NewtonRaphson

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Functions

```
F1<-function(x){
    return(c(x^2,2*x)) # note that the function returns two numbers. The first is f(x); the second is the
}

#define a function F2(x)=sin(x)
F2<-function(x){
    return(c(sin(x),cos(x)))
}

#define F3(x)=(x-2)^3-6*x
F3<-function(x){
    return(c((x-2)^3-6*x,3*(x-2)^2-6)))
}

#define F4(x)=cos(x)-x##
F4<-function(x){
    return(c(cos(x)-x,-sin(x)-1))
}
# (All functions need to return f(x) and f'(x))</pre>
```

Define Newton-Raphson function

```
library(shape)
NewtonRaphson<-function(func, StartingValue, Tolerance, MaxNumberOfIterations, DrawLines) {
  #initialize a variable, Deviation (say), to record |f(x)| so that you know how far away you are from
  #(So initialize it to some arbitrary large number)
 Deviation <- 1000
  #Set up a counter, i, to record how many iterations you have performed. Set it equal to 0
  # Initialize the values of x and f(x)
  X <- StartingValue
  #Set up a while loop until we hit the required target accuracy or the max. number of steps
  while ((i<MaxNumberOfIterations)&&(Deviation>Tolerance))
    # Record the value of f(x) and f'(x), for the current x value.
    Xprime <- func(X)</pre>
    Z[1] <- Xprime[1]</pre>
    Z[2] <- Xprime[2]</pre>
    X_1 \leftarrow X - Z[1]/Z[2] #To draw line segment for Xn+1
    # I put them in a variable Z. Z[1] \leftarrow f(x); Z[2] \leftarrow f'(x)
    # To be safe, check that the function and it's derivative are defined at X (either could be NaN if
```

```
if ((Z[1]=="NaN")||(Z[2]=="NaN")){
      cat("\nFunction or derivative not defined error.\n")
      break
    }
    if (DrawLines){
      Arrows(X,0,X,Z[1],col="blue",lty=2,arr.length=0.01, arr.type = "T")
      Arrows(X,Z[1],X_1,0,col="blue",lty=2,arr.length=0.01, arr.type = "T")
    #Find the next X-value using Newton-Raphson's formula. Let's call that value X
    X \leftarrow X - Z[1]/Z[2]
    Y \leftarrow func(X)[1]
    # calculate Deviation <- |f(x)-0|
    Deviation \leftarrow abs(Z[1]-0)
    # increase the value of your iteration counter
    i <- i+1
    # if you like, have the program write out how it is getting on
    cat(paste("\nIteration ",i,": X=",X," Y=",Y))
    # If you are feeling fancy, add some line segments to the screen to show where it just went
    # See the 'fixed points' code for a reminder of how to do that.
    # output the result
    if (Deviation<Tolerance){</pre>
      cat(paste("\nFound the root point: ",X, " after ", i, "iterations"))
    }else{
      cat(paste("\nConvergence failure. Deviation: ",Deviation, "after ", i, "iterations"))}
  }
  # have the function return the answer
  return(X)
}
```

Plots

Root of x^2

```
pdf("x^2.pdf")
curve(x^2,-10,10,main="y=x^2")
NewtonRaphson(F1,10,1e-3,40,1)

##
## Iteration 1: X= 5 Y= 25
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 100 after 1 iterations
## Iteration 2: X= 2.5 Y= 6.25
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 25 after 2 iterations
## Iteration 3: X= 1.25 Y= 1.5625
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 6.25 after 3 iterations
## Iteration 4: X= 0.625 Y= 0.390625
```

```
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 1.5625 after 4 iterations
## Iteration 5 : X= 0.3125 Y= 0.09765625
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 0.390625 after 5 iterations
## Iteration 6 : X= 0.15625 Y= 0.0244140625
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 0.09765625 after 6 iterations
## Iteration 7 : X= 0.078125 Y= 0.006103515625
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 0.0244140625 after 7 iterations
## Iteration 8 : X= 0.0390625 Y= 0.00152587890625
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 0.006103515625 after 8 iterations
## Iteration 9 : X= 0.01953125 Y= 0.0003814697265625
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 0.00152587890625 after 9 iterations
## Iteration 10 : X= 0.009765625 Y= 9.5367431640625e-05
## Found the root point: 0.009765625 after 10 iterations
## [1] 0.009765625
abline(h=0)
dev.off()
## pdf
## 2
Root of sin(x)
pdf("sin(x).pdf")
curve(sin(x),-5,5,main="y=sin(x)")
NewtonRaphson(F2,2,1e-3,40,1)
##
## Iteration 1 : X= 4.18503986326152 Y= -0.864144147074565
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 0.909297426825682 after 1 iterations
## Iteration 2: X= 2.46789367451467 Y= 0.623881072066777
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 0.864144147074565 after 2 iterations
## Iteration 3 : X= 3.26618627756911 Y= -0.124271517762097
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 0.623881072066777 after 3 iterations
                                       Y= 0.000648741226652542
## Iteration 4 : X= 3.14094391231764
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 0.124271517762097 after 4 iterations
## Iteration 5 : X= 3.1415926536808 Y= -9.10110761127821e-11
## Found the root point: 3.1415926536808 after 5 iterations
## [1] 3.141593
abline(h=0)
dev.off()
## pdf
## 2
```

Root of $(x-2)^3-6x$

```
pdf("(x-2)^3-6*x.pdf")
curve((x-2)^3-6*x,-5,10,main="y=(x-2)^3-6*x")
NewtonRaphson(F3,10,1e-3,40,1)
##
## Iteration 1 : X= 7.56989247311828 Y= 127.379330322233
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 452 after 1 iterations
## Iteration 2 : X= 6.10695791925136 Y= 32.6307361646652
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 127.379330322233 after 2 iterations
## Iteration 3 : X= 5.3753485533609 Y= 6.20318000683711
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 32.6307361646652 after 3 iterations
## Iteration 4: X= 5.15521318197001 Y= 0.48003626931828
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 6.20318000683711 after 4 iterations
## Iteration 5 : X= 5.13509946189492
                                        Y= 0.00382129831852751
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 0.48003626931828 after 5 iterations
## Iteration 6 : X= 5.1349367603068
                                       Y= 2.48970923877323e-07
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 0.00382129831852751 after 6 iterations
## Iteration 7 : X= 5.13493674970484
                                       Y= 1.06581410364015e-14
## Found the root point: 5.13493674970484 after 7 iterations
## [1] 5.134937
abline(h=0)
dev.off()
## pdf
##
```

Root of cos(x)-x

```
pdf("cos(x)-x.pdf")
curve(cos(x)-x,-2,5,main="cos(x)-x")
NewtonRaphson(F4,3,1e-3,40,1)
```

```
##
## Iteration 1 : X= -0.496558178297331
                                          Y= 1.37578563617707
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 3.98999249660045 after 1 iterations
## Iteration 2 : X= 2.131003844481
                                      Y = -2.6623658513834
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 1.37578563617707 after 2 iterations
## Iteration 3:
                   X= 0.689662720778373
                                         Y= 0.0817979411125979
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 2.6623658513834 after 3 iterations
## Iteration 4: X= 0.739652997531334
                                         Y = -0.000950503696277361
## Convergence failure. Deviation: 0.0817979411125979 after 4 iterations
## Iteration 5 : X= 0.739085204375836
                                       Y= -1.19095364348176e-07
## Found the root point: 0.739085204375836 after 5 iterations
```

[1] 0.7390852

```
abline(h=0)
dev.off()
```

pdf ## 2