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Database Mail Configuration in SQL Server with Gmail SMTP Details (Step-by-step (SSMS + T-SQL))

Below are two complete ways to configure Database Mail (DBMail) in SQL Server to send mail through Gmail's SMTP:

- 1) GUI (SSMS Database Mail Configuration Wizard) and
- 2) scripted T-SQL (repeatable, automatable).

Also included testing, troubleshooting, security notes, and common pitfalls.

Important precondition:

- ✚ Google no longer allows plain username/password from apps unless you use an **App password** (when your Google account has 2-Step Verification enabled).
- ✚ Create an App password in your Google Account (Security → 2-Step Verification → App passwords) and use that 16-character password in place of your normal Google password.
- ✚ Do not attempt to enable “less secure apps” — it’s deprecated.

Quick SMTP settings for Gmail

- SMTP server: smtp.gmail.com
- Port and encryption:
 - Port **587** with STARTTLS (TLS) — recommended
 - Or port **465** with SSL (less commonly used in DB mail)
- Authentication: required — use full Gmail address as username and an **App password** as password
- From address: your Gmail address (e.g. your.email@gmail.com)

A. GUI method (SSMS)

1. Open SQL Server Management Studio and connect to the instance.
2. In Object Explorer expand: Management → right-click Database Mail → **Configure Database Mail**.
3. If Database Mail is not enabled, Wizard will prompt — enable it.
4. Choose **Set up Database Mail by performing the following tasks** → Next.
5. Enter a **Profile name** (e.g. GmailProfile) and optional description. Click **Add** to create an account.
6. In the **New Database Mail Account** dialog set:
 - Account name: GmailAccount
 - Email address: your.email@gmail.com
 - Display name: e.g. SQL Server Alerts
 - Reply email: optional
 - Server name: smtp.gmail.com
 - Port number: 587
 - Check **This server requires a secure connection (SSL)** (for STARTTLS/SSL; SSMS labels may differ)
 - Authentication: select **Basic authentication** and supply Username: your.email@gmail.com and **Password: <app_password>**
7. Click OK. Back in profile screen, select newly created account and add to profile. Next.

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8. Manage profile security: select whether profile is public (all DB mail users may use) or private (grant to specific SQL logins). Usually make it **public** for tests, but production best practice is **private** and then add specific principals. Click Next.
9. Configure system parameters (leave defaults usually fine): account retry attempts, retry delay, max file size, etc. Next and Finish.
10. After success, use the GUI to send a test email (right-click Database Mail → Send Test E-Mail) or use T-SQL below.

B. Scripted method (T-SQL)

Run these commands in msdb context.

Replace placeholders (your.email@gmail.com, <app_password>, profile/account names) before running.

```
USE msdb;
GO
-- 1. Enable Database Mail if disabled
EXEC sp_configure 'show advanced options', 1;
RECONFIGURE WITH OVERRIDE;
EXEC sp_configure 'Database Mail XPs', 1;
RECONFIGURE WITH OVERRIDE;
```

-- 2. Create the Database Mail account

```
EXEC msdb.dbo.sysmail_add_account_sp
@account_name = 'GmailAccount',
@description = 'Gmail SMTP account for Database Mail',
@email_address = 'your.email@gmail.com',
@display_name = 'SQL Server Alerts',
@replyto_address = 'your.email@gmail.com',
@mailserver_name = 'smtp.gmail.com',
@port = 587,
@Enable_ssl = 1,
@username = 'your.email@gmail.com',
@password = 'your_app_password_here'; -- use the Google App Password
```

-- 3. Create a Database Mail profile

```
EXEC msdb.dbo.sysmail_add_profile_sp
@profile_name = 'GmailProfile',
@description = 'Profile using Gmail SMTP';
```

-- 4. Add the account to the profile

```
EXEC msdb.dbo.sysmail_add_profileaccount_sp
@profile_name = 'GmailProfile',
@account_name = 'GmailAccount',
@sequence_number = 1;
```

