

### **Chemistry data booklet**

For use during the course and in the examinations
First assessment 2025

Version 1.0



### Diploma Programme Chemistry data booklet

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### Introduction

This Diploma Programme (DP) Chemistry data booklet accompanies the DP Chemistry guide and DP Chemistry teacher support material. It contains chemical and physical equations and constants, chemical symbols, the periodic table, and other chemical data relevant to the course.

Students must have access to a copy of this booklet for the duration of the course, so that they can become familiar with its contents. Direct reference is made to relevant equations in the "Understandings" sections of the guide. This helps to maintain the emphasis on interpretation and application rather than memorization of symbols, constants and equations.

Each student must have access to a clean copy of the *Chemistry data booklet* during examinations. It is the responsibility of the school to download a copy of this booklet from IBIS or the Programme Resource Centre and to ensure that there are sufficient copies available for all students.

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### 1. Some relevant equations

2

Equation
$\mathbf{c} = f\lambda$
E = hf
$n = \frac{m}{M}$
n = CV
PV = nRT
$\frac{P_1V_1}{T_1} = \frac{P_2V_2}{T_2}$
$Q = mc\Delta T$
% atom economy = $\frac{\text{molar mass of desired product}}{\text{molar mass of all reactants}} \times 100$
$\Delta H^{\ominus} = \sum (\Delta H_{f}^{\ominus}_{products}) - \sum (\Delta H_{f}^{\ominus}_{reactants})$
$\Delta H^{\ominus} = \sum (\Delta H_{c}^{\ominus}_{reactants}) - \sum (\Delta H_{c}^{\ominus}_{products})$
$\Delta G^{\ominus} = \Delta H^{\ominus} - T \Delta S^{\ominus}$
$\Delta G = \Delta G^{\ominus} + RT \ln Q$
$\Delta G^{\ominus} = -RT \ln K$
$\Delta G^{\ominus} = -nFE^{\ominus}$
$k = Ae^{\frac{-E_a}{RT}}$
$\ln k = \frac{-E_a}{RT} + \ln A$
$pH = -log_{10} [H_3O^+]$
or
$pH = -log_{10} [H^+]$
$K_{w} = [H^{+}] [OH^{-}]$
$pOH = -log_{10} [OH^{-}]$

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### 2. Physical constants

Quantity	Symbol	Approximate value
Elementary charge	е	1.602177 × 10 <sup>-19</sup> C
Electron rest mass	m <sub>e</sub>	9.109384 × 10 <sup>-31</sup> kg
Proton rest mass	$m_{ m p}$	$1.672622 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
Neutron rest mass	$m_{n}$	$1.674927 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
Speed of light in vacuum	С	$3.00 \times 10^8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$
Planck constant	h	$6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s}$
Avogadro constant	N <sub>A</sub>	$6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$
Gas constant	R	8.31 J K <sup>-1</sup> mol <sup>-1</sup>
Molar volume of an ideal gas at STP	V <sub>m</sub>	$2.27 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1} = 22.7 \text{ dm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1}$
Specific heat capacity of water	c <sub>w</sub>	$4.18 \text{ kJ kg}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} = 4.18 \text{ J g}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$
Ionic product constant for water at 298.15 K	K <sub>w</sub>	$1.00 \times 10^{-14} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ dm}^{-6}$
Faraday constant	F	$9.65 \times 10^4 \text{ C mol}^{-1}$

### 3. Metric (SI) multipliers

Prefix	Abbreviation	Value
peta	Р	10 <sup>15</sup>
tera	Т	10 <sup>12</sup>
giga	G	10 <sup>9</sup>
mega	M	10 <sup>6</sup>
kilo	k	10 <sup>3</sup>
hecto	h	10 <sup>2</sup>
deca	da	10 <sup>1</sup>
deci	d	10 <sup>-1</sup>
centi	С	10 <sup>-2</sup>
milli	m	10 <sup>-3</sup>
micro	μ	10 <sup>-6</sup>
nano	n	10 <sup>-9</sup>
pico	р	10 <sup>-12</sup>
femto	f	10 <sup>-15</sup>

### 4. Unit conversions and standard conditions

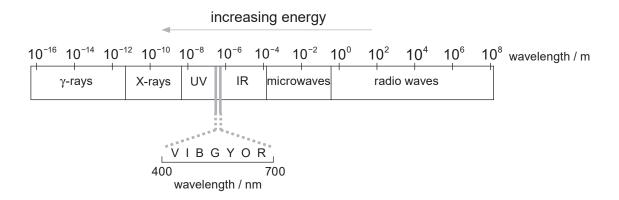
Temperature (K) = temperature (°C) + 273.15

 $1dm^3 = 1$  litre =  $1 \times 10^{-3}$  m<sup>3</sup> =  $1 \times 10^3$  cm<sup>3</sup>

STP conditions: 273.15 K and 100 kPa

SATP conditions: 298.15 K and 100 kPa

### 5. The electromagnetic spectrum



## 6. Names of the elements

Atomic number	89	13	98	51	18	33	85	56	97	4	83	107	5	35	48	55	20	86	9	58	17	24	27	112	29	96	110	105
Symbol	Ac	Al	Am	Sb	Ar	As	At	Ва	BK	Be	Bi	Bh	В	Br	Cd	Cs	Ca	Ç	O	Ce	ರ	Ö	S	C	Cu	Cm	Ds	Db
Element	actinium	aluminium	americium	antimony	argon	arsenic	astatine	barium	berkelium	beryllium	bismuth	bohrium	boron	bromine	cadmium	caesium	calcium	californium	carbon	cerium	chlorine	chromium	cobalt	copernicium	copper	curium	darmstadtium	dubnium

