Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 3_MCQ_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 17

Section 1: MCQ

1. In an array-based stack, which of the following operations can result in a Stack underflow?

Answer

Popping an element from an empty stack

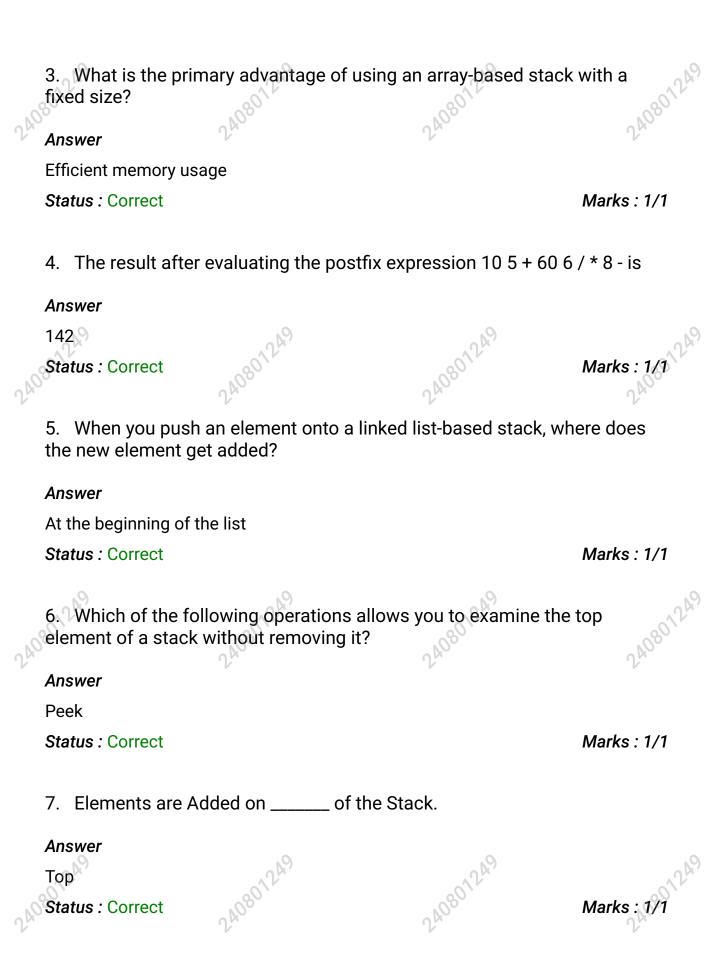
Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. Pushing an element into the stack already has five elements. The stack size is 5, then the stack becomes

Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 171



8. What is the advantage of using a linked list over an array for implementing a stack?

Answer

Linked lists can dynamically resize

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. Here is an Infix Expression: 4+3*(6*3-12). Convert the expression from Infix to Postfix notation. The maximum number of symbols that will appear on the stack AT ONE TIME during the conversion of this expression?

Answer

3

2

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

10. The user performs the following operations on the stack of size 5 then at the end of the last operation, the total number of elements present in the stack is

```
push(1);
pop();
push(2);
push(3);
pop();
push(4);
pop();
pop();
pop();
push(5);
```

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

11. Which of the following Applications may use a Stack?

All of the mentioned options

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12. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
    #define MAX_SIZE 5
    int stack[MAX_SIZE];
    int top = -1;
    void display() {
    oif (top == -1) {
         printf("Stack is empty\n");
       } else {
         printf("Stack elements: ");
         for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--) {
           printf("%d", stack[i]);
         printf("\n");
      }
    void push(int value) {
       if (top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
         printf("Stack Overflow\n");
      } else {
         stack[++top] = value;
       }
    }
    int main() {
       display();
       push(10);
       push(20);
       push(30);
       display();
push(50);
push(60);
```

Marks: 1/1

```
ay()
return 0;
}
      display();
    Answer
    Stack is emptyStack elements: 30 20 10Stack OverflowStack elements: 50 40 30
    20 10 
    Status: Correct
                                                                       Marks: 1/1
    13. What is the value of the postfix expression 6 3 2 4 + - *?
    Answer
    -18
    Status: Correct
                                                                       Marks: 1/1
    14. What will be the output of the following code?
    #include <stdio.h>
    #define MAX_SIZE 5
    void push(int* stack, int* top, int item) {
      if (*top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
         printf("Stack Overflow\n");
       return;
      stack[++(*top)] = item;
    int pop(int* stack, int* top) {
      if (*top == -1) {
         printf("Stack Underflow\n");
         return -1;
      }
      return stack[(*top)--];
    int main() {
    int stack[MAX_SIZE];
```

```
int top = -1;
  push(stack, &top, 10);
  push(stack, &top, 20);
  push(stack, &top, 30);
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  return 0;
}

Answer

302010Stack Underflow

Status: Wrong
```

15. In the linked list implementation of the stack, which of the following operations removes an element from the top?

Marks: 0/1

Answer

Pop

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. Consider a linked list implementation of stack data structure with three operations:

push(value): Pushes an element value onto the stack.pop(): Pops the top element from the stack.top(): Returns the item stored at the top of the stack.

Given the following sequence of operations:

push(10);pop();push(5);top();

What will be the result of the stack after performing these operations?

Answer

The top element in the stack is 5

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

17. In a stack data structure, what is the fundamental rule that is followed for performing operations?

Answer

Last In First Out

Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct

18. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
    #define MAX_SIZE 5
    int stack[MAX_SIZE];
   sint top = -1;
int isEmpty() {
      return (top == -1);
    int isFull() {
      return (top == MAX_SIZE - 1);
    void push(int item) {
      if (isFull())
         printf("Stack Overflow\n");
stack[++top] = item;
      printf("%d\n", isEmpty());
      push(10);
      push(20);
      push(30);
      printf("%d\n", isFull());
      return 0;
    }
    Answer
Status : Correct
```

Marks : 1/1

19. Consider the linked list implementation of a stack.

Which of the following nodes is considered as Top of the stack?

Answer

First node

Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct

20. A user performs the following operations on stack of size 5 then which of the following is correct statement for Stack?

```
push(1);
   pop();
push(2);
   push(3);
   pop();
   push(2);
   pop();
   pop();
   push(4);
   pop();
   pop();
   push(5);
   Answer
Underflow Occurs
```

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1