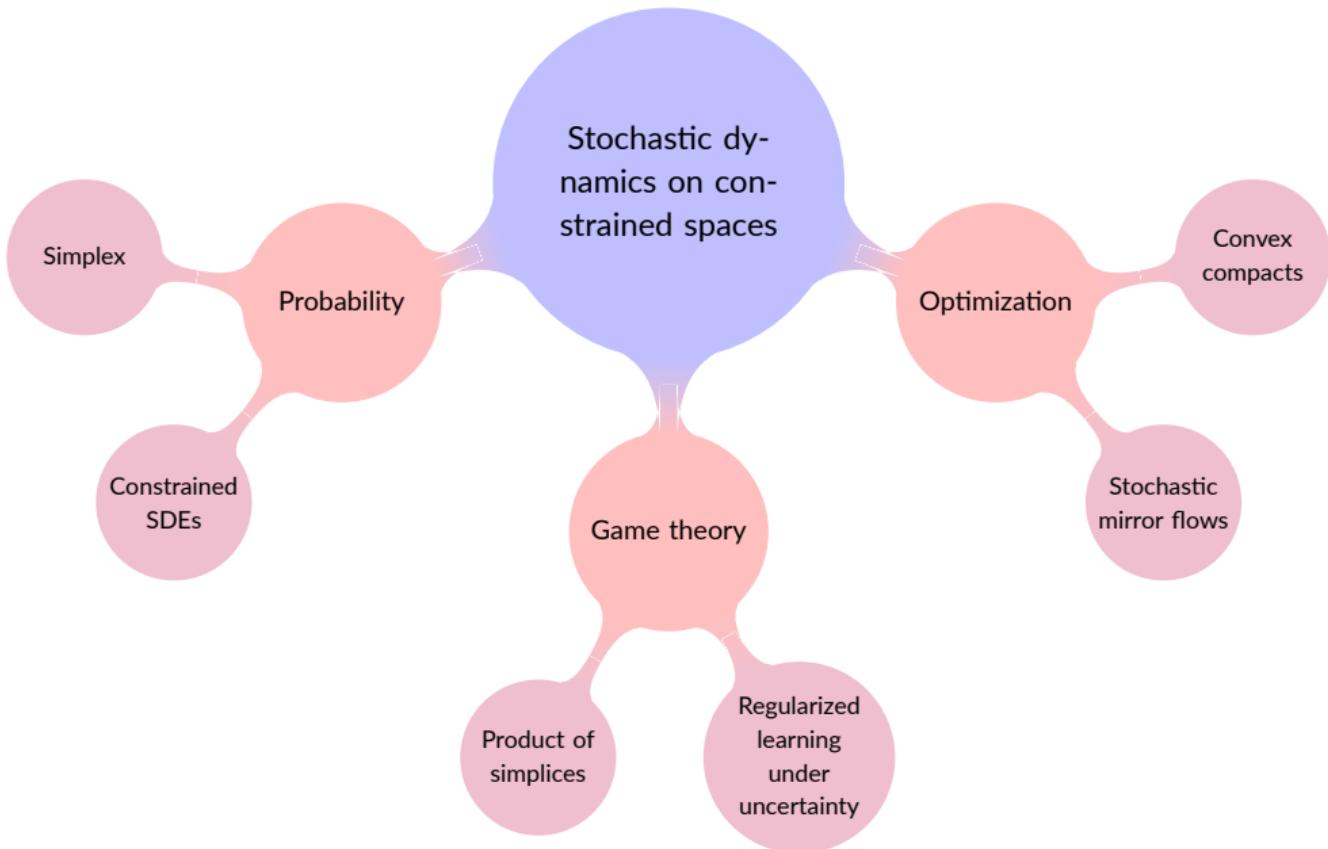


STOCHASTIC DYNAMICS ON CONSTRAINED SPACES AND THEIR APPLICATIONS

Pierre-Louis Cauvin