Element	Symbol	Atomic number
dysprosium	Dy	99
einsteinium	Es	66
erbium	Ē	89
europium	Eu	63
fermium	Fm	100
flerovium	E.	114
fluorine	ш	6
francium	Fr	87
gadolinium	РЭ	64
gallium	Ga	31
germanium	Ge	32
plog	Au	62
hafnium	Hf	72
hassium	Hs	108
helium	He	2
holmium	Но	29
hydrogen	Τ	_
indium	In	49
iodine	I	53
iridium	Ir	77
iron	Fe	26
krypton	Kr	36
lanthanum	La	22
lawrencium	Ļ	103
lead	Pb	82
lithium	Ξ	3
livermorium	Lv	116
lutetium	Lu	7.1

Element	Symbol	Atomic number
roentgenium	Rg	111
rubidium	Rb	37
ruthenium	Ru	44
rutherfordium	R	104
samarium	Sm	62
scandium	Sc	21
seaborgium	Sg	106
selenium	Se	34
silicon	S	14
silver	Ag	47
sodium	Na	1
strontium	Sr	38
sulfur	S	16
tantalum	Та	73
technetium	Tc	43
tellurium	Te	52
tennessine	Ts	117
terbium	Tb	65
thallium	11	81
thorium	Th	06
thulium	Tm	69
tin	Sn	20
titanium	Ш	22
tungsten	M	74
uranium	D	92
vanadium	>	23
xenon	Xe	54
ytterbium	Yb	70
yttrium	<b>\</b>	39
zinc	Zn	30
zirconium	Zr	40

Element	Symbol	Atomic number
magnesium	Mg	12
manganese	Mn	25
meitnerium	Mt	109
mendelevium	Md	101
mercury	Hg	80
molybdenum	Мо	42
moscovium	Mc	115
neodymium	Nd	09
neon	Ne	10
neptunium	Νρ	93
nickel	Z	28
nihonium	R	113
niobium	NP	41
nitrogen	Z	7
nobelium	No	102
oganesson	Og	118
osmium	Os	92
oxygen	0	8
palladium	Pd	46
phosphorus	Ф	15
platinum	Ŧ	78
plutonium	Pu	94
polonium	Po	84
potassium	¥	19
praseodymium	Pr	59
promethium	Pm	61
protactinium	Ра	91
radium	Ra	88
radon	Rn	98
rhenium	Re	75
rhodium	Rh	45

### 7. The periodic table

1 2 3	1.01			19 20 21 <b>K Ca Sc</b> 39.10 40.08 44.96	38 <b>Sr</b> 87.62		88 <b>Ra</b> (226)
4					40 <b>Zr</b> 91.22		104 <b>Rf</b> (267)
ro				23 <b>×</b> 50.94		73 <b>Ta</b> 180.95	
9			I	24 <b>Cr</b> 52.00	42 <b>Mo</b> 95.96	74 <b>W</b> 183.84	106 <b>Sg</b> (269)
7	Atomic number	Relative atomic mass		25 <b>Mn</b> 54.94	43 <b>Tc</b> (98)	75 <b>Re</b> 186.21	107 <b>Bh</b> (270)
œ	umber ent	atomic s		26 <b>Fe</b> 55.85	44 <b>Ru</b> 101.07	76 <b>Os</b> 190.23	108 <b>Hs</b> (269)
თ				27 <b>Co</b> 58.93	45 <b>Rh</b> 102.91	77 <b>Ir</b> 192.22	109 <b>Mt</b> (278)
10				28 <b>Ni</b> 58.69	46 <b>Pd</b> 106.42	78 <b>Pt</b> 195.08	110 <b>Ds</b> (281)
7				29 <b>Cu</b> 63.55	47 <b>Ag</b> 107.87	79 <b>Au</b> 196.97	111 <b>Rg</b> (281)
12				30 <b>Zn</b> 65.38	48 <b>Cd</b> 112.41	80 <b>Hg</b> 200.59	112 <b>Cn</b> (285)
13		5 <b>B</b> 10.81	13 <b>Al</b> 26.98	31 <b>Ga</b> 69.72	49 <b>In</b> 114.82	81 <b>Tl</b> 204.38	113 <b>Nh</b> (286)
4		6 <b>C</b> 12.01	14 <b>Si</b> 28.09	32 <b>Ge</b> 72.63	50 <b>Sn</b> 118.71	82 <b>Pb</b> 207.20	114 <b>F(</b> (289)
15		7 <b>N</b> 14.01	15 <b>P</b> 30.97	33 <b>As</b> 74.92	51 <b>Sb</b> 121.76	83 <b>Bi</b> 208.98	115 <b>Mc</b> (288)
16		8 <b>O</b> 16.00	16 <b>S</b> 32.07	34 <b>Se</b> 78.96	52 <b>Te</b> 127.60	84 <b>Po</b> (209)	116 <b>Lv</b> (293)
17		9 <b>F</b> 19.00	17 <b>Cl</b> 35.45	35 <b>Br</b> 79.90	53 I 126.90	85 <b>At</b> (210)	117 <b>Ts</b> (294)
8	2 <b>He</b> 4.00	10 <b>Ne</b> 20.18	18 <b>Ar</b> 39.95	36 <b>Kr</b> 83.80	54 <b>Xe</b> 131.29	86 <b>Rn</b> (222)	118 <b>Og</b> (294)

+	58 <b>Ce</b>	59 <b>Pr</b>	<b>PN</b> 09	61 <b>Pm</b>	62 <b>Sm</b>	63 <b>Eu</b>	9 <b>D</b>	<b>91</b>	99 97	<b>9</b>	68 <b>Er</b>	<b>ш_</b>	02 <b>Xb</b>	71 <b>Lu</b>
	140.12	140.91	144.24	(145)	150.36	151.96	157.25	158.93	162.50	164.93	167.26	168.93	173.05	174.97
	06	91	92	93	94	92	96	97	86	66	100	101	102	103
++	Т	Ра	_	ď	Pu	Am	CB	BĶ	ర	Es	Fn	Md	%	ځ
	232.04	231.04	238.03	(237)	(244)	(243)	(247)	(247)	(251)	(252)	(257)	(258)	(259)	(262)

