<u>Corresponding Raw Content in Books:</u> b

Chart 2.1 Characteristics of the principle of penetration

B) Line of the ball and opponent's goal line.

- Reduce the distance between the player in 'possession of the ball and the opponent's goal or goal line;
- Unbalance opponent's defensive organization:
- · Directly attack the opponent or the goal;
- Create advantageous attacking situations in numerical and spatial ' 'terms.

- Player in possession of the ball.
- Carrying the ball through the available space (with or without defenders ' 'ahead).
- Performing dribbles in search of numerical advantage in attacking situations or that enable the sequence ' 'of the play towards the opponent's goal line or goal.
- Carrying the ball towards the opponent's goal line or goal.
- Performing dribbles towards the opponent's goal line or goal searching for favourable conditions for a pass/assistance to a teammate to resume the play.

...



Corresponding Knowledge: K

ball_observations):'
' player_actions = {}'
' for player, observations in player_observations.items():'
" if player.role == 'defender':"

'def assess_player_actions(player_observations, match_context,

' player_actions[player] = assess_defender_responses(observations, match_context.get_opponent(player), ball_observations)'

" elif player.role == 'midfielder':"

' player_actions[player] = assess_midfielder_roles(observations, match_context)'

" elif player.role == 'forward':"

' player_actions[player] = assess_forward_decisions(observations, match_context, ball_observations.get_goal(), ball_observations)'

" elif player.role == 'goalkeeper':"

'def assess_forward_decisions(forward_observations, match_context, goal, ball_observations):'

if is_in_shooting_range(goal) and

(ball_observations['is_controlled_by'] == forward_observations or not 'is closely marked()):'

if has_clear_shot(goal) or opponent_actions == 'shoot':"

return 'take shot'"

else:'

" return 'pass_to_better_positioned_teammate' or 'dribble_to_improve_angle'"

' else:'

return 'move_to_receive_pass' or 'create_space_for_teammates'"

••••

Retrieved Knowledge Scope: K^s

{ 'preferred scope description': "This policy is best suited for making tactical decisions based on the opponent's system and style of play.", 'game_mode': 'Normal', 'active_player_role': "['Goalkeeper', "Forward', 'Defender', 'Midfielder']", 'ball_ownership': "['Left', "Right']", ... }

corresponding scenarios (rendered by simulator)

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(1) retrieved by (\{K\}, \{K^s\}) = \mathbf{R}_{	ext{scope}}(\hat{s}, \mathcal{K}^S)
```

Imaginary State: \hat{s}

```
"active_player": 1, "active_player_role": "Forward", 'game_mode': 'Normal',

"ball_ownership": 1, "ball_ownership_player": 1, "ball_zone": [11, 7], "ball_direction": "east",

"player_o": {"team": "Left", "role": "Goalkeeper", "zone": [1, 7], "direction": "east"},

"player_1": {"team": "Left", "role": "Forward", "zone": [11, 7], "direction": "east"},

...

"player_21": {"team": "Right", "role": "Forward", "zone": [10, 4], "direction": "west"}}
```

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Instantiated Knowledge: K_I
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"analyze": "The current observation shows that the active player is a forward (player_1) from the Left team, who has possession of the ball in zone (11, 7). The ball is e defender (player_16) directly in front of him in zone (15, 7). Given this setup and the provided code-based knowledge, the optimal decision for the forward would be to either dribble or pass to a teammate in a better position. Player_2 (another forward) is in zone (12, 7), which could be a good option for a short pass. Additionally, player_10 (forward) is in zone (11, 9), which might also be a viable passing option.'],

```
'code': ['def football manager policy(observation):',
         def should shoot(player, goal info):',
            distance_to_goal = calculate_distance(player['zone'], goal_info['zone'])",
            if distance_to_goal < 10 and player['confidence'] > 50:",
              return True'.
            return False',
         def has space(player, opponents):',
            for opponent in opponents:',
              if calculate_distance(player['zone'], opponent['zone']) < 10:',
                 return False',
            return True'.
         def determine action for forward(player, ball position, teammates,
opponents):',
            if should_shoot(player, {'zone': [20, 6]}):",
              return 12 # action shot',
            elif has_space(player, opponents):',
              return 17 # action dribble',
            else:',
              open teammates = [teammate for teammate in teammates
if calculate_distance(player['zone'], teammate['zone']) < 5]",
              if open_teammates:',
                return 11 # action_short_pass',
              else:'.
                return 0 # action idle',
      " if active player role == 'Forward':",
            return
determine_action_for_forward(observation[f'player_{active_player}'], "
      'ball position, teammates, opponents)',
         else:',
            return 0 # action idle",
```

(3) generated by $\widehat{a} = \mathbf{M}_{\pi}(\widehat{s}, K_I)$ $\underline{\underline{\mathbf{Imaginary Action:}}}_{17 \ \# \ \mathrm{action_dribble}} \widehat{a}$

(2) instantiaed by $K_I = \mathbf{M}_{\mathrm{inst}}(\hat{s}, |\mathcal{M}|, \{K\})$