



Technical Coding Research Innovation, Navi Mumbai,  
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Build out AWS service architecture for Enterprise retail store with following assumptions: 1. 100+ stores  
2. Inventory Management 3. Analytics services to be run by the stores.

Assignment Submitted for the requirement of  
**Technical Coding Research Innovation**  
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## **CLOUD COMPUTING USING AWS INTERNSHIP PROGRAM**

by

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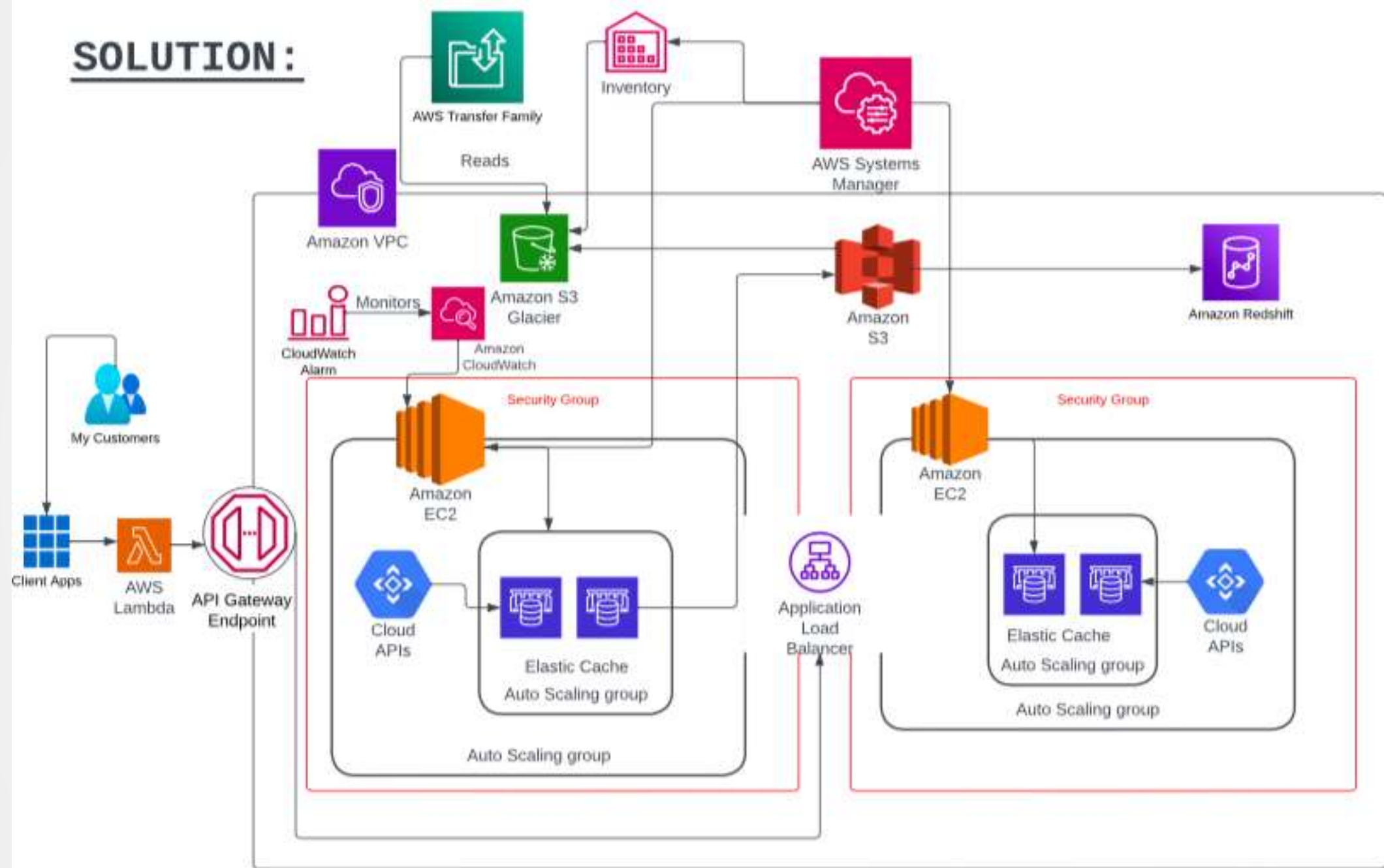
# PROBLEM STATEMENT

Inventory management helps companies identify which and how much stock to order at what time. It tracks inventory from purchase to the sale of goods. The practice identifies and responds to trends to ensure there's always enough stock to fulfill customer orders and proper warning of a shortage.

Inventory Management in Enterprise retail stores is the process of ensuring you have enough inventory to meet customer demand so that you don't end up with too little or too much merchandise. It's essential if you'd like to avoid situations where you run out of popular items or end up with excess items that nobody is buying.