8. Melting points and boiling points of the elements at 101.325 kPa

<b>He</b> -268.9	-248.6 <b>Ne</b> -246.0	-189.3 <b>Ar</b> -185.8	-157.4 <b>Kr</b> -153.4	-111.8 <b>Xe</b> -108.1	-71.15 <b>Rn</b> -61.85	
	-219.7 <b>F</b> -188.1	-101.5 <b>Cl</b> -34.04	-7.050 <b>Br</b> 58.78	113.7 I 184.4	301.8 <b>At</b> 336.8	
	-218.8 <b>O</b> -183.0	115.2 <b>S</b> 444.6	220.8 <b>Se</b> 684.8	449.5 <b>Te</b> 987.8	253.8 <b>Po</b> 962.0	
	-210.0 <b>N</b> -195.8	44.15 <b>P</b> 280.5	816.8 <b>As</b> 613.0	630.6 <b>Sb</b> 1587	271.4 <b>Bi</b>	
	3500 <b>C</b> 4827	1414 <b>Si</b> 3265	938.2 <b>Ge</b> 2833	231.9 <b>Sn</b> 2586	327.5 <b>Pb</b> 1749	
	2077 <b>B</b> 4000	660.3 <b>Al</b> 2519	29.77 <b>Ga</b> 2229	156.6 <b>In</b> 2027	303.8 <b>Tl</b> 1473	
			419.5 <b>Zn</b> 907.0	321.1 <b>Cd</b> 766.8	-38.83 <b>Hg</b> 356.6	
			1085 <b>Cu</b> 2560	961.8 <b>Ag</b> 2162	1064 <b>Au</b> 2836	
			1455 <b>Ni</b> 2913	1555 <b>Pd</b> 2963	1768 <b>Pt</b> 3825	
			1495 <b>Co</b> 2927	1963 <b>Rh</b> 3695	2446 <b>Ir</b> 4428	
Melting point / °C	Boiling point / °C		1538 <b>Fe</b> 2861	2333 <b>Ru</b> 4147	3033 <b>Os</b> 5008	
Melting	Boiling		1246 <b>Mn</b> 2061	2157 <b>Tc</b> 4262	3453 <b>Re</b> 5900	
			1907 <b>Cr</b> 2671	2622 <b>Mo</b> 4639	3414 <b>W</b> 5555	
			1910 <b>V</b> 3407	2477 <b>Nb</b> 4741	3017 <b>Ta</b> 5455	
			1670 <b>Ti</b> 3287	1854 <b>Zr</b> 4406	2233 <b>Hf</b> 4600	
			1541 <b>Sc</b> 2836	1522 <b>Y</b> 3345	920.0 <b>La †</b> 3464	1050 <b>Ac ‡</b> 3200
	1287 <b>Be</b> 2468	650.0 <b>Mg</b> 1090	842.0 <b>Ca</b> 1484	768.8 <b>Sr</b> 1377	725.0 <b>Ba</b> 1845	699.8 <b>Ra</b> 1140
-259.2 <b>H</b> -252.9	180.5 <b>Li</b> 1342	97.79 <b>Na</b> 882.9	63.38 <b>K</b> 758.8	39.30 <b>Rb</b> 687.8	28.44 <b>Cs</b> 670.8	27.00 <b>Fr</b> 676.8

1340
986 900 (860) <b>Bk Cf Es Fm</b> (2623)
986 900 (860) <b>Bk Cf Es</b> (2623)
986 900 <b>Bk Cf</b> (2623)
980 <b>BK</b> (2623)
8 <b>E</b> 5
≃ ပ ္ဗ
<b>Am</b> (2067)
940 <b>Pu</b> 3230
937 <b>Np</b> (3900)
15/2 <b>Pa</b> (4000)
٠
4

