



Consumer Ad-Hoc Insights

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About the Company

Atliq Hardware is a **computer hardware** and **accessory** manufacturer.

The company manufactures products under 3 major divisions i.e. **Networking & Storage**, **PC**, **Peripherals & Accessories**.

Atliq Hardware is operational in **NA**, **LATAM**, **EU**, and **APAC** regions.



Objectives

- ▶ **Atliq Hardware** (fictitious corporation) is one of the major computer hardware manufacturers in India, with a strong presence in other nations.
- ▶ Nevertheless, the management did note that they **do not have sufficient insights** to make prompt, wise, and data-informed judgments.
- ▶ Plan to **expand** the data analytics team by adding junior data analysts.
- ▶ To assess candidates, **Data analytics director, Tony Sharma** plans to conduct a **SQL challenge** to evaluate both tech and soft skills.
- ▶ The company seeks insights for **10 ad hoc** requests.

Requests & Tools



Power BI



10 ad-hoc
requests



Codebasics SQL Challenge



Requests:

1. Provide the list of markets in which customer "Atliq Exclusive" operates its business in the APAC region.
2. What is the percentage of unique product increase in 2021 vs. 2020? The final output contains these fields,
unique_products_2020
unique_products_2021
percentage_chg
3. Provide a report with all the unique product counts for each segment and sort them in descending order of product counts. The final output contains 2 fields,
segment
product_count
4. Follow-up: Which segment had the most increase in unique products in 2021 vs 2020? The final output contains these fields,
segment
product_count_2020
product_count_2021
difference
5. Get the products that have the highest and lowest manufacturing costs. The final output should contain these fields,
product_code
product
manufacturing_cost

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6. Generate a report which contains the top 5 customers who received an average high pre_invoice_discount_pct for the fiscal year 2021 and in the Indian market. The final output contains these fields,
customer_code
customer
average_discount_percentage
7. Get the complete report of the Gross sales amount for the customer "Atliq Exclusive" for each month. This analysis helps to get an idea of low and high-performing months and take strategic decisions.
The final report contains these columns:
Month
Year
Gross sales Amount
8. In which quarter of 2020, got the maximum total_sold_quantity? The final output contains these fields sorted by the total_sold_quantity,
Quarter
total_sold_quantity
9. Which channel helped to bring more gross sales in the fiscal year 2021 and the percentage of contribution? The final output contains these fields,
channel
gross_sales_mln
percentage
10. Get the Top 3 products in each division that have a high total_sold_quantity in the fiscal_year 2021? The final output contains these fields,
division
product_code

