**Detailed guide** for the **AWS Certified Database – Specialty (DBS-C01)** exam.

This is one of the most comprehensive AWS specialty certifications and covers relational, non-relational, in-memory, graph, and migration services on AWS.



**Y** AWS Certified Database − Specialty (DBS-C01) — Full Breakdown

#### **Exam Overview**

Detail	Info
Level	Specialty
Duration	180 minutes
Format	65 questions (multiple-choice & multiple-response)
Cost	\$300
Passing Score	~750/1000
Delivery	Pearson VUE or PSI (online or test center)

# Exam Domains & Weightage

Domain	Weight	Key Topics	
1. Workload-Specific Database Design	/ 1 / 1	<ul> <li>Choose the right database (relational, NoSQL, in-memory, time series, graph)</li> <li>Design schemas, primary keys, partition keys</li> <li>High availability and disaster recovery patterns</li> </ul>	
2. Deployment & Migration	20%	<ul> <li>AWS DMS (homogeneous/heterogeneous migration)</li> <li>SCT (Schema Conversion Tool)</li> <li>Migration strategies (lift &amp; shift vs replatform)</li> <li>Replication &amp; cutover planning</li> </ul>	
3. Management & Operations	18%	<ul> <li>Backup/restore strategies (snapshots, PITR)</li> <li>Monitoring (CloudWatch, Performance Insights)</li> <li>Scaling (vertical vs horizontal)</li> <li>Patching, updates, maintenance windows</li> </ul>	
4. Monitoring & Troubleshooting	18%	<ul> <li>Diagnose performance issues (slow queries, deadlocks)</li> <li>Optimize IOPS, throughput, buffer/cache hit ratio</li> <li>Query performance tuning</li> <li>Replication lag, failover troubleshooting</li> </ul>	
5. Database Security	18%	IAM authentication, database authentication (Kerberos, LDAP)     Encryption at rest (KMS) & in transit (TLS)     Fine-grained access control     Compliance (HIPAA, PCI-DSS)	



#### **Relational Databases**

- Amazon RDS (MySQL, PostgreSQL, Oracle, SQL Server, MariaDB)
  - Multi-AZ failover, Read Replicas, Backups, Parameter Groups
- Amazon Aurora (MySQL & PostgreSQL compatible)
  - o Aurora Serverless v1 & v2, Global Database, Backtrack, Performance Insights

#### **NoSQL & Specialized Databases**

- Amazon DynamoDB (partition keys, GSIs, LSIs, DAX caching, Streams)
- Amazon DocumentDB (MongoDB compatibility)
- Amazon Keyspaces (for Apache Cassandra)
- Amazon Neptune (graph database: Gremlin, SPARQL)
- Amazon Timestream (time-series workloads)
- Amazon QLDB (ledger database, cryptographic verification)

#### **Migration & Hybrid Tools**

- AWS DMS (Continuous replication, CDC, Migration tasks)
- AWS SCT (Schema conversion)
- **Snowball/Snowcone** (large offline migrations) "sqldbachamps.com

### Caching & Acceleration

- Amazon ElastiCache (Redis vs Memcached, Cluster Mode Enabled, failover)
- Amazon MemoryDB (for Redis)

## **Security & Networking**

- AWS KMS (customer-managed CMKs)
- **Secrets Manager / Parameter Store**
- VPC Peering, Security Groups, Subnetting for DB isolation

#### **Monitoring & Performance**

- CloudWatch metrics
- **Enhanced Monitoring**
- **Performance Insights**
- Slow query logs & OS-level metrics

### **Suggested 7-Day Study Plan**

Day	Topics	Hands-On Labs
Day 1 – Database Fundamentals & RDS	<ul> <li>RDS engines, Multi-AZ, Read Replicas</li> <li>Backups, snapshots, parameter &amp; option groups</li> </ul>	P Deploy RDS MySQL + Read Replica, failover test, snapshot restore
Day 2 – Aurora Deep Dive	<ul> <li>Aurora architecture, storage, Serverless v1/v2</li> <li>Global Database, Backtrack, Performance Insights</li> </ul>	Create Aurora cluster, scale up/down, enable Performance Insights
Day 3 – NoSQL Workloads	<ul> <li>DynamoDB (partitions, GSIs, DAX)</li> <li>DocumentDB, Keyspaces</li> <li>Timestream, QLDB, Neptune basics</li> </ul>	Build DynamoDB table w/ GSI, enable Streams, test DAX caching
Day 4 – Migration & Hybrid	<ul><li>DMS tasks, SCT conversions</li><li>Migration strategies (rehost, replatform)</li></ul>	Perform a DMS homogeneous migration from RDS MySQL → Aurora
Day 5 – Security & IAM	<ul> <li>Encryption (at rest/in transit)</li> <li>Database authentication, IAM auth</li> <li>Secrets Manager rotation</li> </ul>	Enable IAM auth for RDS, rotate password using Secrets Manager
Day 6 – Monitoring & Troubleshooting	<ul> <li>CloudWatch, Performance Insights</li> <li>Query tuning, deadlocks</li> <li>Replication lag troubleshooting</li> </ul>	Analyze slow query logs, use Performance Insights to optimize
Day 7 – Review & Practice Exams	<ul> <li>AWS Whitepapers: RDS, Aurora, DynamoDB Best Practices</li> <li>FAQs for each service</li> <li>2 full practice exams (Tutorials Dojo/A Cloud Guru)</li> </ul>	Focus on weak areas & retake missed practice questions