# 9. First ionization energy, electron affinity and electronegativity of the elements

2372 <b>He</b>	328 2081	Ne	349 1520	Ar	325 1351	Ϋ́	295 1170	×e	-270 1037	R		
	1 1681 –3	O F N 3.4 4.0	0 1251 -3	3.2 3.2	-195 1140 -325 1351	<b>.</b> 3.0	0 1008 –2	I 2.7		2.2 <b>A</b>		
	1314 –14	3.4	1000 –20	2.6 <b>v</b> 3.5	-78 941 -19	<b>Se</b> 2.6	869 –19	<b>Te</b>	-91 812 -183	<b>Po</b> 2:0		
	1402	<b>3</b> .0	1012 -72	Si P S Cl A 9. 2.2 2.6 3.2		<b>As</b> 2.2	831 -101	<b>Sb</b> 2.0		<b>.9</b> (1.9		
	-27 1086 -122 1402	<b>C</b> 2.6		<b>S</b> 1.9	762 -119 944	<b>Ge</b> 2.0	-29 709 -107 831 -101 869 -190 1008 -295 1170	<b>Sn</b> 2.0	716 -35 703	<b>d</b> 4.8		
	801 –27	<b>B</b>	578 -42 787	<b>A</b> 1.6	579 -41 762	<b>Q</b> + 8.	. 62- 859	<b>In</b> 1.8	589 -36 716	<b>L</b> 5.		
			1 47			<b>Z</b> 1.6		1.7		<b>H</b> 6		
					-64 737 -112 745 -119 906	<b>O</b> 6.	-54 731 -126 868	<b>A</b> ← 0.0	-151 864 -205 890 -223 1007	<b>Au</b> 2.4		
					37 -112 7	<b>Z</b> 6.		<b>Pd</b>	34 -205 8	<b>Pt</b>		
J mol <sup>-1</sup>						<b>Q</b> 6.	-53 710 -101 720 -110 804	<b>Rh</b> 2.3		1 <b>r</b> 2.2		
inity (EA) / kJ mol¹ (2nd EA / kJ mol⁻¹)					2 -15 760	- <b>T</b> - 8.	0 -101 72	<b>Ru</b> 2.2	-14 814 -106 865	0 <b>s</b>		
Electron affinity (EA) / kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> (2nd EA / kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> )	ement	Electronegativity			762	<b>An</b> 1.6		2.1		1.9 <b>Re</b>		
	Eler	Electr			3 -64 717	٠ <u>٠</u>	-88 684 -72 702	<b>Mo</b> 2.2	-31 759 -79 756	<b>&gt;</b> \( \tau_{-1} \)		
First ionization energy / kJ mol <sup>-1</sup>					-51 653	<b>&gt;</b> %.	l	<b>N</b> 0.1.6		<b>Ta</b> 1.5		
e Fir					-8 651	<b>1.</b> 5	-30 640 -41 652	1.3 1.3	-1 728	± £.1		
					-18 659	Sc	-30 640	<b>&gt;</b> <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> .	-45 659	<del>-</del>	-34	Ac #
					-2 633		-5 600		-14 538		-10 499	
	006 09-	<b>Be</b> 1.6	-53 738	<b>Mg</b>	-48 590	<b>S</b> -0.	-47 549	<b>ດ</b>	-46 503 -	<b>Ba</b> 0.9	-47 509 -	R <sub>a</sub>
1312 –73 <b>H</b> 2.2	520 –60	1.0 1.0	496 –53	<b>8</b> 6.0	419 –48	<b>⊼</b> °.	403 -47	<b>8</b> .0	376 -46	<b>S</b> 0.8	393 -47	<b>F</b> 0

534 -63 528	528 -93 533	533 -185 539	539	545	547 -83 593	593	566 -112 573		< 0 581	589	597 -99 603		2 524 -33
-			)	)		)	)			)			
ပီ	Ą	ğ	Pm	Sm	Еn	gg	Д	٥	유	ш	E E	Υp	Ľ
1.7	1.1	1.1		1.2		1.2		1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3		1.0
609	268	298	909	581	929	929	298	909	619	627	635	642	473
두	Ра	ח	o N	Pu	Am	Cm	æ	ర్	В	Fm	Md	٥ N	ئ
1.3	1.5	1.7	1.3	1.3									

## 10. Atomic and ionic radii of the elements

The values for atomic radii used in this table are the covalent radii of the elements.

. 0	. 0	- F	(O <b>L</b>	(O, 4)	(O, <b>C</b>	1
37 <b>He</b>	62 <b>Ne</b>	101 <b>Ar</b>	7 18 7 7	136 <b>Xe</b>	146 <b>Rn</b>	
	60 <b>F</b> 133 (1–)	100 <b>Cl</b> 181 (1-)	117 <b>Br</b> 196 (1-)	136 I 220 (1-)	148 <b>At</b>	
	64 <b>O</b> 140 (2-)	104 <b>S</b> 184 (2-)	<b>Se</b> 198 (2-)	137 <b>Te</b> 221 (2-)	142 <b>Po</b> 97 (4+)	
	71 <b>N</b> 146 (3-)	109 <b>P</b> 38 (5+)	120 <b>As</b> 58 (3+) 46 (5+)	140 <b>Sb</b> 76 (3+)	150 <b>Bi</b> 103 (3+) 76 (5+)	
	75 <b>C</b> 16 (4+)	114 <b>Si</b> 40 (4+)	120 <b>Ge</b> 53 (4+) 272 (4-)	140 <b>Sn</b> 118 (2+) 69 (4+)	145 <b>Pb</b> 119 (2+) 78 (4+)	
	84 <b>B</b> 27 (3+)	124 <b>Al</b> 54 (3+)	123 <b>Ga</b> 62 (3+)	142 <b>In</b> 80 (+3)	144 <b>Tl</b> 150 (1+) 89 (3+)	
			120 <b>Zn</b> 74 (2+)	140 <b>Cd</b> 95 (2+)	132 <b>Hg</b> 119 (1+) 102 (2+)	
			122 <b>Cu</b> 77 (1+) 73 (2+)	136 <b>Ag</b> 115 (1+)	130 <b>Au</b> 137 (1+) 85 (3+)	
			117 <b>Ni</b> 69 (2+)	130 <b>Pd</b> 86 (2+) 62 (4+)	130 <b>Pt</b> 80 (2+) 63 (4+)	
			118 <b>Co</b> 65 (2+) 55 (3+)	134 <b>Rh</b> 67 (3+) 60 (4+)	132 <b>Ir</b> 68 (3+) 63 (4+)	
radius / m	adius / (charge)		124 <b>Fe</b> 61 (2+) 55 (3+)	136 <b>Ru</b> 68 (3+) 62 (4+)	136 <b>Os</b> 63 (4+) 55 (6+)	
Atomic radius / 10 <sup>-12</sup> m	lonic radius / 10 <sup>-12</sup> m (charge)		129 <b>Mn</b> 83 (2+) 53 (4+)	138 <b>Tc</b> 65 (4+)	141 <b>Re</b> 63 (4+) 53 (7+)	
			130 <b>Cr</b> 62 (3+) 44 (6+)	146 <b>Mo</b> 65 (4+)	150 <b>W</b> 66 (4+) 60 (6+)	
			144 <b>V</b> 79 (2+) 54 (5+)	156 <b>Nb</b> 72 (3+) 64 (5+)	158 <b>Ta</b> 64 (5+)	
			148 <b>Ti</b> 86 (2+) 61 (4+)	164 <b>Zr</b> 72 (4+)	164 <b>Hf</b> 71 (4+)	
			159 <b>Sc</b> 75 (3+)	176 <b>Y</b> 90 (3+)	194 <b>La †</b> 103 (3+)	201 <b>Ac ‡</b>
	99 <b>Be</b> 45 (2+)	140 <b>Mg</b> 72 (2+)	200 174 <b>Ca</b> 138 (1+) 100 (2+)	215 190 <b>Rb Sr</b> 152 (1+) 118 (2+)	238 206 <b>Cs Ba</b> 167 (1+) 135 (2+)	211 <b>Ra</b>
35 <b>エ</b>	130 <b>Li</b> 76 (1+)	160 <b>Na</b> 102 (1+)	200 <b>K</b> 138 (1+)	215 <b>Rb</b> 152 (1+)	238 <b>Cs</b> 167 (1+)	242 <b>Fr</b>

