1 Fie operatorul T: R3-> R3,

T(x1, x2, x3) = (x1+x2, x1-x3, 21+x2+x3) Sa se scrie matrica atasata grenatorului în basa canomic precim à in baza B={(2,1,0), (-1,0,2), (1,1,-3)}

2. Fie operatoul T R3-5 R2,

1 (x1,x2,x3)= (x1+x2-x3, 2x1+x2) Sà re serie matrica atasate grenatorulei in canonice alelei R3 ni R2, precum si in basele G = } (1, 6, 2), (-1,0,1), (0,1,-2)} H= { (2, 0), (1,-2)}

3. Sa se afte inversele umatoriler operatori, in cazul in core sent inversabli.

a) T: R2-J12, T(x1,x2)= (x1-2x2)x1+x2)

a) T R3 > R3, T(x1, x1) (x1+2x2+x3, x1+3x2-x3, x1)

C) I: 182-7 183, I(4745)= (#7+345, 51-45, 584+ 45)

d) T: R3-> R3, T(x1, x1, x3) = (x2+2x3, x2-23, x1+x2-2x3)

4. Sà se determine vectorie si valorite proprie de operatorles

a) T: 12 -> 12, T(24, 72)= (32, 4572, 222)

 $k) T : \mathbb{R}^{3} \to \mathbb{R}^{3}, T(24,142,23) = (24,1+343, 24+342, -243)$ $C) T : \mathbb{R}^{3} \to \mathbb{R}^{3}, T(21,1+2,1+3) = (24,1+343, 824,1242+243, 344,243)$

d) T: R3-) R3, T(x1, x2, x3) = (x1+5x3, -2x1+x2-x3,5x1+x3)