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CS206: Introduction to Discrete Structures II, Spring 2013

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Homework 4

- 1. (10 points total) Two teams x and y are playing each other in the World Series, which is a best-of-seven-game match that ends when one team wins 4 games. Assume that team x wins each game with probability p, and that the outcome of each game constitutes an independent trial.
 - (a) (0.5 points) What is the probability that x wins the first four games?
 - There is one way for x to win in four, and that's winning four in a row.

 p^4

- (b) (2 points) What is the probability that x wins four games after at most five game have been played?
 - Sample space, strings, x character means x won, y character means y won.

xxxx

yxxxx

xyxxx

xxyxx

xxxyx

$$(1-p)p^4 \times 4$$

- $P(x \text{ wins in } 6) = \binom{5}{2}(1-p)^2p^4$
- (c) (2 points) What is the probability that x will win four games before y wins four games? (i.e., What is the probability that x wins the Series?)
- (d) (0.5 points) Calculate and simplify your answer in part (c) when p = 1/2 and when p = 2/3.
- (e) (1 point) Let X be the random variable that counts the number of games that are played. What is Range(X)?
- (f) (2 points) What is P(X = 7)?
- (g) (2 points) What is $P(X \ge 6)$?
- 2. (4 points) Suppose we roll two fair dice. Let the random variable X = "the minimum of the two dice" and Y = "the absolute value of the difference of the two dice". Find E(X) and E(Y).

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- \bullet E(X)
- −E(Y)
 - The range is $\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$.
 - There are 6 ways of getting 0, $\{6-6, 5-5, ...\}$

 $\frac{6}{36}$

- There are 6 ways of getting 1, $\{6-5, 5-6, 4-3, 3-4, 3-2, 2-3, 2-1, 1-2\}$.

 $\frac{8}{36}$

- 3. (4 points) Suppose boxes of cereal are filled with a random prize, each drawn from independently and uniformly from 6 possible prizes. If we buy N boxes of cereal, what is the expected number of distinct prizes we will collect? Hint: Consider the indicator random variables I_{E_i} for the event E_i = "the i-th price was in some box".
- 4. (4 points) A group of m men and w randomly sit in a single row at a theater. If a man and woman are seated next to each other we say they form a couple. (Couples can overlap, meaning that one person can be a member of two couples.) What is the expected number of couples? Hint: Use indicator random variables for each possible couple forming.
- 5. (3 points) Suppose an experiment tosses a fair coin twice; the experiment "succeeds" if both tosses were Heads. We repeat this experiment for 12 independent trials. Let N be the random variable that counts the fraction of trials that are successful (so N = S/12, where S is the number of successful trials). Find E(N).
- 6. Extra Credit: (4 points) Consider the experiment where n balls are to be placed randomly into n boxes. Let N_1 count the number of boxes with exactly one ball, and let N_2 count the number of boxes with exactly two balls. Find the probability of the events " $N_1 = n$ " and " $N_1 = n 1$ ". Use the indicator technique to find $E(N_1)$ and $E(N_2)$.