174 <b>Lu</b> 86 (3+)	161 <b>Lr</b>
178 <b>Yb</b> 87 (3+)	176 <b>No</b> 110 (2+)
177 <b>Tm</b> 88 (3+)	173 <b>Md</b>
177 <b>Er</b> 89 (3+)	167 <b>Fm</b>
179 <b>Ho</b> 90 (+3)	165 <b>Es</b>
180 <b>Dy</b> 91 (3+)	168 <b>Cf</b> 95 (3+)
181 <b>Tb</b> 92 (3+) 76 (4+)	168 <b>Bk</b> 96 (3+)
182 <b>Gd</b> 94 (3+)	168 <b>Cm</b> 97 (3+)
183 <b>Eu</b> 117 (2+) 95 (3+)	173 <b>Am</b> 98 (3+) 85 (4+)
185 <b>Sm</b> 96 (3+)	180 <b>Pu</b> 100 (3+) 86 (4+)
186 <b>Pm</b> 97 (3+)	180 <b>Np</b> 101 (3+) 87 (4+)
188 <b>Nd</b> 98 (3+)	183 <b>U</b> 89 (4+) 73 (6+)
190 <b>Pr</b> 99 (3+) 85 (4+)	184 <b>Pa</b> 104 (3+) 90 (4+)
184 <b>Ce</b> 101 (3+) 87 (4+)	190 <b>Th</b> 94 (4+)

### 11. Covalent or average covalent bond lengths

### Single bonds

Bond	Length / 10 <sup>-12</sup> m	Bond	Length / 10 <sup>-12</sup> m	Bond	Length / 10 <sup>-12</sup> m	Bond	Length / 10 <sup>-12</sup> m
H — H	74	N — H	101	Si — H	148	S — H	134
H — F	92	N — N	146	Si — Si	232	S-S	205
H — Cl	128	N — O	136	Si — S	215	S — F	158
H — Br	141	N — Si	174	Si — F	156	S — Cl	199
H — I	160	N — S	175	Si — Cl	202	S — Br	227
		N — F	136	Si — Br	216		
C — H	108	N — Cl	197	Si — I	243	F — F	142
C-C	154	N — Br	214			F — Cl	163
C — N	147			P — H	142	F — Br	176
C-O	143	0 — H	97	P — P	221	F — I	257
C — Si	185	0-0	148	P — S	210		
C — P	184	0 — Si	163	P — F	154	Cl — Cl	199
C-S	182	0 — P	154	P — Cl	203	Cl — Br	214
C — F	138	0 — S	161	P — Br	220	Cl — I	232
C — Cl	177	0 — F	142	P — I	247		
C — Br	194	0 — Cl	170			Br — Br	228
C — I	214					Br — I	247
						I — I	267

### **Multiple bonds**

Bond	Length / 10 <sup>-12</sup> m	Bond	Length / 10 <sup>-12</sup> m	Bond	Length / 10 <sup>-12</sup> m
C = C	134	N = N	125	0=0	121
C = N	130	N = O	114	0 = S	143
C = O	122				
C = S	156			S = S	189
$C \equiv C$	120	$N \equiv N$	110		
C≡N	116				
C≡O	113				

### 12. Bond enthalpies or average bond enthalpies at 298.15 K

### Single bonds

Bond	Enthalpy / kJ mol <sup>-1</sup>	Bond	Enthalpy / kJ mol <sup>-1</sup>	Bond	Enthalpy / kJ mol <sup>-1</sup>	Bond	Enthalpy / kJ mol <sup>-1</sup>
H — H	436	N — H	391	Si — H	323	S — H	364
H — F	567	N — N	158	Si — Si	226	S-S	266
H — Cl	431	N — O	214	Si — S	293	S — F	327
H — Br	366	N — F	278	Si — F	597	S — Cl	271
H — I	298	N — Cl	192	Si — Cl	400	S — Br	218
				Si — Br	330		
C — H	414	0 — H	463	Si — I	234	F — F	159
C-C	346	0-0	144			F — Cl	255
C — N	286	0 — Si	466	P — H	322	F — Br	249
C — O	358	0 — P	363	P — P	198	F — I	280
C — Si	307	0 — F	191	P — F	490		
C — P	264	0 — Cl	206	P — Cl	322	Cl — Cl	242
C — S	289	0 — Br	201	P — Br	264	Cl — Br	219
C — F	492	0 — I	201	P — I	184	Cl — I	211
C — Cl	324						
C — Br	285					Br — Br	193
C — I	228					Br — I	178
						I — I	151