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-- 5. (Optional) Make the profile public so all logins can use it

```
EXEC msdb.dbo.sysmail_add_principalprofile_sp
    @profile_name = 'GmailProfile',
    @principal_name = 'public',
    @is_default = 1;
```

-- 6. Send a test email

```
EXEC msdb.dbo.sp_send_dbmail
    @profile_name = 'GmailProfile',
    @recipients = 'recipient@example.com',
    @subject = 'DBMail Gmail test',
    @body = 'This is a test message sent via Gmail SMTP.';
```

C. Test and confirm delivery

- After running sp_send_dbmail, check Database Mail Log in SSMS: Object Explorer → Management → Database Mail → View Database Mail Log.
- Query diagnostic tables for details:
 -- events
`SELECT TOP 50 * FROM msdb.dbo.sysmail_event_log ORDER BY log_date DESC;`

-- sent/failed items

```
SELECT * FROM msdb.dbo.sysmail_sentitems ORDER BY send_request_date DESC;
SELECT * FROM msdb.dbo.sysmail_faileditems ORDER BY last_mod_date DESC;
```

D. Troubleshooting (common failures)

1. **Authentication error / login failed**
 - Ensure you used a Google **App password** and not your regular password.
 - Ensure the Gmail account has 2-Step Verification enabled and the App password created for “Mail” or “Other (custom)”.
2. **Connection timed out / cannot connect to smtp.gmail.com**
 - Verify outbound firewall allows the SMTP port (587). Many corporate/cloud environments block outbound SMTP.
 - From the SQL Server host, test connectivity: telnet smtp.gmail.com 587 or openssl s_client -starttls smtp -crlf -connect smtp.gmail.com:587 (if tools available).
3. **SSL/TLS handshake or certificate errors**
 - Ensure @enable_ssl = 1. Port 587 uses STARTTLS; some older SQL Server versions/OS stacks may not support newer TLS versions—ensure Windows/SQL Server have up-to-date TLS support.
4. **Messages stuck in queue**
 - Check sysmail_faileditems and sysmail_unsentitems. Examine sysmail_event_log for error messages.
 - Restart the Database Mail external program (SQL Server Agent not required) or restart the SQL Server instance if stuck (as last resort).

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5. Gmail blocking sign-in attempt

- Google may block login attempts it perceives as risky. Use App passwords and, if necessary, check the Google Account Security → Recent security events / blocked sign-in attempts and allow.

E. Security & operational best practices

- Use **App passwords**, not account main password. Rotate app passwords periodically.
- Prefer making the profile **private** and assign it only to necessary msdb principals. Use `sysmail_add_principalprofile_sp` to assign specific logins/roles.
- Monitor `sysmail_event_log` and set up alerts for failed mails.
- Consider using a dedicated service account email rather than a personal Gmail address for production.
- For high volume or enterprise scenarios, consider using a corporate SMTP relay or transactional email service (SendGrid, Amazon SES, etc.) instead of Gmail.

Gmail will NOT authenticate unless you use an App Password

- + SQL Server Database Mail **cannot** use Gmail's normal password.
- + Google permanently removed "Less Secure Apps" support.

Step 1 — Enable 2-Step Verification

Go to: <https://myaccount.google.com/security>

Turn on:

✓ **2-Step Verification** → You must turn this on before Google allows App Passwords.

Step 2 — Create a Gmail App Password

Go to:

<https://myaccount.google.com/apppasswords>

Log in → choose **Mail** and **Windows Computer** → Generate.

Google will give you a **16-character password** like:

abcd efgh ijkl mnop

This is the ONLY password Gmail will accept for SMTP.

Step 3 — Update Database Mail Account

In SSMS:

Management → Database Mail → Manage Accounts → Edit Account

SMTP settings:

- **Server:** smtp.gmail.com
- **Port:** 587
- **Enable SSL:** ✓ checked

Authentication:

- **Basic Authentication**
- **Username:** your full Gmail address
- **Password:** the **App Password**, not your Gmail password

Save changes.