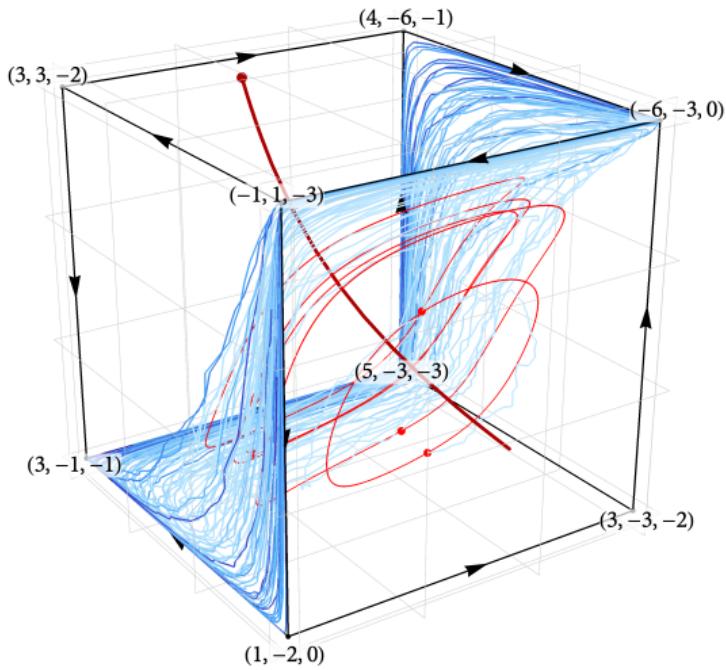
⟨ GHOST Day | September 30, 2025 ⟩

General overview

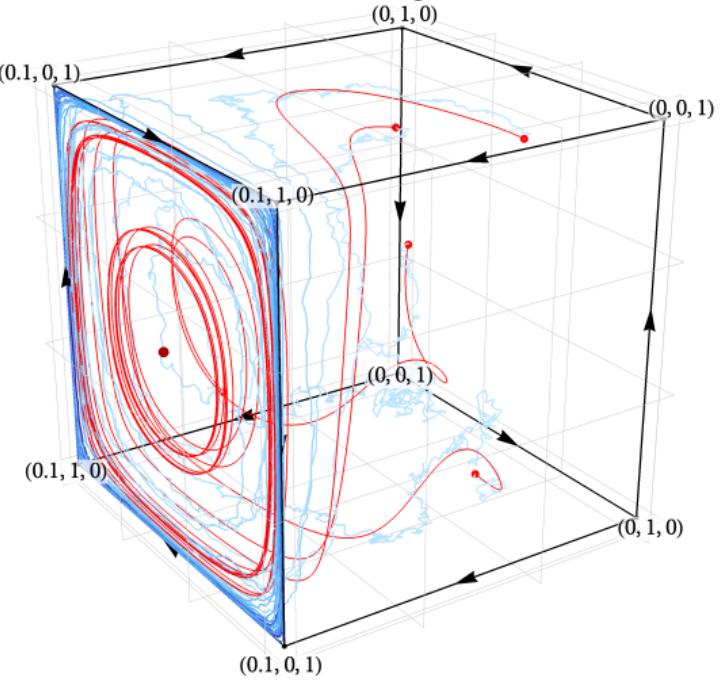