### **Multiple bonds**

Bond	Enthalpy / kJ mol <sup>-1</sup>	Bond	Enthalpy / kJ mol <sup>-1</sup>	Bond	Enthalpy / kJ mol <sup>-1</sup>
C = C	614	N = N	470	0 = 0	498
C = N	615	N = O	587	0 = S	522
C = O	804				
C = S	536			S = S	429
$C \equiv C$	839	$N \equiv N$	945		
$C \equiv N$	890				
C≡O	1077				

### 13. Thermodynamic data (selected compounds)

Substance	Formula	State	∆H <sub>f</sub> ⊖ / kJ mol <sup>-1</sup>	∆G <sub>f</sub> → / kJ mol −1	S <sup>⊕</sup> / J K <sup>-1</sup> mol <sup>-1</sup>
methane	CH <sub>4</sub>	g	-74	-50	+186
ethane	$C_2H_6$	g	-84	-32	+230
propane	$C_3H_8$	g	-105	-24	+270
butane	$C_4H_{10}$	g	-126	-17	+310
pentane	$C_5H_{12}$	l	-173		
hexane	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>14</sub>	l	-199		
ethene	$C_2H_4$	g	+52	+68	+220
propene	$C_3H_6$	g	+20	+62	+267
but-1-ene	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	g	+0.1	+71	+306
cis-but-2-ene	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	g	<b>-</b> 7	+66	+301
trans-but-2-ene	$C_4H_8$	g	-11	+63	+297
ethyne	$C_2H_2$	g	+228	+211	+201
propyne	$C_3H_4$	g	+185	+194	+248
buta-1,3-diene	$C_4H_6$	g	+110	+151	+279
cyclohexane	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub>	l	-156		
benzene	$C_6H_6$	l	+49	+125	+173
methylbenzene	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	l	+12		
ethylbenzene	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	ι	-12		
phenylethene	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CHCH <sub>2</sub>	ι	+104		
chloromethane	CH₃Cl	g	-82	-58	+235
dichloromethane	CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	ι	-124		+178
trichloromethane	CHCl <sub>3</sub>	ι	-134	-74	+202
bromomethane	CH₃Br	g	-36	-26	+246
iodomethane	CH₃I	ι	-14		+163
chloroethane	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Cl	g	-137	-53	
bromoethane	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Br	ι	-90	-26	+199
chlorobenzene	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Cl	ι	+11		
methanol	CH₃OH	l	-239	-167	+127
ethanol	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH	l	-278	-175	+161
phenol	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH	s	-165		+144
methanal	НСНО	g	-109	-102	+219
ethanal	CH₃CHO	g	-166	-133	+264
propanone	$(CH_3)_2CO$	l	-248		+200
methanoic acid	НСООН	l	-425	-361	+129
ethanoic acid	CH₃COOH	l	-484	-390	+160
benzoic acid	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> COOH	s	-385		+168
methylamine	CH <sub>3</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>	g	-23	+32	+243
water	H <sub>2</sub> O	ι	-286	-237	+70
steam	H <sub>2</sub> O	g	-242	-229	+189
carbon monoxide	CO	g	-111	-137	+198
carbon dioxide	CO <sub>2</sub>	g	-394	-394	+214
hydrogen bromide	HBr	g	-36	-53	+199
hydrogen chloride	HCl	g	-92	-95	+187
hydrogen fluoride	HF	g	-273	-275	+174
hydrogen iodide	HI	g	+26	+2	+207



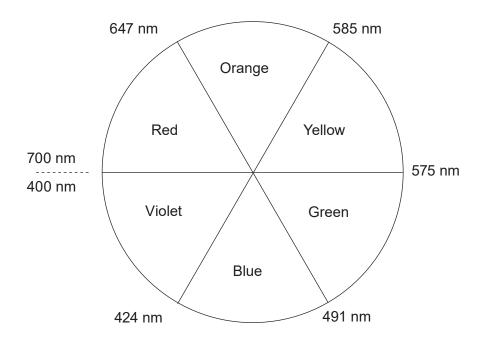
### 14. Enthalpies of combustion

The values of the molar enthalpy of combustion ( $\Delta H_c^{\ominus}$ ) in the following table refer to a temperature of 298.15 K and a pressure of 100 kPa.

Substance	Formula	State	∆ <b>H</b> <sub>c</sub> <sup>⊕</sup> / kJ mol <sup>-1</sup>
hydrogen	H <sub>2</sub>	g	-286
sulfur	S	s	-297
carbon (graphite)	С	S	-394
carbon monoxide	CO	g	-283
methane	CH <sub>4</sub>	g	-891
ethane	$C_2H_6$	g	-1561
propane	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	g	-2219
butane	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub>	g	-2878
pentane	C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>12</sub>	l	-3509
hexane	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>14</sub>	l	-4163
octane	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>18</sub>	l	-5470
cyclohexane	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub>	l	-3920
ethene	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	g	-1411
buta-1,3-diene	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	g	-2541
ethyne	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub>	g	-1301
benzene	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	l	-3268
methylbenzene	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	l	-3910
naphthalene	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	s	-5156
chloroethane	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Cl	g	-1413
iodoethane	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> I	l	-1463
trichloromethane	CHCl <sub>3</sub>	l	-473
methanol	CH₃OH	l	-726
ethanol	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH	l	-1367

