

## Overview

This project aims to analyze the effectiveness and prescription patterns of various drugs based on patient demographics and health metrics. The dataset, named `drug200.csv`, contains information on 200 patients, including their age, sex, blood pressure, cholesterol levels, sodium to potassium ratio, and the drug prescribed to them.

## Dataset Description

The dataset comprises several columns, each representing different attributes related to the patients and the drugs prescribed:

- **Age:** The age of the patient in years.
- **Sex:** The sex of the patient (`F` for female, `M` for male).
- **BP:** The blood pressure level of the patient (`HIGH`, `LOW`, or `NORMAL`).
- **Cholesterol:** The cholesterol level of the patient (`HIGH` or `NORMAL`).
- **Na\_to\_K:** The sodium to potassium ratio in the patient's blood.
- **Drug:** The name of the drug prescribed to the patient (`DrugY`, `drugC`, `drugX`, and others).

## Methodology

The project was conducted through the following steps:

**Data Preprocessing:** Cleaned the data by checking for null values, duplicate values and encoding categorical variables.

**Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA):** Analyzed the distribution of patient characteristics and prescriptions to identify patterns and trends.

**Statistical Analysis:** Using statistical tests to understand the significance of relationships between patient characteristics and drug prescriptions.

Predictive Modeling: Developed a model to predict the drug prescription based on patient characteristics.

Insight Generation: Drawing insights from the analysis to inform prescription practices.

## **Outcomes:**

- Understood the factors influencing the prescription of different drugs.
- Analyzed the relationship between patient characteristics (age, sex, BP, cholesterol, Na\_to\_K ratio) and the drug prescribed.
- Developed a model to predict the drug prescription based on patient characteristics.
- Created a web application using streamlit with the help of model developed to predict the drug prescription based on patient characteristics.