Examples and figures

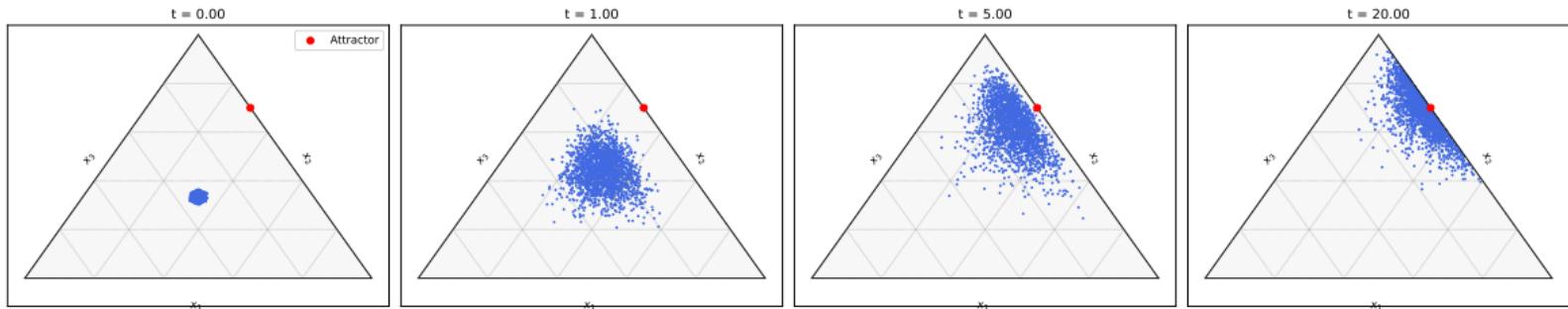
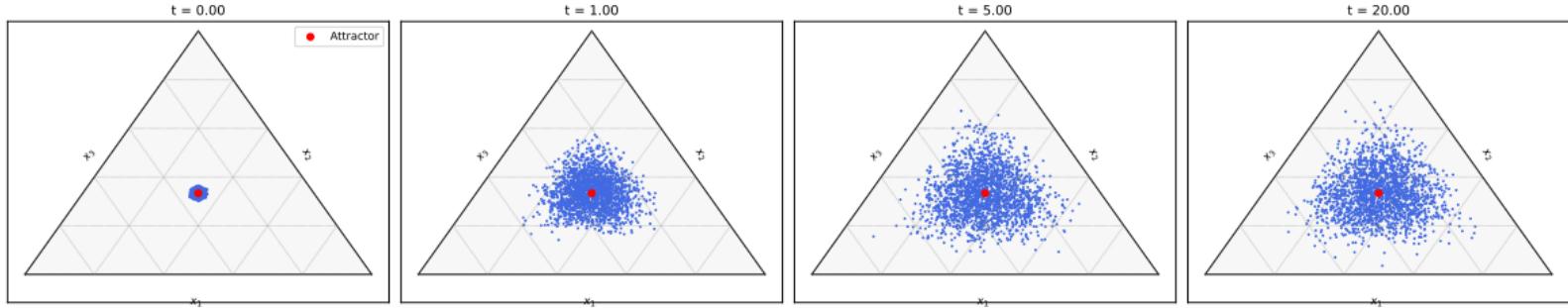
A Harmonic Game