Substance	Formula	State	∆H <sub>c</sub> <sup>⊕</sup> / kJ mol <sup>-1</sup>
propan-1-ol	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> OH	l	-2021
butan-1-ol	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> OH	l	-2676
cyclohexanol	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub> OH	S	-3728
phenol	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH	S	-3053
ethoxyethane	$(C_2H_5)_2O$	l	-2724
methanal	нсно	g	-571
ethanal	CH₃CHO	g	-1167
benzaldehyde	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CHO	l	-3525
propanone	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO	l	-1790
pentan-3-one	(C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO	l	-3100
phenylethanone	CH <sub>3</sub> COC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	l	-4149
methanoic acid	нсоон	l	-255
ethanoic acid	CH₃COOH	l	-874
benzoic acid	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> COOH	S	-3228
ethanedioic acid	(COOH) <sub>2</sub>	S	-243
ethyl ethanoate	CH <sub>3</sub> COOC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	l	-2238
ethanamide	CH <sub>3</sub> CONH <sub>2</sub>	S	-1186
methylamine	CH <sub>3</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>	g	-1086
phenylamine	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>	l	-3393
nitrobenzene	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>	l	-3088
urea	CO(NH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	S	-633
glucose	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>6</sub>	s	-2803
sucrose	C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>22</sub> O <sub>11</sub>	S	-5640

### 15. Colour wheel with wavelengths of the visible spectrum



### 16. Lattice enthalpies at 298.15 K (experimental values)

The lattice enthalpy values  $(\Delta H_{\text{lattice}}^{\Theta})$  in the following tables relate to the endothermic process  $M_a X_b(s) \rightarrow a M^{b+}(g) + b X^{a-}(g)$  in which the gaseous ions of a crystal are separated to an infinite distance from each other.

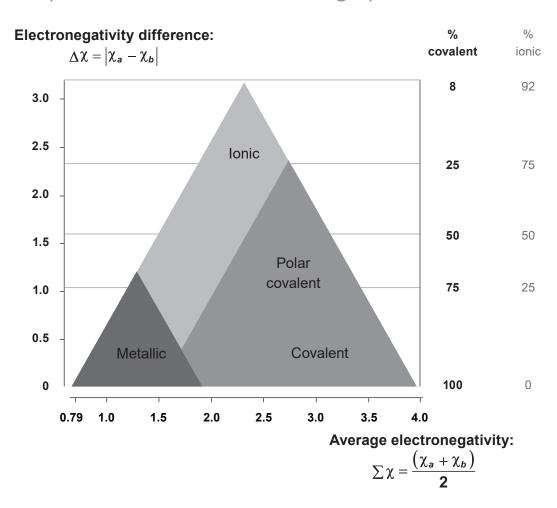
The data in these tables are experimental values obtained by means of a suitable Born-Haber cycle.

Alkali metal halides		$\Delta H_{ m lattice}^{\ominus}$ /	kJ mol <sup>-1</sup>	
Alkali ilictal lialiaco	F	Cl	Br	I
Li	1049	864	820	764
Na	930	790	754	705
K	829	720	691	650
Rb	795	695	668	632
Cs	759	670	647	613

Other substances	ΔH <sup>⊕</sup> <sub>lattice</sub> / kJ mol <sup>-1</sup>
CaF <sub>2</sub>	2651
BeCl <sub>2</sub>	3033
MgCl <sub>2</sub>	2540
CaCl <sub>2</sub>	2271
SrCl <sub>2</sub>	2170
BaCl <sub>2</sub>	2069
MgO	3791
CaO	3401

Other substances	∆H <sup>⊕</sup> <sub>lattice</sub> / kJ mol <sup>-1</sup>
SrO	3223
BaO	3054
CuCl <sub>2</sub>	2824
AgF	974
AgCl	918
AgBr	905
AgI	892

### 17. Triangular bonding diagram (van Arkel-Ketelaar triangle)



### 18. Acid-base indicators

			Colour	change
Indicator	p <i>K</i> <sub>a</sub>	pH range	Acid	Alkali
methyl orange	3.7	3.1-4.4	red	yellow
bromophenol blue	4.2	3.0-4.6	yellow	blue
bromocresol green	4.7	3.8-5.4	yellow	blue
methyl red	5.1	4.4-6.2	red	yellow
bromothymol blue	7.0	6.0-7.6	yellow	blue
phenol red	7.9	6.8-8.4	yellow	red
phenolphthalein	9.6	8.3-10.0	colourless	pink

