

# Workshop II

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Calculus II (01:640:152, section C2)

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**Question:**

The curve  $y = f(x)$  is called a tractrix, and has the following property: the derivative at any point  $x$  satisfies the formula:

$$f'(x) = \frac{-f(x)}{\sqrt{1 - f(x)^2}}$$

Consider the region under the tractrix, within the limits  $0 \leq x \leq a$ . Find the volume of the solid object obtained by revolving this region around the  $x$ -axis in terms of the constant  $c = f(a)$ .

**Solution:**

1. To find the volume, use the “disk method,” because the changing values are perpendicular to the  $x$ -axis, making the bounds are from 0 to  $a$  along the  $x$ -axis.

$$V_{tractrix} = \pi \int_0^a f^2(x) dx$$

2. Being as the formula for the tractrix is not given, utilize “u-substitution” where  $u = f(x)$  and  $du = f'(x)dx$ . Therefore,  $dx = \frac{du}{f'(x)}$ . Recalculate bounds for  $u$ , use given formula for  $f'(x)$ , plugin  $u$  for every  $f(x)$ , and simplify.

$$V_{tractrix} = -\pi \int_1^c u \sqrt{1 - u^2} du$$

3. Substitute  $1 - u^2$  with  $t$ , making  $udu = \frac{dt}{-2}$ , recalculate bounds according to  $t$ :

$$V_{tractrix} = \frac{\pi}{2} \int_0^{1-c^2} \sqrt{t} dt$$

4. Evaluate for solution

$$V_{tractrix} = \frac{\pi}{3} (1 - c^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$