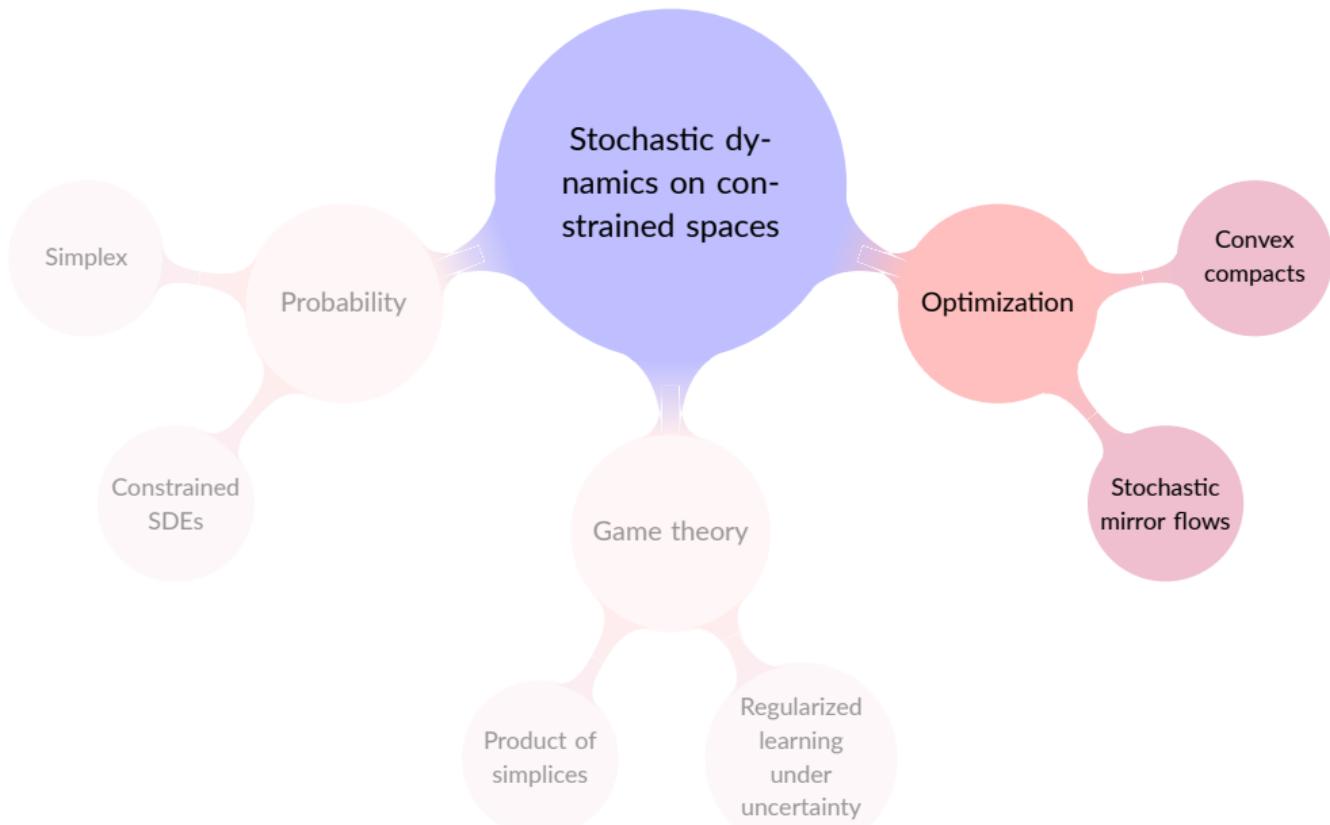
Twisted Matching Pennies



Examples and figures, cont'd



General overview



Setup and mirror flow

Goal: minimize $f(x)$ subject to $x \in \mathcal{X}$

- ☞ $\mathcal{X} \subset \mathbb{R}^d$ convex and compact
- ☞ $f: \mathcal{X} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ strongly convex and L -smooth

Mirror flow:

$$\dot{y}_t = -\nabla f(x_t)$$

$$x_t = Q(\eta_t y_t) \quad \# Q: \mathcal{Y} \rightarrow \mathcal{X} \text{ "projection-like" mapping}$$

Convergence result: trajectories x_t converge to the unique minimum x^* of f

What happens when ∇f is only known up to some random error?

Previous works

Stochastic mirror flow:

$$\begin{aligned} dY_t &= -\nabla f(X_t)dt + \sigma dW_t \\ X_t &= Q(\eta_t Y_t) \end{aligned} \tag{S-MF}$$

- ☞ Stochastic differential equation with Brownian noise
- ~ perturbed by Gaussian noise at each (infinitesimal) time step

Main result: $\bar{X}_t := \frac{1}{t} \int_0^t X_s ds \rightarrow x^*$ (a.s.) when $\eta_t \searrow 0$.

Drawbacks:

- ▶ Noise process is continuous in time \rightsquigarrow cannot model abrupt shocks
- ▶ Noise process admits exponential moments \rightsquigarrow cannot model heavy-tailed noise

Our results

Lévy mirror flow:

$$\begin{aligned} dY_t &= -\nabla f(X_t)dt + dL_t \\ X_t &= Q(\eta_t Y_t) \end{aligned} \tag{L-MF}$$

- ☞ SDE with Lévy noise ↽ can be **discontinuous** and **heavy-tailed**
- ☞ Ex: Brownian motion, Poisson processes, stable processes, ...

Noise assumption: L_t is **centered** and admits moments up to order $p \in (1, 2]$

Main result: $\bar{X}_t := \frac{1}{t} \int_0^t X_s ds \rightarrow x^*$ (a.s.) when $\eta_t \searrow 0$

Finite variance is **not** needed for convergence results!