## site\_demographics

## Rick Gilmore 2018-03-24 14:57:19

```
counties <- read.csv(paste0(csv.dir, "city-state-county.csv"), stringsAsFactors = FALSE)</pre>
data("county.regions")
counties <- left_join(counties, county.regions)</pre>
## Joining, by = "region"
demog <- get_county_demographics(endyear=2013, span=5)</pre>
county.demo <- left_join(counties, demog)</pre>
## Joining, by = "region"
# Recapitalize county
county.demo$County <- unlist(lapply(county.demo$County, Cap_all))</pre>
# Hack District Of columbia...TODO(ROG): Fix Cap_all()
county.demo$County[county.demo$County == "District Of columbia"] = "District of Columbia"
county.demo <- county.demo %>%
 mutate(state.cty = paste0(County, ", ", State))
# county.demo %>%
# filter(Collecting == "Collecting") %>%
# arrange(US.Region, Site.code, State, County) %>%
# select(US.Region, Site.code, State, County, total_population,
           percent_white, percent_black, percent_asian,
#
           percent_hispanic, multi) ->
# county.race.ethnicity
county.demo %>%
  select (US.Region, Site.code, State, County, state.cty, percent_black, percent_hispanic, percent_asian
 gather(key = race, value = pop.percent, percent_black:percent_white) ->
county.pop.percent
county.pop.percent$race <- recode(county.pop.percent$race,</pre>
                                  percent black = "Black",
                                  percent_hispanic = "Hispanic",
                                  percent_asian = "Asian",
                                  percent_white = "White")
# county.pop.percent <- county.pop.percent %>%
# mutate(state.cty = pasteO(County, ", ", State))
# county.pop.percent %>%
# qqplot() +
#
  aes(y = pop.percent, x = race, fill = race,
        color = race, group = County) +
# geom_line(color = "black", linetype = 1, alpha = 0.2) +
\# geom\ point(size = 3) +
# ylab("Proportion of population") +
# theme classic() +
```

```
#
    theme(legend.position = "none",
#
          axis.title = element_text(size = rel(1.5), face = "bold"),
          axis.text = element_text(size = rel(1.2)))
plot.demo.by.state.cty <- function(d, region = "East") {</pre>
  d %>%
   filter(US.Region == region) %>%
    ggplot() +
   aes(x = state.cty, y = pop.percent, fill = race) +
   geom_col() +
   coord_flip() +
   theme classic() +
   theme(legend.position = "bottom",
        axis.title = element_text(size = rel(1.5), face = "bold"),
        axis.text = element_text(size = rel(1.2)),
        axis.text.x = element_text(),
        axis.title.x = element blank(),
        axis.title.y = element_blank())
#plot.demo.by.state.cty(county.pop.percent, "East")
#plot.demo.by.state.cty(county.pop.percent, "West")
#plot.demo.by.state.cty(county.pop.percent, "South")
#plot.demo.by.state.cty(county.pop.percent, "Midwest")
county.demo %>%
  mutate(p.white = percent_white) %>%
  select(State, County, p.white) ->
  p.white.sortlist
play.palette <- scale_fill_manual(values=c("blue2", "firebrick2", "chartreuse2", "darkorchid2"))</pre>
play.theme <-
 theme_classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom",
        legend.title = element_blank(),
        legend.text = element text(size = rel(1.2)),
        axis.title = element_text(size = rel(1.5), face ="bold"),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = rel(1.2)),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = rel(.5)),
        axis.line = element_blank(),
        axis.title.y = element_blank(),
        plot.margin=unit(c(0,.5,0,0),"cm"))
left_join(county.pop.percent, p.white.sortlist) %>%
  arrange(p.white) %>%
  mutate(state.cty = factor(state.cty, unique(state.cty))) %>%
  ggplot() +
  aes(x = state.cty, y = pop.percent, fill = race) +
  geom col() +
  scale_fill_discrete(limits=c("Asian", "Black", "Hispanic", "White")) +
  play.palette +
```

```
play.theme +
   coord_flip() +
   scale y continuous(expand=c(0,0)) +
   ylab("Proportion of population")
## Joining, by = c("State", "County")
## Scale for 'fill' is already present. Adding another scale for 'fill',
## which will replace the existing scale.
     Clinton, MI –
Centre, PA –
Williamson, TN –
Bucks, PA –
Monroe, IN –
Oconee, GA –
Lane, OR –
Chester, PA –
Allegheny, PA
    Montgomery, MD =
Suffolk, MA =
Suffolk, MA —
Cook, IL —
Orange, CA —
San Mateo, CA —
Clarke, GA —
Richmond, VA —
Riverside, CA —
Philadelphia, PA —
District of Columbia, DC —
Santa Clara, CA
    t of Columbia, DC —
Santa Clara, DC —
Harris, TX —
Essex, NJ —
Orleans, LA —
Merced, CA —
Los Angeles, CA —
Miami-Dade, FL —
                                          25
                                                                       50
                                                                                                     75
             0
                                                                                                                                  100
                                            Proportion of population
                                             Asian Black Hispanic
                                                                                                White
county.pop.percent %>%
   group_by(Site.code, State, County) %>%
   summarize(tot.p = sum(pop.percent))
## # A tibble: 45 x 4
## # Groups:
                      Site.code, State [?]
##
        Site.code State County
                                                     tot.p
                        <chr> <chr>
##
         <chr>
                                                     <dbl>
     1 BU
                                 Suffolk
                                                        96.
##
                        MA
     2 CHI
                                 Cook
                                                        98.
     3 CHOP
                        NJ
                                 Camden
                                                        98.
##
##
     4 CHOP
                        NJ
                                 Gloucester
                                                        98.
                        PA
                                 Bucks
                                                        98.
##
     5 CHOP
                        PA
                                 Chester
##
     6 CHOP
                                                        99.
     7 CHOP
                        PA
                                 Delaware
                                                        98.
##
##
     8 CHOP
                        PA
                                                        98.
                                 Montgomery
                        PA
## 9 CHOP
                                 Philadelphia
                                                        98.
## 10 COR
                       NY
                                 Tompkins
                                                        97.
```

## ## # ... with 35 more rows

```
county.demo %>%
  arrange(per_capita_income) %>%
  mutate(state.cty = factor(state.cty, unique(state.cty))) %>%
  ggplot() +
  aes(x = state.cty, y = per_capita_income, fill = US.Region) +
  geom_col() +
  coord_flip() +
  play.theme +
  play.palette +
  scale_y_continuous(expand=c(0,0)) +
  ylab("Median per capita income by site")
```