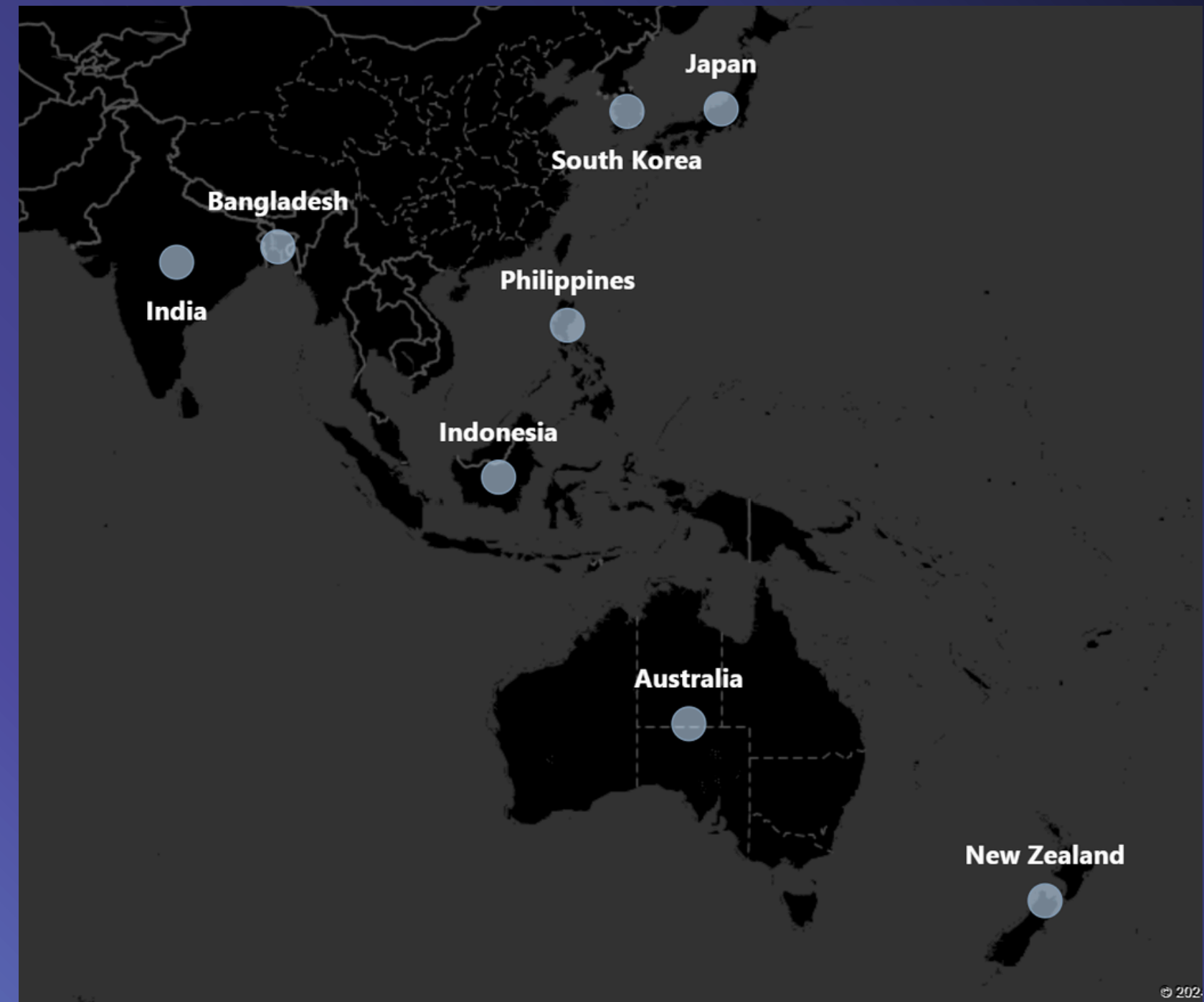


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1. Provide the list of **markets** in which customer "**Atliq Exclusive**" operates its business in the **APAC** region.