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Step 4 — Restart Mail Queue

```
EXEC msdb.dbo.sysmail_stop_sp;
EXEC msdb.dbo.sysmail_start_sp;
```

Step 5 — Test

```
EXEC msdb.dbo.sp_send_dbmail
    @profile_name = 'YourProfileName',
    @recipients = 'youraddress@gmail.com',
    @subject = 'Test From SQL Server',
    @body = 'Gmail + SQL Server Mail working!';
```

 Your Gmail setup will now succeed

This setup is the **only** working and supported way to send email from SQL Server using Gmail in 2025.

<https://www.sqlbachamps.com/>

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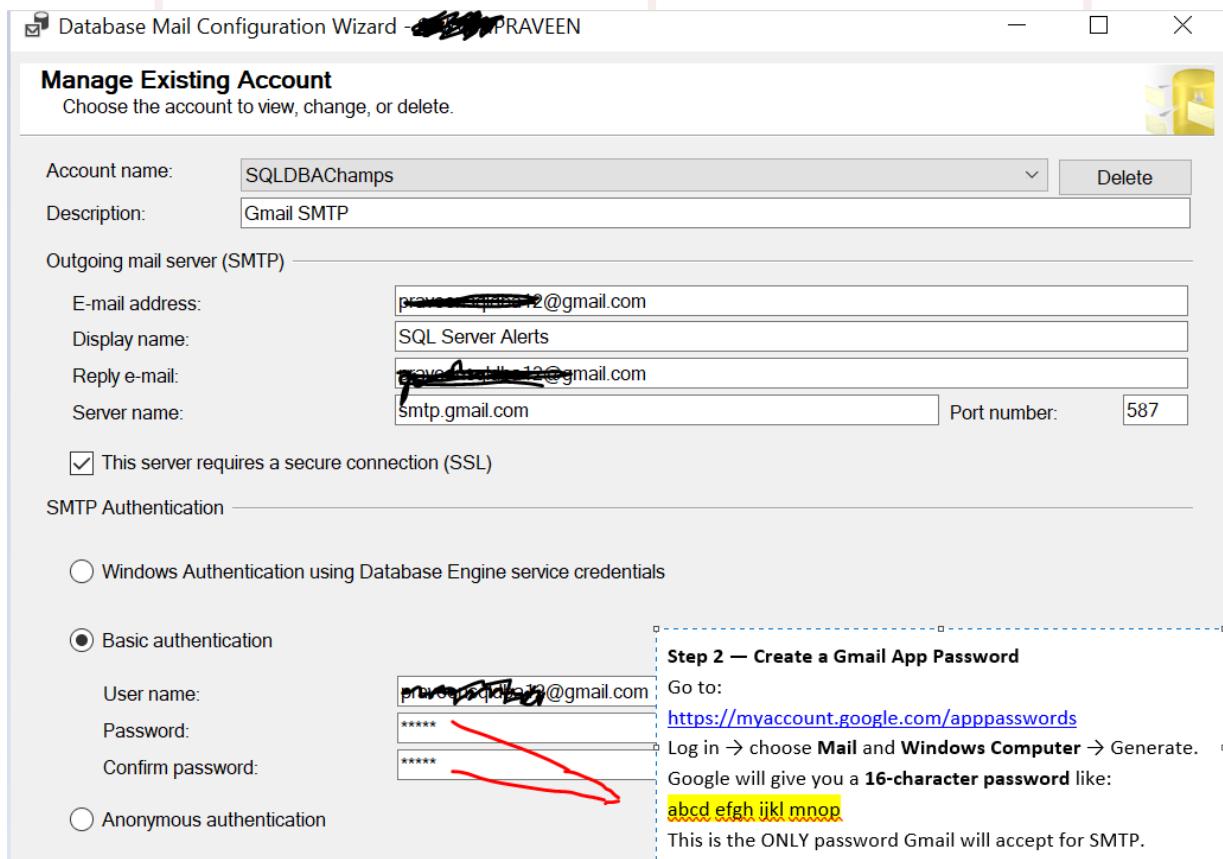
```
USE msdb;
GO

EXEC sp_configure 'show advanced options', 1;
RECONFIGURE;
EXEC sp_configure 'Database Mail XPs', 1;
RECONFIGURE;
GO

-- Create account
EXEC sysmail_add_account_sp
    @account_name = 'SQLDBAChamps',
    @description = 'Gmail SMTP',
    @email_address = 'DBAAAlerts2025@gmail.com',
    @display_name = 'SQL Server Alerts',
    @mailserver_name = 'smtp.gmail.com',
    @port = 587,          -- required for STARTTLS
    @enable_ssl = 1,      -- **critical**
    @username = 'DBAAAlerts2025@gmail.com',
    @password = 'Welcome@12345$';
```