Here, we have a customer who has 100 plus stores across the city and wants to store the data to run their application. Thereby, we need an infrastructure to execute these applications. So, we have used AWS services which provides very efficient and cost-effective way of building a robust service architecture. It provides EC2 instances like Lambda, S3 bucket etc. By using these services we have to build an architecture which explains this problem statement in a detailed form.

# SOLUTION:



# Infrastructure and their services

## 1. Storage OLTP- S3bucket

- ▶ Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S3) is an object storage service that offers industry-leading scalability, data availability, security, and performance.

## 2. Networking – VPC

- ▶ Virtual Private Cloud (VPC) provides networking functionality to Compute Engine virtual machine (VM) instances, Google Kubernetes Engine (GKE) clusters, and the App Engine flexible environment.

## 3. Backup- S3 glacier

- ▶ Amazon S3 Glacier (S3 Glacier) is a secure and durable service for low-cost data archiving and long-term backup.
- ▶ Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S3) also provides three Amazon S3 Glacier archive storage classes.

## 4. Amazon Cloudwatch- EC2 instance

## 5. Server –EC2 instance

- An Amazon EC2 instance is a virtual server in Amazon's Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2) for running applications on the Amazon Web Services (AWS) infrastructure.

## 6. Data warehouse- Redshift

- Amazon Redshift is a fully managed, petabyte-scale data warehouse service in the cloud. You can start with just a few hundred gigabytes of data and scale to a petabyte or more. This allows you to use your data to gain new insights for your business and customers.

## 7. API services- AWS Lambda

- AWS Lambda allows you to add custom logic to AWS resources such as Amazon S3 buckets and Amazon Dynamo DB tables, so you can easily apply compute to data as it enters or moves through the cloud.

## 8. CloudWatch Alarms –

It monitors the Amazon CloudWatch

## 9. Load balancing- Load balancer

- A load balancer serves as the single point of contact for clients. The load balancer distributes incoming application traffic across multiple targets, such as EC2 instances, in multiple Availability Zones. This increases the availability of your application.

## 10. Inventory management- S3 Glacier

- Inventory management is the process of keeping track of the items in your warehouse. They use S3 glacier for backup and gets its storage through EC2 instance.

## 11. AWS System Manager-EC2 instance

- AWS Systems Manager allows you to safely automate common and repetitive IT operations and management tasks.

## 12. AWS Transfer Family- S3 Glacier

- AWS Transfer Family securely scales your recurring business-to-business file transfers to AWS Storage services using SFTP, FTPS, FTP, and AS2 protocols.



# OUTCOME

- ▶ Allowing all the API requests would be dangerous as it might cause issue in security factor and Gateway provides a unified entry point across internal APIs. It allows us to control user access. And it enables security measures, like rate limiting, and applies security policies, like OAuth or JWT. An API gateway is especially important for securing micro services.
- ▶ The load balancer is making use of the two different EC2 instances with two different security groups which distributes the network or application traffic across a number of servers which is increasing the capacity (concurrent users ) and reliability of the applications which ensures that no one server is overworked, which could degrade the performance.
- ▶ The lambda is a server less, event-driven compute service that letting us run code for virtually any type of application or backend service without provisioning or managing servers. We can trigger Lambda from over 200 AWS services and software as a service (SaaS) applications.

- ▶ And only pay for what we use which is reducing the cost and also it's allowing developers to build and run services without having to manage the underlying infrastructure.
- ▶ So to conclude the AWS service architecture for enterprise retail store will help in growth and tracking of the entire retail system. Since migrating to a server less architecture built on AWS—and with fully automated scaling—there's a huge cut in its infrastructure costs and improved customers' ticket-purchasing experience and also helped to innovate faster.
- ▶ We are using 100 plus store where we assume 500 users or admins those who work on business transaction (employees) , they will be working for all these 100 plus stores. The calculation we do here is 2 folks per store. So here we have 500 users working for 100 plus stores , for example if we have a store of 10 users the calculation will be  $100 \times 10$  . So there will be 100 people working but not everyone will be working on inventory management, their jobs will be distributed amongst them .
- ▶ It will also track all the purchases and sells which will make it easier to stock the most sold good and other analytical calculations while keeping security in mind and prioritising it, we have also implemented highest security on the entire architecture.

# Advantages of Cost Optimization:

- Cost optimization enables the free flow of data through the optimal usage of network system resources.
- Cost optimization tracks performance metrics, providing real-time reporting to help network managers proactively manage the network.
- Cost optimization provides analytics and predictive modeling so that network managers can determine the impact any changes to the architecture will have on the network before they are implemented.
- All these benefits add up to the most important benefit: driving greater network performance.

**THANK YOU**