Atliq Exclusive's markets (countries) in **APAC** region

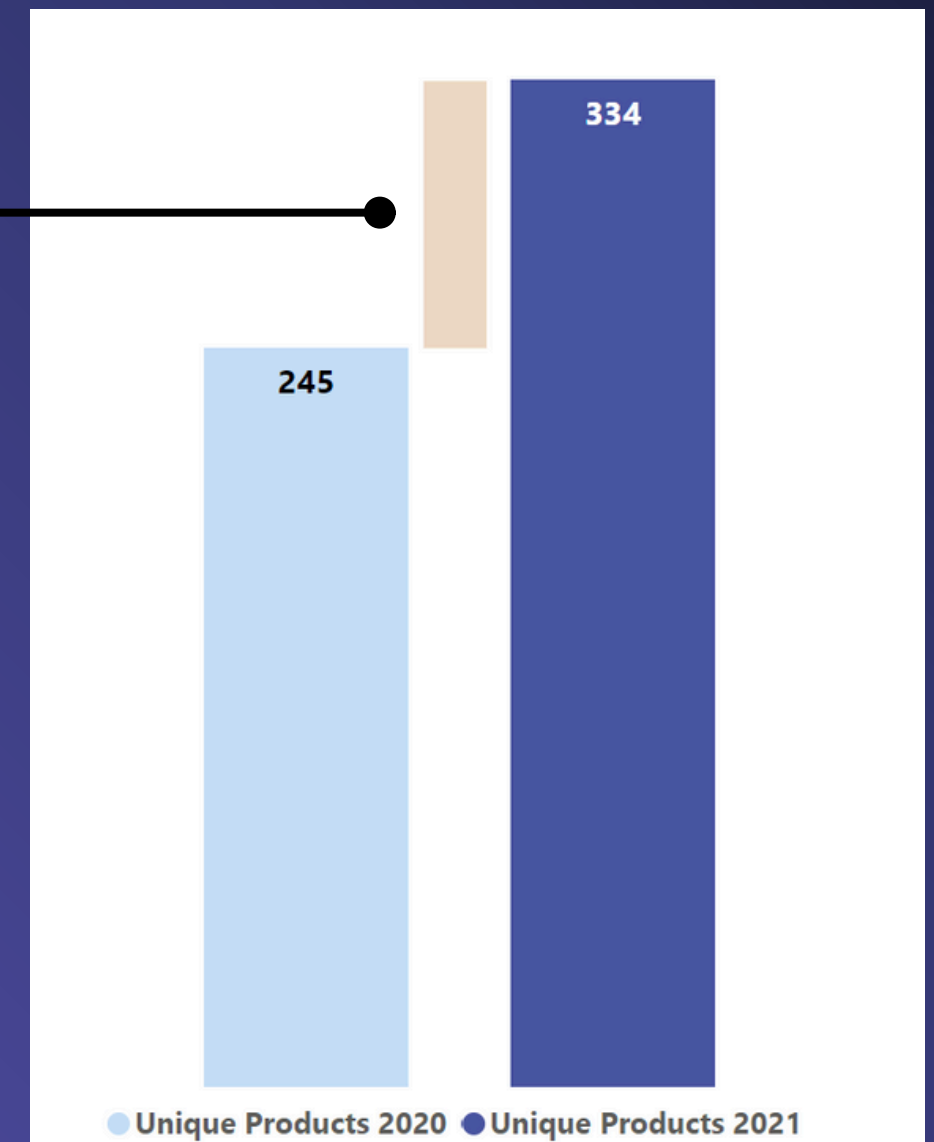
```
select distinct market
from dim_customer
where
    customer = 'Atliq Exclusive' and
    region = 'APAC';
```



