

# Computer Vision - Assignment 9

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## [Code]

```
def apply_mask(img, y, x, mask):
    r = 0
    for m_y in range(mask_height):
        for m_x in range(mask_width):
            if y + m_y < img_height and x + m_x < img_width:
                r += img[y + m_y, x + m_x] * mask[m_y, m_x]
    return r

def edge_detector1(img, mask1, mask2, threshold):
    for y in range(height):
        for x in range(width):
            r1 = apply_mask(img, y, x, mask1)
            r2 = apply_mask(img, y, x, mask2)
            g = math.sqrt(r1 ** 2 + r2 ** 2)
            if g >= threshold:
                img[y, x] = 0
            else:
                img[y, x] = 255

    return img
```

## (a) Robert's Operator, Threshold: 12

Apply mask1 and mask2 on each of the pixels and get the corresponding value r1 and r2. Get value g by the formula:

$\sqrt{r1^2 + r2^2}$ . If g larger or equal to the threshold then set the pixel to black (value 0), otherwise set it to white (value 255).

## [Code]

```
mask1 = np.array([[-1, 0], [0, 1]])
mask2 = np.array([[0, -1], [1, 0]])
edge_detector1(img, mask1, mask2, 12)
```



## (b) Prewitt's Edge Detector, Threshold: 24

Same procedure with (a) but with a different threshold and masks.

### [Code]

```
mask1 = np.array([[ -1, -1, -1], [0, 0, 0], [1, 1, 1]])
mask2 = np.array([[ -1, 0, 1], [-1, 0, 1], [-1, 0, 1]])
edge_detector1(img, mask1, mask2, 24)
```



### (c) Sobel's Edge Detector, Threshold: 38

Same procedure with (a) but with a different threshold and masks.

### [Code]

```
mask1 = np.array([[ -1, -2, -1], [0, 0, 0], [1, 2, 1]])
mask2 = np.array([[ -1, 0, 1], [-2, 0, 2], [-1, 0, 1]])
edge_detector1(img, mask1, mask2, 38)
```



### (d) Frei and Chen's Gradient Operator, Threshold: 30

Same procedure with (a) but with a different threshold and masks.

### [Code]

```
mask1 = np.array([[ -1, -2, -1], [0, 0, 0], [1, 2, 1]])
mask2 = np.array([[ -1, 0, 1], [-2, 0, 2], [-1, 0, 1]])
edge_detector1(img, mask1, mask2, 38)
```



### [Code]

```
def edge_detector2(img, masks, threshold):
    for y in range(height):
        for x in range(width):
            all_g = []
            for mask in masks:
```

```

        g = apply_mask(img, y, x, mask)
        all_g.append(g)
    max_g = max(all_g)

    if max_g >= threshold:
        img[y, x] = 0
    else:
        img[y, x] = 255

    return img

```

### (e) Kirsch's Compass Operator, Threshold: 135

Apply a list of n masks on each of the pixels and get the corresponding value . Get value g by the formula:

$Max(m_1, m_2 \dots m_n)$  . If g larger or equal to the threshold then set the pixel to black (value 0), otherwise set it to white (value 255).

#### [Code]

```

masks = [
    np.array([[ -3,  -3,  5], [ -3,  0,  5], [ -3,  -3,  5]]),
    np.array([[ -3,  5,  5], [ -3,  0,  5], [ -3,  -3,  -3]]),
    np.array([[ 5,  5,  5], [ -3,  0,  -3], [ -3,  -3,  -3]]),
    np.array([[ 5,  5,  -3], [ 5,  0,  -3], [ -3,  -3,  -3]]),
    np.array([[ 5,  -3,  -3], [ 5,  0,  -3], [ 5,  -3,  -3]]),
    np.array([[ -3,  -3,  -3], [ 5,  0,  -3], [ 5,  5,  -3]]),
    np.array([[ -3,  -3,  -3], [ -3,  0,  -3], [ 5,  5,  5]]),
    np.array([[ -3,  -3,  -3], [ -3,  0,  5], [ -3,  5,  5]]),
]
edge_detector2(img, masks, 125)

```



### (f) Robinson's Compass Operator, Threshold: 43

Same procedure with (e) but with a different threshold and masks.

#### [Code]

```

masks = [
    np.array([[ -1,  0,  1], [ -2,  0,  2], [ -1,  0,  1]]),
    np.array([[ 0,  1,  2], [ -1,  0,  1], [ -2,  -1,  -0]]),
    np.array([[ 1,  2,  1], [ 0,  0,  0], [ -1,  -2,  -1]]),
    np.array([[ 2,  1,  0], [ 1,  0,  -1], [ 0,  -1,  -2]]),
    np.array([[ 1,  0,  -1], [ 2,  0,  -2], [ 1,  0,  -1]]),
    np.array([[ 0,  -1,  -2], [ 1,  0,  -1], [ 2,  1,  0]]),
    np.array([[ -1,  -2,  -1], [ 0,  0,  0], [ 1,  2,  1]]),
    np.array([[ -2,  -1,  0], [ -1,  0,  1], [ 0,  1,  2]]),
]
edge_detector2(img, masks, 43)

```



### (g) Nevatia-Babu 5x5 Operator, Threshold: 12500

Same procedure with (a) but with a different threshold and masks.

#### [Code]

```
mask1 = [
    np.array(
        [
            [100, 100, 100, 100, 100],
            [100, 100, 100, 100, 100],
            [0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
            [-100, -100, -100, -100, -100],
            [-100, -100, -100, -100, -100],
        ]
    ),
    np.array(
        [
            [100, 100, 100, 100, 100],
            [100, 100, 100, 78, -32],
            [100, 92, 0, -92, -100],
            [32, -78, -100, -100, -100],
            [-100, -100, -100, -100, -100],
        ]
    ),
    np.array(
        [
            [100, 100, 100, 32, -100],
            [100, 100, 92, -78, -100],
            [100, 100, 0, -100, -100],
            [100, 78, -92, -100, -100],
            [100, -32, -100, -100, -100],
        ]
    ),
    np.array(
        [
            [-100, -100, 0, 100, 100],
            [-100, -100, 0, 100, 100],
            [-100, -100, 0, 100, 100],
            [-100, -100, 0, 100, 100],
            [-100, -100, 0, 100, 100],
        ]
    ),
    np.array(
        [
            [-100, 32, 100, 100, 100],
            [-100, -78, 92, 100, 100],
            [-100, -100, 0, 100, 100],
            [-100, -100, -92, 78, 100],
            [-100, -100, -100, -32, 100],
        ]
    )
]
```



```
),  
np.array(  
    [  
        [100, 100, 100, 100, 100],  
        [-32, 78, 100, 100, 100],  
        [-100, -92, 0, 92, 100],  
        [-100, -100, -100, -78, 32],  
        [-100, -100, -100, -100, -100],  
    ]  
),  
]  
edge_detector2(img, masks, 12500)
```