# **6** Tips for Success

- Know Trade-offs e.g., RDS vs Aurora vs DynamoDB, Multi-AZ vs Read Replica, DAX vs ElastiCache.
- Practice SQL & NoSQL Design expect schema design and partition key choice questions.
- **Understand Migration Cutover** downtime minimization strategies, CDC, replication monitoring.
- **Review Pricing Models** Aurora I/O, DynamoDB On-Demand vs Provisioned, ElastiCache node costs.
- **Do Hands-on Labs** real-world scenarios help more than just reading.

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7-Day Study Checklist for the AWS Certified Database – Specialty (DBS-C01) exam.

This is designed as a **structured plan** with theory + hands-on labs + review sessions so you're fully ready in one week.

# ☐ AWS Certified Database – Specialty (DBS-C01) — 7-Day Study Checklist

Day	Topics to Cover (Deep Dive)	Hands-On / Labs	Status
Day 1 – Core Relational Databases	<ul> <li>RDS: MySQL, PostgreSQL, Oracle, SQL Server, MariaDB</li> <li>Multi-AZ failover, Read Replicas</li> <li>Automated backups, Snapshots, PITR</li> <li>Parameter Groups, Option Groups</li> </ul>	Launch RDS MySQL with Multi-AZ Create Read Replica and simulate failover Take snapshot & restore into a new instance	
Day 2 – Aurora & Advanced RDS	Performance Insights, Query Plan Analysis	Peploy Aurora cluster with 2 readers + 1 writer  Test Aurora Global Database with simulated failover  Enable Performance Insights and analyze slow queries	
Day 3 – NoSQL, Caching & Specialized Databases	• ElastiCache (Redis vs Memcached), MemoryDB	Create DynamoDB table, add GSI, enable Streams Configure DAX cluster for caching Deploy ElastiCache Redis and test failover Spin up Neptune cluster & run sample Gremlin queries	m
Day 4 – Migration & Hybrid Connectivity	<ul> <li>AWS DMS (full load + CDC replication)</li> <li>SCT (Schema Conversion Tool)</li> <li>Migration Strategies: Rehost, Replatform, Refactor</li> <li>Cutover planning, downtime minimization</li> </ul>	Perform homogeneous migration  RDS → Aurora with DMS  Test CDC by modifying source data  and validating sync  Convert on-prem schema using SCT  and review output	
	VPC isolation, SGs, NACLs for DBs	Enable IAM auth for RDS instance Rotate DB credentials using Secrets Manager Configure RDS in private subnet with SG rules	
Day 6 – Monitoring & Troubleshooting	Scaling & tuning (IOPS, cache hit ratio,	Enable Enhanced Monitoring on RDS  Simulate query with poor index and tune  Analyze CloudWatch logs for replication latency	

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Day	Topics to Cover (Deep Dive)	Hands-On / Labs	Status <a></a>
Day 7 - Review & Mock Exams	<ul> <li>Review AWS Whitepapers: Database Migration, RDS Best Practices, DynamoDB Design</li> <li>FAQs for RDS, Aurora, DynamoDB, DMS</li> <li>2 full-length practice exams (AWS Official, Tutorials Dojo, Whizlabs)</li> <li>Review weak areas and retry missed practice questions</li> </ul>	PRevisit missed lab exercises PDraw architecture diagrams for multi-region HA and migration flows	

# Pro Tips for Exam Day

- Focus on service selection questions many scenarios ask "which database is best" for a given workload.
- Understand trade-offs Aurora vs RDS, DAX vs ElastiCache, DynamoDB vs DocumentDB.
- **Memorize migration flows** DMS task creation steps, replication types, SCT conversions.
- Know performance tuning knobs read replica usage, partition key choice, connection pooling.
- **Practice pricing** DynamoDB on-demand vs provisioned, Aurora storage vs I/O costs.

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