2. What is the percentage of **unique product increase** in 2021 vs. 2020? The final output contains these fields,

- unique_products_2020,
- unique_products_2021,
- percentage_chg

Unique Products 2020 VS Unique Products 2021



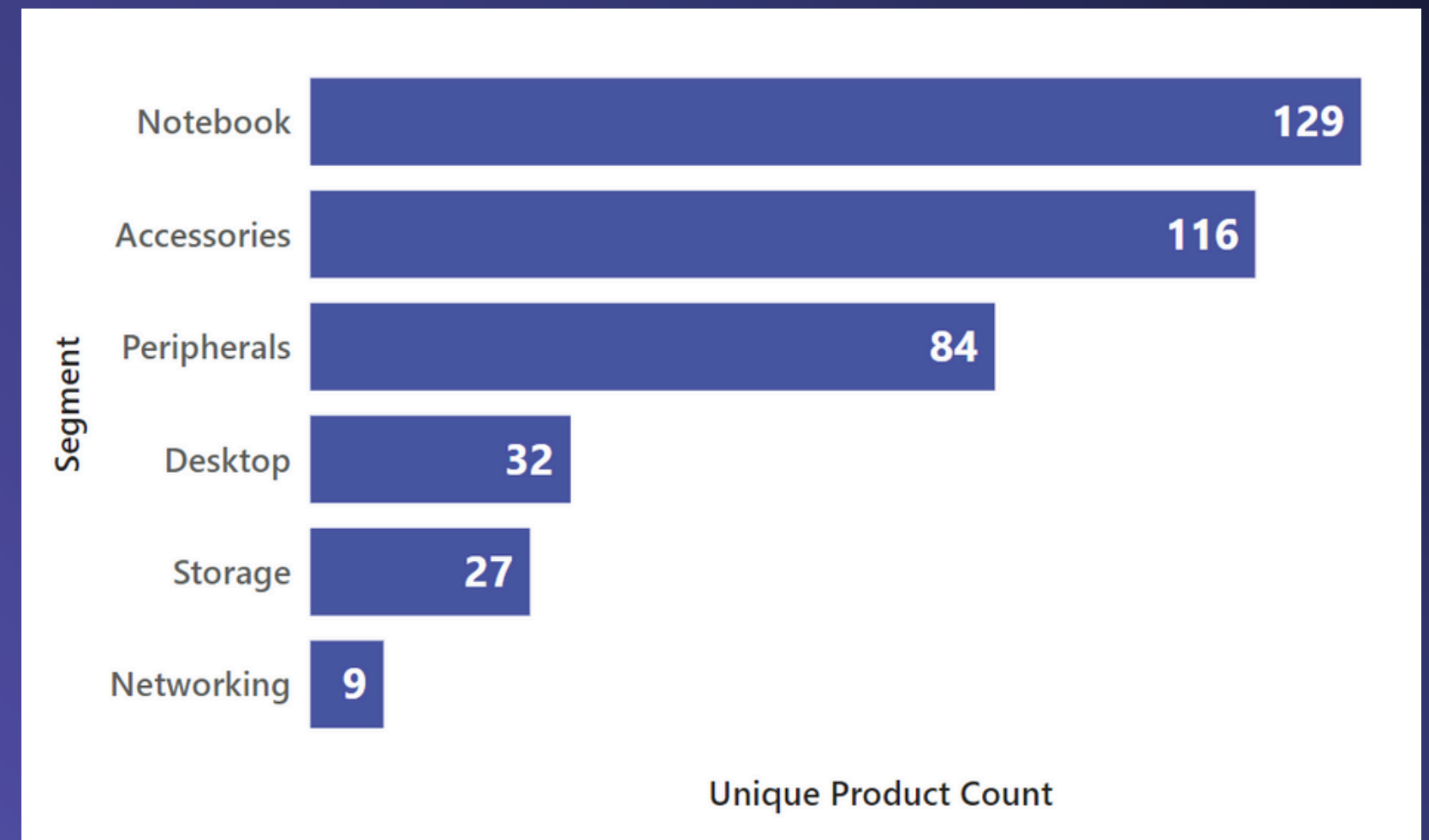
```
with cte1 as (  
    select count(distinct product_code) as unique_products_2020  
    from fact_sales_monthly fsm  
    where fiscal_year = '2020'  
),  
  
cte2 as (  
    select count(distinct product_code) as unique_products_2021  
    from fact_sales_monthly fsm  
    where fiscal_year = '2021'  
)  
  
select  
    unique_products_2020,  
    unique_products_2021,  
    concat(round(((unique_products_2021 - unique_products_2020)*100)/unique_products_2020,2), ' %') as percentage_chg  
from cte1, cte2;
```

3. Provide a report with all the unique **product counts** for each **segment** and sort them in **descending** order of product counts. The final output contains 2 fields,

- segment,
- product_count

Unique **product counts**
for each **segment**

```
select
    segment,
    count(distinct product_code) as product_count
from dim_product
group by segment
order by product_count desc;
```



Insights:

- **Notebook** & **Accessories** are the most popular segments compared to Peripherals, Desktop, Storage & Networking.
- Notebook, accessories, and peripherals are showing a significant growth in manufacturing.