-- 16-char app password that you will get from your gmail account as shown in below picture.

GO



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-- Create profile

```
EXEC sysmail_add_profile_sp  
    @profile_name = 'DBAAAlerts',  
    @description = 'SMTP profile';  
GO
```

-- Bind account to profile

```
EXEC sysmail_add_profileaccount_sp  
    @profile_name = 'DBAAAlerts',  
    @account_name = 'SQLDBAChamps',  
    @sequence_number = 1;  
GO
```

-- Make default (optional)

```
EXEC sysmail_add_principalprofile_sp  
    @profile_name = 'DBAAAlerts',  
    @principal_name = 'public',  
    @is_default = 1;  
GO
```

```
EXEC msdb.dbo.sp_send_dbmail  
    @profile_name = 'DBAAAlerts',  
    @recipients = 'DBAAAlerts2025@gmail.com',  
    @subject = 'Gmail DBMail Test',  
    @body = 'Success!';
```

Gmail DBMail Test ▾ AAA.DBA_Test_Mails ×

| SQL Server Alerts <praveenmadupu2@gmail.com>

| to me ▾

| Success!

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Verification Scripts:

```
EXEC msdb.dbo.sysmail_help_account_sp;
```

account_id	name	description	email_address	display_name	replyto_address	servertype	servername	port	username	use_default_credentials	enable_ssl
1	2	SQLDBAChamps	Gmail SMTP	[REDACTED]@gmail.com	SQL Server Alerts	[REDACTED]@gmail.com	SMTP	smtp.gmail.com	587	[REDACTED]@gmail.com	0

-- events

```
SELECT TOP 10 * FROM msdb.dbo.sysmail_event_log ORDER BY log_date DESC;
```

-- sent/failed items

```
SELECT * FROM msdb.dbo.sysmail_sentitems ORDER BY send_request_date DESC;
```

```
SELECT * FROM msdb.dbo.sysmail_faileditems ORDER BY last_mod_date DESC;
```

-- sent/failed items														
<pre>SELECT * FROM msdb.dbo.sysmail_sentitems ORDER BY send_request_date DESC; SELECT * FROM msdb.dbo.sysmail_faileditems ORDER BY last_mod_date DESC;</pre>														
mailitem_id	profile_id	recipients	copy_recipients	blind_copy_recipients	subject	body	body_format	importance	sensitivity	file_attachments	attachment_encoding	query	execute_query_database	attach_query
1	5	2	praveensqlba...	NULL	NULL	Gmail DBMail Test	Success!	TEXT	NORMAL	NORMAL	MIME	NULL	NULL	0
1	4	2	praveensqlba...	NULL	NULL	Gmail DBMail Test	Success!	TEXT	NORMAL	NORMAL	MIME	NULL	NULL	NULL
2	3	2	praveensqlba...	NULL	NULL	Gmail DBMail Test	Success!	TEXT	NORMAL	NORMAL	MIME	NULL	NULL	NULL
3	1	1	praveensqlba...	NULL	NULL	Database Mail Test	This is a test e-mail sent from Database Mail on ...	TEXT	NORMAL	NORMAL	MIME	NULL	NULL	NULL
4	2	1	praveensqlba...	NULL	NULL	Database Mail Test	This is a test e-mail sent from Database Mail on ...	TEXT	NORMAL	NORMAL	MIME	NULL	NULL	NULL