### 19. Standard reduction potentials at 298.15 K

Oxidized species		Reduced species	E <sup>⊕</sup> / V
Li <sup>+</sup> (aq) + e <sup>-</sup>	$\rightleftharpoons$	Li(s)	-3.04
K <sup>+</sup> (aq) + e <sup>-</sup>	$\rightleftharpoons$	K(s)	-2.93
Ca <sup>2+</sup> (aq) + 2e <sup>-</sup>	$\rightleftharpoons$	Ca(s)	-2.87
Na <sup>+</sup> (aq) + e <sup>-</sup>	$\rightleftharpoons$	Na(s)	-2.71
Mg <sup>2+</sup> (aq) + 2e <sup>-</sup>	$\rightleftharpoons$	Mg(s)	-2.37
Al <sup>3+</sup> (aq) + 3e <sup>-</sup>	$\rightleftharpoons$	Al(s)	-1.66
Mn <sup>2+</sup> (aq) + 2e <sup>-</sup>	$\rightleftharpoons$	Mn(s)	-1.18
$H_2O(l) + e^-$	$\rightleftharpoons$	$\frac{1}{2}H_2(g) + OH^-(aq)$	-0.83
Zn <sup>2+</sup> (aq) + 2e <sup>-</sup>	$\rightleftharpoons$	Zn(s)	-0.76
Fe <sup>2+</sup> (aq) + 2e <sup>-</sup>	$\rightleftharpoons$	Fe(s)	-0.45
Ni <sup>2+</sup> (aq) + 2e <sup>-</sup>	$\rightleftharpoons$	Ni(s)	-0.26
Sn <sup>2+</sup> (aq) + 2e <sup>-</sup>	$\rightleftharpoons$	Sn(s)	-0.14
Pb <sup>2+</sup> (aq) + 2e <sup>-</sup>	$\rightleftharpoons$	Pb(s)	-0.13
H <sup>+</sup> (aq) + e <sup>-</sup>	$\rightleftharpoons$	$\frac{1}{2}H_2(g)$	0.00
Cu <sup>2+</sup> (aq) + e <sup>-</sup>	$\rightleftharpoons$	Cu <sup>+</sup> (aq)	+0.15
SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> (aq) + 4H <sup>+</sup> (aq) + 2e <sup>-</sup>	$\rightleftharpoons$	$H_2SO_3(aq) + H_2O(l)$	+0.17
Cu <sup>2+</sup> (aq) + 2e <sup>-</sup>	$\rightleftharpoons$	Cu(s)	+0.34
$\frac{1}{2}O_2(g) + H_2O(l) + 2e^-$	$\rightleftharpoons$	2OH⁻(aq)	+0.40
Cu <sup>+</sup> (aq) + e <sup>-</sup>	$\rightleftharpoons$	Cu(s)	+0.52
$\frac{1}{2}I_{2}(s) + e^{-}$	$\rightleftharpoons$	I⁻(aq)	+0.54
Fe <sup>3+</sup> (aq) + e <sup>-</sup>	$\rightleftharpoons$	Fe <sup>2+</sup> (aq)	+0.77
Ag <sup>+</sup> (aq) + e <sup>-</sup>	$\rightleftharpoons$	Ag(s)	+0.80
$\frac{1}{2} Br_2(l) + e^-$	$\rightleftharpoons$	Br <sup>-</sup> (aq)	+1.09
$\frac{1}{2}O_2(g) + 2H^+(aq) + 2e^-$	$\rightleftharpoons$	$H_2O(l)$	+1.23
$Cr_2O_7^{2-}(aq) + 14H^+(aq) + 6e^-$	$\rightleftharpoons$	$2Cr^{3+}(aq) + 7H_2O(l)$	+1.36
$\frac{1}{2}Cl_{2}(g) + e^{-}$	$\rightleftharpoons$	Cl <sup>-</sup> (aq)	+1.36
MnO <sub>4</sub> <sup>-</sup> (aq) + 8H <sup>+</sup> (aq) + 5e <sup>-</sup>	$\rightleftharpoons$	$Mn^{2+}(aq) + 4H_2O(l)$	+1.51
$\frac{1}{2}F_2(g) + e^-$	$\rightleftharpoons$	F <sup>-</sup> (aq)	+2.87



### 20. Infrared data

### Characteristic ranges for infrared absorption due to stretching vibrations in organic molecules

Bond	Types of organic molecules	Wavenumber / cm <sup>-1</sup>	Intensity
C — I	iodoalkanes	490–620	strong
C — Br	bromoalkanes	500-600	strong
C — Cl	chloroalkanes	600-800	strong
C — F	fluoroalkanes	1000–1400	strong
C — O	alcohols, esters, ethers	1050–1410	strong
C = C	alkenes	1620–1680	medium-weak; multiple bands
C = O	aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids and esters	1700–1750	strong
C≡C	alkynes	2100–2260	variable
O — H	carboxylic acids (with hydrogen bonding)	2500–3000	strong, very broad
C — H	alkanes, alkenes, arenes	2850-3090	strong
O — H	alcohols and phenols (with hydrogen bonding)	3200–3600	strong, broad
N — H	primary amines	3300–3500	medium; two bands

### 21. <sup>1</sup>H NMR data

### Typical proton chemical shift values (δ) relative to tetramethylsilane (TMS)

R represents an alkyl group, and Hal represents F, Cl, Br or I.

These values may vary for different solvents and conditions.

Type of proton	Chemical shift / ppm
—C <b>H</b> <sub>3</sub>	0.9–1.0
—С <b>Н</b> <sub>2</sub> -R	1.3–1.4
—CHR <sub>2</sub>	1.5
ROCCH <sub>2</sub> —	2.0–2.5
O     C  C  C	2.2–2.7
<b>—</b> ←C <b>H</b> <sub>3</sub>	2.5–3.5
—C≡C− <b>H</b>	1.8–3.1
—C <b>H</b> ₂−Hal	3.5-4.4
R-O-C <b>H</b> <sub>2</sub> -	3.3–3.7
$ \begin{array}{c} O \\ \parallel \\ C \end{array} $ $ O - CH_2 - $	3.7–4.8
O     C  O- <b>H</b>	9.0–13.0
R-O- <b>H</b>	1.0-6.0
$$ CH $=$ C <b>H</b> $_2$	4.5-6.0
——ОН	4.0-12.0
————Н	6.9–9.0
O = C <b>H</b>	9.4–10.0

Chemistry data booklet 1



### 22. Mass spectral fragments lost

Mass lost (M <sub>r</sub> )	Possible neutral fragment lost	
15	•CH₃	
17	•OH	
18	H <sub>2</sub> O	
28	CH <sub>2</sub> =CH <sub>2</sub> CO	
29	•CH₂CH₃ •CHO	
31	•OCH <sub>3</sub>	
45	•COOH	

### 23. References

Data in sections 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22 were taken fully or in part from:

Blackman, A., Gahan, L. R., Aylward, G. H., & Findlay, T. J. V. (2014). Aylward and Findlay's SI Chemical Data. (7th ed.). John Wiley & Sons.

National Institute of Standards and Technology. (2021). NIST Chemistry WebBook SRD 69, NIST Standard Reference Database. U.S. Department of Commerce. http://webbook.nist.gov

Rumble, J. R. (Ed.). (2019). CRC Handbook of Chemistry and Physics. (100th ed.). CRC Press.

### Data in section 17 are reproduced with permission from the author:

Leach, M. R. (2021). The Chemogenesis Web Book: Timeline of structural theory. http://www.metasynthesis.com/webbook/30\_timeline/timeline.html