4. Follow-up: Which **segment** had the **most increase** in unique products in 2021 vs 2020? The final output contains these fields,

- segment,
- product_count_2020,
- product_count_2021,
- difference

Unique product difference
per **segment** from 2020 to 2021

Segment	Product Count 2020	Product Count 2021	Difference
Accessories	69	103	34 ↑
Notebook	92	108	16 ↑
Peripherals	59	75	16 ↑
Desktop	7	22	15 ↑
Storage	12	17	5 ↑
Networking	6	9	3 ↑

```
with cte1 as (  
    select  
        dp.segment,  
        count(distinct fsm.product_code) as product_count_2020  
    from fact_sales_monthly fsm  
    join dim_product dp  
    on dp.product_code = fsm.product_code  
    where fiscal_year = '2020'  
    group by dp.segment  
)  
  
cte2 as (  
    select  
        dp.segment,  
        count(distinct fsm.product_code) as product_count_2021  
    from fact_sales_monthly fsm  
    join dim_product dp  
    on dp.product_code = fsm.product_code  
    where fiscal_year = '2021'  
    group by dp.segment  
)  
  
select  
    cte1.segment,  
    product_count_2020,  
    product_count_2021,  
    (product_count_2021 - product_count_2020) as difference  
from cte1  
join cte2  
on cte1.segment = cte2.segment  
order by difference desc;
```

Insights:

- **Accessories** had the **largest** increase in production, with **34** more unique products offered in 2021 than in 2020.

5. Get the products that have the **highest** and **lowest manufacturing costs**. The final output should contain these fields,

- product_code,
- product,
- manufacturing_cost

Products having
Highest & Lowest
Manufacturing costs

Product Code	Product	Manufacturing Cost
A6120110206	AQ HOME Allin1 Gen 2	240.54
A2118150101	AQ Master wired x1 Ms	0.89

```
select
    p.product_code,
    p.product,
    m.manufacturing_cost
from dim_product p
join fact_manufacturing_cost m
on m.product_code = p.product_code
where m.manufacturing_cost in
    (
        select max(manufacturing_cost) from fact_manufacturing_cost
    )

union

select
    p.product_code,
    p.product,
    m.manufacturing_cost
from dim_product p
join fact_manufacturing_cost m
on m.product_code = p.product_code
where m.manufacturing_cost in
    (
        select min(manufacturing_cost) from fact_manufacturing_cost
    );
```

Insights:

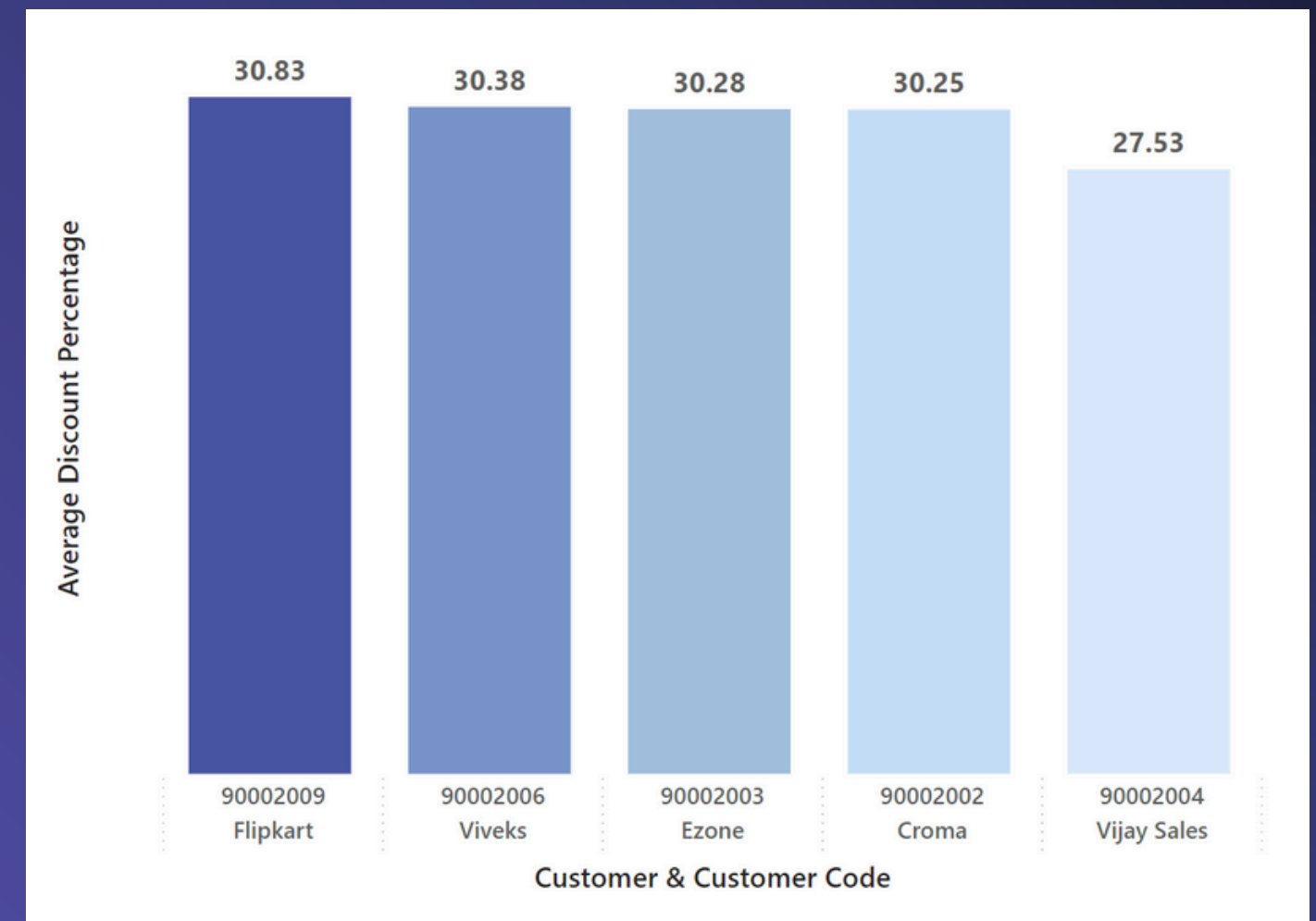
- Mouse: **AQ Master wired x1 Ms** has the **lowest** manufacturing cost.
- Personal Desktop: **AQ Home Allin1 Gen2** has the **highest** manufacturing cost.

6. Generate a report which contains the **top 5 customers** who received an average high **pre_invoice_discount_pct** for the **fiscal year 2021** and in the **Indian** market. The final output contains these fields,

- customer_code,
- customer,
- average_discount_percentage

```
select
  dc.customer,
  dc.customer_code,
  round(avg(pre_invoice_discount_pct)*100,2) as average_discount_percentage
from fact_pre_invoice_deductions pnv
join dim_customer dc
on dc.customer_code = pnv.customer_code
where fiscal_year = '2021' and market = 'India'
group by dc.customer
order by average_discount_percentage desc
limit 5;
```

Top 5 Indian customers with highest average discount % for FY 2021



Insights:

- The **largest** average pre-invoice discount was given to **Flipkart**.
- The **least** average pre-invoice discount was given to **Amazon**.

7. Get the complete report of the **Gross sales amount** for the customer “**Atliq Exclusive**” for each month. This analysis helps to get an idea of low and high-performing months and take strategic decisions. The final report contains these columns:

- Month,
- Year,
- Gross sales Amount

```
select
    date_format(s.date, '%b') as month,
    s.fiscal_year as year,
    concat(round(sum(gp.gross_price * s.sold_quantity)/1000000,2), ' M') as gross_sales_amount
from fact_gross_price gp
join fact_sales_monthly s
on
    gp.product_code = s.product_code and
    gp.fiscal_year = s.fiscal_year
join dim_customer dc
on dc.customer_code = s.customer_code
where customer = 'Atliq Exclusive'
group by month, year;
```

