "Cancel" button.

### 3.5 The admin page

This page is used to make changes to the system, e.g. user management. Just like the name says, this page is only available for admins. On this page you can change a user's data or that of a sensor hub.

This page shows a change logo part and two tables. One table for the users and one for the sensor hubs. With admin rights the user can change the data inside of these tables.

Figure 13: Admin page.

The screenshot shows the Admin page interface. At the top left is a "Change logo" section with "Bestand kiezen" and "Upload" buttons. Below it are two tables: "Users" and "SensorHubs". The "Users" table has columns "Email" and "Admin". It lists three entries: "admin" (Admin), "test" (Admin), and "user" (False). The "SensorHubs" table has columns "Name", "Longitude", and "Latitude". It lists 13 entries with names like "Nieuwpoortkanaal", "Anden", "Aalter", etc., and coordinates ranging from approximately 50.800000 to 51.000000. At the bottom is a "Limit values" section with a table for "thresholdtemperature", "thresholdlight", "thresholdnoise", and "thresholdvibration".

User	Admin
admin	True
test	True
user	False

SensorHub	Longitude	Latitude
Nieuwpoortkanaal	50.800000	51.000000
Anden	50.800000	51.000000
Aalter	50.800000	51.000000
Den Haag	50.800000	51.000000
Den Helder	50.800000	51.000000
Groningen	50.800000	51.000000
Ieper	50.800000	51.000000
Lierseken	50.800000	51.000000
Utrecht	50.800000	51.000000
Maastricht	50.800000	51.000000

Parameter	Value
thresholdtemperature	0.75
thresholdlight	0.9
thresholdnoise	0.9
thresholdvibration	0.9

The Users table contains data of all the users. With the add button you can add a user and with the delete button behind a specific user you can delete it. Then there is the edit button. The edit button is used to edit the profile of a specific user.

The SensorHubs table simply shows the location of the used sensor hubs with pinpoints. The sensor hub table also contains the same buttons as the users table does.

The Limit values table shows the percentage of data around a sensorhub that outputs invalid data is invalid.

In this case 0.75 at the threshold-temperature means that 75 percent of the data is marked invalid.

At the top of the admin page admins are able to change the logo they have the website. There are two buttons, one is named "Bestand kiezen" and the other is called "Upload". With the Bestand kiezen button admins are able to choose a picture from their computer. And with the Upload admins are able to change the logo of the website with the picture they just selected through the Bestand kiezen button.

In the SensorHubs table there is also a button called "Details". When you press on the details button you will be redirected to a different page. On this page you will see all the values in a table of that specific location. On the side of the table you will see a chart. On the chart you will see the same data as in the table but instead of in a table in a chart.

Figure 14: The page displaying details of a sensor hub.

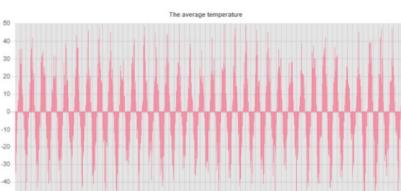
's-Hertogenbosch

Temperature

Temperature		Timestamp	
-1.30073953290554°C		2018-05-29-08:00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not marked
-1.406179920518765°C		2018-05-20-08:00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not marked
-1.495139611096924°C		2018-05-24-08:00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not marked
-1.544604976794399°C		2018-05-25-08:00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not marked
-1.6320176481664017°C		2018-06-17-08:00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not marked
-1.632599692352335°C		2018-06-19-08:00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not marked
-1.633503677924452°C		2018-05-19-08:00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not marked
-1.887248325012049°C		2018-06-09-08:00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not marked
-1.92605151362389059°C		2018-06-08-08:00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not marked
-10.05085405346184°C		2018-06-02-22:00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not marked

Show 10 entries Search:

Showing 1 to 10 of 840 entries Previous [1](#) [2](#) [3](#) [4](#) [5](#) ... [84](#) Next



Light intensity



## **4 Further help**

PLA25 is responsible for making this web application. If any bugs are to be found, please do contact us. Also contact us if any further help is needed or something is not clear yet.

The easiest way to report a bug is through our Github page:  
<https://github.com/PLA25/Website/issues>