

EXP:4 20/02/2025	STATIONARY OF A TIME SERIES DATA.
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AIM:

To Implement a program to check stationary of a time series data.

PROCEDURE:

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1) IMPORT THE LIBRARIES
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import statsmodels.api as sm
from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import adfuller

def check_stationarity(file_path):
2) Load dataset
    df = pd.read_csv(file_path)
    df['Month'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Month'])
    df.set_index('Month', inplace=True)

3) Rename column for easier access
    column_name = df.columns[0]
    df.rename(columns={column_name: 'Beer_Production'}, inplace=True)

4) Plot rolling statistics
    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
    rolling_mean = df['Beer_Production'].rolling(window=12).mean()
    rolling_std = df['Beer_Production'].rolling(window=12).std()
    plt.plot(df['Beer_Production'], label='Original Data')
    plt.plot(rolling_mean, label='Rolling Mean', color='red')
    plt.plot(rolling_std, label='Rolling Std Dev', color='black')
    plt.legend()
    plt.title('Rolling Mean & Standard Deviation')
    plt.show()

5) Perform Augmented Dickey-Fuller test
    print("Results of Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test:")
```

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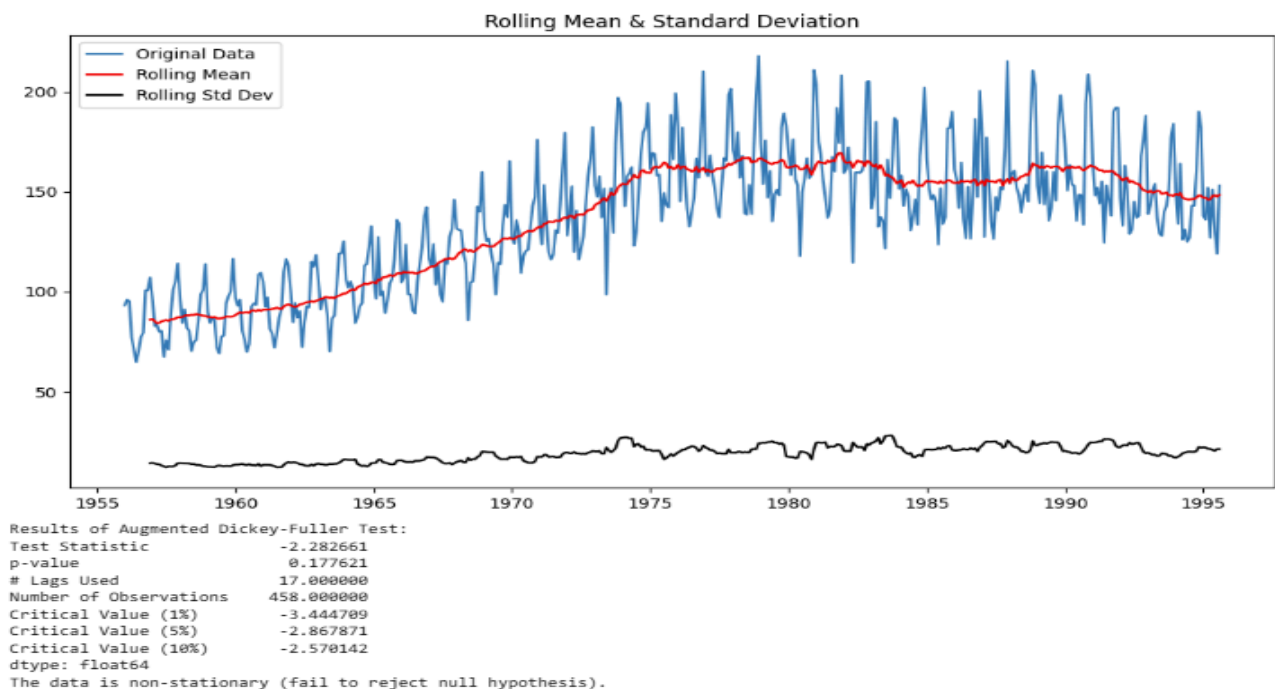
adf_test = adfuller(df['Beer_Production'])
output = pd.Series(adf_test[:4], index=['Test Statistic', 'p-value',
'# Lags Used', 'Number of Observations'])
for key, value in adf_test[4].items():
    output[f Critical Value ({key})'] = value
print(output)

6) Interpret results
if adf_test[1] <= 0.05:
    print("The data is stationary (reject null hypothesis).")
else:
    print("The data is non-stationary (fail to reject null
hypothesis).")

7) Run the function
check_stationarity("/content/monthly-beer.csv")

```

OUTPUT:



RESULT :

Thus the Program has been Implemented and executed successfully