FY 2020

Month	Year	Gross Sales Amount
Sep	2020	4.50 M
Oct	2020	5.14 M
Nov	2020	7.52 M
Dec	2020	4.83 M
Jan	2020	4.74 M
Feb	2020	4.00 M
Mar	2020	0.38 M
Apr	2020	0.40 M
May	2020	0.78 M
Jun	2020	1.70 M
Jul	2020	2.55 M
Aug	2020	2.79 M
Sep	2021	12.35 M
Oct	2021	13.22 M
Nov	2021	20.46 M
Dec	2021	12.94 M
Jan	2021	12.40 M
Feb	2021	10.13 M
Mar	2021	12.14 M
Apr	2021	7.31 M
May	2021	12.15 M
Jun	2021	9.82 M
Jul	2021	12.09 M
Aug	2021	7.18 M

FY 2021

Insights:

- The **highest** gross sales amount for both the fiscal years is in **November**.
- The **lowest** gross sales amount for **FY 2020** is in **March** whereas for **FY 2021** is in **August**.

M = million

8. In which **quarter** of **2020**, got the maximum **total_sold_quantity**? The final output contains these fields sorted by the total_sold_quantity,

- Quarter,
- total_sold_quantity

```
with cte as (  
    select  
        date,  
        sum(sold_quantity) as total_sold_qty,  
        fiscal_year,  
        case  
            when month(date) in (9,10,11) then 'Q1'  
            when month(date) in (12,1,2) then 'Q2'  
            when month(date) in (3,4,5) then 'Q3'  
            else 'Q4'  
        end as fiscal_quarter  
    from fact_sales_monthly  
    where fiscal_year = 2020  
    group by date  
)  
  
select  
    fiscal_quarter,  
    sum(total_sold_qty) as total_sold_quantity  
from cte  
group by fiscal_quarter  
order by total_sold_quantity desc
```

Total sold quantity
in **FY 2020** by **quarter**

Quarter	Total Sold Quantity
Q1	7005619
Q2	6649642
Q4	5042541
Q3	2075087

Insights:

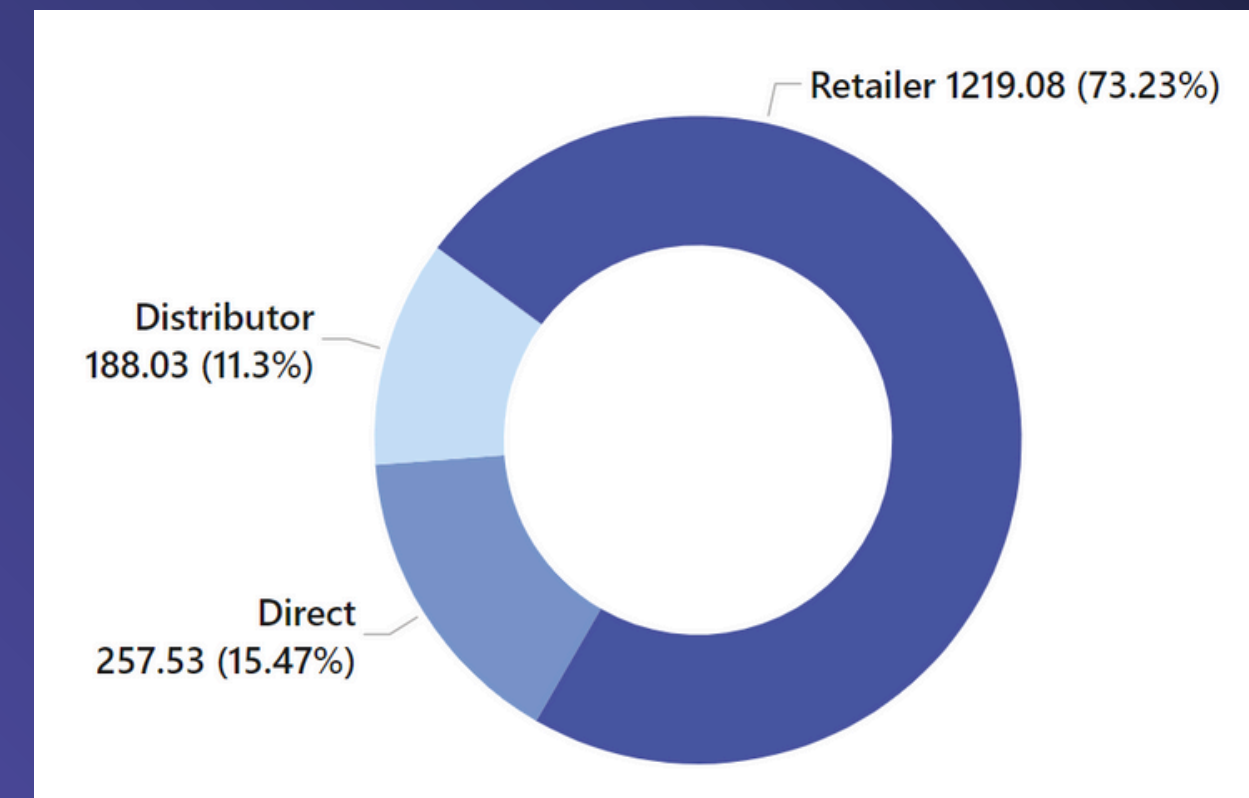
- In **Quarter 1** maximum quantity were sold.
- **Quarter 3** saw the **lowest** total sold quantity.

9. Which **channel** helped to bring more **gross sales** in the fiscal year **2021** and the **percentage** of contribution? The final output contains these fields,

- channel,
- gross_sales_mln,
- percentage

```
with cte as (  
  select  
    c.channel,  
    round((sum(p.gross_price * s.sold_quantity))/1000000,2) as gross_sales_mln  
  from dim_customer c  
  join fact_sales_monthly s  
  on s.customer_code = c.customer_code  
  join fact_gross_price p  
  on  
    p.product_code = s.product_code and  
    p.fiscal_year = s.fiscal_year  
  where s.fiscal_year = 2021  
  group by c.channel  
)  
  
select  
  channel,  
  gross_sales_mln,  
  concat(round((gross_sales_mln * 100)/(select sum(gross_sales_mln) from cte),2), ' %') as percentage  
from cte  
order by gross_sales_mln desc
```

Gross sales & contribution %
by **channels** for FY 2021



Insights:

- The channel **Retailer** brought more gross sales with **73.23 %** in FY 2021 followed by Direct and Distributor.
- **Distributor** channel made the least sales contribution with **11.3 %**.

10. Get the **Top 3 products** in each **division** that have a high **total_sold_quantity** in the fiscal_year **2021**?

The final output contains these fields,

- division,
- product_code,
- product,
- total_sold_quantity,
- rank_order



Top 3 Products
in each **Division**

Division	Product Code	Product	Total Sold Quantity	Rank Order
N & S	A6720160103	AQ Pen Drive 2 IN 1 - Premium	701373	1
N & S	A6818160202	AQ Pen Drive DRC - Plus	688003	2
N & S	A6819160203	AQ Pen Drive DRC - Premium	676245	3
P & A	A2319150302	AQ Gamers Ms - Standard 2	428498	1
P & A	A2520150501	AQ Maxima Ms - Standard 1	419865	2
P & A	A2520150504	AQ Maxima Ms - Plus 2	419471	3
PC	A4218110202	AQ Digit - Standard Blue	17434	1
PC	A4319110306	AQ Velocity - Plus Red	17280	2
PC	A4218110208	AQ Digit - Premium Misty Green	17275	3

Insights:

- Every division has a product with **different variants** that appears **twice** in the top three products by division list.

```
with cte as (  
  select  
    p.division,  
    p.product_code,  
    concat(p.product, ' - ', p.variant) as product,  
    sum(s.sold_quantity) as total_sold_quantity,  
    row_number() over (partition by p.division order by sum(s.sold_quantity) desc) as rank_order  
  from dim_product p  
  join fact_sales_monthly s  
  on s.product_code = p.product_code  
  where s.fiscal_year = 2021  
  group by p.division, p.product_code, p.product  
)  
  
select  
  division,  
  product_code,  
  product,  
  total_sold_quantity,  
  rank_order  
from cte  
where rank_order <= 3
```

Thank You For Watching!



x

